

u-blox Wireless Modules

Data and Voice Modules

AT Commands Manual

Abstract

Description of standard and proprietary AT Commands used with u-blox Wireless Modules.

Document Information

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Document status information

Objective Specification	This document contains target values. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Advance Information	This document contains data based on early testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.
Preliminary	This document contains data from product verification. Revised and supplementary data may be published later.
Released	This document contains the final product specification.

This document applies to the following products:

Name	Type number	Firmware version	PCN reference
LEON-G100	LEON-G100-04S-00	07.40.01	GSM.G1-SW-10007
	LEON-G100-05S-00	07.50.00	GSM.G1-SW-10008
	LEON-G100-06S-00	07.60.00	GSM.G1-SW-10012
	LEON-G100-06S-01	07.60.02	GSM.G1-SW-10013
	LEON-G100-06A-00	07.60.00	GSM.G1-SW-10012
	LEON-G100-07S-00	07.70	GSM.G1-SW-12002
	LEON-G100-07A-00	07.70	GSM.G1-SW-12002
	LEON-G100-08S-00	07.83	UBX-TN-13001
LEON-G100 ECALL	LEON-G100-71S-00	TBD	TBD
LEON-G200	LEON-G200-04S-00	07.40.02	GSM.G1-SW-10007
	LEON-G200-05S-00	07.50.00	GSM.G1-SW-10008
	LEON-G200-06S-00	07.60.00	GSM.G1-SW-10012
	LEON-G200-06S-01	07.60.02	GSM.G1-SW-10013
LISA-U100	LISA-U100-01S-00	11.40	UBX-TN-12008
LISA-U110	LISA-U110-01S-00	11.40	UBX-TN-12008
	LISA-U110-50S-00	11.46	UBX-TN-12081
	LISA-U110-60S-00	11.43	UBX-TN-12050
LISA-U120	LISA-U120-01S-00	11.40	UBX-TN-12008
LISA-U130	LISA-U130-01S-00	11.40	UBX-TN-12008
	LISA-U130-60S-00	11.43	UBX-TN-12050
LISA-U200	LISA-U200-00S-00	21.21	UBX-TN-12009
	LISA-U200-01S-00	22.40	UBX-TN-12040
LISA-U230	LISA-U230-01S-00	22.40	UBX-TN-12040
LISA-U260	LISA-U260-01S-00	22.61	UBX-TN-12061
LISA-U270	LISA-U270-01S-00	22.61	UBX-TN-12061

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Preface

u-blox Technical Documentation

As part of our commitment to customer support, u-blox maintains an extensive volume of technical documentation for our products. In addition to our product-specific technical data sheets, the following manuals are available to assist u-blox customers in product design and development.

AT Commands Manual: This document provides the description of the supported AT commands by Wireless Modules to verify all implemented functionalities.

System Integration Manual: This Manual provides hardware design instructions and information on how to set up production and final product tests.

How to use this Manual

The u-blox Wireless Modules AT Commands Manual provides the necessary information to successfully design in and configure these u-blox wireless modules. For navigating this document please note the following:

This manual has a modular structure. It is not necessary to read it from the beginning to the end.

The following symbols are used to highlight important information within the manual:



An index finger points out key information pertaining to module integration and performance.



A warning symbol indicates actions that could negatively impact or damage the module.

Questions

If you have any questions about u-blox Wireless Hardware Integration, please:

- Read this manual carefully
- Contact our information service on our homepage <http://www.u-blox.com>
- Read the questions and answers on our FAQ database

Technical Support

Worldwide Web

Our website (www.u-blox.com) is a rich pool of information. Product information, technical documents and helpful FAQ can be accessed 24h a day.

By E-mail

If you have technical problems or cannot find the required information in the provided documents, contact the nearest of the Technical Support offices by email. Use our service pool email addresses rather than any personal email address of our staff. This makes sure that your request is processed as soon as possible. You will find the contact details at the end of the document.

Helpful Information when Contacting Technical Support

When contacting Technical Support please have the following information ready:

- Module type (e.g. LEON-G100-00S-01) and firmware version (e.g. 07.30)
- Module configuration
- Clear description of your question or the problem
- A short description of the application
- Your complete contact details

Contents

Preface	4
Contents.....	5
1 AT command settings	16
1.1 Definitions	16
1.2 Profiles	19
1.3 S-parameters	19
2 General operation	20
2.1 Start up and initialization	20
2.2 AT Commands mode.....	20
3 IPC – Inter Processor Communication.....	21
3.1 Multiplexing mode +CMUX	21
4 General.....	23
4.1 Manufacturer identification +CGMI	23
4.2 Request model identification +CGMM.....	23
4.3 Request Firmware version +CGMR.....	23
4.4 Request for IMEI +CGSN.....	24
4.5 Set TE character set +CSCS.....	24
4.6 Request international mobile subscriber identification +CIMI	25
4.7 Card identification +CCID.....	25
4.8 Request complete capabilities list +GCAP	26
4.9 Repeat last command <i>AV</i>	26
5 Mobile equipment control and status	27
5.1 Phone activity status +CPAS	27
5.2 Switch off MT +CPWROFF	27
5.3 Set phone functionality +CFUN.....	28
5.4 Battery charge +CBC	29
5.5 Indicator control +CIND	30
5.6 Mobile termination event reporting +CMER.....	31
5.7 Clock +CCLK	33
5.8 Alarm +CALA	34
5.9 Delete alarm +CALD	35
5.10 Restricted SIM access +CRSM.....	36
5.11 Alert sound mode +CALM	37
5.12 Ringer sound level +CRSL.....	37
5.13 Loudspeaker volume level +CLVL	38
5.14 Mute control +CMUT.....	39

5.15	Call meter maximum event +CCWE	39
5.16	Set greeting text +CSGT	40
5.17	Automatic Time Zone Update +CTZU	40
5.18	Time Zone Reporting +CTZR	41
5.19	Report mobile termination error +CMEE	42
5.20	List all available AT commands +CLAC	42
6	Call control.....	43
6.1	Select type of address +CSTA	43
6.2	Dial command D	43
6.3	Direct calling from phonebooks D>	45
6.4	Select tone dialling T	46
6.5	Select pulse dialling P	46
6.6	Call answer A	46
6.7	Hook control H	47
6.8	Monitor speaker loudness L	47
6.9	Monitor speaker mode M	47
6.10	Call mode +CMOD	48
6.11	Hang up call +CHUP	48
6.12	Extended error report +CEER	49
6.13	Single numbering scheme +CSNS	50
6.14	Tone duration +VTD	50
6.15	DTMF and tone generation +VTS	51
6.16	Redial last telephone number DL	52
6.17	Automatic answer S0	52
6.18	Set Voice Mail Number +CSVM	52
7	Network service.....	54
7.1	Subscriber number +CNUM	54
7.2	Signal quality +CSQ	54
7.3	Operator selection +COPS	55
7.4	Network registration +CREG	57
7.5	Preferred operator list +CPOL	59
7.6	Read operator names +COPN	60
7.7	User to user signalling service 1 +CUUS1	61
8	Security	63
8.1	Enter PIN +CPIN	63
8.2	Facility lock +CLCK	64
8.3	Change password +CPWD	65
9	Phonebook.....	66
9.1	Select phonebook memory storage +CPBS	66
9.2	Read phonebook entries +CPBR	66
9.3	Find phonebook entries +CPBF	68

9.4	Write phonebook entry +CPBW.....	69
10	Short Messages Service	71
10.1	Introduction.....	71
10.2	Select message service +CSMS.....	71
10.3	Preferred message storage +CPMS.....	72
10.4	Preferred message format +CMGF.....	73
10.5	Save settings +CSAS.....	74
10.6	Restore Settings +CRES.....	74
10.7	Show text mode parameters +CSDH.....	74
10.8	New message indication +CNMI.....	75
10.9	Read message +CMGR.....	78
10.10	New Message Acknowledgement to MT +CNMA.....	80
10.11	List message +CMGL.....	81
10.12	Send message +CMGS.....	84
10.13	Write message to memory +CMGW.....	85
10.14	Send message from storage +CMSS.....	86
10.15	Set text mode parameters +CSMP.....	87
10.16	Delete SMS +CMGD.....	87
10.17	Service center address +CSCA.....	88
10.18	Select cell broadcast message types +CSCB.....	89
10.19	Read concatenated message +UCMGR.....	89
10.20	List concatenated message +UCMGL.....	92
10.21	Send concatenated message +UCMGS.....	95
10.22	Write concatenated message to memory +UCMGW.....	96
10.23	More Messages to Send +CMMS.....	97
10.24	Peek message +UCMGP.....	97
11	Supplementary services	99
11.1	Call forwarding +CCFC.....	99
11.2	Call waiting +CCWA.....	100
11.3	Calling line identification restriction +CLIR.....	101
11.4	Calling line identification presentation +CLIP.....	102
11.5	Connected line identification presentation +COLP.....	103
11.6	Connected line identification restriction +COLR.....	104
11.7	Advice of charge +CAOC.....	104
11.8	Accumulated call meter +CACM.....	105
11.9	Accumulated call meter maximum +CAMM.....	105
11.10	Price per unit and currency table +CPUC.....	106
11.11	Call related supplementary services +CHLD.....	106
11.12	Call deflection +CTFR.....	107
11.13	List current calls +CLCC.....	107
11.14	Supplementary service notifications +CSSN.....	108
11.15	Unstructured supplementary service data +CUSD.....	109
11.16	Closed user group +CCUG.....	110

11.17	Calling name presentation +CNAP	111
12	Data.....	113
12.1	Select bearer service type +CBST	113
12.2	Service class selection and identification +FCLASS	114
12.3	Service reporting control +CR	115
12.4	Cellular result codes +CRC	115
12.5	Radio link protocol +CRLP	116
13	FAX class 2	118
13.1	Introduction	118
13.2	Adaptive answer +FAA	118
13.3	Address & polling capabilities +FAP	118
13.4	Buffer size +FBS	119
13.5	Data bit order +FBO	119
13.6	HDLC frame reporting +FBU	120
13.7	DS capabilities parameters +FCC	120
13.8	Copy quality checking +FCQ	121
13.9	Capability to receive data +FCR	121
13.10	Current session results +FCS	122
13.11	DTE phase C response timeout +FCT	122
13.12	Receive data +FDR	122
13.13	Transmit Data +FDT	123
13.14	Phase C received EOL alignment +FEA	123
13.15	Format conversion +FFC	123
13.16	Report file transfer diagnostic frame +FFD	124
13.17	Call termination status +FHS	124
13.18	Procedure interrupt enable +FIE	125
13.19	Initialize facsimile parameters +FIP	125
13.20	Current session parameters +FIS	126
13.21	Inactivity timeout +FIT	126
13.22	Session termination +FKS	127
13.23	Local ID string +FLI	127
13.24	Set flow control +FLO	127
13.25	Indicate document to poll +FLP	128
13.26	Request manufacturer Identification +FMI	128
13.27	Request model identification +FMM	129
13.28	Request revision identification +FMR	129
13.29	Minimum phase C speed +FMS	129
13.30	Negotiation reporting +FNR	130
13.31	Non-standard frame FIF octet string +FNS	130
13.32	NSF message data indication +FND	131
13.33	Selective polling address +FPA	131
13.34	Local polling ID string +FPI	131
13.35	Packet protocol control +FPP	132

13.36	Page status +FPS	132
13.37	Password parameter +FPW	133
13.38	Receive quality thresholds +FRQ	133
13.39	Error correction mode retry count +FRY	133
13.40	SubAddress parameter +FSA	134
13.41	Request to poll +FSP	134
13.42	Fax intermediate result codes	135
14	V24 control and V25ter	136
14.1	Reset to default configuration Z	136
14.2	Set to factory defined configuration &F	136
14.3	Circuit 109 behavior &C	137
14.4	Circuit 108/2 behavior &D	137
14.5	DSR override &S	139
14.6	Flow control &K	139
14.7	Store current configuration &W	140
14.8	Display current configuration &V	140
14.9	Designate a default reset profile &Y	141
14.10	Request identification information I	141
14.11	Request manufacturer Identification +GMI	142
14.12	Request model identification +GMM	142
14.13	Request revision identification +GMR	142
14.14	Request product serial number identification +GSN	143
14.15	DTE-DCE character framing +ICF	143
14.16	DTE-DCE local flow control +IFC	144
14.17	Set flow control \Q	145
14.18	Fixed DTE rate +IPR	146
14.19	System can Return to on-line data state O	148
14.20	Escape character S2	149
14.21	Command line termination character S3	150
14.22	Response formatting character S4	150
14.23	Command line editing character S5	151
14.24	Pause before blind dialling S6	151
14.25	Connection completion timeout S7	152
14.26	Command dial modifier time S8	152
14.27	Automatic disconnect delay S10	153
14.28	Escape prompt delay (EPD) S12	153
14.29	Command echo E	154
14.30	Result code suppression Q	154
14.31	DCE response format V	155
14.32	Result code selection and call progress monitoring control X	155
15	SIM toolkit	156
15.1	Introduction	156
15.2	Proactive command +STKPRO	156

15.3	Terminal response +STKTR	160
15.4	Envelope +STKENV	161
15.5	Terminal profile +STKPROF	162
15.6	Call and short message control URC +STKCC	163
15.7	Proactive session status URC +STKCNF	164
15.8	Raw Mode Envelope Download +SATE	164
15.9	Proactive Command Indication in RAW Mode +SATI	165
15.10	Proactive Command Indication in RAW Mode +SATN	165
15.11	Send Terminal Response in RAW Mode +SATR	166
15.12	Terminal Response Confirm +SATF	166
15.13	User confirmation for SET UP Call in RAW mode +SATD	167
15.14	Indication for Mo Call Control / Mo SMS Control +STKCTRLIND	167
16	GPRS/PSD	169
16.1	Parameters definition	169
16.2	Define PDP context +CGDCONT	175
16.3	Quality of service profile (requested) +CGQREQ	176
16.4	Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable) +CGQMIN	177
16.5	GPRS attach or detach +CGATT	177
16.6	PDP context activate or deactivate +CGACT	178
16.7	Enter data state +CGDATA	180
16.8	Enter IP state/GPRS IP dial D	182
16.9	Show PDP address +CGPADDR	182
16.10	GPRS mobile station class +CGCLASS	183
16.11	GPRS event reporting +CGEREP	183
16.12	GPRS network registration status +CGREG	185
16.13	Select service for MO SMS messages +CGSMS	186
16.14	Manual deactivation of a PDP context H	186
16.15	PDP Context Modify +CGCMOD	187
16.16	3G Quality of service profile (requested) +CGEQREQ	187
16.17	3G Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable) +CGEQMIN	189
16.18	3G Quality of Service Profile (negotiated) +CGEQNEG	191
16.19	Define Secondary PDP context +CGDSCONT	192
16.20	Traffic Flow Template +CGTFT	193
16.21	Multiple PDP contexts	194
16.22	Primary and secondary PDP contexts	195
17	Specific	196
17.1	FOTA configuration +UFOTA	196
17.2	Firmware Update over AT command (FOAT) +UFWUPD	197
17.3	Antenna Detection +UANTR	199
17.4	ADC read command +UADC	200
17.5	Power saving control (Power SaVing) +UPSVM	200
17.6	Tone generator (Tone GeNerator) +UTGN	202
17.7	Ringtone selection command +URNG	203

17.8	SMS Alert sound mode (Message Sound Muting) +UMSM	203
17.9	I ² S Digital Interface Mode +UI2S	204
17.10	Audio Path mode setting (Set Path Mode) +USPM	211
17.11	Play audio resource (Play Audio Resource) +UPAR	214
17.12	Stop audio resource (Stop Audio Resource) +USAR	216
17.13	Play audio file +UPLAYFILE	216
17.14	Stop AMR audio file +USTOPFILE	217
17.15	Jamming Detection +UCD	218
17.16	Select Band +UBANDSEL	220
17.17	Set reporting call status +UCALLSTAT	221
17.18	Display operator name +UDOPN	222
17.19	Device configuration +UDCONF	223
17.20	Display EONS names +UEONS	229
17.21	PS Operator selection +UCGOPS	229
17.22	Cell environment description +CGED	230
17.23	Device class setting +UCLASS	240
17.24	Read counters of sent or received PSD data +UGCNTRD	242
17.25	Set/reset counter of sent or received PSD data +UGCNTSET	243
17.26	Read remaining SIM PIN attempts +UPINCNT	243
17.27	Help displaying all commands &H	244
17.28	Provide Cell information +UCELLINFO	244
17.29	Configuration of Indicator control +UCIND	246
17.30	Customer service profile +UCSP	246
17.31	User setting for proactive DTMF tone generation +UDTMF	247
17.32	Changing the startup MS class +UCGCLASS	247
17.33	Generic SIM access +CSIM	248
17.34	Selection of preferred PLMN list +CPLS	248
17.35	Read the SIM language +CLAN	249
17.36	Check for UICC card +UUICC	249
17.37	Home zone reporting +UHOMEZR	250
17.38	Configure the mode of HSDPA/HSUPA +UHSDUPA	250
17.39	Information to in-band-tones availability +UPROGRESS	251
17.40	Selection of Radio Access technology +URAT	252
17.41	Extended Packet Switched network registration status +UREG	253
17.42	Start and stop tone generation +UVTS	254
17.43	PCCA STD-101 [17] select wireless network +WS46	254
17.44	End User Test +UTEST	255
17.45	Smart temperature Supervisor +USTS	260
17.46	Configure the Data Channel +UDATACHANNEL	261
17.47	Custom SIM Lock +USIMLCK	262
17.48	Network Selection Control +PACSP	264
17.49	Rx Diversity +URXDIV	265
17.50	Message Waiting Indication +UMWI	266
17.51	External Device Configuration +UEXTDCONF	267

17.52	Lock on a specific 2G cell +UCELLLOCK	268
18	GPIO	270
18.1	Introduction	270
18.2	GPIO select configuration command +UGPIOC	276
18.3	GPIO read command +UGPIOR	278
18.4	GPIO set command +UGPIOW	278
19	File System	280
19.1	Download file +UDWNFILE	280
19.2	Delete file +UDELFILE	280
19.3	Read file +URDFILE	281
19.4	List files information +ULSTFILE	281
19.5	Download file +URDBLOCK	282
20	Audio parameters tuning	284
20.1	Introduction	284
20.2	Microphone Gain (Microphone Gain Control) +UMGC	286
20.3	Speaker Gain (Speaker Gain Control) +USGC	288
20.4	Sidetone (SideToNe) +USTN	289
20.5	Uplink Digital Filters (Uplink Biquad Filters) +UUBF	290
20.6	Downlink Digital Filters (Downlink Biquad Filters) +UDBF	293
20.7	Hands-Free Parameters (Hands-Free Parameters) +UHFP	296
20.8	Master Clock Control +UMCLK	303
21	Data Connection Setup	305
21.1	Packet Switched Data +UPSD	305
21.2	Packet Switched Data Action +UPSDA	309
21.3	Packet Switched Network-assigned Data +UPSND	310
21.4	Circuit Switched Data +UCSD	311
21.5	Circuit Switched Data Action +UCSDA	312
21.6	Circuit Switched Network-assigned Data +UCSND	313
22	DNS	314
22.1	Resolve Name / IP Number through DNS +UDNSRN	314
23	TCP/IP UDP/IP	315
23.1	Introduction	315
23.2	Create Socket +USOCR	315
23.3	Set Socket Option +USOSO	316
23.4	Get Socket Option +USOGO	317
23.5	Close Socket +USOCL	318
23.6	Get Socket Error +USOER	318
23.7	Connect Socket +USOCO	318
23.8	Write Socket Data +USOWR	319

23.9	Send To command +USOST (UDP only)	321
23.10	Read Socket Data +USORD	322
23.11	Receive From command +USORF (UDP only)	323
23.12	Set Listening Socket +USOLI	325
23.13	Firewall control +UFRW	326
23.14	Set socket in Direct Link mode +USODL	327
23.15	Socket Control +USOCTL	327
24	FTP	329
24.1	FTP Control +UFTP	329
24.2	FTP Command +UFTPC	330
24.3	FTP Unsolicited Data URC +UUFTPCD	333
24.4	FTP Command Result URC +UUFTPCR	333
24.5	FTP Error +UFTPER	334
25	HTTP	335
25.1	HTTP Control +UHTTP	335
25.2	HTTP Command +UHTTPC	336
25.3	HTTP Command Result URC +UUHTTPCR	338
25.4	HTTP Protocol Error +UHTTPER	338
26	SMTP	339
26.1	SMTP Control +USMTP	339
26.2	SMTP Mail Control +USMTPM	340
26.3	SMTP Command +USMTPC	342
26.4	SMTP Command Result URC +UUSMTPCR	342
26.5	SMTP Error +USMTPER	343
27	PING	344
27.1	Ping Command +UPING	344
28	GPS	346
28.1	GPS Power Management +UGPS	346
28.2	Assisted GPS unsolicited indication +UGIND	347
28.3	GPS Profile configuration +UGPRF	348
28.4	AssistNow Online configuration +UGAOP	350
28.5	AssistNow Offline configuration +UGAOF	351
28.6	GPS Aiding request command +UGAOS	351
28.7	Send of UBX string +UGUBX	352
28.8	GPS Indications timer +UGTMR	353
28.9	Get GPS Time and date +UGZDA	354
28.10	Get GPS fix data +UGGGA	354
28.11	Get geographic position +UGGLL	355
28.12	Get number of GNSS satellites in view +UGGSV	356
28.13	Get recommended minimum GNSS data +UGRMC	357

28.14	Get course over ground and ground speed +UGVTG	357
28.15	Get satellite information +UGGSA	358
28.16	Ask for localization information +ULOC	359
28.17	Configure GNSS sensor +ULOCGNSS	361
28.18	Configure cellular location sensor (CellLocate) +ULOCCELL	362
29	DTMF	364
29.1	DTMF detection +UDTMFD	364
30	eCall	366
30.1	Introduction	366
30.2	eIM sends and receives data +UECALLDATA	367
30.3	IVS eIM Voice control +UECALLVOICE	369
30.4	eCall configuration +UECALLSTAT	372
30.5	eCall type +UECALLTYPE	373
31	In-Band Modem	375
31.1	Introduction	375
31.2	InBM status +UIBMSTAT	375
31.3	InBM sends and receives data +UIBMDATA	377
32	I²C	379
32.1	Introduction	379
32.2	I ² C open logical channel +UI2CO	379
32.3	I ² C write to peripheral +UI2CW	380
32.4	I ² C read from peripheral +UI2CR	381
32.5	I ² C read from peripheral register +UI2CREGR	381
32.6	I ² C close logical channel +UI2CC	381
33	SAP	383
33.1	Introduction	383
33.2	SAP Mode activation +USAPMODE	383
33.3	SAP Mode indications +USAPIND	384
Appendix	386
A	Appendix 1	386
A.1	Internet suite error classes	386
A.1.1	FTP class error codes	386
A.1.2	HTTP class error codes	389
A.1.3	SMTP class error codes	390
A.1.4	File System Class Error codes	390
A.2	Ping error codes	392
A.3	Internal TCP/UDP/IP stack class error codes	392
A.4	FOAT Error Messages	395
A.5	FOTA Error codes	395

A.5.1	FOTA class - UA errors	395
A.5.2	FOTA class - Data Connection errors	397
A.5.3	FOTA class - SMS Errors	397
A.5.4	FOTA class - HTTP errors	398
A.6	Mobile Termination error result codes +CME ERROR	398
A.7	Message service failure result codes +CMS ERROR.....	404
A.8	+CEER error codes	406
B	AT Commands List.....	415
B.1	Parameters stored in profiles.....	429
B.2	Parameters stored in non volatile memory	435
B.3	Saving AT commands configuration.....	439
B.4	Estimated command response time	439
B.5	Multiple AT command interfaces	440
C	UDP Direct Link workflow	441
C.1	Data from the IP network to the external port	441
C.2	Data from the external port to the IP network	441
D	Glossary	443
	Related documents.....	447
	Revision history	450
	Contact.....	451

1 AT command settings

u-blox Wireless Modules provide at least a physical serial interface (UART) compliant to V.24ter which starts in the command mode. For more details on command mode, refer to chapter 1.1.

For module and hyper terminal connection and settings see EVK-G25H Evaluation Kit Getting Started [43] or EVK-U12 EVK-U13 Getting Started [48] or EVK-G20 Evaluation Kit Getting Started [55] or EVK-U20 EVK-U23 Getting Started [68].

1.1 Definitions

In this document the following naming conventions are used:

- DCE (Data Communications Equipment) or MT (Mobile Terminal): u-blox wireless module
- TE (Terminal Equipment) or DTE (Data Terminal Equipment): terminal that sends the command to the module

The terms DCE and DTE are used in the serial interface context.

u-blox Wireless Modules implement more than one interface between DTE and DCE, either virtual interfaces (multiplexer channels) or physical interfaces (UART, USB, SPI, etc., when available). Each interface works as specified by the followings definitions. If not differently stated, all the subsequent descriptions are applicable to every interface.

The differences among the interfaces in reference to the AT command interface are presented in the Appendix B.5.

The DCE interface can operate in two different modes:

- **Command mode:** the DCE waits for AT command instructions. Any characters sent to the DCE are interpreted as commands for the DCE to execute. The DCE may send responses back to the DTE indicating the outcome of the command or further information without having received any commands by the DTE (e.g. unsolicited response code - URC). Any communication in command mode (in either direction) is terminated by the command line termination character
- **Data mode:** the DCE transfers data after having sent the "CONNECT" string; any character sent to the DCE is intended to be transmitted to the remote party. Any further characters received over the serial link are deemed to be from the remote party, and any characters sent are transmitted to the remote party. The DCE enters data mode immediately after it makes a CSD or PSD connection
- **Online command mode:** the DCE is communicating with a remote party, but treats signals from the DTE on TxD as command lines and sends responses to the DTE on RxD

It is possible to switch between data and online command mode (when a data connection is established) in the following ways:

- with the escape sequence: for more details refer to chapter 14.20
- via a DTR ON to OFF transition: for more details refer to the table in chapter 14.4.4

To switch back to data mode from online command mode ATO command is used. For more details refer to O command (chapter 14.19) and &D command (chapter 14.4).

1.1.1 Command description

AT commands configure and enable the wireless module functionalities in accordance to 3GPP normative and u-blox specifications. AT commands are provided to the module via a hyper terminal through a command line and are described in the following chapters. A general description of each command is provided including functionalities, correct syntax to be provided by the TE/DTE, possible responses, and an example. The command description defines each named parameter with its type, its range (valid / acceptable values), the default value (when available) and the factory-programmed setting (when applicable).

The commands that apply to each u-blox wireless module are listed in the chapter B.



The example provided in the command description refers only to the handling provided by the command. It could be applied only to a product not to all products which the document is applied to. The list of allowed values for a specific product is provided in the corresponding Defined values chapter.



In this document <CR><LF> are intentionally omitted.



If a parameter is omitted, no value will be inserted between the two commas indicating the interested parameter in the command line sent by the DTE.

The following rules are used when describing the command syntax:

- <...>: Name in angle brackets is a parameter. The brackets themselves do not appear in the command line
- [...]: the square brackets represent the optional parameters of a command or an optional part of the TA information response. Brackets themselves do not appear in the command line. When parameter is not given, the value will be set to the default value provided in the command description

1.1.2 Default values

If the command parameters are optional, they can be left out in the command line. If not otherwise specified, the default values are assumed as follows

- In case of Number type parameters, the default value is 0
- In case of String type parameters, the default value is an empty string

1.1.3 Command line

AT commands are typically provided to wireless modules using a command line with the following generic syntax:

"AT"<command_name><string><S3_character>

Where:

- "AT": prefix to be set at the beginning of each command line
- <command_name>: command name string; it can have a '+' character as prefix
- <string>: string consisting of the value parameters following the syntax provided in this manual
- <S3_character>: Command line termination character; it can be set with ATS3 command; the factory-programmed termination character is <CR> (for more details refer to chapter 14.21)



The maximum number of characters which can be accepted on a single command line is 512. The DTE (used to send the characters) may further limit this numbers.



The command line is not case sensitive except the following case: if autobauding is enabled then the attention mark "AT" must be typed either as "AT" or "at"; other combinations (e.g "At") are not allowed.



When writing or sending an SMS, CtrlZ or ESC terminates the command; <CR> is used between the 2 parts of the SMS (address and text).

More than one AT command can be entered on the same command line. The "AT" prefix must be provided only at the beginning of the command line. Each command must be separated by using a semicolon as delimiter only if the command has a '+' character as prefix.

Example: AT&VE1;+CMGF?;+COPS?<CR>

In case a command in the command line causes an error, or is not recognized as a valid command, the execution is terminated, the remaining commands in the command line are ignored and an ERROR result code is returned.

If all commands are correctly executed, only the OK result code of the last command is returned.



Not all commands can be entered with other commands on the same command line: +CMGW, +CMGS, +USOWR, +USOST, +UDWNFILE must be used by themselves.

1.1.4 Information responses and result codes

The response format can be set with ATV command (for more details refer to the command description, section 0). The factory default setting (ATV1) is as follows:

Information responses: <S3_character><S4_character><text><S3_character><S4_character>

Result codes: <S3_character><S4_character><verbose code><S3_character><S4_character>

where

- <S3_character>: Command line termination character; it can be set with S3 command (for more details refer to chapter 14.21)
- <S4_character> is the linefeed character, with value specified by command S4 (for more details refer to chapter 14.22)



If the command line is performed successfully, the string "OK" is sent.

If the command is not accepted by the MT an error message will be displayed. The format of the error message can be set with AT+CMEE command (see the command description for more details). In this manual it is assumed that AT+CMEE=2 and thus the error message is displayed with the format:

+CMS ERROR: <err>

if it is the response to a SMS related AT command, and with the format:

+CME ERROR: <err>

If it is the response to any other AT command.

where <err> represents the verbose result code.

The most typical errors are listed as follows:

- If the command is not supported or unknown, either "+CME ERROR: unknown" or "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" is sent
- If the command syntax is wrong, "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" is sent (" +CMS ERROR: operation not supported" for SMS related commands)

The list of all allowed errors is available in Appendix A.6 and A.7. For some commands only the message "ERROR" is displayed and is documented in the command description.



A different procedure will be followed for the following operations:

- FTP, HTTP, SMTP, TCP, UDP connection
- PING operation
- Firmware Update over AT command and over the air

More details for retrieving the error type for these operations are provided in the corresponding chapters.

1.2 Profiles

Several user settings may be stored in the wireless module's memory. Some are directly stored in the non volatile memory, while the others are organized into two personal profiles. The first profile is the default profile and the data contained is used during module power on.

The complete list of settings that can be directly stored in NVRAM and related commands can be found in chapter B.2.

The complete list of settings stored in the profiles and related commands can be found in chapter B.1.

More details about loading, storing and updating profiles can be found in the command descriptions for: ATZ (chapter 14.1), AT&F (chapter 14.2), AT&W (chapter 14.7), AT&V (chapter 14.8), and AT&Y (chapter 14.9).

1.3 S-parameters

The S-parameters, as specified in ITU-T recommendation V250 [20], constitute a group of commands that begin with the string "ATS". They are generally indicated as S registers and are used to configure the way to operate of the module. Their syntax is:

```
ATS<parameter_number>?  
ATS<parameter_number>=<value>
```

The number following the "ATS" is the referenced S parameter.

u-blox Wireless Modules supports the following set of S-parameters (<parameter_number>):

- 0: Automatic answer setting (for more details refer to chapter 6.17)
- 2: Escape character setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.19.2)
- 3: Command line termination character setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.21)
- 4: Response formatting character setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.22)
- 5: Command line editing character setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.23)
- 6: Pause before blind dialling setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.24)
- 7: Connection completion timeout setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.25)
- 8: Command dial modifier time setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.26)
- 10: Automatic disconnect delay setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.27)
- 12: Escape prompt delay setting (for more details refer to chapter 14.28)



If a <parameter_number> different from the above is introduced, the S command returns ERROR (+CME ERROR: operation not supported).

2 General operation

2.1 Start up and initialization

A complete start up can take place only with an SIM-card with disabled PIN-check. For a SIM-card with enabled PIN check the most commands are answered with +CME ERROR: SIM-PIN requested. After entering PIN via +CPIN command, which allows a start up completion, a lot of SIM-files will be read; it is possible that some commands are affected for a few seconds.

The serial interface driver does not allow a new command, until the old one is terminated by OK or +CME ERROR: <error>.

If at start up the MT detects inconsistencies related to the NVRAM the following message is displayed: “! NVR DOES NOT FIT TO SW-VERSION. NVR-update is needed !”.

2.2 AT Commands mode

2.2.1 Action Command

An Action Command is used to force the DCE to transmit an information or execute a specific action for the command. A typical usage of this command mode is to provide the factory-programmed settings of the DCE like manufacturer name, firmware version, etc.

2.2.2 Set Command

A Set Command is performed to set the preferred settings for the specific command. The set command is the only way to set the preferred settings in the DCE. For a subset of the commands is possible to store in the profile the current settings and retrieve them in another connection.

2.2.3 Read Command

A Read Command provides the current values of the command parameters. It is used to know the last configuration of the parameters of the command.

2.2.4 Test Command

A Test Command provides the complete list of the values supported by each parameter of the command.

For a specific set of commands the information can be provided directly by the DCE when a specific event happens. This type of command is an unsolicited (or intermediate) result and can be enabled through a set command.

2.2.5 Unsolicited Result Code (URC)

An unsolicited result code is a string message (provided by the DCE) which is not a response to a previous AT command and can be output, when enabled, at any time to inform the DTE of a specific event or status change. The URC can have the same name of the command that enables it (e.g. +CREG) or can be enabled by another command (e.g. unsolicited result code: +CMTI, command that enables it: +CNMI).

2.2.6 Intermediate Result Code (IRC)

An intermediate result code is a string message (provided by the DCE) which informs the DTE of the processing status of the pending AT command.

3 IPC – Inter Processor Communication

3.1 Multiplexing mode +CMUX

3.1.1 Description

Enables the multiplexing protocol control channel as defined in 3GPP TS 27.010 [46]. The command sets parameters for the control channel. The response code is returned using the old interface speed. The parameters become active only after sending OK.

Usage of +CMUX command while multiplexing is not allowed.

The multiplexer configuration is reported as follows:

- Channel 0: control channel
- Channel 1 – 5: AT commands / data connection
- Channel 6: GPS tunneling

All LISA-U2 series modules versions except LISA-U200-00S version provide an additional channel:

- Channel 7: SAP (SIM Access Profile)

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMUX=<mode>[,<subset>[,<port_speed>[,<N1>[,<T1>[,<N2>[,<T2>[,<T3>[,<k>]]]]]]]]]	OK	AT+CMUX=0,0,,1500,50,3,90 OK
Read	AT+CMUX?	+CMUX: <mode>[,<subset>[,<port_speed>,<N1>[,<T1>[,<N2>[,<T2>[,<T3>[,<k>]]]]]]] OK	+CMUX: 0,0,0,1500,253,3,254,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CMUX=?	+CMUX: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <subset>s),(list of supported <port_speed>s), (list of supported <N1>s), (list of supported <T1>s),(list of supported <N2>s),(list of supported <T2>s),(list of supported <T3>s), (list of supported <k>s) OK	+CMUX: (0),(0),,(1-1509),,(0-5),,, OK

3.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Multiplexer Transparency Mechanism: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Basic option
<subset>	Number	The way in which the multiplexer control channel is set up: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: UIH frames used only (default)
<port_speed>	Number	Transmission rate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Valid range is 0-7 on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series; on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series can only be set to 0 • Default value is 7 on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, 0 on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series This parameter is ignored and the value 0 is always displayed in case of read command.
<N1>	Number	Maximum frame size

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valid range is 1-1509 Default value is 31
<T1>	Number	Acknowledgement timer in units of ten milliseconds <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valid range is 1-255 Default value is 10 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series it must be lower than or equal to <T2> This parameter is ignored and the value 253 is always set.
<N2>	Number	Maximum number of re-transmissions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valid range is 0-5 Default value is 3
<T2>	Number	Response timer for the multiplexer control channel in units of ten milliseconds <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valid range is 1-254 on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series; 0-255 on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series 0 means that the timer is ignored Default value is 30 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, it must be greater than <T1> This parameter is ignored and the value 254 is always set
<T3>	Number	Wake up response timer <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valid range is 0-255 on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series; on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series can only be set to 0 This parameter is ignored and the value 0 is always displayed in case of read command.
<k>	Number	Window size, for Advanced operation with Error Recovery options; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Valid range is 0-255 on LISA; on LEON can only be set to 0 This parameter is ignored and the value 0 is always displayed in case of read command



If the multiplexer protocol is not started (+CMUX set command has not been issued or returned ERROR) and +CMEE is set to 2, the +CMUX read command returns the following error message: +CME ERROR: operation not allowed.



For complete compatibility between u-blox products, leave the unsupported/unused parameters blank (which are reported as blank by the +CMUX test).

4 General

4.1 Manufacturer identification +CGMI

4.1.1 Description

Text string identifying the manufacturer.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CGMI	<manufacturer> OK	u-blox OK
Test	AT+CGMI=?	OK	

4.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<manufacturer>	String	Manufacturer name

4.2 Request model identification +CGMM

4.2.1 Description

Text string identifying the model identification.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CGMM	<model> OK	LEON-G200 OK
Test	AT+CGMM=?	OK	

4.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<model>	String	Name of model

4.3 Request Firmware version +CGMR

4.3.1 Description

Returns the firmware version of the module.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CGMR	<version> OK	11.40 OK
Test	AT+CGMR=?	OK	

4.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<version>	String	Firmware version

4.4 Request for IMEI +CGSN

4.4.1 Description

Returns the product serial number, IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) of the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CGSN	<IMEI> OK	004999010640000 OK
Test	AT+CGSN=?	OK	

4.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<IMEI>	String	IMEI

4.5 Set TE character set +CSCS

4.5.1 Description

Selects the TE character set.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSCS=<chset>	OK	AT+CSCS="IRA" OK
Read	AT+CSCS?	+CSCS: <chset> OK	+CSCS: "IRA" OK
Test	AT+CSCS=?	+CSCS: (list of supported <chset>'s) OK	+CSCS: ("IRA", "GSM", "PCCP437", "8859-1", "UCS2", "HEX") OK

4.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<chset>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "IRA": International Reference Alphabet (ITU-T T.50) "GSM": GSM default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038) "PCCP437": PC character set Code Page 437 "8859-1": ISO 8859 Latin 1 character set "UCS2": 16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC 10646); UCS2 character strings are converted to hexadecimal numbers from 0000 to FFFF; e.g. "004100620063" equals three 16-bit characters with decimal values 65, 98 and 99 "HEX": character strings consist only of hexadecimal numbers from 00 to FF; e.g. "032FE6" equals three 8-bit characters with decimal values 3, 47 and 230; no conversions to the original MT character set shall be done

4.6 Request international mobile subscriber identification +CIMI

4.6.1 Description

Request the IMSI (International Mobile Subscriber Identity).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CIMI	<IMSI> OK	222107701772423 OK
Test	AT+CIMI=?	OK	

4.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<IMSI>	String	

4.7 Card identification +CCID

4.7.1 Description

Returns the ICCID (Integrated Circuit Card ID) of the SIM-card. ICCID is a serial number identifying the SIM.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CCID	+CCID: <ICCID> OK	+CCID: 8939107800023416395 OK
Read	AT+CCID?	+CCID: <ICCID> OK	+CCID: 8939107900010087330 OK
Test	AT+CCID=?	OK	

4.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<ICCID>	String	ICCID of the SIM card

4.8 Request complete capabilities list +GCAP

4.8.1 Description

This command requests the list of capabilities, containing the corresponding command names. The Complete Capabilities List command indicates the major capability areas of the MT. Each area is presented by the selection command name of the specific capability area or some other predefined response.

The first response text (+FCLASS) informs that some fax or voice capabilities are present while the second supported area presented with +CGSM shows that all GSM commands of the present document are supported.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+GCAP	+GCAP: <capability_area 1>[, <capability_area 2>[...]] OK	+GCAP: +FCLASS, +CGSM OK
Test	AT+GCAP=?	OK	

4.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<capability_area>	String	Command name or predefined response of the specific capability area In the Example: +FCLASS response text informs that some fax or voice capabilities are present, while +CGSM response text shows that all GSM commands of the present document are supported by the MT

4.9 Repeat last command A/

4.9.1 Description

Repeats the previously executed command again. Only the A/ command cannot be repeated.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	A/		



If autobauding is active, the MT is not able to recognize the command and the the command A/ cannot be used.

5 Mobile equipment control and status

5.1 Phone activity status +CPAS

5.1.1 Description

Returns the activity status <pas> of the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CPAS	+CPAS: <pas> OK	
Test	AT+CPAS=?	+CPAS: (list of supported <pas>s) OK	+CPAS: (0-5) OK

5.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<pas>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: ready (MT allows commands from DTE) 1: unavailable (MT does not allow commands from DTE) 2: unknown (MT is not guaranteed to respond to instructions) 3: ringing (MT is ready for commands from DTE, but the ringer is active) 4: call in progress (MT is ready for commands from DTE, but a call is in progress, e.g. call active, hold, disconnecting) 5: asleep (ME is unable to process commands from DTE because it is in a low functionality state)

5.2 Switch off MT +CPWROFF

5.2.1 Description

Switches off the MT. During shut-down current settings are saved in module's non-volatile memory.



Using this command can result in following command line being ignored.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CPWROFF	OK	
Test	AT+CPWROFF=?	OK	



Refer to LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series System Integration Manual [25] for timing and electrical details of the module power-off via the +CPWROFF command.



Refer to LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49] for timing and electrical details of the module power-off sequence via the +CPWROFF command.

5.3 Set phone functionality +CFUN

5.3.1 Description

Selects level of functionality <fun> in the MT.



If the syntaxes +CFUN=15 or +CFUN=16 (resets) are used, the rest of the command line, placed after that, will be ignored.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CFUN=<fun>[,<rst>]	OK	AT+CFUN=1 OK
Read	AT+CFUN?	+CFUN: <power_mode>,<STK_mode> OK	+CFUN: 1,0 OK
Test	AT+CFUN=?	+CFUN: (list of supported <fun>'s),(list of supported <rst>'s) OK	+CFUN: (0,1,4,6,7,8,15,16),(0-1) OK

5.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<fun>	Number	Selected functionality <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: sets the MT to minimum functionality (disable both transmit and receive RF circuits) 1: sets the MT to full functionality, e.g. from airplane mode or minimum functionality (factory-programmed setting) 4: disables both transmit and receive RF circuits (i.e. "airplane mode") 6: enables the SIM-toolkit interface in dedicated mode and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card 7 or 8: disables the SIM-toolkit interface and enables fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card 9: enables the SIM-toolkit interface in raw mode and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card 15: MT silent reset (with detach from network and saving of NVM parameters), without reset of the SIM card 16: MT silent reset (with detach from network and saving of NVM parameters), with reset of the SIM card
<rst>	Number	Reset mode. This parameter can be used only when <fun> is 1 or 4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): do not reset the MT before setting it to the selected <fun>, and save it in NVM for using also at every power on from now on 1: reset the MT before setting it to the selected <fun> (which is used only once)
<power_mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: MT is switched on with minimum functionality 1: MT is switched on 4: MT is in "airplane mode"
<STK_mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6: the SIM-toolkit interface in dedicated mode and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card are enabled 0, 7 or 8: the SIM-toolkit interface is disabled; fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card is enabled 9: the SIM-toolkit interface in raw mode and fetching of proactive commands by SIM-APPL from the SIM-card are enabled



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, the following restrictions must be considered:

- `<fun>=4` is not supported (`<fun>=0` can be used instead)
- `<fun>=9` is not supported
- `<fun>=15` behaves as `<fun>=16`: the MT is reset as well as the SIM card
- `<rst>` parameter is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions
- `<rst>=1` can be used only if `<fun>=1`
- `<STK_mode>=9` is not supported

5.4 Battery charge +CBC

5.4.1 Description

Returns battery status `<bcs>` and battery charge level `<bcl>` of the MT. The charge level `<bcl>` will be also used to build and display the indicator "battchg" i.e. battery charge level in the response code +CIND (refer to chapter 5.5) and in the URC +CIEV (refer to chapter 5.6). The following mapping of "battchg" to `<bcl>` exists:

"battchg"	<bcl>
0	< 17%
1	< 33%
2	< 50%
3	< 67%
4	< 83%
5	>= 83%



Supported by LEON-G200 series only.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CBC	+CBC: <bcs>,<bcl> OK	+CBC: 0,69 OK
Test	AT+CBC=?	+CBC: (list of supported <bcs>'s), (list of supported <bcl>'s) OK	+CBC: (0-3),(0-100) OK

5.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<bcs>	Number	Battery status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: MT is powered by the battery, i.e. an external charger is not connected to the module charging interface • 1: MT has a battery connected, but is not powered by it, i.e. an external charger is connected to the module charging interface • 2: RFU • 3: Recognized power fault, calls inhibited
<bcl>	Number	Battery charge level <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: battery is exhausted, or MT does not have a battery connected; • 1..100: battery has 1-100 percent remaining.

5.5 Indicator control +CIND

5.5.1 Description

The command provides indication states related to network status, battery information and so on.

In Set mode, the command does not allow setting the values for those indications which are set according to module state (see <descr> parameter).

The list of indications for set and read follows the indexes reported in the <descr> parameter, so that the first <ind> corresponds to "battchg" and so on.

For more details refer to 3GPP 27.007 Technical Specification [2].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CIND=[<ind>[,<ind>[,...]]]	OK	AT+CIND= OK
Read	AT+CIND?	+CIND: <ind>[,<ind>[,...]] OK	+CIND: 5,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CIND=?	+CIND: (list of <descr>s) OK	+CIND: ("battchg", (0-5)), ("signal", (0-5)), ("service", (0,1)), ("sounder", (0,1)), ("message", (0,1)), ("call", (0,1)), ("roam", (0,1)), ("smsfull", (0,1)), ("gprs", (0-2)), ("callsetup", (0-3)), ("callheld", (0,1)), ("simind", (0-2)) OK

5.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<ind>	Number	Range of corresponding <descr> used to identify the service when an unsolicited indication is provided
<descr>	String	Reserved by the norm and their <ind> ranges; it may have the values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "battchg": battery charge level (0-5); see also +CBC (refer to chapter 5.4) for details • "signal": signal quality. See mapping in the note below. • "service": network service availability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: Not registered to any network ○ 1: Registered to the network ○ 65535: Indication not available • "sounder": sounder activity, indicating when the module is generating a sound <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no sound ○ 1: sound is generated • "message": Unread message available in <mem1> storage <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no messages ○ 1: unread message available • "call": call in progress <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: No call in progress ○ 1: Call in progress • "roam": Registration on a roaming network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: Not in roaming or not registered ○ 1: Roaming ○ 65535: Indication not available • "smsfull": Indication that an SMS has been rejected with the cause of SMS storage full <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: SMS storage not full ○ 1: SMS Storage full • "gprs": GPRS indication status:

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: No GPRS available in the network ○ 1: GPRS available in the network but not registered ○ 2: Registered to GPRS ○ 65535: Indication not available • "callsetup" : call set-up: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no call set-up ○ 1: incoming call not accepted or rejected ○ 2: outgoing call in dialing state ○ 3: outgoing call in remote party alerting state • "callheld" : call on hold: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no calls on hold ○ 1: at least one call on hold • "simind": SIM detection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: No SIM detected ○ 1: SIM detected ○ 2: not available



If the battery charging is not supported, "battchg" always returns 5 (full charge).



The <descr> values cannot be changed with +CIND set.



"simind" is not supported on LEON-G100/G200 series module.



To enable SIM detection status it is needed to opportunely configure the GPIO pin; for more details refer to +UGPIOC command description, chapter 18.2.



The following mapping of "signal" value to <rssi> parameter (+CSQ AT command) exists:

"signal" value	<rssi> value	Power level
0	< 4 or 99	(< -105 dBm or unknown)
1	< 10	(< -93 dBm)
2	< 16	(< -81 dBm)
3	< 22	(< -69 dBm)
4	< 28	(< -57 dBm)
5	>=28	(>= -57 dBm)

5.6 Mobile termination event reporting +CMER

5.6.1 Description

Enables or disables sending of URCs from MT to DTE for indications. <mode> parameter controls the processing of URCs specified within this command.

The URC is generated each time an indicator which is defined in +CIND command changes status. The code is actually submitted to MT according to the settings of +CMER.

The command +UCIND allows enabling or disabling indicators (for more details refer to chapter 17.29).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMER=[<mode>[,<keyp>[,<disp>[,<ind>[,<bfr>]]]]]	OK	AT+CMER=1,0,0,2,1 OK
Read	AT+CMER?	+CMER: <mode>,<keyp>,<disp>,<ind>,<bfr> OK	+CMER: 1,0,0,0,1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CMER=?	+CMER: (list of supported <mode>'s), (list of supported <keyp>'s), (list of supported <disp>'s), (list of supported <ind>'s), (list of supported <bfr>'s) OK	+CMER: (0-3),(0),(0),(0-2),(0,1) OK
URC		+CIEV: <descr>,<value>	

5.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: buffer URCs in the MT (default value) 1: discard URCs when the V.24 interface is reserved for data; otherwise display them on DTE directly 2: buffer URCs in MT when the V.24 interface is reserved and flush them after reservation; otherwise display them on DTE directly 3: same as 1
<keyp>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no keypad event reporting
<disp>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no display event reporting
<ind>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no indicator event reporting 1: indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <descr>,<value> where <descr> indicates the indicator order number and <value> is the new value indicator. Only the indicator events which are not caused by +CIND shall be indicated by the MT to the DTE. 2: indicator event reporting using result code +CIEV: <descr>,<value>. All indicator events shall be directed from MT to DTE.
<bfr>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: MT buffer of URCs defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...3 is entered 1: MT buffer of URCs defined within this command is flushed to the DTE when <mode> 1...3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).

Parameter	Type	Description
<descr>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1 ("battchg"): <value> provides the battery charge level (0-5); see also +CBC (refer to chapter 5.4) for details • 2 ("signal"): <value> provides the signal quality <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: < -107 dBm ○ 1: < -93 dBm ○ 2: < -71 dBm ○ 3: < -69 dBm ○ 4: < - 57 dBm ○ 5: >= -57 dBm • 3 ("service"): <value> provides the network service availability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: Not registered to the network ○ 1: Registered to the network • 4 ("sounder"): <value> provides the sounder activity, indicating when the module is generating a sound <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no sound ○ 1: sound is generated • 5 ("message"): <value> provides the unread message available in <mem1> storage <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no messages ○ 1: unread message available • 6 ("call"): <value> provides the call in progress <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: No call in progress ○ 1: Call in progress • 7 ("roam"): <value> provides the registration on a roaming network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: Not in roaming ○ 1: Roaming • 8 ("smsfull"): <value> provides the Indication that an SMS has been rejected with the cause of SMS storage full <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: SMS storage not full ○ 1: SMS Storage full • 9 ("gprs"): <value> provides the GPRS indication status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: No GPRS available in the network ○ 1: GPRS available in the network but not registered ○ 2: Registered to GPRS • 10 ("callsetup"): <value> provides the call set-up: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no call set-up ○ 1: incoming call not accepted or rejected ○ 2: outgoing call in dialing state ○ 3: outgoing call in remote party alerting state • 11 ("callheld") : <value> provides the call on hold: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: no calls on hold ○ 1: at least one call on hold • 12 ("simind"): <value> provides the SIM detection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: No SIM detected ○ 1: SIM detected



<descr>=12 is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

5.7 Clock +CCLK

5.7.1 Description

Sets the real-time clock of the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CCLK=<time>	OK	AT+CCLK="02/07/01,14:54:00+01" OK
Read	AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: <time> OK	+CCLK: "02/07/01,14:55:00+01" OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CCLK=?	OK	

5.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<time>	String	Format is "yy/MM/dd, hh:mm:ss±TZ". Characters indicate year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds, time zone.



"TZ:" The Time Zone information is represented by two digits; the display of TZ for query contains always this information but it is updated only if the automatic time zone update is enabled via AT+CTZU command (before the registration on the network) and the network supports the time zone information.



The Time Zone information is expressed in steps of 15 minutes.

5.8 Alarm +CALA

5.8.1 Description

Sets an alarm time in the MT. There can be an array of different types of alarms. If the setting fails, a +CME ERROR: <error> is returned. To set up a recurrent alarm for more days in the week, the <recurr> parameter is used. When an alarm is timed out, the alarm actions are executed:

- Sound alarm (if not silent)
- URC **+CALV: <n>** is displayed on DTE

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CALA=<time>[,<n>[,<type>[,<text>[,<recurr>[,<silent>]]]]]	OK	AT+CALA="02/07/01,14:56:00+04",1,1, "Alarm" OK
Read	AT+CALA?	[+CALA: <time>,<n1>,<type>[,<text>], [<recurr>],<silent> [+CALA: <time>,<n2>,<type>[,<text>], [<recurr>],<silent> [...]] OK	+CALA: "02/07/01,14:56:00+04",1,0, "Alarm",0 OK
Test	AT+CALA=?	+CALA: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <type>s),<tlength>,<rlength>,(list of supported <silent>'s) OK	+CALA: (1-3),,255,13,(0-1) OK
URC		+CALV: <n>	

5.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<time>	String	Format is "yy/MM/dd, hh:mm:ss±TZ". Characters indicate year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds, time zone.

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>, <n1>, <n2>	Number	Indicates the index of the alarm, the allowed ranges are 1-3; if not indicated by user, default value 1 is assumed
<type>	Number	Type of the alarm; this parameter is ignored.
<text>	String	Indicates the text to be displayed when alarm time is reached; this parameter is ignored
<tlength>	Number	Indicates the maximum length of <text>; this parameter is ignored
<recurr>	String	Maximum string length is 13, indicates day of week for the alarm in one of the following formats: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "<1..7>[,<1..7>[...]]": Sets a recurrent alarm for one or more days in the week. The digits 1 to 7 corresponds to the days in the week, Monday (1), ..., Sunday (7). Example: The string "1,2,3,4,5" may be used to set an alarm for some weekdays. "0": Sets a recurrent alarm for all days in the week and all following weeks
<rlength>	Number	Indicates the maximum length of <recurr>
<silent>	Number	Indicates if the alarm is silent or not <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: the alarm will be silent and the only result from the alarm is the URC +CALV 0: the alarm will not be silent

5.8.3 Switching off module after setting the alarm

The module can be alternatively switched off after setting the alarm, the module switches on as soon as the alarm has expired. The following procedure can be followed:

- Set the RTC clock by AT command: AT+CCLK="06/12/29,11:00:00+00" (you can check the time set by AT+CCLK?)
- Set the RTC alarm by AT command: AT+CALA="06/12/29,11:01:00+00",1,0,"",",",0 (you can check the alarm set by AT+CALA?)
- Switch off the MT with AT+CPWROFF

Output: The MT switches on as soon as the minute is expired and answers "+CALV:1". Try to send "AT" on the hyper terminal, the MT replies properly.



If the MT cannot generate an alarm tone, only the text is displayed at alarm time.

5.9 Delete alarm +CALD

5.9.1 Description

Deletes an alarm in the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CALD=<n>	OK	AT+CALD=1 OK
Test	AT+CALD=?	+CALD: (list of <n>s) OK	+CALD: (1-3) OK

5.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Indicates the index of the alarm; refer to +CALA description for the allowed range of indexes.

5.10 Restricted SIM access +CRSM

5.10.1 Description

Allows easy access to the SIM database. Set command transmits to the MT the SIM <command> and its required parameters. MT handles internally all SIM-MT interface locking and file selection routines. As response to the command, MT sends the actual SIM information parameters and response data. MT error result code +CME ERROR may be returned when the command cannot be passed to the SIM, but the failure in the execution of the command in the SIM is reported in <sw1> and <sw2> parameters.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CRSM=<command>[,<fileid>[,<P1>,<P2>,<P3>[,<data> [,<pathid>]]]]	+CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>] OK	AT+CRSM=176,28471,0,0,3 +CRSM: 144,0,"989301770020594178F2" OK
Test	AT+CRSM=?	OK	OK

5.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<command>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 176: read binary • 178: read record • 192: get response • 214: update binary • 220: update record • 242: status
<fileid>	Number	Identifies elementary datafile on SIM. Mandatory for every command except STATUS (e.g. 28423: meaning IMSI file (6F07))
<P1>, <P2>, <P3>	Number	Defines the request. These parameters are mandatory for every command, except GET RESPONSE and STATUS. The values are described in GSM TS 11.11 [18].
<data>	String	Information which shall be written to the SIM (hexadecimal character format; refer to +CSCS (refer to chapter 4.5) – string containing hexadecimal characters)
<pathid>	String	Contains the path of an elementary file on the SIM/UICC in hexadecimal format as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [50] (e.g. "7F205F70" in SIM and UICC case). The <pathid> shall only be used in the mode "select by path from MF" as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [50]
<sw1>, <sw2>	Number	Contains SIM information about the execution of the actual command and can be (more details in GSM TS 11.11 [18]): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0x90 0x00: normal ending of the command • 0x9F 0xXX: length XX of the response data • 0x92 0x0X: command successful but after using an internal retry routine X times • 0x92 0x40: memory problem • 0x94 0x00: no EF selected • 0x94 0x02: out of range (invalid address) • 0x94 0x04: file ID not found; pattern not found • 0x94 0x08: file is inconsistent with the command • 0x98 0x02: no CHV initialized • 0x98 0x04: access condition not fulfilled / unsucc. CHV verify / authent.failed • 0x98 0x08: in contradiction with CHV status • 0x98 0x10: in contradiction with invalidation status • 0x98 0x40: unsucc. CHV-verif. or UNBLOCK CHV-verif. / CHV blocked /UNBL.blocked • 0x98 0x50: increase cannot be performed. Max. value reached • 0x67 0xXX: incorrect parameter P3

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0x6B 0xXX: incorrect parameter P1 or P2 0x6D 0xXX: unknown instruction code given in the command 0x6E 0xXX: wrong instruction class given in the command 0x6F 0xXX: technical problem with no diagnostic given
<response>	String	The response of successful completion of the command previously issued (hexadecimal character format; refer to +CSCS - chapter 4.5). STATUS and GET RESPONSE return data, which gives information about the current elementary datafield. This information includes the type of file and its size (refer to GSM TS 11.11 [18]). After READ BINARY or READ RECORD command the requested data will be returned. <response> is not returned after a successful UPDATE BINARY or UPDATE RECORD command.

5.11 Alert sound mode +CALM

5.11.1 Description

Selects the general alert sound mode.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CALM=<mode>	OK	AT+CALM=0 OK
Read	AT+CALM?	+CALM: <mode> OK	+CALM: 0 OK
Test	AT+CALM=?	+CALM: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CALM: (0-1) OK

5.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: normal mode 1: silent mode (ringtones and SMS tones are muted; +UTGN AT command is not supported)



If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2.

5.12 Ringer sound level +CRSL

5.12.1 Description

Selects the incoming ringer sound level.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: AT+CRSL=<level> On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: AT+CRSL=[<level>]	OK	AT+CRSL=2 OK
Read	AT+CRSL?	+CRSL: <level> OK	+CRSL: 2 OK
Test	AT+CRSL=?	+CRSL: (list of supported <level>s) OK	+CRSL: (0-5) OK

5.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<level>	Number	Range 0-5 (0 means mute). Default value : 4



If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2.

5.13 Loudspeaker volume level +CLVL

5.13.1 Description

Selects the speech volume.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: AT+CLVL=<level> On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: AT+CLVL=[<level>]	OK	AT+CLVL=30 OK
Read	AT+CLVL?	+CLVL: <level> OK	+CLVL: 80 OK
Test	AT+CLVL=?	+CLVL: (list of supported <level>s) OK	+CLVL: (0-100) OK

5.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<level>	Number	0-100 (0 means mute). Default value: 80



If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2.

5.14 Mute control +CMUT

5.14.1 Description

Enables and disables the uplink voice muting during all the voice calls.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMUT=<n>	OK	AT+CMUT=0 OK
Read	AT+CMUT?	+CMUT: <n> OK	+CMUT: 0 OK
Test	AT+CMUT=?	+CMUT: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CMUT: (0-1) OK

5.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: mute off (default value) 1: mute on



If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2.

5.15 Call meter maximum event +CCWE

5.15.1 Description

Allows sending a URC +CCWV to DTE, when enabled. The syntax of the URC is: **+CCWV**. The warning is issued when approximately 30 s call time remains. It is also sent when starting a call if less than 30 s call time remains.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CCWE=<mode>	OK	AT+CCWE=1 OK
Read	AT+CCWE?	+CCWE: <mode> OK	+CCWE: 0 OK
Test	AT+CCWE=?	+CCWE: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CCWE: (0-1) OK
URC		+CCWV	

5.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the call meter warning event 1: enable the call meter warning event

5.16 Set greeting text +CSGT

5.16.1 Description

Configures and activates/deactivates the greeting text. The greeting text is shown on any AT interface as soon as the DTR line is set to ON state. The command can also deactivate a text.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSGT=<mode>[,<text>]	OK	AT+CSGT=1, "Hello user" OK
Read	AT+CSGT?	+CSGT: <text>,<mode> OK	+CSGT: "Hello",0 OK
Test	AT+CSGT=?	+CSGT: (list of <mode>s),<lttext> OK	+CSGT: (0-1),49 OK

5.16.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<text>	String	Contains the greeting text
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: turn off greeting text 1: turn on greeting text
<lttext>	Number	Maximum length of <text>



The greeting message setting is saved in NVM.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the greeting text is shown even if the DTR line is set to OFF state.

5.17 Automatic Time Zone Update +CTZU

5.17.1 Description

Enables and disables automatic time zone update via NITZ.



Time Zone information is provided after network registration (if the network supports the time zone information).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CTZU=<onoff>	OK	AT+CTZU=1 OK
Read	AT+CTZU?	+CTZU: <onoff> OK	+CTZU: 0 OK
Test	AT+CTZU=?	+CTZU: (list of supported <onoff>s) OK	+CTZU: (0-1) OK

5.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<onoff>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable automatic time zone via NITZ (default value) 1: enable automatic time zone update via NITZ; if the network supports the service, the local time of the module is changed (not only time zone)

5.18 Time Zone Reporting +CTZR

5.18.1 Description

Enables and disables time zone change event reporting. If reporting is enabled, the MT returns the **+CTZV** URC whenever the time zone changes and, in addition, the **+CTZDST** URC whenever daylight saving time information is available.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CTZR=<onoff>	OK	AT+CTZR=1 OK
Read	AT+CTZR?	+CTZR: <onoff> OK	+CTZR: 0 OK
Test	AT+CTZR=?	+CTZR: (list of supported <onoff>s) OK	+CTZR: (0-1) OK
URC		On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CTZV: <tz>,<time>	On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CTZV: +04, "12/12/31,23:46:33"
		On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +CTZV: <tz>	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +CTZV: +04
URC		+CTZDST: <dst>	+CTZDST: 1

5.18.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<onoff>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable time zone change event reporting (default value) 1: enable time zone change event reporting
<tz>	Number	Indicates the time zone
<time>	String	Format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss ". Characters indicate year, month, day, hour, minutes, seconds.
<dst>	Number	Indicates the daylight saving time. Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no adjustments 1: +1 hour adjustment 2: +2 hours adjustment



<time> parameter is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



The Time Zone reporting is not affected by the Automatic Time Zone setting command, +CTZU.



The Time Zone information is expressed in steps of 15 minutes.



Daylight saving information reporting is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series .

5.19 Report mobile termination error +CMEE

5.19.1 Description

Enables or disables the use of result code +CME ERROR: <err> as an indication of an error relating to the functionality of the MT. When enabled, MT related errors cause +CME ERROR: <err> final result code instead of the regular ERROR final result code. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax, invalid parameters or MT functionality.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMEE=[<n>]	OK	AT+CMEE=2 OK
Read	AT+CMEE?	+CMEE: <n> OK	+CMEE: 0 OK
Test	AT+CMEE=?	+CMEE: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CMEE: (0-2) OK

5.19.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use ERROR instead 1: enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use numeric <err> values 2: enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values



When +CMEE=2 selected, the following convention is valid:

- If the error code is related to a parameter not covered by the GSM/ETSI or u-blox specification, the value <error>="operation not supported" shall be used
- If the MT is in a state which does not allow performing the entered command, the value <error>="operation not allowed" shall be used

5.20 List all available AT commands +CLAC

5.20.1 Description

Causes the MT to return one or more lines of AT commands that are available for the DTE user. Each line contains one AT command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CLAC	<AT command 1> [<AT command 2> [...]] OK	
Test	AT+CLAC=?	OK	

5.20.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<AT command>	String	AT command name

6 Call control

6.1 Select type of address +CSTA

6.1.1 Description

Selects the type of number for further dialling commands (D) according to 3GPP specifications.



The type of address is automatically detected from the dialling string thus the +CSTA command has no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSTA=[<type>]	OK	AT+CSTA=145 OK
Read	AT+CSTA?	+CSTA: <type> OK	+CSTA: 145 OK
Test	AT+CSTA=?	+CSTA: (list if supported <type>s) OK	+CSTA: (129,145) OK

6.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<type>	Number	Type of address in integer format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 145: dialling string includes international access code character '+' 129 (default value): national coded dialing string

6.2 Dial command D

6.2.1 Description

Lists characters that may be used in a dialling string for making a call (voice, data or fax call) or controlling supplementary services in accordance with [15] and initiates the indicated kind of call. No further commands may follow in the command line in case of data or fax calls.



If the semicolon ';' is given after the phone number, a voice call is originated, regardless of the value set via +FCLASS command; otherwise the kind of call depends on the service class previously selected via +FCLASS command.



"ATD1;" is used to call the Voice Mail number. The number is stored in the SIM card (in EFPHS or EFMBDN) but the presence of both files is not mandatory. The command returns an error message if the number cannot be retrieved but also if the Voice Mail number has been disabled (see +CSVM for further details).



On LEON modules the syntax ATD is allowed. It is only used for service TS61 (alternate speech and G3 FAX) to trigger an in-call modification.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATD<number>[<l>][<G>][:]	See 6.2.3 "Responses"	(Voice Call) ATD123456; OK (Data / Fax Call) ATD123456 CONNECT 9600 (Supplementary Services) ATD*#43# +CCWA: 0,1 +CCWA: 0,2 OK

6.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<number>	Number	Phone number; the allowed digits are the V.25ter dialling digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, *, #, +, A, B, C, D, P. The following digits are exceptions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ ', T, !, W and @ are accepted but ignored ☞ P is interpreted as separator between the dialling number and a DTMF string (which can be made up by the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, *, #, A, B, C, P) and pause between the DTMF tones, i.e. its first occurrence is interpreted as separator and pause, the following occurrences are interpreted only as pause ☞ A is interpreted as P due to the BCD extended coding (refer to 3GPP TS 31.102 [19] and 3GPP TS 24.008 [30]) ☞ + is valid only for the first digit ☞ On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, + can be given only for the first position
<l>	String	Set the CLI status; allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • l (ASCII code 49 Hex): restrict CLI presentation • i: allow CLI presentation ☞ CLIR supplementary service subscription is overridden for this call.
<G>	String	Enable / disable the CUG supplementary service for the specific call <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • G: activate CUG • g: deactivate CUG The index and the information parameters used during the call will be the same previously set with +CCUG command (please refer to chapter 11.16).
<data rate>	Number	Refer to command +CBST (refer to paragraph 6.2.3 "Responses") <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ☞ In case of data/fax call, refer to "Circuit 108/2, +++ behavior for the different &D: summarizing table" (chapter 14.4.4) to return in Command Mode and disconnect the call.

6.2.3 Responses

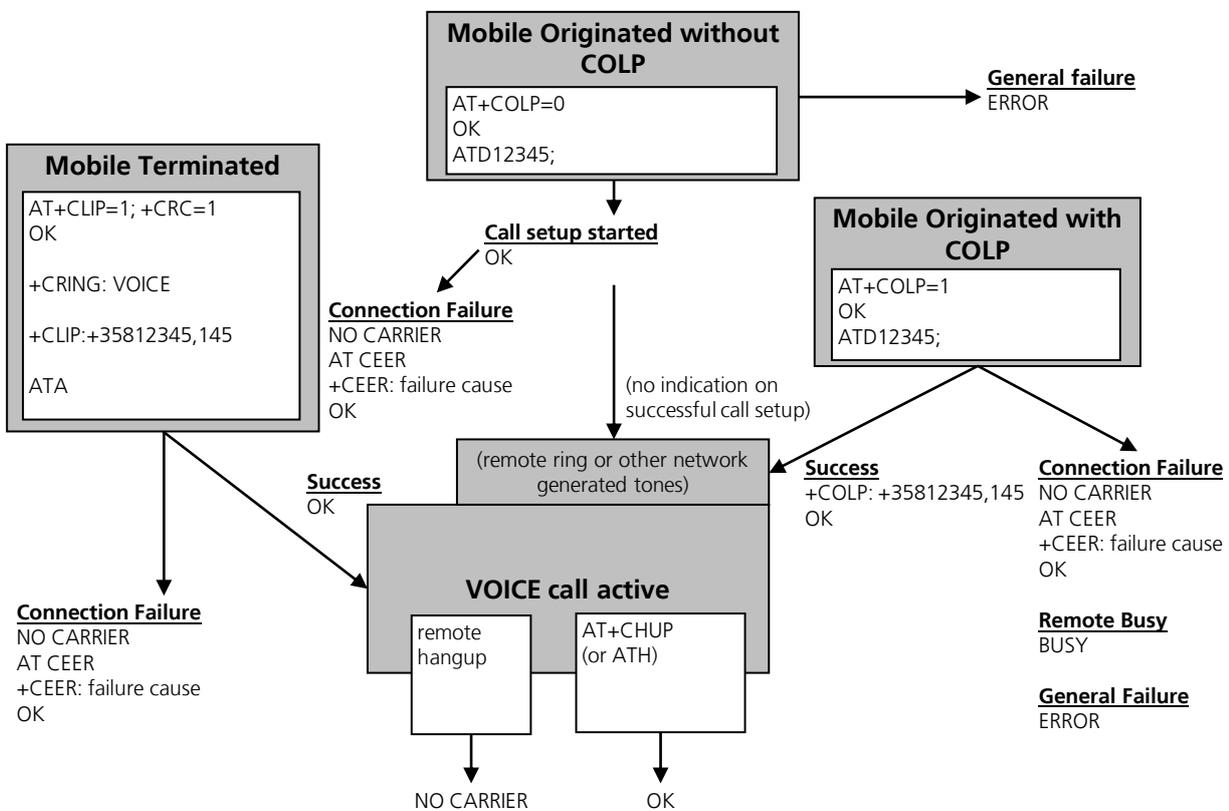
The following table lists the possible responses to the command. The response is formatted using the ATV command (for more details see chapter 0).

Verbose	Numeric	Description
OK	0	Acknowledges successful execution of the command; this response is provided only during voice calls
CONNECT	1	A connection has been established

Verbose	Numeric	Description
NO CARRIER	3	The connection has been terminated from the remote part or the attempt to establish a connection failed
ERROR	4	General failure
BUSY	7	Engaged signal detected (the called number is busy)
NO ANSWER	8	If no hang up is detected after a fixed network timeout
CONNECT<data rate>	9	Same as CONNECT but includes the data rate (data call)

6.2.4 Voice Call Example

The following diagram illustrates the possible transitions in both Mobile Terminated and Mobile Originated calls. Responses and result codes generated by MT are in *italic*.



6.3 Direct calling from phonebooks D>

6.3.1 Description

Allows voice, data or fax calls, selecting the phone number from the phonebook.



If the semicolon ';' is given after the phone number, a voice call is originated, regardless of the value set via +FCLASS command; otherwise the kind of call depends on the service class previously selected via +FCLASS command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATD<<str>[!][G];]	See 6.2.3 "Responses"	ATD>"u-blox"; OK
	ATD<<mem><n>[!][G];]	See 6.2.3 "Responses"	ATD>SM1; OK
	ATD><n>[!][G];]	See 6.2.3 "Responses"	ATD>1; OK

6.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<str>	String	D><str>[!][G];] originates a call to phone number with corresponding alphanumeric field in the phonebook (set via +CPBS command; more details in chapter 9.1) is <str>.
<mem><n>	String	D><mem><n>[!][G];] originates a call to phone number in memory (one of the phonebooks) <mem> entry location <n>; refer to +CPBS command (chapter 9.1) for <mem> value. ☞ <mem> value must be inserted without quotation marks (")
<n>	String	D><n>[!][G];] originate a call to phone number in entry location <n> of the phonebook (set via +CPBS command; more details in chapter 9.1).
[!][G];]	String	Refer to paragraph 6.2 "Dial command D"

6.4 Select tone dialling T

6.4.1 Description

Causes subsequent (or previous) D command to assume that DTMF dialling is to be used. Since in GSM DTMF dialling is default, this command has no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATT	OK	

6.5 Select pulse dialling P

6.5.1 Description

Causes subsequent (or previous) D command to assume that pulse dialling is to be used. Since in GSM DTMF dialling is default, this command has no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATP	OK	

6.6 Call answer A

6.6.1 Description

Instructs the DCE to immediately connect to line and start the answer sequence as specified for the underlying DCE. Any additional command that appears after A on the same command line is ignored. The command is

abortable. The user is informed that an incoming call is waiting, by the information result code RING or +CRING: <type> (refer to chapter 12.5) displayed on MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATA	RING OK	

6.7 Hook control H

6.7.1 Description

Disconnects the remote user.



In case of dual service calls ATH will modify the data part of the call to the voice part, fax is not affected. If the module has a PDP context activated and is in On-Line Command Mode (OLCM), the ATH command deactivates the context. During the PSD OLCM an incoming CS call can be accepted with an ATA command (chapter 6.6). Subsequent ATH command releases the current CS call while leaving the PDP context activated. In this state a second ATH command also deactivates the PDP context.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series a CS data call cannot be established during PSD OLCM (CS voice call only where is supported).



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, in case of multiple calls, all active calls are released while the waiting and held calls are not.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, in case of multiple calls, all active calls and held calls are released while the waiting calls are not.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATH	OK	

6.8 Monitor speaker loudness L

6.8.1 Description

Controls the volume of the monitor speaker. It has no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATL[<value>]	OK	

6.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	0-3

6.9 Monitor speaker mode M

6.9.1 Description

Controls when the monitor speaker is on. The command has no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATM<value>	OK	

6.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	0-2

6.10 Call mode +CMOD

6.10.1 Description

Selects the call mode of further dialing commands (D) or for next answering command (A).



The TS61 (voice alternating with fax) mode is available only on modules where fax is available (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMOD=<mode>	OK	AT+CMOD=0 OK
Read	AT+CMOD?	+CMOD: <mode> OK	+CMOD: 0 OK
Test	AT+CMOD=?	+CMOD: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CMOD: (0) OK On LEON: +CMOD: (0-1) OK

6.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: single mode 1: TS61 (voice alternating with fax) <p> TS means Tele Service.</p>

6.11 Hang up call +CHUP

6.11.1 Description

Causes the MT to hang up the current GSM or UMTS call.



In case of multiple calls, all active calls will be released, while waiting and held calls are not.



The command does not replace the ITU-T V.250 [20] command H, but gives an assured procedure to terminate an alternating mode call. For further information refer to 3GPP TS 27.007 [2].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CHUP	OK	AT+CHUP OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CHUP=?	OK	AT+CHUP=? OK

6.12 Extended error report +CEER

6.12.1 Description

Causes the MT to return one or more lines of information text <report> which offer an extended report of the reason for:

- The failure in the last unsuccessful call setup or in-call modification
- The last call release
- The last unsuccessful GPRS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation
- The last GPRS detach or PDP context deactivation

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CEER	+CEER: <type>[,<cause>,<error_description>][,<SS_cause_error>][, <tag>, <SS_cause>] OK	+CEER: normal, NO CARRIER OK
Test	AT+CEER=?	OK	

6.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<report>	String	The total number of characters, including line terminators, in the information text does not exceed 2041. The <report> text is the failure cause from [12].
<type>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CC setup error: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • CC modification error: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • CC release: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • SM attach error: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • SM detach: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • SM activation error: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • SM deactivation: <cause> and <error_description> parameters are provided • SS network GSM cause: <SS_cause_errors> parameters are provided • SS network reject cause: <tag> and <SS_cause> parameters are provided • No report available: no more parameters are provided
<cause>	Number	Code number of the received error; more details in chapter A.8
<error_description>	String	Code description of the received error; more details in chapter A.8
<SS_cause_errors>	Number	Contains the SS network error cause (MN cause)
<SS_cause>	Number	TAG received in the network reject
<tag>	Number	CAUSE received in the network reject

6.13 Single numbering scheme +CSNS

6.13.1 Description

Selects the bearer service to be used when a mobile terminated single numbering scheme call is established, i.e. when a call without bearer capability information element is received. Refer to 3GPP TS 23.972 - Circuit switched multimedia telephony [62]. Parameter values set with +CBST command shall be used when <mode> equals to a data service.

The behavior of this command depends on the network service.

Test command returns values supported as compound values.



Before setting +CSNS to 4 (data), the bearer capability to be sent to the network must be defined with AT+CBST command (e.g. AT+CBST=0,0,1) (refer to chapter 12.1).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSNS=<mode>	OK	AT+CSNS=0 OK
Read	AT+CSNS?	+CSNS: <mode> OK	+CSNS: 0 OK
Test	AT+CSNS=?	+CSNS: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series +CSNS: (0,2,4) OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CSNS: (0,4) OK

6.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: voice 2: fax (TS 62; TS means Tele Service) 4: data



<mode>=0 is only supported on voice-enabled modules.



<mode>=2 is only supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

6.14 Tone duration +VTD

6.14.1 Description

Refers to an integer <n> that defines the length of tones emitted as a result of the +VTS command.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



The effective maximum DTMF tone duration is network dependent, i.e. the receiver can experience a shorter tone duration than the one specified with +VTD (or with +VTS).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+VTD=[<n>]	OK	AT+VTD=2 OK
Read	AT+VTD?	+VTD: <n> OK	+VTD: 1 OK
Test	AT+VTD=?	+VTD: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+VTD: (0-255) OK

6.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Range is from 0 to 255. The value 1 is default. A value different than zero causes a tone of duration <n>/10 seconds (<n> * 0.1 s). If the value 0 is selected, the tone duration is set to the default value.

6.15 DTMF and tone generation +VTS

6.15.1 Description

Allows transmission of DTMF tones. These tones may be used e.g. when announcing the start of a recording period. The command can only be used during an active voice call. The command is abortable if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution, and it is not covered by the 3GPP specification.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



The actual maximum DTMF tone duration is network dependent, i.e. the receiver can experience a shorter tone duration than the one specified with +VTS (or with +VTD).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+VTS=<DTMF>[,<duration>]	OK	AT+VTS=2 OK or AT+VTS=2A,10 OK
Test	AT+VTS=?	+VTS: (list of <DTMF>s),(list of supported <duration>s) OK	+VTS: (0-9,#,*,A-D),(0-255) OK

6.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<DTMF>	Character	String (without quotation marks) of ASCII characters from the set 0-9, #, *, A-D.
<duration>	Number	Range 0-255, expressed in <duration>/100 seconds (0.01 s). If left out or set to 0, the tone duration is given by the +VTD setting



If the command is invoked when not in a call, an error is reported (“+CME ERROR: no connection to phone” if +CMEE is set to 2).

6.16 Redial last telephone number DL

6.16.1 Description

Redials the last number used in the ATD command. This command can be aborted.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, both ATDL and ATDL; commands redial the last called number as voice call, regardless if the number was previously dialed as data or voice call.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, ATDL command redials the last called number as data call, while ATDL; command redials the last called number as voice call, regardless if the number was previously dialed as data or voice call.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATDL[;]	See 6.2.3 "Responses"	ATDL OK

6.17 Automatic answer S0

6.17.1 Description

Controls the automatic answering feature of the DCE. If set to 0, automatic answering is disabled, otherwise it causes the DCE to answer when the incoming call indication (RING) has occurred the number of times indicated by the value.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS0=<value>	OK	ATS0=2 OK
Read	ATS0?	<value> OK	000 OK



For an incoming CSD call, if autoanswering is enabled and the DTR mode is set to 2, autoanswering only works if the DTR line of the AT interface with activated autoanswering is set to ON. Otherwise, if DTR is OFF, then the call is rejected. If the DTR mode is not set to 2, DTR state has no impact on autoanswering.

6.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Value in the range 0-255; in the read answer <value> is "xxx" format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disables automatic answer mode (default value) 1-255: Enables automatic answering after specified number of rings



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

6.18 Set Voice Mail Number +CSVM

Sets the phone number of the voice mail server.



If the parameter <mode> is set to 0, the remaining parameters are ignored.



The voice number is stored in EFCPHS or EFMBDN. Their presence on the SIM card is not mandatory. If neither are present the set and read command returns an error message.



To call the voice mail number (if possible), use the Dial command D: ATD1; (refer to chapter 6.2 for further details).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSVM=<mode>[,<number>[,<type>]]	OK	AT+CSVM=1,"+1234567890",145 OK
Read	AT+CSVM?	+CSVM: <mode>,<number>,<type> OK	+CSVM: 0,"+1234567890",145 OK
Test	AT+CSVM=?	+CSVM: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <type>s) OK	+CSVM: (0-1),(128-255) OK

6.18.1 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the voice mail number 1: enable the voice mail number
<number>	String	Phone number; see Dial command D (chapter 6.2)
<type>	Number	Type of address , octet in Number format <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 145: <number> string includes '+' 129: otherwise

7 Network service

7.1 Subscriber number +CNUM

7.1.1 Description

Returns the MSISDNs related to this subscriber. If the subscriber has different MSISDN for different services, each MSISDN is returned in a separate line.



MSISDN is read from the SIM.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CNUM	+CNUM: [<alpha1>],<number1>,<type1> [+CNUM: [<alpha2>],<number2>,<type2> [...]] OK or OK	+CNUM: "Mario Rossi", "+39320821708", 145 +CNUM: "ABCD . AAA", "123456789012", 129 OK
Test	AT+CNUM=?	OK	

7.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<alphax>	String	Associated with <numberx>; used character set is selected by setting +CSCS (refer to chapter 4.5)
<numberx>	String	Phone number of format specified by <typex>
<typex>	Number	Type of address, octet in Number format (145 when <numberx> string includes '+', otherwise 129)

7.2 Signal quality +CSQ

7.2.1 Description

Returns signal strength indication <rssi> and <qual> from the MT. The radio signal strength <rssi> will be also used to build and display the indicator "signal" i.e. signal quality in the response code +CIND (refer to chapter 5.5) and in the URC +CIEV (refer to chapter 5.6).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CSQ	+CSQ: <rssi>,<qual> OK	+CSQ: 2,5 OK
Test	AT+CSQ=?	+CSQ: (list of supported <rssi>s), (list of supported <qual>s) OK	+CSQ: (0-31,99),(0-7,99) OK

7.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<rssi>	Number	Received Signal Strength Indication - range for GSM:

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: -113dBm or less 1: -111 dBm 2..30: from -109 to -53 dBm with 2 dBm steps 31: -51 dBm or greater 99: not known or not detectable
<qual>	Number	In GSM RAT indicates the BER (Bit Error Rate): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0..7: as RXQUAL values as described in GSM TS 05.08 [28] 99: not known or not detectable In UMTS RAT indicates the Energy per Chip/Noise ratio in dB levels (see <ecn0_lev> in chapter 17.22) mapped as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: values from 49 to 44 1: values from 43 to 38 2: values from 37 to 32 3: values from 31 to 26 4: values from 25 to 20 5: values from 19 to 14 6: values from 13 to 8 7: values from 7 to 0 99: not known or not detectable

7.3 Operator selection +COPS

7.3.1 Description

This command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM/UMTS network operator. Through <mode> parameter the network selection can be performed automatically or forced by this command: the access technology is indicated in <Act> parameter (where supported).



<format> and <oper> parameters are optional only if the value of <mode> parameter is either 0, 2 or 3.



<Act> parameter is not available on LEON-G100/G200 series.



The command can be aborted if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution. When aborted, the answer is "OK" on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and "ABORTED" on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series modules, if the PLMN network name and operator name list services are "enabled", then the EF-OPL and EF-PNN are used for displaying the <oper> name if a match can be found.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+COPS=[<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>[,<Act>]]]]	[MCC:<MCC>, MNC:<MNC>, LAC:<LAC>, CI:<CI>, BSIC:<BSIC>, Arfcfn:<Arfcfn>, RxLev:<RxLev> [MCC:<MCC>, MNC:<MNC>, LAC:<LAC>, CI:<CI>, BSIC:<BSIC>, Arfcfn:<Arfcfn>, RxLev:<RxLev> [...]] [MCC:<MCC>, MNC:<MNC>, LAC:<LAC>, RAC:<RAC>, CI:<CI>, DLF:<DLF>, ULF:<ULF>, SC:<SC>, RSCP LEV:<RSCP LEV>, ECN0 LEV:<ecn0_lev> [MCC:<MCC>, MNC:<MNC>, LAC:<LAC>, RAC:<RAC>, CI:<CI>, DLF:<DLF>, ULF:<ULF>, SC:<SC>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECN0 LEV:<ecn0_lev> [...]] OK	AT+COPS=0,0 OK AT+COPS=5 MCC:222, MNC: 88, LAC:55fa, CI:ffff, BSIC:3f, Arfcfn:00104, RxLev:037 MCC:222, MNC: 10, LAC:4e54, CI:ffff, BSIC:32, Arfcfn:00080, RxLev:032 MCC:222, MNC: 88, LAC:55fa, CI:1d39, BSIC:3d, Arfcfn:00756, RxLev:005 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+COPS?	+COPS: <mode>[,<format>,<oper>[,<Act>]] OK	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT" OK
Test	AT+COPS=?	+COPS: [(<stat>, long <oper>, short <oper>, numeric <oper>[,<Act>])[(<stat>, long <oper>, short <oper>, numeric <oper>[,<Act>]),[...]]],(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s) OK	+COPS: (2,"vodafone IT", "vodafone IT", "22210"),(1,"SI vodafone", "vodafone SI", "29340"),(1,"I WIND", "I WIND", "22288"),(1,"I TIM", "TIM", "22201"),(1,"MOBITEL", "MOBITEL", "29341"),,(0-4),(0-2) OK

7.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Is used to select whether the selection is automatically done by the MT or is forced by this command to operator <oper> given in the format <format>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: automatic (<oper> field is ignored) (default value) • 1: manual • 2: deregister from network • 3: set only <format> • 4: manual/automatic • 5: extended network search
<format>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: long alphanumeric <oper> • 1: short format alphanumeric <oper> • 2: numeric <oper>
<oper>	String	Given in format <format>; this field may be up to 16 characters long for long alphanumeric format, up to 8 characters for short alphanumeric format and 5 characters long for numeric format (MCC/MNC codes)
<stat>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: unknown • 1: available • 2: current • 3: forbidden
<Act>	Number	Indicates the radio access technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: GSM • 2: UTRAN



If the antenna is not connected the response to the test command is: +COPS: ,(0-4),(0-2)



If <mode>= 0 only one parameter will be saved in the profile while the PLMN will be not stored. If the MT is set in normal mode, PLMN information will be stored in the profile.



The application/user should not rely on the set command response "OK" as a confirmation that the network selection has been performed. To determine the network registration status, rely on the URC +CREG (refer to chapter 7.4).



The command is accessible also without an inserted SIM. In this case the command AT+COPS=0 returns always ERROR because the network registration cannot be performed without the SIM, while the configuration (i.e. automatic registration) is correctly set. The set value can be checked with the command AT+COPS? or checking the active profile with AT&V (parameter <format> is then also visible).



If <mode>=4 the module starts a manual network selection; if the operation is not successful the module will start an automatic network selection and will remain in automatic mode.



If <mode>=5 is set, an extended network search is performed:

- **For GSM networks:** the BCCH frequencies are reported except the BCCH frequencies belonging to the BA list of the serving cell will not be reported (reported in AT+CGED command if <mode> is set to 5 or 6). The command response includes the following data: MCC, MNC, LAC, CI, BSIC, Arfcn, RxLev (refer to AT+CGED command (chapter 17.22) for the parameter description)
- **For UMTS networks:** all cells found will be reported, including those belonging to the neighbour list of the serving cell. For each cell, the scan will trigger the additional reception of the SIB type 1 and type 3, to properly report the LAC, RAC, and CI of the cell. The command response includes the following data: MCC, MNC, LAC, RAC, CI, DLF, ULF, SC, RSCP LEV, ECNO LEV (refer to AT+CGED command (chapter 17.22) for the parameter description)



<mode>=5 is not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series modules supporting <mode>=5 the following restrictions apply:

- if the SIM card is inserted and PIN verification is enabled but has not been verified, <mode>=5 cannot be used
- if the SIM card is not inserted, <mode>=5 cannot be immediately used after a switch on. Before issuing the command, the RF circuits must be enabled, e.g. by starting an emergency call or entering AT+COPS=0



If the set command with <mode>=0 is issued, a further set command with <mode>=0 is managed as a user reselection (refer to 3GPP TS 23.122 [70]), i.e the module triggers a search for the HPLMN or a higher order PLMN. This is useful when roaming in areas where the HPLMN or a higher order PLMN is available. If no HPLMN or higher order PLMN is found, the module remains in the state it was in prior to the search (e.g. camped and/or registered on the PLMN before the search).



On LISA-U1 series, the AT command settings for <mode>=0 and <mode>=1 are immediately stored in the current activated profile.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, if the wireless module boots with <mode>=2 it is not possible to start a network scan (with AT+COPS=? or AT+COPS=5) until AT+COPS is invoked with <mode>=0 or 1.

7.4 Network registration +CREG

7.4.1 Description

Controls the presentation of a URC **+CREG: <stat>** when <n>=1 and there is a change in the MT network registration status, or code **+CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]]** when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, if GPRS is enabled and +CREG and +CGREG URCs are both enabled too, once the module is registered and attached then the two URCs are sent out quite at the same time.



The <AcT> parameter is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and LISA-U1 series.



When <n>=2, in UMTS RAT, during dedicated connections, unsolicited location information may be received if the network sends the UTRAN INFORMATION MOBILITY message. In GSM RAT, during a CS connection, no unsolicited location information is received.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CREG=[<n>]	OK	AT+CREG=1 OK
Read	AT+CREG?	+CREG: <n>, <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]] OK	+CREG: 0,0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CREG=?	+CREG: (list of the supported <n>s) OK	+CREG: (0-2) OK
URC		+CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]]	+CREG: 1, "4E54", "44A5"

7.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): disable network registration URC (default value) 1: enable network registration URC +CREG: <stat> 2: enable network registration and location information URC +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]]
<stat>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not registered, MT is not currently searching a new operator to register to 1: registered, home network 2: not registered, but MT is currently searching a new operator to register to 3: registration denied 4: unknown 5: registered, roaming
<lac>	String	Two bytes location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00C3"). The value FFFF means that the current <lac> value is invalid.
<ci>	String	From 2 to 4 bytes cell ID in hexadecimal format (e.g. "A13F" or "129080B"). The value FFFFFFFF means that the current <ci> value is invalid.
<AcT>	Number	Indicates the radio access technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: GSM 1: GSM COMPACT 2: UTRAN 3: GSM with EDGE availability 4: UTRAN with HSDPA availability 5: UTRAN with HSUPA availability 6: UTRAN with HSDPA and HSUPA availability 7: Reserved 255: the current <AcT> value is invalid

The following is an overview of the values assumed by the <stat> parameter:

- 0: a technical problem could have occurred, the user is requested to intervene. It is still possible to make emergency calls if some network is available. Possible causes:
 - o PIN not entered
 - o Invalid HPLMN found on the SIM (SIM read error)
 - o SIM card not present

The registration is not started (+COPS=2)

- 2: the module is searching a network to register on. Possible causes:
 - o No network available
 - o Available networks have insufficient Rx level
 - o HPLMN or allowed PLMN are available but the registration is rejected, e.g. roaming is not allowed in this Location Area

It is still possible to make emergency calls if network coverage is available

- 3: the registration fails after a Location Update Reject; possible causes are:
 - o Illegal MS
 - o Illegal ME

- IMSI unknown at HLR
- PLMN not allowed
- Location area not allowed
- Roaming not allowed in this location area
- Network failure
- Network congestion

It is still possible to make emergency calls if network coverage is available.

If the registration type is manual, then no further attempt is made to search for a new PLMN or register with it. If the registration type is automatic, the MS may look for an allowed PLMN if the rejection cause was roaming restriction. In case of illegal MS /ME, there could be possible problems with either the SIM card or with the ME's identity (IMEI): user intervention may be required

- 4: this value, usually transitory, is returned if the registration state does not belong to any of the following:
 - Normal
 - Limited
 - No service
 - Service detached
 - Service disabled

A failed registration procedure can be seen before starting a PLMN search, when <stat>=2.

- 5: the ME is registered on a VPLMN, in national or international roaming

The following are the recommended actions for +CREG URC indications:

- <stat>=0: not registered, MT is not currently searching a new operator to register to
ACTION: send AT+COPS=0 to register, and once the module is registered (+CREG: 1), send AT+CGACT=1 to activate a new PDP context
- <stat>=1: registered, home network
ACTION: none required, but can verify if PDP context has been deactivated with AT+CGACT?, and if so send AT+CGACT=0 and then AT+CGACT=1 to ensure that a new PDP context is activated
- <stat>=2: not registered, but MT is currently searching a new operator to register to
ACTION: wait for +CREG: 1, no other action required, this is the case when the module has lost network coverage
- <stat>=3 and <stat>=4: the registration is denied or unknown, it is not possible to activate a PDP context
ACTION: this may occur due to the module being unable to find signals for desired carrier, moving the device to another location may help, otherwise suggest recalling device for repair
- <stat>=5: registered, roaming
ACTION: verify if PDP context has been deactivated with AT+CGACT?, and if so send AT+CGACT=0 and then AT+CGACT=1 to ensure that a new PDP context is activated

7.5 Preferred operator list +CPOL

7.5.1 Description

Edits the user preferred list of networks in the active application on the UICC (GSM) or preferred list of networks in the SIM card. On LISA-U1 series the Access Technology lists are also provided. Set command writes an entry in the SIM list of preferred operators (EF_{PLMNsel}), when the SIM card is present or when the UICC is present with an active GSM application.

If <index> is given but <oper> is left out, the entry is deleted. If only <format> is given, the <oper> format in the read command is changed. On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, <GSM_Act>, <GSM_Compact_Act> and <UTRAN_Act>, are required when writing user controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology (EF_{PLMNselwAct}).

The read command returns all used entries from the SIM list of preferred PLMNs and on LISA-U1 series with the Access Technologies for each PLMN in the list.



<GSM_Act>, <GSM_Compact_Act> and <UTRAN_Act> parameters are not available on LEON-G100/G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPOL=[<index>][,<format>[,<oper> [,<GSM_Act>,<GSM_Compact_Act>,<UTRAN_Act>]]]	OK	AT+CPOL=2,0,"I WIND",1,0,1 OK
Read	AT+CPOL?	+CPOL: <index1>,<format>,<oper1>[,<GSM_Act1>,<GSM_Compact_Act1>,<UTRAN_Act1>] [+CPOL: <index2>,<format>,<oper2>[,<GSM_Act2>,<GSM_Compact_Act2>,<UTRAN_Act2>]...] OK	+CPOL: 1,0,"F SFR",1,0,1 +CPOL: 2,0,"TIM I",1,0,1 OK
Test	AT+CPOL=?	+CPOL: (list of supported<index>s), (list of supported <format>s) OK	+CPOL: (1-30),(0-2) OK

7.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index> / <indexn>	Number	Represents the order number of operator in the SIM preferred operator list
<format>	Number	See also +COPS (chapter 7.3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: long format alphanumeric <oper> • 1: short format alphanumeric <oper> • 2: numeric <oper>
<oper> / <opern>	String	Format indicated by <format>
<GSM_Act>	Number	GSM access technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: access technology not selected • 1: access technology selected
<GSM_Compact_Act>	Number	GSM compact access technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: access technology not selected • 1: access technology selected
<UTRAN_Act>	Number	UTRA access technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: access technology not selected • 1: access technology selected

7.6 Read operator names +COPN

7.6.1 Description

Returns the list of operator names from the MT. Each operator code <numeric n> that has an alphanumeric equivalent <alpha n> in the MT memory shall be returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+COPN	+COPN: <numeric 1>,<alpha1> [+COPN: <numeric2>,<alpha2> [...]] OK	+COPN: "21901", "T-Mobile HR" +COPN: "21910", "HR VIP" +COPN: "22201", "I TIM" +COPN: "22210", "vodafone IT" OK
Test	AT+COPN=?	OK	OK

7.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<numeric n>	String	operator in numeric format (see chapter 7.3, +COPS AT command)
<alpha n>	String	operator in long alphanumeric format (see chapter 7.3, +COPS AT command)

7.7 User to user signalling service 1 +CUUS1

7.7.1 Description

Allows the control of the User-to-User Signalling Supplementary Service 1 (UUS1) according to 3GPP TS 22.087 [29]. Parameters <message> and <UUIE> are used to activate/deactivate the implicit request of the User-to-User Signalling Supplementary Service 1. When <message> and <UUIE> are both present the string specified in <UUIE> is included as the value part of the User-to-User Information Element (as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [30]) into all subsequent messages of type <message>. If parameter <message> is present but parameter <UUIE> is not present then the User-to-User Information Element shall not be present in subsequent messages of type <message>.

<n> and <m> parameters are used to enable/disable the presentation of incoming User-to-User Information Elements. When <n>=1 and a User-to-User Information is received after a mobile originated call setup or after hanging up a call, IRC +CUUS1: <message>,<UUIE> is sent to the DTE.

When <m>=1 and a User-to-User Information is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a remote party call hangup, URC **+CUUS1U: <messageU>,<UUIE>** is sent to the DTE.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CUUS1=[<n>[,<m>[,<message>[,<UUIE>[,<message>[,<UUIE>[...]]]]]]	OK	AT+CUUS1=1,1,1,"7E0005123456" OK
Read	AT+CUUS1?	+CUUS1: <n>,<m>[,<message>,<UUIE>[,<message>,<UUIE>[...]]] OK	+CUUS1: 0,0 OK
Test	AT+CUUS1=?	+CUUS1: (list of supported <n>s), (list of supported <m>s), (list of supported <message>s), (list of supported <messageU>s), (list of supported <UUIE>s) OK	+CUUS1: (0,1),(0,1),(0-6),(0-4),(0-3) OK
IRC		+CUUS1: <message>,<UUIE>	
URC		+CUUS1U: <messageU>,<UUIE>	

7.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Sets/shows the +CUUS1I result code presentation status in the MT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: disable • 1: enable
<m>	Number	Sets/shows the +CUUS1U result code presentation status in MT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: disable • 1: enable
<message>	Number	Type of message containing the outgoing User-to-User Information Element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ANY • 1: SETUP • 2: ALERT • 3: CONNECT • 4: DISCONNECT • 5: RELEASE • 6: RELEASE_COMPLETE
<messageI>	Number	Type of message containing the intermediate User-to-User Information Element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ANY • 1: ALERT • 2: PROGRESS • 3: CONNECT (sent after +COLP if enabled) • 4: RELEASE
<messageU>	Number	Type of message containing the unsolicited User-to-User Information Element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ANY • 1: SETUP (returned after +CLIP if presented, otherwise after every RING or +CRING (refer to chapter 12.4)) • 2: DISCONNECT • 3: RELEASE_COMPLETE
<UUIE>	Number	The User-user Information Element (as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]) in hexadecimal character format (for hexadecimal format, refer +CSCS, chapter 12.4).



If the MT does not distinguish the type of message containing the User-to-user Information Element, it can use the value for ANY message.

8 Security

8.1 Enter PIN +CPIN

8.1.1 Description

Enter PIN. If no PIN request is pending, the corresponding error code is returned. If a wrong PIN is given three times, the PUK must be inserted in place of the PIN, followed by the <newpin> which replaces the old pin in the SIM.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPIN=<pin>[,<newpin>]	OK	AT+CPIN="0933" OK
Read	AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: <code> OK	+CPIN: SIM PIN OK
Test	AT+CPIN=?	OK	

8.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<pin>, <newpin>	String	4-to-8 characters long string of decimal digits. If only PIN is required, <newpin> is not to be entered. If PUK is required, <pin> must be the PUK and <newpin>, the new PIN code, must be entered as well.
<code>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> READY: MT is not pending for any password SIM PIN: MT is waiting SIM PIN to be given SIM PUK: MT is waiting SIM PUK to be given SIM PIN2: MT is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given SIM PUK2: MT is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given PH-NET PIN: MT is waiting network personalization password to be given PH-NETSUB PIN: MT is waiting network subset personalization password to be given PH-SP PIN: MT is waiting service provider personalization password to be given PH-CORP PIN: MT is waiting corporate personalization password to be given PH-SIM PIN: MT is waiting phone to SIM/UICC card password to be given



If PIN is not inserted the following situation can occur:

```
AT+CMEE=2
    OK
AT+COPS=0
    +CME ERROR: SIM PIN required
```

```
AT+CMEE=0
    OK
AT+COPS=0
    ERROR
```



How to change the PIN: to change the PIN the user must use the AT+CPWD="SC",<old_pin>,<new_pin> command (see par.9.3 for details).

Example:

```
AT+CPWD="SC","1234","4321"
```

8.2 Facility lock +CLCK

8.2.1 Description

Used to lock, unlock or interrogate an MT or a network facility <fac>. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for “not active” case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. The command is abortable if network facilities are set or interrogated.



For <fac> "PN", "PU", "PP", "PC" and "PS" only <mode>=0 and <mode>=2 (unlock and query status) are always supported.



For <fac> "PN", "PU", "PP", "PC" and "PS" <mode>=1 (lock status) is supported only if proper re-activation characteristic is enabled during personalization.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CLCK=<fac>,<mode>[,<passwd>[,<class>]]	OK or +CLCK: <status>[,<class1> [+CLCK: <status>[,<class1> [...]]	AT+CLCK="SC",1,"0933" OK
Test	AT+CLCK=?	+CLCK: (list of supported <fac>s) OK	+CLCK: ("SC","PN","PU","PP","PC","PS","FD" ,"AO","OI","OX","AI","IR","AB","A G","AC","PS") OK

8.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<fac>	String	Facility values <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "SC": SIM (lock SIM card) "PN": Network Personalisation (refer to 3GPP TS 22.022 [31]) "PU": network sUbset Personalisation (refer to 3GPP TS 22.022 [31]) "PP": service Provider Personalisation (refer to 3GPP TS 22.022 [31]) "PC": Corporate Personalisation (refer to 3GPP TS 22.022 [31]) "PS": SIM/USIM Personalisation (refer to 3GPP TS 22.022 [31]) "FD": SIM fixed dialling phonebook feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>) "AO": BAR (Bar All Outgoing Calls) "OI": BOIC (Bar Outgoing International Calls) "OX": BOIC-exHC (Bar Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country) "AI": BAIC (Bar All Incoming Calls) "IR": BIC-Roam (Bar Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) "AB": All Barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0) "AG": All outGoing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0) "AC": All inComing barring services (applicable only for <mode>=0)
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: unlock 1: lock 2: query status
<status>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not active 1: active

Parameter	Type	Description
<passwd>	String	Shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the MT user interface or with command +CPWD (for more details refer to chapter 8.3)
<class>	Number	Sum of numbers each representing a class of information. Default value is 7 (voice + data + fax) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: voice • 2: data • 4: FAX • 8: short message service • 16: data circuit sync • 32: data circuit async • 64: dedicated packet access • 128: dedicated PAD access

8.3 Change password +CPWD

8.3.1 Description

Sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by command +CLCK. The command is abortable if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPWD=<fac>,<oldpwd>,<newpwd>	OK	AT+CPWD="SC","0933","0934" OK
Test	AT+CPWD=?	+CPWD: list of available (<fac>,<pwdlength>s) OK	+CPWD: ("SC",8),("P2",8),("AO",4),("OI",4),("OX",4),("AI",4),("IR",4),("AB",4),("AG",4),("AC",4) OK

8.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<fac>	String	"P2" SIM PIN2; refer to Facility Lock +CLCK (chapter 8.2.2) for other values
<oldpwd>	String	Old password
<newpwd>	String	New password
<pwdlength>	Number	Length of password (digits)



An error message will be provided during the changing of the PIN code if the PIN check is enabled through AT+CLCK.

9 Phonebook

9.1 Select phonebook memory storage +CPBS

9.1.1 Description

Selects a phonebook memory storage for further use in phonebook related commands.



The response to the test command depends on SIM dependent parameters (e.g. "EC").

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPBS=<storage>[,<password>]	OK	AT+CPBS="SM" OK
Read	AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: <storage>[,<used>,<total>] OK	+CPBS: "SM",25,150 OK
Test	AT+CPBS=?	+CPBS: (list of supported <storages>) OK	+CPBS: ("SM","FD","LD","SN","EC","ON","BL") OK

9.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<storage>	String	Phonebook memory storage; the following values are allowed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "SM": SIM phonebook "FD": SIM fixed dialling phonebook (only valid with PIN2) "LD": SIM last-dialling phonebook "BN": SIM barred-dialling-number phonebook (only valid with PIN2) "SN": SIM service-dialling-number phonebook (read only) "EC": SIM emergency-call-codes phonebook (read only) "ON": Own number phone-book (read/write); content is also shown by +CNUM "BL": Blacklist phonebook (delete only): only the position 0 is valid
<password>	String	PIN2-code required when selecting PIN2-code <storage>s above (e.g. "FD"), if PIN2 is applicable
<used>	Number	Indicates the number of used locations in selected memory
<total>	Number	Indicates the total number of locations in selected memory

9.2 Read phonebook entries +CPBR

9.2.1 Description

Returns phonebook entries in location number range <index1> ... <index2> from the current phonebook memory storage selected with +CPBS. If <index2> is left out, only location <index1> is returned. Entry fields returned are:

- location number <indexn>
- phone number stored there <number> of format <type>
- text <text> associated with the number
- <group> indicating a group the entry may belong to (if the selected phonebook supports it)

- <adnumber> an additional number (of format <adtype>) (if the selected phonebook supports it)
- <secondtext> a second text field associated with the number (if the selected phonebook supports it)
- <email> an email field (if the selected phonebook supports it)

No text lines are returned for empty (but available) locations.



The wildcard character (?) in the phone number of FDN is allowed.

<group>, <adnumber>, <adtype>, <secondtext>, <email>, <glength>, <alength>, <slength>, <elength> are not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPBR=<index1>[,<index2>]	[+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<group>[,<adnumber>[,<adtype>[,<secondtext>[,<email>]]]]]] [...] [+CPBR: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<group>[,<adnumber>[,<adtype>[,<secondtext>[,<email>]]]]]] OK	AT+CPBR=1,4 +CPBR: 1,"040123456",129,"RossiCarlo" +CPBR: 2,"040123457",129,"RossiMario" +CPBR: 4,"040123458",129,"RossiGiuseppe" OK
Test	AT+CPBR=?	+CPBR: (list of supported <index>s),<nlength>,<tlength>[,<glength>[,<alength>[,<slength>[,<elength>]]]] OK	+CPBR: (1-100),20,18 OK

9.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index1>, <index2>, <index>	Number	Range of location numbers of phonebook memory
<number>	String	Phone number of format <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address octet (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30] subclause 10.5.4.7)
<text>	String	Text associated with the phone number of maximum length <tlength>
<group>	String	Group the phonebook entry may belong to, of maximum length <glength>
<adnumber>	String	Additional phone number of format <adtype>
<adtype>	Number	Type of address octet (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30] subclause 10.5.4.7)
<secondtext>	String	Second text associated with the number, of maximum length <slength>
<email>	String	Email of maximum length <elength>
<nlength>	Number	Maximum length of field <number>
<tlength>	Number	Maximum length of field <text>
<glength>	Number	Maximum length of field <group>
<alength>	Number	Maximum length of field <adnumber>
<slength>	Number	Maximum length of field <secondtext>
<elength>	Number	Maximum length of field <email>

9.3 Find phonebook entries +CPBF

9.3.1 Description

Returns the phonebook entries from the current phonebook memory storage (previously selected by +CPBS), whose alphanumeric field <text> starts with string <findtext>.

Entry fields returned are:

- location number <indexn>
- phone number stored there <number> of format <type>
- text <text> associated with the number
- <group> indicating a group the entry may belong to (if the selected phonebook supports it)
- <adnumber> an additional number (of format <adtype>) (if the selected phonebook supports it)
- <secondtext> a second text field associated with the number (if the selected phonebook supports it)
- <email> an email field (if the selected phonebook supports it)



<group>, <adnumber>, <adtype>, <secondtext>, <email>, <glength>, <alength>, <slength>, <elength> are not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



The string <findtext> is case sensitive.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPBF=<findtext>	[+CPBF: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<group>[,<adnumber>[,<adtype>[,<secondtext>[,<email>]]]]]] [...] [+CPBF: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>[,<group>[,<adnumber>[,<adtype>[,<secondtext>[,<email>]]]]]] OK	AT+CPBF="u-blox" OK
Test	AT+CPBF=?	+CPBF: [<nlength>],[<tlength>][,<glength>[,<alength>[,<slength>[,<elength>]]]] OK	+CPBF: 40,18 OK

9.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index1>, <index2>, <index>	Number	Location numbers of phonebook memory
<number>	String	Phone number of format <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address octet (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.7)
<findtext>,<text>	String	Maximum length <tlength>
<group>	String	Group the phonebook entry may belong to, of maximum length <glength>
<adnumber>	String	Additional phone number of format <adtype>
<adtype>	Number	Type of address octet (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.7)
<secondtext>	String	Second text associated with the number, of maximum length <slength>
<email>	String	Email of maximum length <elength>

Parameter	Type	Description
<nlength>	Number	Maximum length of field <number>
<tlength>	Number	Maximum length of field <text>
<glength>	Number	Maximum length of field <group>
<alength>	Number	Maximum length of field <adnumber>
<slength>	Number	Maximum length of field <secondtext>
<elength>	Number	Maximum length of field <email>

9.4 Write phonebook entry +CPBW

9.4.1 Description

Stores phonebook entry in the current phonebook memory storage (selectable with +CPBS) at the location specified by the <index> field. Other entry fields are:

- the phone number <number> (in the <type> format)
- <text> text associated with the number
- <group> indicating a group the entry may belong to
- <adnumber> an additional number (of format <adtype>)
- <secondtext> a second text field associated with the number
- <email> an email field

If all fields are omitted, except for <index>, the corresponding phonebook entry is deleted. If the <index> field is left out, but the <number> is given, the entry is written in the first free location in the current phonebook memory storage.

If no phonebook entries are available the response to the test command will be +CPBW: 0 <CR><LF>OK



<group>, <adnumber>, <adtype>, <secondtext>, <email> parameters are not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



<group>, <adnumber>, <adtype>, <secondtext>, <email> parameters are not supported on 2G SIM; but they could be supported by USIM. Not all fields are always supported on the used USIM: to verify which fields are supported refer to the test command.



In case of previously selected BL blacklist phonebook, no parameters are needed; <index>=0 is also accepted.



Set command +CPBW is not applicable for the storages "SN", "EC" (read only storages), while it is applicable to "LD" storage only to delete an item.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPBW=[<index>][,<number>[,<type>[,<text>[,<group>[,<adnumber>[,<adtype>[,<secondtext>[,<email>]]]]]]]]	OK	AT+CPBW=5,"091137880",,"u-blox" OK
Test	AT+CPBW=?	+CPBW: (list of supported <index>s),<nlength>,(list of supported <type>s),<tlength>[,<glength>[,<alength>[,<slength>[,<elength>]]]]] OK or +CPBW: 0 OK	+CPBW: (1-250),40,(129,145),18 OK

9.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index>	Number	Location numbers of phonebook memory
<number>	String	Phone number of format <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address; default is 145 when dialling string includes '+', otherwise 129
<text>	String	Maximum length <tlength>
<group>	String	Group the phonebook entry may belong to, of maximum length <glength>
<adnumber>	String	Additional phone number of format <adtype>
<adtype>	Number	Type of address; default is 145 when dialling string includes '+', otherwise 129
<secondtext>	String	Second text associated with the number, of maximum length <slength>
<email>	String	Email of maximum length <elength>
<nlength>	Number	Maximum length of field <number>
<tlength>	Number	Maximum length of field <text>
<glength>	Number	Maximum length of field <group>
<alength>	Number	Maximum length of field <adnumber>
<slength>	Number	Maximum length of field <secondtext>
<elength>	Number	Maximum length of field <email>

10 Short Messages Service

10.1 Introduction

In case of errors all SMS related AT commands return the result codes defined in chapter 0 instead of the usual error codes listed in chapter A.6.

The <index> parameter in all SMS related AT commands has the following sub-ranges and meaning:

- 0 Index of SMS Class 0 stored in RAM (the last one received)
- 1 - 300 Index of SMS or CB stored in FFS
- 301- (301 + (n-1)) Index of SMS stored in the SIM (n depends on the SIM Card used)

The following limitations apply related to SMS usage:

Single SMS

- 160 characters if <dc> = "GSM 7 bit default alphabet data"
- 140 octets if <dc> = "8-bit data"
- 70 UCS2 characters (2 bytes for each one) if <dc>="16-bit uncompressed UCS2 data"

Concatenated SMS (where supported) - "8-bit reference number" type

- 153 characters if <dc> = "GSM 7 bit default alphabet data"
- 134 octets if <dc> = "8-bit data"
- 67 UCS2 characters (2 bytes for each one) if <dc>="16-bit uncompressed UCS2 data"

Concatenated SMS (where supported) - "16-bit reference number" type

- The limits are the same of "8-bit reference number" type but are decreased of 1 unit

A concatenated SMS can have as many as 255 parts.

For a complete overview on on SMS, refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8].

10.2 Select message service +CSMS

10.2.1 Description

Selects message service <service>. It returns the types of messages supported by the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSMS=<service>	+CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK	AT+CSMS=1 +CSMS: 1,1,1 OK
Read	AT+CSMS?	+CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK	+CSMS: 0,1,1,1 OK
Test	AT+CSMS=?	+CSMS: (list of supported <service>s) OK	+CSMS: (0-1) OK

10.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<service>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] and 3GPP TS 23.041 [9]; syntax of AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 [16] phase 2; phase 2+ features may be supported if no new command syntax is required 1: Refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] and 3GPP TS 23.041 [9]; syntax of AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 [16] phase 2+
<mt>	Number	Mobile terminated messages <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not supported 1: supported
<mo>	Number	Mobile originated messages <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not supported 1: supported
<bm>	Number	Broadcast messages <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not supported 1: supported



Set <service> to 1 to acknowledge an incoming message (either SMS or Status Report) with +CNMA command.



If <service> is set from 1 to 0 and one or more parameters of +CNMI command are phase 2+, switch the +CNMI parameters to phase 2 specific values before entering phase 2.

10.3 Preferred message storage +CPMS

10.3.1 Description

Selects memory storages <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3>. If the chosen storage is supported by the MT but not suitable, the final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> should be returned.



See the test command for the supported memory types for each memory storage.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPMS=<mem1>[,<mem2>[,<mem3>]]	AT+CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3> OK	AT+CPMS="BM","SM","SM" +CPMS: 0,5,0,50,0,50 OK
Read	AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>,<used3>,<total3> OK	+CPMS: "MT",4,350,"MT",4,350,"MT",4,350 OK
Test	AT+CPMS=?	+CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s),(list of supported <mem2>s),(list of supported <mem3>s) OK	+CPMS: ("MT","ME","SM","BM","SR"),("MT","ME","SM"),("MT","ME","SM","BM","SR") OK

10.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mem1>	String	Memory used to read and delete messages. The supported values may vary. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "ME" ME message storage "SM" (U)SIM message storage "MT" = "ME"+"SM", "ME" preferred "BM" Broadcast Message storage "SR" Status Report storage
<mem2>	String	Memory used to write and send SMS. The supported values may vary. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "ME" ME message storage "SM" (U)SIM message storage "MT" = "ME"+"SM", "ME" preferred
<mem3>	String	Memory preferred to store the received SMS. The supported values may vary. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "ME" ME message storage "SM" (U)SIM message storage "MT" = "ME"+"SM", "ME" preferred "BM" Broadcast Message storage "SR" Status Report storage
<used1>	Number	Number of used message locations in <mem1>
<total1>	Number	Total number of message locations in <mem1>
<used2>	Number	Number of used message locations in <mem2>
<total2>	Number	Total number of message locations in <mem2>
<used3>	Number	Number of used message locations in <mem3>
<total3>	Number	Total number of message locations in <mem3>

10.4 Preferred message format +CMGF

10.4.1 Description

Indicates to MT which input and output format of messages shall be used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMGF=<mode>	OK	AT+CMGF=1 OK
Read	AT+CMGF?	+CMGF: <mode> OK	+CMGF: 1 OK
Test	AT+CMGF=?	+CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CMGF: (0-1) OK

10.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Indicates the format of messages used with send, list, read and write commands and URCS resulting from receiving SMS's messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: PDU mode (default) 1: text mode

10.5 Save settings +CSAS

10.5.1 Description

Saves active message service settings from the current active memory (RAM) to non-volatile memory (NVRAM). The settings related to the +CSCA (the current SMSC address stored in RAM), +CSMP and +CSCB commands are stored in a specific SMS profile (only one profile is available).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSAS[=<profile>]	OK	AT+CSAS OK
Test	AT+CSAS=?	+CSAS: (list of supported <profile>s) OK	+CSAS: (0) OK

10.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile>	Number	Specific SMS profile index where to store the active message settings

10.6 Restore Settings +CRES

10.6.1 Description

Restores message service settings from a non-volatile memory (NVRAM) to the current active memory (RAM). The settings related to the +CSCA (the SMSC address in the SIM card is also updated), +CSMP and +CSCB commands are read from a specific SMS profile (only one profile is available).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CRES[=<profile>]	OK	AT+CRES=0 OK
Test	AT+CRES=?	+CRES: (list of supported <profile>s) OK	+CRES: (0) OK

10.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile>	Number	Specific SMS profile index from where to read the message service settings

10.7 Show text mode parameters +CSDH

10.7.1 Description

Controls whether detailed SMS header information is shown in text mode (+CMGF=1).

This affects the responses of the +CMGR (chapter 10.9), +CMGL (chapter 10.11), +CSMP (chapter 10.15), +CSCA (chapter 10.17) AT commands and the +CMT, +CMTI, +CDS, +CDSI, +CBM, +CBMI (chapter 10.8) URCs.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSDH=[<show>]	OK	AT+CSDH=1 OK
Read	AT+CSDH?	+CSDH: <show> OK	+CSDH: 0 OK
Test	AT+CSDH=?	+CSDH: (list of supported <show>s) OK	+CSDH: (0-1) OK

10.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<show>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): do not show detailed SMS header information 1: show detailed SMS header information

10.8 New message indication +CNMI

10.8.1 Description

Selects the procedure to indicate the reception of a new SMS in case of DTR-signal ON. If MT is inactive (DTR-signal OFF), message reception should be done as specified in 3GPP TS 23.038 [7]. All SMS classes are supported accordingly.



The SMS's class 0 (normally displayed via MMI), are indicated on DTE via URC **+CMTI: "SM",0**, wherein 0 represents an SMS without SIM-storage ("SM" indicates only that no other specific setting is needed in order to read the SMS via AT+CMGR=0).



The <toa>, <fo>, <pid>, <dcs>, <sca>, <tosca>, <length> parameters in the text mode +CMT URC are displayed only if +CSDH=1 is set.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CNMI=[<mode>[,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds>[,<bfr>]]]]]	OK	AT+CNMI=1,1 OK
Read	AT+CNMI?	+CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr> OK	+CNMI: 0,0,0,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CNMI=?	+CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <mt>s),(list of supported <bm>s),(list of supported <ds>s),(list of supported <bfr>s) OK	+CNMI: (0-2),(0-3),(0-3),(0-2),(0-1) OK
URC		+CMTI: <mem>,<index>	
URC		(PDU mode) +CMT: ,<length><CR><LF><pdu> (text mode) +CMT: <oa>[,<alpha>],<scts>[,<toa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF><data>	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+CBMI: <mem>,<index>	
URC		(PDU mode) +CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (text mode) +CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF> <data>	
URC		(PDU mode) +CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (text mode) +CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],[<scts>,<dt>,<st>	
URC		+CDSI: <mem>,<index>	

10.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Controls the processing of URCs specified within this command: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): buffer URCs in the MT; if the MT buffer is full, the oldest indication may be discarded and replaced with the new received indications (ring buffer) 1 (factory-programmed setting): discard indication and reject new received message URCs when MT-DTE link is reserved; otherwise forward them directly to the DTE 2: buffer URCs in the MT when the serial link is busy (e.g. data-transfer); otherwise forward them directly to the DTE
<mt>	Number	Specifies the rules for managing the received SMS according the message's DCS (Data Coding Scheme): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE 1: if SMS-DELIVER is stored in MT, indication of the memory location is routed to the DTE using the +CMTI URC 2: SMS-DELIVER (except class 2 SMS) are routed directly to the DTE (but not saved in the module file system or SIM memory) using the +CMT URC. If MT has its own display device then class 0 SMS and SMS in the message waiting indication group (discard message) may be copied to both MT display and to DTE. In this case MT shall send the acknowledgement to the network. Class 2 SMSs and messages in the message waiting indication group (storage message) result in indication as defined in <mt>=1 3: Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to DTE using URCs defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1 <p> When <mt> is not set to 0 the arrival of an SMS is notified by switching the ring line from OFF to ON for 1 s.</p>
<bm>	Number	Specifies the rules for managing the received Cell Broadcast messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): No CBM indications to the DTE 1 if CBM is stored in RAM/NVRAM by MT, an indication of the used memory location is routed to DTE using the +CBMI URC 2: new CBMs are routed directly to the DTE using the +CBM URC 3: Class 3 CBMs are routed directly to DTE using URCs defined in <bm>=2. If CBM storage is supported, messages of other classes result in indication as defined in <bm>=1
<ds>	Number	Specifies the rules for managing the Status Report messages: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the DTE 1: SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the DTE using the +CDS URC 2: if SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored into MT, indication of the memory location is routed to the DTE using the +CDSI URC

Parameter	Type	Description
<bfr>	Number	Controls the buffering of URCs: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): MT buffer of URCs defined within this command is flushed to the DTE when <mode> 1...3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes). 1: MT buffer of URCs defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1...3 is entered
<mem>	String	Same as defined in 0
<index>	Number	Storage position
<length>	Number	Two meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> in text mode: number of characters in PDU mode: PDU's length in octets without the Service Center's address. In example: 039121430100038166F6000004E374F80D: this is a PDU with Service Center's number +1234, that generates the address 03912143 (4 octets). Thus in this case <length>=13.
<pdu>	String	Protocol data unit: each 8-bit octet is presented as two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers, e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)
<oa>	String	Originator address
<scts>	String	Service center time stamp in time-string format, refer to <dt>
<data>	String	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)) if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: 3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number
<sn>	Number	CBM serial number
<mid>	Number	CBM message identifier
<dcs>	Number	Data Coding Scheme
<page>	Number	CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format as described in 3GPP TS 23.041 [9]
<pages>	Number	CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format as described in 3GPP TS 23.041 [9]
<fo>	Number	First octet of the SMS TPDU (see 3GPP TS 23.040 [8])
<mr>	Number	Message reference
<ra>	String	Recipient address field
<tora>	Number	Type of address of <ra> - octet
<dt>	String	Discharge time in format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz"; the time zone is expressed in steps of 15 minutes
<st>	Number	Status of a SMS STATUS-REPORT



The incoming SMS URC indications will be displayed only on the AT interface where the last +CNMI was set. As general rule, the +CNMI command should be issued by the DTE:

- After start-up
- After using the Z and &F command (which reset the CNMI configuration)
- Whenever the incoming SMS URCS indications are requested on a different AT interface

10.9 Read message +CMGR

10.9.1 Description

Returns the message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the DTE.



The parameters <tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>,<cdata> shall be displayed only if +CSDH=1 is set.



The syntax AT+CMGR=0 allows to display an SMS class 0 if it is signaled to MT, because no MMI is available in the MT (see also the note from command +CNMI).



If the <index> value is out of range (it depends on AT+CPMS command setting) or it refers to an empty position, then the error "+CMS ERROR: invalid memory index" is returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGR=<index>	(SMS-DELIVER) +CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>h] <data> OK (SMS-SUBMIT) +CMGR: <stat>,<da>,<alpha>[<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<vp>],<sca>,<tosca>,<length>] <data> OK (SMS-STATUS-report) +CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<ra>,<tora><scts> <dt>,<st> OK (SMS-COMMAND) +CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>,<mn>],<da>,<toda>,<length> [<cdata>] OK (CBM storage) +CMGR: <stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages> <data> OK	AT+CMGR=303 +CMGR: "REC READ","+393488535999",,"07/04/05, 18:02:28+08",145,4,0,0,"+393492000 466",145,93 You have a missed called. Free information provided by your operator. OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
	PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMGR=<index>	+CMGR: <stat>,<alpha>,<length> <pdu> OK	AT+CMGR=1 +CMGR: 1,,40 0791934329002000040C9193230982 661400008070328045218018D4F29CF E06B5CBF379F87C4EBF41E434082E7F DBC3 OK
Test	AT+CMGR=?	OK	

10.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index>	Number	Storage position
<stat>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: in PDU mode or "REC UNREAD" in text mode: received unread SMS 1: in PDU mode or "REC READ" in text mode: received read SMS 2: in PDU mode or "STO UNSENT" in text mode: stored unsent SMS 3: in PDU mode or "STO SENT" in text mode: stored sent SMS 4: in PDU mode or "ALL" in text mode: all SMS messages
<oa>	String	Originator address
<alpha>	String	Alphanumeric representation of <da> or <a> corresponding to the entry found in the phonebook 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]. The parameter is not managed.
<scts>	String	Service center time stamp in time-string format, refer to <dt>
<tooa>	Number	Type of address of <oa> - octet
<fo>	Number	First octet of the SMS TPDU (see 3GPP TS 23.040 [8])
<pid>	Number	TP-Protocol-Identifier (default 0); refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]
<dcs>	Number	Data Coding Scheme
<sca>	String	Service center address field
<tosca>	Number	Type of address of <sca> - octet in Number format (for more details refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]); default 145 when string includes '+', otherwise default 129
<length>	Number	Two meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> in text mode: number of characters in PDU mode: PDU's length in octets without the Service Center's address. In example: 03912143 0100038166F6000004E374F80D : this is a PDU with Service Center's number +1234, that generates the address 03912143 (4 octets). Thus in this case <length> = 13.
<data>	String	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)) if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65))

Parameter	Type	Description										
		<p>In the case of CBS: 3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number 										
<da>	String	Destination address										
<toda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet										
<vp>	Number	<p>Format depending of the <fo> setting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relative format: validity period starting from when the SMS is received by the SMSC, in range 0-255 (default value 167); for more details refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] <table border="1" data-bbox="734 862 1380 1052"> <thead> <tr> <th><vp></th> <th>Validity period value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 to 143</td> <td>(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>144 to 167</td> <td>12 hours + ((TP-VP -143) x 30 minutes)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>168 to 196</td> <td>(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day</td> </tr> <tr> <td>197 to 255</td> <td>(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Absolute format: absolute time of the validity period termination in string format ("yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz") (refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]); the time zone is expressed in steps of 15 minutes 	<vp>	Validity period value	0 to 143	(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)	144 to 167	12 hours + ((TP-VP -143) x 30 minutes)	168 to 196	(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day	197 to 255	(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week
<vp>	Validity period value											
0 to 143	(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)											
144 to 167	12 hours + ((TP-VP -143) x 30 minutes)											
168 to 196	(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day											
197 to 255	(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week											
<mr>	Number	Message reference										
<ra>	String	Recipient address field										
<tora>	Number	Type of address of <ra> - octet										
<dt>	String	Discharge time in format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz"; the time zone is expressed in steps of 15 minutes										
<st>	Number	Status of an SMS STATUS-REPORT										
<ct>	Number	TP-Command-Type (default 0)										
<mn>	Number	Refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-Message-Number in integer format										
<cdata>	String	TP-Command-Data in text mode responses										
<sn>	Number	CBM serial number										
<mid>	Number	CBM message identifier										
<page>	Number	3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format										
<pages>	Number	3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format										
<pdu>	String	Protocol data unit: each 8-bit octet is presented as two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers, e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)										

10.10 New Message Acknowledgement to MT +CNMA

10.10.1 Description

Confirms the correct reception of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-REPORT) which is routed directly to the DTE. This acknowledgement command (causing MT to send RP-ACK to the network) shall be used when +CSMS parameter <service> equals 1. MT shall not send another +CMT or +CDS result code to DTE before previous one

is acknowledged. If MT does not get the acknowledgement within required time (network timeout), it must send RP-ERROR to the network. Both settings <mt> and <ds> of +CNMI command will be automatically set to zero. If the command +CNMA is received, but no acknowledgement is expected, or some other MT related errors occurs, a corresponding +CMS ERROR: <error> is returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CNMA	OK	AT+CNMA OK
	PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CNMA[=<n>[,<length> [PDU<ctrl-Z/ESC>]]]	OK	AT+CNMA=1,6 >40FF00001D4 ctrl-Z OK
Test	AT+CNMA=?	Text mode (+CMGF=1): OK	OK
		PDU mode (+CMGF=0): +CNMA: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CNMA: (0-2) OK

10.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 command operates similarly as defined for the text mode 1 send RP-ACK (or buffered result code received correctly) 2 send RP-ERROR (if PDU is not given, ME/TA shall send SMS-DELIVER-REPORT with 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-FCS value set to 'FF' (unspecified error cause))
<length>	Number	PDU's length in octets without the Service Center's address

10.11 List message +CMGL

10.11.1 Description

Returns SMS messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the DTE. Some parameter are displayed only when setting +CSDH=1 (see +CSDH, paragraph 10.7). If status of the received message is "received unread", status in the storage changes to "received read".

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGL[=<stat>]	Command successful and SMS-DELIVERS: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa>,<length>] <data> [+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa>,<length>]<data>[...]] OK	AT+CMGL +CMGL: 303,"REC READ", "+393401234999", "08/08/06, 10:01:38+08" You have a missed called. Free information provided by your operator. OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		Command successful and SMS-SUBMITs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da>,<[alpha]>,<[toda> , <length>] <data> [+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da>,<[alpha]>,<[toda> , <length><data>[...]] OK	
		Command successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORTs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<[ra]>,<[tora >],<scts>,<dt>,<st> [+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<[ra]>,<[tora >],<scts>,<dt>,<st> [...]] OK	
		Command successful and SMS-COMMANDs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct> [+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[...]] OK	
		Command successful and CBM storage: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<p ages><data> [+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<p ages>,<data>[...]] OK	
	PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMGL[=<stat>]	Command successful: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<[alpha]>,<length>,<pd u> [+CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<[alpha]>,<length><pd u> [...]]	
Test	AT+CMGL=?	+CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s) OK	+CMGL: ("RECUNREAD", "REC READ", "STO UNSENT", "STO SENT", "ALL") OK

10.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<stat>	Number or String	Number type in PDU mode (default value: 4), or string type in text mode (default value: "ALL"); indicates the status of message in memory <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: in PDU mode or "REC UNREAD" in text mode: received unread SMS messages 1: in PDU mode or "REC READ" in text mode: received read SMS messages 2: in PDU mode or "STO UNSENT" in text mode: stored unsent SMS messages 3: in PDU mode or "STO SENT" in text mode: stored sent SMS messages

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4: in PDU mode or "ALL" in text mode: all SMS messages
<index>	Number	Storage position
<oa>	String	Originator address
<alpha>	String	Alphanumeric representation of <da> or <a> corresponding to the entry found in the phonebook 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]. The parameter is not managed.
<scts>	String	Service center time stamp in time-string format; refer to <dt>
<toa>	Number	Type of address of <oa> - octet
<length>	Number	Two meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> in text mode: number of characters in PDU mode: PDU's length in octets without the Service Center's address. In example: 03912143 0100038166F6000004E374F80D : this is a PDU with Service Center's number +1234, that generates the address 03912143 (4 octets). Thus in this case <length> = 13.
<data>	String	This is the TP-User-Data in text mode; the decoding depends on the DCS (Data Coding Scheme) and the FO (First Octet) of the SMS header 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if DCS indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and FO indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)) if DCS indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or FO indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: 3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if DCS indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number if DCS indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number
<da>	String	Destination address
<toda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet
<fo>	Number	First octet of the SMS TPDU (see 3GPP TS 23.040 [8])
<mr>	Number	Message reference
<ra>	String	Recipient address field
<tora>	Number	Type of address of <ra> - octet
<dt>	String	Discharge time in format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz"; the time zone is expressed in steps of 15 minutes
<st>	Number	Status of an SMS STATUS-REPORT
<ct>	Number	TP-Command-Type (default 0)
<sn>	Number	CBM serial number

Parameter	Type	Description
<mid>	Number	CBM message identifier
<page>	Number	3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
<pages>	Number	3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format
<pdu>	String	Protocol data unit: each 8-bit octet is presented as two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers, e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)
<dcs>	Number	Data Coding Scheme

10.12 Send message +CMGS

10.12.1 Description

Sends message from a DTE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). Message reference value <mr> is returned to the DTE on successful message delivery.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGS=<da>[,<toda>]<CR>	>	AT+CMGS="0171112233" <CR> >"This is the text" <Ctrl-Z>
	<text><ctrl-Z/ESC>	+CMGS: <mr> OK	+CMGS:2 OK
PDU mode (+CMGF=0):	+CMGS=<length>	+CMGS: <mr>	AT+CMGS=13
	<PDU> <Ctrl-Z/ESC>	OK	039121430100038166F6000004E374F80D<Ctrl-Z> +CMGS:2 OK
Test	AT+CMGS=?	OK	



In Text Mode (+CMGF=1) the entered text is preceded by a '>' (Greater-Than sign) character, and this shows that the interface is in "text enter" mode. The DCD signal shall be in ON state while text is entered.

10.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<da>	String	Destination address
<toda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet
<text>	String	SMS String
<mr>	Number	Message reference
<length>	Number	Two meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> in text mode: number of characters in PDU mode: PDU's length in octets without the Service Center's address. In example: 03912143 0100038166F6000004E374F80D : this is a PDU with Service Center's number +1234, that generates the address 03912143 (4 octets). Thus in this case <length>=13.

Parameter	Type	Description
<PDU>	String	Protocol Data Unit: each 8-bit octet of the PDU must be written as two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers, e.g. octet with integer value 42 must be written as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)

10.13 Write message to memory +CMGW

10.13.1 Description

Stores message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) to memory storage <mem2>. Memory location <index> of the stored message is returned.<CR> separates the parameter part from the text part of the edited SMS in text mode. <ctrl-Z> indicates that the SMS shall be sent, while <ESC> indicates aborting of the edited SMS.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+CMGW[=<oa/da>[,<tooa/toda>[,<stat at>]]]<CR>	>	AT+CMGW="091137880" <CR> >"This is the text" <Ctrl-Z> +CMGW:303
	<text><Ctrl-Z/ESC>	+CMGW: <index> OK	OK
PDU mode (+CMGF=0):	AT+CMGW=<length>[,<stat>]	+CMGW: <index> OK	AT+CMGW=13, 039121430100038166F6000004E374F 80D<Ctrl-Z>
	<PDU><Ctrl-Z/ESC>	OK	+CMGS:2 OK
Test	AT+CMGW=?	OK	



In Text Mode (+CMGF=1) the entered text is preceded by a ' >' (Greater-Than sign) character, and this indicates that the interface is in "text enter" mode. The DCD signal shall be in ON state while text is entered.

10.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<da>	String	3GPP TS 23.040 [3] TP-Destination-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [9]); type of address given by <toda>
<oa>	String	3GPP TS 23.040 [3] TP-Originating-Address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer command +CSCS in 3GPP TS 27.007 [2]); type of address given by <tooa>
<tooa>	Number	3GPP TS 24.011 [13] TP-Originating-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default value: refer to <toda>)
<toda>	Number	3GPP TS 24.011 [13] TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)
<stat>	Number or String	Number type in PDU mode (default value: 4), or string type in text mode (default value: "ALL"); indicates the status of message in memory <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: in PDU mode or "REC UNREAD" in text mode: received unread SMS messages 1: in PDU mode or "REC READ" in text mode: received read SMS messages

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2: in PDU mode or "STO UNSENT" in text mode: stored unsent SMS messages 3: in PDU mode or "STO SENT" in text mode: stored sent SMS messages 4: in PDU mode or "ALL" in text mode: all SMS messages
<text>	String	SMS String
<index>	Number	Storage position
<length>	Number	Two meanings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> in text mode: number of characters in PDU mode: PDU's length in octets without the Service Center's address. In example: 03912143 0100038166F6000004E374F80D : this is a PDU with Service Center's number +1234, that generates the address 03912143 (4 octets). Thus in this case <length>=13.
<PDU>	String	Protocol Data Unit: each 8-bit octet of the PDU must be written as two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers, e.g. octet with integer value 42 must be written as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)

10.14 Send message from storage +CMSS

10.14.1 Description

Sends message with location value <index> from the preferred message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND). If a new recipient address <da> is given for SMS-SUBMIT, it will be used instead of the one stored with the message. Reference value <mr> is returned to the DTE on successful message delivery.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1):: AT+CMSS=<index>[,<da>[,<toda>]]	+CMSS: <mr> OK	AT+CMSS=302 +CMSS: 3 OK
	PDU mode (+CMGF=0): AT+CMSS=<index>	+CMSS: <mr> OK	AT+CMSS=302 +CMSS: 4 OK
Test	AT+CMSS=?	OK	

10.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index>	Number	Storage position
<da>	String	Destination address
<toda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet
<mr>	Number	Message reference

10.15 Set text mode parameters +CSMP

10.15.1 Description

Selects values for additional parameters needed when SMS is sent to the network or placed in a storage when text format message mode is selected. For more details refer to 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] and 3GPP TS 23.040 [8].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSMP=<fo>,<vp>[,<pid>[,<dcs>]]	OK	AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0 OK
Read	AT+CSMP?	+CSMP: <fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dcs> OK	+CSMP: 17,167,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CSMP=?	OK	

10.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description																									
<fo>	Number	First octet of the SMS TPDU (see 3GPP TS 23.040 [8])																									
<vp>	Number	Format depending on the values of the bit3/bit4 of the <fo> (SMS-SUBMIT case): <table border="1" data-bbox="699 987 1417 1151"> <thead> <tr> <th>bit 3</th> <th>bit 4</th> <th>Format</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>Validity period not present</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>Validity period present, relative format</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Reserved</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>Validity period present, absolute format</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relative format: validity period, counted from when the SMS-SUBMIT is received by the SMSC, in range 0-255 (default value 167); for more details refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] <table border="1" data-bbox="730 1305 1382 1491"> <thead> <tr> <th><vp></th> <th>Validity period value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 to 143</td> <td>(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>144 to 167</td> <td>12 hours + ((TP-VP - 143) x 30 minutes)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>168 to 196</td> <td>(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day</td> </tr> <tr> <td>197 to 255</td> <td>(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Absolute format: absolute time of the validity period termination in string format ("yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz") (refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]); the time zone is expressed in steps of 15 minutes 	bit 3	bit 4	Format	0	0	Validity period not present	0	1	Validity period present, relative format	1	0	Reserved	1	1	Validity period present, absolute format	<vp>	Validity period value	0 to 143	(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)	144 to 167	12 hours + ((TP-VP - 143) x 30 minutes)	168 to 196	(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day	197 to 255	(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week
bit 3	bit 4	Format																									
0	0	Validity period not present																									
0	1	Validity period present, relative format																									
1	0	Reserved																									
1	1	Validity period present, absolute format																									
<vp>	Validity period value																										
0 to 143	(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)																										
144 to 167	12 hours + ((TP-VP - 143) x 30 minutes)																										
168 to 196	(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day																										
197 to 255	(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week																										
<pid>	Number	TP-Protocol-Identifier (default 0); refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]																									
<dcs>	Number	Data Coding Scheme. Default value is 0																									

10.16 Delete SMS +CMGD

10.16.1 Description

Deletes message from preferred message storage <mem1>, if <flag> = 0 or not present, in location <index>. Otherwise the messages are deleted following the rules specified by <flag>.



When deleting a message from an empty location, the modem returns "OK".



If the <index> value is out of range (it depends on AT+CPMS command setting), then the error "+CMS ERROR: invalid memory index" is returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMGD=<index>[,<flag>]	OK	AT+CMGD=3 OK
Test	AT+CMGD=?	+CMGD: (list of supported <index>s),(list of supported <flag>s) OK	+CMGD: (1-350),(0-4) OK

10.16.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index>	Number	Storage position
<flag>	Number	Deletion flag. If present, and different from 0, <index> is ignored: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): Delete the message specified in <index> • 1: Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched • 2: Delete all read messages from preferred message storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched • 3: Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages leaving unread messages untouched. • 4: Delete all messages from preferred message storage including unread messages.

10.17 Service center address +CSCA

10.17.1 Description

Updates the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMS's are transmitted. In text mode the setting is used by send and write commands. In PDU mode the setting is used by the same commands, but only when the length of SMSC address coded into <pdu> parameter equals zero.



This command sets the service center value both in the RAM (this value is actually the SMSC address used) and in the SIM card. Through the read command the value of current service center stored in the RAM is displayed. At the power on, the MT reads the SMSC address in the SIM card and the same value is set in RAM.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSCA=<sca>[,<tosca>]	OK	AT+CSCA="0170111000",129 OK
Read	AT+CSCA?	+CSCA: <sca>,<tosca> OK	+CSCA: " ",129 OK
Test	AT+CSCA=?	OK	

10.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<sca>	String	Service center address
<tosca>	String	Type of address of <sca> (for more details refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]); default 145 when string includes '+', otherwise default 129

10.18 Select cell broadcast message types +CSCB

10.18.1 Description

This set command selects which types of CBM's are to be received by the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSCB=[<mode>[,<mids>[,<dcss>]]]	OK	AT+CSCB=0,"1,5,10-11,40", "" OK
Read	AT+CSCB?	+CSCB: <mode>,<mids>,<dcss> OK	+CSCB: 0, "", "" OK
Test	AT+CSCB=?	+CSCB: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CSCB: (0-1) OK

10.18.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: message types specified in <mids> and <dcss> are accepted 1: message types specified in <mids> and <dcss> are not accepted
<mids>	String	Contains all possible combinations of CBM message identifiers (<mid>). Refer to 3GPP TS 23.041 [9], chapter 9.4
<dcss>	String	Contains all possible combinations of CBM data coding schemes (<dc>). Refer to 3GPP TS 23.038 [7], chapter 5



If <mode>=0 and <mids> is an empty string, receiving of CB SMS is stopped.

10.19 Read concatenated message +UCMGR

10.19.1 Description

Returns the message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the DTE and shows additional information when the message is a segment of a concatenated one.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



For SMS-DELIVER the parameters <tooa>, <fo>, <pid>, <dc>, <sca>, <tosca>, <length> shall be displayed only if +CSDH=1 is set.



For SMS-SUBMIT the parameters <toda>, <fo>, <pid>, <dc>, <vp>, <sca>, <tosca>, <length> shall be displayed only if +CSDH=1 is set.



For SMS-COMMAND <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> <cdata> shall be displayed only if +CSDH=1 is set.



The syntax AT+UCMGR=0 allows to display an SMS class 0 if it is signaled to MT, because no MMI is available in the MT (see also the note from command +CNMI, chapter 10.8).



If status of the received message is "received unread", status in the storage changes to "received read".



The command is supported only for text mode (+CMGF=1).



If the <index> value is out of range (it depends on the preferred message storage, +CPMS command, settings) or it refers to an empty position, then the error "+CMS ERROR: invalid memory index" is returned.

Parameter	Type	Description										
<tosca>	Number	Type of address of <sca> - octet in Number format (for more details refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]); default 145 when string includes '+', otherwise default 129										
<length>	Number	Number of characters										
<seq>	Number	Sequence number of the current short message (1-255)										
<max>	Number	Maximum number of short messages in the concatenated short message (1-255)										
<iei>	Number	Information Element Identifier, the possible values are the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Concatenated short messages, 8-bit reference number 8: Concatenated short messages, 16-bit reference number 										
<ref>	Number	Concatenated short message reference number: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0-255: Concatenated short messages, 8-bit reference number case 0-65535: Concatenated short messages, 16-bit reference number case 										
<data>	String	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dc> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS chapter 4.5): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of 3GPP TS 27.005 [16] Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)) if <dc> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) <p>In the case of CBS: 3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dc> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command +CSCS chapter 26.15): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of 3GPP TS 27.005 [16] Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number <p>if <dc> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number</p>										
<da>	String	Destination address										
<tda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet										
<vp>	Number	Format depending of the <fo> setting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Relative format: validity period starting from when the SMS is received by the SMSC, in range 0-255 (default value 167); for more details refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] <table border="1" data-bbox="746 1758 1396 1944"> <thead> <tr> <th><vp></th> <th>Validity period value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0 to 143</td> <td>(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>144 to 167</td> <td>12 hours + ((TP-VP - 143) x 30 minutes)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>168 to 196</td> <td>(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day</td> </tr> <tr> <td>197 to 255</td> <td>(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Absolute format: absolute time of the validity period termination in string format ("yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz") (refer to 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]); the time zone is</p>	<vp>	Validity period value	0 to 143	(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)	144 to 167	12 hours + ((TP-VP - 143) x 30 minutes)	168 to 196	(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day	197 to 255	(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week
<vp>	Validity period value											
0 to 143	(TP-VP + 1) x 5 minutes (i.e. 5 minutes intervals up to 12 hours)											
144 to 167	12 hours + ((TP-VP - 143) x 30 minutes)											
168 to 196	(TP-VP - 166) x 1 day											
197 to 255	(TP-VP - 192) x 1 week											

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		SMS-SUBMITs: +UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da>,[<alpha>],[<to>],<length>],[<seq>,<max>,<iei>,<ref>]<data> [+UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<da>,[<alpha>],[<to>],<length>],[<seq>,<max>,<iei>,<ref>]<data>[...]] OK	
		SMS-STATUS-REPORTs: +UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<to>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> [+UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<to>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> [...]] OK	
		SMS-COMMANDs: +UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct> [+UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[...]] OK	
		CBM storage: +UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages><data> [+UCMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages>,<data>[...]] OK	
Test	AT+UCMGL=?	+UCMGL: (list of supported <stat>s) OK	+UCMGL: ("REC UNREAD", "REC READ", "STO UNSENT", "STO SENT", "ALL ") OK

10.20.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<stat>	String	Indicates the status of message in memory: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "REC UNREAD": received unread SMS messages "REC READ": received read SMS messages "STO UNSENT": stored unsent SMS messages "STO SENT": stored sent SMS messages "ALL": all SMS messages (default value)
<index>	Number	Storage position
<oa>	String	Originator address
<alpha>	String	Alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in the phonebook 3GPP TS 24.008 [12]. The parameter is not managed.
<scts>	String	Service center time stamp in time-string format; refer to <dt>
<tooa>	Number	Type of address of <oa> - octet
<length>	Number	Number of characters
<seq>	Number	Sequence number of the current short message (1-255)
<max>	Number	Maximum number of short messages in the concatenated short message (1-255)
<iei>	Number	Information Element Identifier, the possible values are the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Concatenated short messages, 8-bit reference number 8: Concatenated short messages, 16-bit reference number
<ref>	Number	Concatenated short message reference number: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0-255: Concatenated short messages, 8-bit reference number case 0-65535: Concatenated short messages, 16-bit reference number case
<data>	String	In the case of SMS: 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command Select TE Character Set +CSCS chapter 26.15): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of 3GPP TS 27.005 Annex A [16] if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. character II (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55)) if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.040 [8] TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) In the case of CBS: 3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Content of Message in text mode responses; format: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <dcs> indicates that 3GPP TS 23.038 [7] GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if TE character set other than "HEX" (refer command +CSCS chapter 26.15): ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set according to rules of 3GPP TS 27.005 [16]Annex A if TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number if <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal number
<da>	String	Destination address
<toda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet

Parameter	Type	Description
<fo>	Number	First octet of the SMS TPDU (see 3GPP TS 23.040 [8])
<mr>	Number	Message reference
<ra>	String	Recipient address field
<tora>	Number	Type of address of <ra> - octet
<dt>	String	Discharge time in format "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz"; the time zone is expressed in steps of 15 minutes
<st>	Number	Status of an SMS STATUS-REPORT
<ct>	Number	TP-Command-Type (default 0)
<sn>	Number	CBM serial number
<mid>	Number	CBM message identifier
<page>	Number	3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
<pages>	Number	3GPP TS 23.041 [9] CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format
<dcs>	Number	Data Coding Scheme

10.21 Send concatenated message +UCMGS

10.21.1 Description

Sends one segment of a concatenated message from a DTE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT). Message reference value <mr> is returned to the DTE on successful message delivery. <CR> separates the parameter part from the text part of the edited SMS in text mode. <ctrl-Z> indicates that the SMS shall be sent, while <ESC> indicates aborting of the edited SMS.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



The command is supported only for text mode (+CMGF=1).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCMGS=<da>,[<toda>],<seq>,<max>,<iei>,<ref><CR> <text><Ctrl-Z/ESC>	+UCMGS: <mr> OK	AT+UCMGS="0171112233",,1,2,8,15<CR> aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaabbbbbbbbbbb bbbbbbccccccccccccccccddddd dddddddddeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeeff fffffffffffffgggggggggggggggg hhhhhhhhhh <Ctrl-Z> +UCMGS:2 OK
Test	AT+UCMGS=?	OK	

10.21.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<da>	String	Destination address
<toda>	Number	Type of address of <da> - octet
<seq>	Number	Sequence number of the current short message (1-255)

Parameter	Type	Description
<tda>	Number	3GPP TS 24.011 [13] TP-Destination-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129)
<stat>	String	Indicates the status of message in memory: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "REC UNREAD": received unread SMS messages • "REC READ": received read SMS messages • "STO UNSENT": stored unsent SMS messages • "STO SENT": stored sent SMS messages (default value)
<seq>	Number	Sequence number of the current short message (1-255)
<max>	Number	Maximum number of short messages in the concatenated short message (1-255)
<iei>	Number	Information Element Identifier, the possible values are the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Concatenated short messages, 8-bit reference number • 8: Concatenated short messages, 16-bit reference number
<ref>	Number	Concatenated short message reference number: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0-255: Concatenated short messages, 8-bit reference number case • 0-65535: Concatenated short messages, 16-bit reference number case
<text>	String	SMS String
<index>	Number	Storage position

10.23 More Messages to Send +CMMS

10.23.1 Description

Controls the continuity of SMS relay protocol link. When enabled, multiple SMS messages can be sent much faster as link is kept open.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CMMS=[<mode>]	OK	AT+CMMS=2 OK
Read	AT+CMMS?	+CMMS: <mode> OK	+CMMS: 2 OK
Test	AT+CMMS=?	+CMMS: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CMMS: (0-2) OK

10.23.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: disable (default) • 1: keep enabled until the time between the response of the latest message send command (such as +CMGS) and the next send command exceeds 5 seconds, then close the link and switch <mode> automatically back to 0 • 2: keep permanently enabled. The link is closed after each send sequence, but <mode> is not switched back to 0

10.24 Peek message +UCMGP

10.24.1 Description

Returns the message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the DTE, the same as +CMGR does.

The SMS message is only 'peeked', i.e. its status is not forced to "received read SMS mode" after reading. The syntax, defined values and remarks are the same as described for +CMGR.



The +UCMGP command is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, on LISA-U1 series and on LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Text mode (+CMGF=1): AT+UCMGP=<index>	(SMS-DELIVER) +UCMGP: <stat>,<oa>,<alpha>,<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>] <data> OK (SMS-SUBMIT) +UCMGP: <stat>,<da>,<alpha>[,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<vp>],<sca>,<tosca>,<length>] <data> OK (SMS-STATUS-report) +UCMGP: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,<ra>[,<tora>,<scts><dt>,<st>] OK (SMS-COMMAND) +UCMGP: <stat>,<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>,<mn>],<da>[,<toda>,<length>] [<cdata>] OK (CBM storage) +UCMGP: <stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages> <data> OK	AT+UCMGP=303 +UCMGP: "REC UNREAD", "+393488535999", "07/04/05,18:02:28+08",145,4,0,0,"+393492000466",145,93 You have a missed called. Free information provided by your operator. OK
	Text mode (+CMGF=0): AT+UCMGP=<index>	+UCMGP: <stat>,<alpha>,<length> <pdu> OK	AT+UCMGP=1 +CMGR: 0,,40 0791934329002000040C9193230982661400008070328045218018D4F29CFE06B5CBF379F87C4EBF41E434082E7FDBC3 OK

10.24.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<index>	Number	Storage position

11 Supplementary services

11.1 Call forwarding +CCFC

11.1.1 Description

Controls the call forwarding supplementary service according. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation and status query are supported. This command can be aborted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CCFC=<reason>,<mode>[,<number>[,<type>[,<class>[,<subaddr>[,<satype>[,<time>]]]]]]]	OK or when <mode>=2 +CCFC: <status>,<class1>[,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]] [+CCFC: <status>,<class2> [,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]]	Registration: AT+CCFC=0,3,"01711234" OK Query status: AT+CCFC=2,2 +CCFC: 1,1,"+3945112",145,"",60 OK
Test	AT+CCFC=?	+CCFC: (list of supported <reason>s) OK	+CCFC: (0-5) OK

11.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<reason>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: unconditional 1: mobile busy 2: no reply 3: not reachable 4: all call forwarding 5: all conditional call forwarding
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable 1: enable 2: query status 3: registration 4: erasure
<number>	String	Phone number of forwarding address in <type> format
<type>	Number	Type of address; default 145 when dialling string includes '+', otherwise 129
<subaddr>	String	Subaddress; parameter currently ignored after syntax check
<satype>	Number	Type of subaddress; default 128 (TON/NPI unknown); parameter currently ignored after syntax check
<classx>	Number	Sum of Numbers each representing a class of information (default 7 - voice (1), data (2) and FAX (4) - or interpreted by network if not explicitly entered) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: voice 2: data 4: FAX 8: SMS 16: data circuit sync 32: data circuit async 64: dedicated packet access 128: dedicated PAD access

Parameter	Type	Description
<time>	Number	Time in seconds to wait before call is forwarded (default 60), but only when <reason>=2 (no reply) is enabled; the range goes from 5 to 30 s
<status>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not active 1: active

11.2 Call waiting +CCWA

11.2.1 Description

Controls the Call Waiting supplementary service according to 3GPP TS 22.083 [33]. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. Status query is abortable if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution. If enabled by <n> a URC is presented on TE when a call is signaled.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Set Command AT+CCWA=[<n>[,<mode>[,<class>]]]	Set Command OK	Set command AT+CCWA=1,1,32 OK
	Query Command AT+CCWA=[<n>[,<mode>]]	Query Command +CCWA: <status>,<class1> [+CCWA: <status>,<class2> [...]] OK	Query Command AT+CCWA=1,2 +CCWA: 1,1 +CCWA: 1,4 +CCWA: 1,16 +CCWA: 1,32 OK
Read	AT+CCWA?	+CCWA: <n> OK	+CCWA: 0 OK
Test	AT+CCWA=?	+CCWA: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CCWA: (0-1) OK
URC		+CCWA: <number>,<type>,<class>,[<alpha>],[< CLI validity>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<priority >]]]	

11.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Enable/disable the presentation of a URC +CCWA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable 1: enable
<mode>	Number	If <mode> not given, network is not interrogated <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable 1: enable 2: query status
<class>	Number	Sum of numbers each representing an information class : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> default is 3 if <class> is not set and <mode> is 0 or 1 default is 255 if <class> is not set and <mode> is 2 e.g. it reports all active classes if any. If no class is active only class 1 and 2 are reported as inactive:

Parameter	Type	Description
		+CCWA: 0,1 +CCWA: 0,2
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: voice 2: data; it comprises all those <class> values between 16 and 128, that are supported both by the network and the MS. This means, a setting made for <class> to 2 applies to all remaining data classes (if supported). In addition, it is possible to assign a different setting to a specific class. For example, call waiting can be deactivated only for a specific data class. To understand which classes were actually activated AT+CCWA=1,2 command should be executed 4: FAX currently not supported 8: SMS 16: data circuit sync 32: data circuit async 64: dedicated packet access 128: dedicated PAD access 255: cover all classes <p>☞ All values are network dependant. If a sum class is provided they will be activated in cardinal order (minimum to maximum). If a class is not supported then the procedure ends and any remaining class is not processed. To check which classes were actually activated AT+CCWA=1,2 command should be done.</p>
<status>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not active 1: active
<number>	String	Phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address
<alpha>	String	Optional string type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; this parameter is not managed
<CLI validity>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: CLI valid 1: CLI has been withheld by the originator 2: CLI is not available
<cause of no cli>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: unavailable 1: reject by user 2: interaction with other service 3: coin line/payphone
<subaddr>	String	Subaddress of format specified by <satype>
<satype>	Number	Subaddress octet (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 subclause 10.5.4.8 [30])
<priority>	Number	Optional digit type parameter indicating that the eMLPP priority level of the incoming call. The priority level values are as defined in eMLPP specification 3GPP TS 22.067 [59].



If call waiting is not handled in uniform mode among all networks even if the GSM 02.04 [3] describes all needed specification: "The applicability of call waiting refers to the telecommunication service of the active call and not of the waiting call. The incoming, waiting, call may be of any kind." Nevertheless, the actual implementation of the service on the networks is different.

11.3 Calling line identification restriction +CLIR

11.3.1 Description

Controls calling line identification restriction supplementary service (3GPP 22.081 [34]). This command can be aborted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CLIR=[<n>]	OK	AT+CLIR=2 OK
Read	AT+CLIR?	+CLIR: <n>,<m> OK	+CLIR: 0,2 OK
Test	AT+CLIR=?	+CLIR: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CLIR: (0-2) OK

11.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Sets the adjustment for outgoing calls <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of the CLIR service 1: CLIR invocation 2: CLIR suppression
<m>	Number	Shows the subscriber CLIR status in the network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: CLIR not provisioned 1: CLIR provisioned in permanent mode 2: unknown 3: CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted 4: CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed

11.4 Calling line identification presentation +CLIP

11.4.1 Description

Controls the calling line identification presentation supplementary service. When CLI (Calling Line Identification) is enabled, +CLIP response is returned after every RING result code. The URC is displayed after RING if the CLI presentation at the TE is enabled.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CLIP=[<n>]	OK	AT+CLIP=1 OK
Read	AT+CLIP?	+CLIP: <n>,<m> OK	+CLIP: 0,2 OK
Test	AT+CLIP=?	+CLIP: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CLIP: (0-1) OK
URC		+CLIP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype> [,<alpha>[,<CLI validity>]]]	

11.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Optional parameter sets/shows the result code presentation in the TA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable (default value) 1: enable
<m>	Number	Shows the subscriber CLIP service status in the network

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: CLIP not provisioned 1: CLIP provisioned 2: unknown
<number>	String	Phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address octet
<subaddr>	String	Subaddress of format specified by <satype>
<satype>	Number	Type of subaddress octet
<alpha>	String	Optional string type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; parameter is not managed
<CLI validity>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: CLI valid 1: CLI has been withheld by the originator 2: CLI is not available



When CLI is not available (<CLI validity>=2), <number> shall be an empty string (" ") and <type> value will not be significant. Nevertheless, TA may return the recommended value 128 for <type> ((TON/NPI unknown). When CLI has been withheld by the originator, (<CLI validity>=1) and the CLIP is provisioned with the "override category" option (refer to 3GPP TS 22.081 [34] and 3GPP TS 23.081 [35]), <number> and <type> is provided. Otherwise, TA shall return the same setting for <number> and <type> as if the CLI was not available.

11.5 Connected line identification presentation +COLP

11.5.1 Description

Controls the connected line identification presentation supplementary service, useful in case of call forwarding of the connected line. When enabled and call allowed the intermediate result code is sent to TE before any +CR or V.25ter responses.

This command can be aborted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+COLP=[<n>]	OK	AT+COLP=1 OK
Read	AT+COLP?	+COLP: <n>,<m> OK	+COLP: 0,2 OK
Test	AT+COLP=?	+COLP: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+COLP: (0-1) OK
IRC		+COLP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype> [,<alpha>]]	

11.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Optional parameter sets/shows the result code presentation status in the TA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable (default value) 1: enable
<m>	Number	Shows the subscriber COLP status in the network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: COLP not provisioned 1: CLIR provisioned in permanent mode

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2: unknown
<number>, <type>, <subaddr>, <satype>, <alpha>		See +CLIP (chapter 11.4)

11.6 Connected line identification restriction +COLR

11.6.1 Description

Enables connected party to prevent presentation of its line identity to the calling party. According to GSM02.81 [34] the activation and deactivation of COLR is only a result of provision / withdrawal. The command +COLR allows only the interrogation of the current state of COLR service in the network. The set syntax is not allowed (+CME ERROR: operation not supported).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+COLR?	+COLR: <status> OK	+COLR: 2 OK
Test	AT+COLR=?	OK	

11.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<status>	Number	Shows the subscriber COLR service status in the network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: COLR not provisioned 1: COLR provisioned 2: unknown

11.7 Advice of charge +CAOC

11.7.1 Description

Allows the subscriber to get the information about the call costs in home units using the Advice of Charge supplementary service (3GPP TS 22.024 [37] and 3GPP TS 22.086 [36]). If enabled the URC is periodically sent to TE.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CAOC[=<mode>]	[+CAOC: <ccm> OK	AT+CAOC=0 OK
Read	AT+CAOC?	+CAOC: <mode> OK	+CAOC: 1 OK
Test	AT+CAOC=?	+CAOC: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CAOC: (0-2) OK
URC		+CCCM: <ccm>	

11.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: query the CCM value 1: deactivate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value 2: activate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value
<ccm>	Number	Current call meter indicated as a string in hexadecimal format

11.8 Accumulated call meter +CACM

11.8.1 Description

Resets the Advice of charge related accumulated call meter value in SIM file EF-ACM. ACM contains the total number of home units for both the current and preceding calls. SIM PIN2 is required to reset the value.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CACM=[<passwd>]	OK	AT+CACM="0933" OK
Read	AT+CACM?	+CACM: <acm> OK	+CACM: "000000" OK
Test	AT+CACM=?	OK	

11.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<passwd>	String	SIM PIN2 as string type
<acm>	String	Accumulated call meter value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC

11.9 Accumulated call meter maximum +CAMM

11.9.1 Description

Sets the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter maximum value in the SIM file EF-ACMmax. ACMmax contains the maximum number of home units allowed to be consumed by the subscriber. When ACM reaches ACMmax, calls are prohibited. SIM PIN2 is required to set the value.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CAMM=[<acmmax>[,<passwd>]]	OK	AT+CAMM="000300", "0933" OK
Read	AT+CAMM?	+CAMM: <acmmax> OK	+CAMM: "000300" OK
Test	AT+CAMM=?	OK	

11.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<acmmax>	String	Contains the accumulated call meter maximum value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC; value zero disables ACMmax feature
<passwd>	String	Contains SIM PIN2

11.10 Price per unit and currency table +CPUC

11.10.1 Description

Sets the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table in SIM file EF-PUCT. PUCT information can be used to convert the home units into currency units. PIN2 is required to set the parameters.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPUC=<currency>,<ppu> [,<passwd>]	OK	AT+CPUC="USD", "0.20", "0933" OK
Read	AT+CPUC?	+CPUC: <currency>,<ppu> OK	+CPUC: "USD", "0.20" OK
Test	AT+CPUC=?	OK	

11.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<currency>	String	Contains the three-character currency code (e.g. "GBP", "EUR")
<ppu>	String	Contains the price per unit; dot is used as a decimal separator
<passwd>	String	Contains SIM PIN2

11.11 Call related supplementary services +CHLD

11.11.1 Description

Call hold and multiparty conversation (conference call). Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released or added to conversation.



On LEON-G100/G200 series '=' character is not mandatory.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CHLD=[<n>]	OK	AT+CHLD=2 OK
Test	AT+CHLD=?	+CHLD: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CHLD: (0,1,1x,2,2x,3,4,4*,6,7,8) OK

11.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: release all held calls or set User Determined User Busy for a waiting call; if both exists then only the waiting call will be rejected 1: release all active calls and accepts the other (held or waiting) 1x: release a specific call (x specific call number as indicated by +CLCC – chapter 11.13) 2: place all active calls (if exist) on hold and accepts the other call (held or waiting, if exist) 2x: place all active calls on hold except call x with which communication is supported 3: adds a held call to the conversation 4: connects the two calls and disconnects the subscriber from both calls (Explicit Call Transfer) 4*: call deflection (proprietary feature) 5: call completion of busy subscriber; this command syntax will be interpreted as an activation request, if the network has previously offered the possibility to activate this function 6: puts an active call on hold or an held call to active, while another call is waiting 7: disconnect users in multiparty without accepting incoming call. 8: release all calls (active and held)

11.12 Call deflection +CTFR

11.12.1 Description

Allows the MT user to respond to an incoming call offered by the network by requesting call deflection, i.e. redirection of this call to another number specified in the response. The call deflection is a supplementary service applicable only to voice calls (teleservice 11).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CTFR=<number>	OK	AT+CTFR="09113788" OK
Test	AT+CTFR=?	OK	

11.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<number>	String	Phone number

11.13 List current calls +CLCC

11.13.1 Description

Returns the list of current calls of MT. If no calls are available, no information response is sent.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+CLCC	<pre>[+CLCC: <id1>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<empty>[,< number>,<type>[,<alpha>]] [+CLCC: <id2>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<empty>[,< number>,<type>[,<alpha>]] [...]]] OK or OK (if no calls)</pre>	+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"0913137880",129 OK
Test	AT+CLCC=?	OK	

11.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<idx>	Number	Indicates the call identification (see +CHLD x)
<dir>	Number	Direction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: mobile originated (MO) call • 1: mobile terminated (MT) call
<stat>	Number	State of the call <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: active • 1: held • 2: dialling (Mobile Originated call) • 3: alerting (Mobile Originated call) • 4: incoming (Mobile Terminated call) • 5: waiting (Mobile Terminated call)
<mode>	Number	Teleservice <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: voice • 1: data • 2: FAX • 9: unknown
<empty>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties • 1: call is one of multiparty call parties
<number>	String	Indicates the phone number in format specified by <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address octet (phone number)
<alpha>	String	Optional string alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; this parameter is not managed

11.14 Supplementary service notifications +CSSN

11.14.1 Description

Refers to supplementary service related network initiated notifications. When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, the IRC is sent before any other Mobile Originated call setup result codes. When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a call, the URC is sent.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSSN=[<n>[,<m>]]	OK	AT+CSSN=0,0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+CSSN?	+CSSN: <n>,<m> OK	+CSSN: 0,0 OK
Test	AT+CSSN=?	+CSSN: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <m>s) OK	+CSSN: (0-1),(0-1) OK
IRC		+CSSI: <code1>[,<index>]	+CSSI: 4, 1
URC		+CSSU: <code2>[,<index>[,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>]]]	+CSSU: 0

11.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Sets/shows the +CSSI result code presentation status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled (default value) 1: enabled
<m>	Number	Sets/shows the +CSSU result code presentation status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled (default value) 1: enabled
<code1>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: unconditional call forwarding is active 1: some of the conditional call forwardings are active 2: call has been forwarded 3: call is waiting 4: this is a CUG call (<index> parameter is provided) 5: outgoing calls are barred 6: incoming calls are barred 7: CLIR suppression rejected 8: calls has been deflected
<index>	Number	Refer +CCUG (chapter 11.16)
<code2>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: this is a forwarded call (MT call setup) 1: this is a CUG call (<index> parameter is provided) (MT call setup) 2: call has been put on hold (during a voice call) 3: call has been retrieved (during a voice call) 4: multiparty call entered (during a voice call) 5: call on hold has been released – this is not an SS notification – (during a voice call) 6: forward check SS message received (can be received whenever) 7: call is being connected (alerting) with the remote party in alerting state in explicit call transfer operation (during a voice call) 8: call has been connected with the other remote party in explicit call transfer operation (during a voice call or MT call setup) 9: this is a deflected call (MT call setup) 10: additional incoming call forwarded
<number>	String	Phone number, format specified by <type>
<type>	Number	Type of address octet
<subaddr>, <satype>	String	Not used

11.15 Unstructured supplementary service data +CUSD

11.15.1 Description

Control of Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD) according to 3GPP TS 22.090 [6]. Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported. The parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the URC presentation.

Value $\langle n \rangle = 2$ is used to cancel an ongoing USSD session. This command can be aborted. When $\langle str \rangle$ is given, a mobile initiated USSD-string or a response USSD-string to a network initiated operation is sent to the network. The response USSD-string from the network is returned in the URC +CUSD indicated above.



The command to abort is equivalent to send `AT+CUSD=2`, that ends the current USSD session.



After having sent a +CUSD request it is not possible to send another one until the URC of the first one is not received.



Do not send new +CUSD request until the URC for the previous one sent is received.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	<code>AT+CUSD=[<n>[,<str>[,<dc>]]]</code>	<code>[+CUSD: <m>[,<str>[,<dc>]]]</code> OK	<code>AT+CUSD=1, "*100#", 15</code> <code>+CUSD: 2, "Residual credit: 7,87 Euro", 15</code> OK
Read	<code>AT+CUSD?</code>	<code>+CUSD: <n></code> OK	<code>+CUSD: 0</code> OK
Test	<code>AT+CUSD=?</code>	<code>+CUSD: (list of supported <n>s)</code> OK	<code>+CUSD: (0-2)</code> OK
URC		<code>+CUSD: <m>[,<str>[,<dc>]]</code>	

11.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
$\langle n \rangle$	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the result code presentation 1: enable the result code presentation 2: cancel session (not applicable to read command response)
$\langle str \rangle$	String	USSD-string converted in the current character set in use (refer to +CSCS command description 4.5)
$\langle dc \rangle$	Number	Data coding scheme (see 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]) used for sending the USSD string. 1 byte in decimal format; valid values are 0-255. Default value is 15.
$\langle m \rangle$	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no further user action required 1: further user action required 2: USSD termination by network 4: operation not supported 5: network time out

11.16 Closed user group +CCUG

11.16.1 Description

Enables subscribers to form closed user groups to and from which access is restricted (refer to 3GPP TS 22.085 [38]). The command can be used to:

- Activate/deactivate the control of the CUG information for all following calls
- Select a CUG index
- Suppress the outgoing access (OA). The OA allows a member of a CUG to place calls outside the CUG
- Suppress the preferential CUG

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CCUG=[<n>[,<index>[,<info>]]]	OK	AT+CCUG=1,2,1 OK
Read	AT+CCUG?	+CCUG: <n>,<index>,<info> OK	+CCUG: 0,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CCUG=?	+CCUG: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <index>s),(list of supported <info>s) OK	+CCUG: (0-1),(0-10),(0-3) OK

11.16.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: CUG temporary disabled (default value) 1: CUG temporary enabled
<index>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0..9: CUG index, (0 default value) 10: no index (preferred CUG taken from subscriber data)
<info>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no information (default value) 1: suppress OA 2: suppress preferential CUG 3: suppress OA and preferential CUG

11.17 Calling name presentation +CNAP

11.17.1 Description

Controls the name identification supplementary service (refer to 3GPP TS 22.096 [39]). When the Calling Name Presentation at the MT is enabled, the URC is displayed. This command can be aborted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CNAP=[<n>]	OK	AT+CNAP=0 OK
Read	AT+CNAP?	+CNAP: <n>, <m> OK	+CNAP: 0,2 OK
Test	AT+CNAP=?	+CNAP: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CNAP: (0-1) OK
URC		+CNAP: <calling_name> [, <CNAP validity>]	+CNAP: "SubscriberName",0

11.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	Sets the result code presentation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled (default value) 1: enabled
<m>	Number	Subscriber CNAP service status in the network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: CNAP not provisioned 1: CNAP provisioned 2: unknown

Parameter	Type	Description
<calling_name>	String	Calling party name
<CNAP validity>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0: name presentation allowed• 1: presentation restricted• 2: name unavailable• 3: name presentation restricted

12 Data

12.1 Select bearer service type +CBST

12.1.1 Description

Selects bearer service <name> with data rate <speed> and the connection element <ce> to use for data calls.



Not all parameter combinations listed in 3GPP TS 22.002 [58] are supported. See Table 8 in chapter 17.19 for a more detailed list of the parameter combinations supported by LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series.



Several <speed> values are allowed in GSM or UMTS RAT only: see the parameter's description below for correct settings.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]	OK	AT+CBST=5,0,1 OK
Read	AT+CBST?	+CBST: <speed>,<name>,<ce> OK	+CBST: 14,0,1 OK
Test	AT+CBST=?	+CBST: (list of supported <speed>s),(list of supported <name>s),(list of supported <ce>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +CBST: (0,4-7,12,68,70,71),(0),(0-3) OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CBST: (0,4-7,12,14-16,68,70-71,75,79-81,83-84,115-116,130-131,133-134),(0,1),(0-3) OK

12.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<speed>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: autobaoding 4: 2400 b/s (V.22bis) (RAT GSM only) 5: 2400 b/s (V.26ter) (RAT GSM only) 6: 4800 b/s (V.32) 7: 9600 b/s (V.32) (default value on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series) 12: 9600 b/s (V.34) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series available only on RAT UMTS) 14: 14400 b/s (V.34) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 15: 19200 b/s (V.34) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 16: 28800 b/s (V.34) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 68: 2400 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (RAT GSM only) 70: 4800 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) 71: 9600 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (default value on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series) 75: 14400 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 79: 19200 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 80: 28800 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 81: 38400 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 83: 56000 b/s (V110 or X.31 flag stuffing) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only)

Parameter	Type	Description
		(Only for UMTS RAT) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 84: 64000 b/s (X.31 flag stuffing) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 115: 56000 b/s (bit transparent) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 116: 64000 b/s (bit transparent) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 130: 28800 b/s (multimedia) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 131: 32000 b/s (multimedia) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 133: 56000 b/s (multimedia) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT) 134: 64000 b/s (multimedia) (on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series only) (Only for UMTS RAT)
<name>	Number	Bearer service name <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: data circuit asynchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHz modem) (default value) 1: data circuit synchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHz modem)
<ce>	Number	Connection element <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: transparent 1: non-transparent (default value) 2: both, transparent preferred (RAT GSM only) 3: both, non-transparent preferred (RAT GSM only)

12.2 Service class selection and identification +FCLASS

12.2.1 Description

Puts the MT into a selected mode of operation (voice, data or FAX).



In LISA-U1 and LISA-U2 series modules the selected mode is set only for the following CS call.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FCLASS=<class>	OK	AT+FCLASS=2.0 OK
Read	AT+FCLASS?	<n> OK	0 OK
Test	AT+FCLASS=?	(List of supported <class>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series (0,2,0,8) OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: (0,8) OK

12.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<class>	Number	Operation mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: data (default value) 2.0: FAX (service class 2) 8: voice



<class>=2.0 is not supported on LISA-U1 and LISA-U2 series.



<class>=8 is not supported on LISA-U100 / LISA-110 and LISA-U200-00S versions.

12.3 Service reporting control +CR

12.3.1 Description

Controls whether the intermediate result code is returned or not. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted when, during the connection negotiation, the MT has determined which speed and quality of service will be used, before any error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before the intermediate result code CONNECT is transmitted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CR=[<mode>]	OK	AT+CR=0 OK
Read	AT+CR?	+CR: <mode> OK	+CR: 0 OK
Test	AT+CR=?	+CR: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CR: (0-1) OK
IRC		+CR: <serv>	

12.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disables reporting (default value) 1: enables reporting
<serv>	String	Service name <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ASYNC: asynchronous transparent REL ASYNC: asynchronous non-transparent (reliable) REL SYNC: synchronous non-transparent (reliable) SYNC: synchronous transparent



REL ASYNC applies only for incoming or outgoing data calls.

12.4 Cellular result codes +CRC

12.4.1 Description

Enables detailed ring indication, in case of incoming call. Instead of RING, the **+CRING: <type>** URC is displayed.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CRC=[<mode>]	OK	AT+CRC=0 OK
Read	AT+CRC?	+CRC: <mode> OK	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CRC=?	+CRC: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CRC: (0-1) OK
URC		+CRING: <type>	

12.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): disables extended format 1: enables extended format
<type>	String	Ring indication description <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ASYNC: asynchronous transparent REL ASYNC: asynchronous non-transparent (reliable) SYNC: synchronous transparent REL SYNC: synchronous non-transparent (reliable) FAX: facsimile (TS62) VOICE: normal voice (TS11) ALT VOICE / FAX: alternating voice/FAX, voice first (TS61) ALT FAX / VOICE: alternating voice/FAX, FAX first (TS61)



The <mode> parameter is mandatory with LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



FAX is supported only on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series. TS61 and TS62 are not supported in LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series.

12.5 Radio link protocol +CRLP

12.5.1 Description

Change the radio link protocol (RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data-calls are originated.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CRLP=[<iws>[,<mws>[,<T1>[,<N2>]]]]	OK	AT+CRLP=61,61,48,6 OK
Read	AT+CRLP?	+CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<T1>,<N2> OK	+CRLP: 61,61,48,6 OK
Test	AT+CRLP=?	+CRLP: (lists of supported <iws>),(lists of supported <mws>), lists of supported <T1>),(lists of supported <N2>) OK	+CRLP: (0-61),(0-61),(39-255)(1-255) OK

12.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<iws>	Number	IWF (Interworking Function) to MT window size, range 0 - 61 (default 61)
<mws>	Number	MT to IWF (Interworking Function) window size, range 0 - 61 (default 61)
<T1>	Number	Acknowledgement timer T1, expressed in dozen of msec, range 39 – 255 (default 48)

Parameter	Type	Description
<N2>	Number	Retransmission attempts, range 1 - 255 (default 6)

13 FAX class 2

13.1 Introduction

FAX commands are compliant with ITU_T recommendation V250 and V.25ter.

FAX service is carried out in five separate and consecutive phases:

- Phase A: Call set-up
- Phase B: Pre-message procedure for identifying and selecting the required facilities
- Phase C: Message transmission
- Phase D: Post-message procedure including end-of-message, confirmation and multi-document procedures
- Phase E: Call release

13.2 Adaptive answer +FAA

13.2.1 Description

Allows an adaptive answer of DCE depending on the parameter <value>.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FAA=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FAA?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FAA=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0-1) OK

13.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: the DCE shall answer only as a Class 2 facsimile device • 1: the DCE can automatically determine whether to answer as a facsimile DCE (in case of FAX call or alternate speech/fax call is delivered) or as a data modem. If a data modem is detected, the DCE shall operate as described in ITU-T Recommendation T.32 par. 8.3.2.4.

13.3 Address & polling capabilities +FAP

13.3.1 Description

Enables sending and receiving of SUB, SEP, and PWD frames.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FAP=<sub>,<sep>,<pwd>	OK	
Read	AT+FAP?	<sub>,<sep>,<pwd> OK	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+FAP=?	(range of <sub>s>),(range of <sep>s),(range of <pwd>s) OK	(0-1),(0-1),(0-1) OK

13.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<sub>	Number	Subaddressing; default value: 0
<sep>	Number	Selective polling; default value: 0
<pwd>	Number	Password; default value: 0

13.4 Buffer size +FBS

13.4.1 Description

Allows the DCE to report the size of its data buffers for FAX services.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+FBS?	<tbs>,<rbs> OK	

13.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<tbs>	Number	Transmit buffer size, i.e. 2048 bytes
<rbs>	Number	Receive buffer size, i.e. 2048 bytes

13.5 Data bit order +FBO

13.5.1 Description

Controls the mapping between PSTN facsimile data and the DTE-DCE link. There are two options:

- Direct order: the first bit of each octet transferred on the DTE-DCE link is the first bit transferred on the GSTN (General Switched Telephone Network) data carrier
- Reversed order: the last bit of each octet transferred on the DTE-DCE link is the first bit transferred on the GSTN data carrier

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FBO=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FBO?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FBO=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0-3) OK

13.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<vr>	Number	Resolution in range 0-1
 	Number	Bit rate in range 0-3
<wd>	Number	Page width in pixels; only 0 value allowed
<ln>	Number	Page length in range 0-2
<df>	Number	Data compression format; only 0 value allowed
<ec>	Number	Error correction; only 0 value allowed
<bf>	Number	File transfer; only 0 value allowed
<st>	Number	Scan time/line; in range 0-7
<jp>	Number	JPEG for colour and B&W; only 0 value allowed

13.8 Copy quality checking +FCQ

13.8.1 Description

Allows to control copy quality checking and correction by a facsimile DCE.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FCQ=<rq>,<tq>	OK	
Read	AT+FCQ?	<rq>,<tq> OK	
Test	AT+FCQ=?	(range of <rq>s),(range of <tq>s) OK	(0),(0) OK

13.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<rq>	Number	Controls copy quality checking and correction of data received from the remote station and delivered to DTE
<tq>	Number	Controls copy quality checking and correction of image data received from the DTE and sent to the remote station

13.9 Capability to receive data +FCR

13.9.1 Description

Sets the capability to receive message data.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FCR=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FCR?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FCR=?	(supported <value>) OK	(1) OK

13.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Only value 1 allowed; DCE can receive message data. Bit 10 in the DIS or DTC frame will be set

13.10 Current session results +FCS

13.10.1 Description

Allows displaying the current session results, either as a response to the read syntax or as an intermediate result code during the execution of +FDT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+FCS?	<vr>, ,<wd>,<ln>,<df>,<ec>,<bf>,<st>,<jp> OK	
IRC		+FCS=<vr>, ,<wd>,<ln>,<df>,<ec>,<bf>,<st>,<jp>	
IRC		+FDCS=<vr>, ,<wd>,<ln>,<df>,<ec>,<bf>,<st>,<jp>	

13.10.2 Defined values

See +FCC.

13.11 DTE phase C response timeout +FCT

13.11.1 Description

Determines how long the DCE will wait for a command after having transmitted all available phase C data.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FCT=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FCT?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FCT=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(1-FF) OK

13.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0x0-0xFF, in 1 second units. Default value: 0x1E (30) s

13.12 Receive data +FDR

13.12.1 Description

Initiates data reception.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+FDR	OK	

13.13 Transmit Data +FDT

13.13.1 Description

Prefixes data transmission. It requests the DCE to transmit a phase C page. It is issued at the beginning of each page in phase B or D.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+FDT	OK	

13.14 Phase C received EOL alignment +FEA

13.14.1 Description

Controls optional octet-alignment of EOL markers in received T.4 data stream. It does not apply to T.6 data, or to any form of data.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FEA=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FEA?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FEA=?	(supported <value>s) OK	(0) OK

13.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: determines that T.4 EOL patterns are bit aligned (as received) 1: determines that the last received bits of T.4 EOL patterns are octet aligned by the DCE, with necessary zero fill bits inserted (RFU)

13.15 Format conversion +FFC

13.15.1 Description

Determines the DCE response to mismatches between the phase C data delivered after the +FDT command and the data format parameters negotiated for the facsimile session. Currently no check or conversion is supported.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FFC=<vrc>,<dfv>,<inc>,<wdc>	OK	
Read	AT+FFC?	<vrc>,<dfv>,<inc>,<wdc> OK	
Test	AT+FFC=?	(list of supported <vrc>s),(list of supported <dfv>s),(list of supported <inc>s),(list of supported <wdc>s) OK	(0),(0),(0),(0) OK

13.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<vrc>	Number	vertical resolution format codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ignored • 1: enabled (RFU) • 2: enabled for 1-D data (RFU) • 3: enabled for 2-D data (RFU)
<dfc>	Number	data format codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ignored • 1: checking enabled (RFU) • 2: conversion (RFU)
<inc>	Number	page length format codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ignored • 1: checking enabled (RFU) • 2: conversion for 1-D data (RFU) • 3: conversion enabled for 2-D data (RFU)
<wdc>	Number	page with format codes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ignored • 1: checking enabled (RFU) • 2: conversion enabled (RFU)

13.16 Report file transfer diagnostic frame +FFD

13.16.1 Description

This command has no parameters.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+FFD	OK	

13.17 Call termination status +FHS

13.17.1 Description

indicates the cause of a hang-up; the cause is set by the DCE at the conclusion of a FAX session and reset to 0 at the beginning of phase A.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+FHS?	<value> OK	

13.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0x00: undefined • 0x02: fax call cleared by the remote modem or the DTE • 0x 11: Fax modem timed out in phase B • 0x20: Unspecified transmitting phase B error • 0x23: Invalid command received in transmitting phase B • 0x40: Unspecified transmitting phase C error • 0x43: Send fax data underflow • 0x70: Unspecified receiving phase B error • 0x50: Unspecified transmitting phase D error

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0xA0: Unspecified receiving phase D error

13.18 Procedure interrupt enable +FIE

13.18.1 Description

Controls the procedure of interrupt handling.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FIE=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FIE?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FIE=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0-1) OK
IRC		+FET:<pmc>	

13.18.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: procedure interrupt requests from the remote station are ignored and not reported to DTE 1: procedure interrupt requests from the remote station are reported to DTE (allowed only on alternate speech/fax calls) as intermediate result code +FET
<pmc>	Number	Post message command <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: MultiPage Signal - to indicate the end of a complete page of facsimile information and the return to phase C upon receipt of a confirmation 1: End Of Message - to indicate the end of a complete page of facsimile information and return to phase B 2: End Of Procedure - to indicate the end of a complete page of facsimile information and proceeding to phase E upon receipt of a confirmation 3: same as 0, with return to phase B if operator intervention is accomplished 4: same as 1, with return to phase B if operator intervention is accomplished 5: same as 2, with return to phase B if operator intervention is accomplished

13.19 Initialize facsimile parameters +FIP

13.19.1 Description

Causes the DCE to initialize all Service Class Facsimile Parameters to the factory-programmed settings. It does not change the +FCLASS setting. It should not be used when FAX connections are active.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FIP=[<value>]	OK	
Read	AT+FIP?	0 OK	
Test	AT+FIP=?	(list of supported <value>s) OK	(0) OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FIT=[<time>[,<action>]]	OK	
Read	AT+FIT?	<time>,<action> OK	
Test	AT+FIT=?	(range of <time>s),(supported <action>) OK	(0-255),(0) OK

13.21.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<time>	Number	Timer duration in seconds, range 0-255
<action>	Number	Only value 0 possible, which means: when timer expire, the DCE shall clear the call.

13.22 Session termination +FKS

13.22.1 Description

Causes the DCE to terminate the session in an orderly manner: if the DCE has an active, not transmitting FAX call, it will send a DCN message and hang up.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FKS	OK	

13.23 Local ID string +FLI

13.23.1 Description

Determines that DCE sends the ID frame if +FLI is not a zero-string.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FLI=<local ID string>	OK	
Read	AT+FLI?	<local ID string> OK	
Test	AT+FLI=?	(range of char values) OK	(20-7E) OK

13.23.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<local ID string>	String	20 digit string; valid codes for characters are in the range 0x20-0x7E

13.24 Set flow control +FLO

13.24.1 Description

Allows setting the flow control for communication via V.24 interface.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FLO=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FLO?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FLO=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0-2) OK

13.24.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	indicates the kind of flow control <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: DTE-DCE flow control is disabled 1: DTE-DCE flow control is DC1/DC3 (SW flow control) 2: DTE-DCE flow control is RTC/CTS (HW flow control)

13.25 Indicate document to poll +FLP

13.25.1 Description

Indicates that a document is available for retrieval. By default the DTE has no document to poll.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FLP=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FLP?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FLP=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0) OK

13.25.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	only value 0 is allowed

13.26 Request manufacturer Identification +FMI

13.26.1 Description

Text string identifying the manufacturer.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+FMI	<manufacturer> OK	u-blox OK
Test	AT+FMI=?	OK	

13.26.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<manufacturer>	String	manufacturer name

13.27 Request model identification +FMM

13.27.1 Description

Text string identifying the model identification.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+FMM	<model> OK	LEON-G200 OK
Test	AT+FMM=?	OK	

13.27.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<model>	String	Name of model

13.28 Request revision identification +FMR

13.28.1 Description

Gives the firmware version of the module.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+FMR	<version> OK	07.11.00 OK
Test	AT+FMR=?	OK	

13.28.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<version>	String	Firmware version

13.29 Minimum phase C speed +FMS

13.29.1 Description

Limits the lowest negotiable speed for a fax session.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FMS=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FMS?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FMS=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0-3) OK

13.29.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: 2400 b/s (default) 1: 4800 b/s 2: 7200 b/s 3: 9600 b/s

13.30 Negotiation reporting +FNR

13.30.1 Description

Controls the reporting of messages generated during T.30 phase B negotiations.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FNR=[<rpr>[,<tpr>[,<idr>[,<nstr>]]]]	OK	
Read	AT+FNR?	<rpr>,<tpr>,<idr>,<nstr> OK	
Test	AT+FNR=?	(range of <rpr>s), (range of <tpr>), (range of <idr>s), (range of <nstr>s) OK	(0-1),(0-1),(0-1),(0-1) OK

13.30.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<rpr>	Number	Receiver parameters reporting: 0-1 (no-yes)
<tpr>	Number	Transmitter parameters reporting: 0-1 (no-yes)
<idr>	String	ID strings reporting: 0-1 (no-yes)
<nstr>	String	Non-standard frame FIF octet string +FNS

13.31 Non-standard frame FIF octet string +FNS

13.31.1 Description

Allows configuring the corresponding non-standard facilities frame. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FNS=<string>	OK	
Read	AT+FNS?	<string> OK	
Test	AT+FNS=?	(range of character codes) OK	(20-7E) OK

13.31.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<string>	String	Characters in range 0x20-0x7E

13.32 NSF message data indication +FND

13.32.1 Description

Controls indication of non-standard facilities frames. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FND=<value>	OK	
Read	AT+FND?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FND=?	(range of <value>s) OK	(0-1) OK

13.32.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	range 0-1 (enabled/disabled).

13.33 Selective polling address +FPA

13.33.1 Description

Sets the selective polling address. The DCE should send the numeric string contained in the +FPA at the times specified in T.30, if the corresponding parameter is not zero string. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FPA=<selective polling address string>	OK	AT+FPA="1234" OK
Read	AT+FPA?	<selective polling address string> OK	"1234" OK
Test	AT+FPA=?	(range of character codes) OK	(20-7E) OK

13.33.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<selective polling address string>	String	20 digit string: values are in range 0x20-0x7E

13.34 Local polling ID string +FPI

13.34.1 Description

Allows the DCE to send the ID frame if +FPI is not a null string. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FPI=<local polling ID string>	OK	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+FPI?	<local polling ID string> OK	"1234" OK
Test	AT+FPI=?	(range of character codes) OK	(20-7E) OK

13.34.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<local polling ID string>	String	only null string " " is allowed

13.35 Packet protocol control +FPP

13.35.1 Description

Allows controlling the packet protocol. The packet protocol is not currently supported.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FPP=[<value>]	OK	
Read	AT+FPP?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FPP=?	(supported <value>) OK	(0) OK

13.35.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	only value 0 allowed

13.36 Page status +FPS

13.36.1 Description

Sets the post page response, in particular end-of-page status, to be sent to the remote part. During fax transmission, post page response of the remote part is indicated to the DTE with an intermediate result code +FPS.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FPS=[<value>]	OK	
Read	AT+FPS?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FPS=?	(range of <value>) OK	(1-5) OK

13.36.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: MCF, page good (default value) 2: RTN, page bad; retrain requested 3: RTP, page good; retrain requested

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4: PIN, page bad; interrupt requested 5: PIP, page good; interrupt requested

13.37 Password parameter +FPW

13.37.1 Description

Sets the password. The DCE sends the numeric string contained in +FPW at the times specified in T.30, if the corresponding parameter is not a null string.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FPW=<password string>	OK	AT+FPW="1234" OK
Read	AT+FPW?	"<password string>" OK	
Test	AT+FPW=?	(range of <value>) OK	"1234" OK

13.37.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<password string>	String	Valid characters: 0-9, *, #, space

13.38 Receive quality thresholds +FRQ

13.38.1 Description

Allows making the "Copy Quality OK" decision using the command parameters. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FRQ=<pgl>,<cbl>	OK	
Read	AT+FRQ?	<pgl>,<cbl> OK	
Test	AT+FRQ=?	(supported <pgl>),(supported <cbl>) OK	(0),(0) OK

13.38.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<pgl>	Number	Percentage of good lines: only value 0 accepted
<cbl>	Number	Consecutive bad lines: only value 0 accepted

13.39 Error correction mode retry count +FRY

13.39.1 Description

Controls the retry counter in Error Correcting Mode. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FRY=[<value>]	OK	
Read	AT+FRY?	<count> OK	
Test	AT+FRY=?	(range of <count>) OK	(0-FF) OK

13.39.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	In range 0-0xFF (0 if blank)

13.40 SubAddress parameter +FSA

13.40.1 Description

Sets the subaddress. The DCE sends the numeric string configured via AT+FSA at the times specified in T.30, if the corresponding parameter is not a null string.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FSA=<destination SubAddress string>	OK	AT+FSA="1234" OK
Read	AT+FSA?	"<destination SubAddress string>" OK	"1234" OK
Test	AT+FSA=?	(range of character codes) OK	(20-7E) OK

13.40.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<destination SubAddress string>	String	20 digit string; allowed values: 0-9, *, #, space

13.41 Request to poll +FSP

13.41.1 Description

This command indicates whether or not the DTE wants to poll. The command is not currently used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+FSP=[<value>]	OK	
Read	AT+FSP?	<value> OK	
Test	AT+FSP=?	(supported <value>) OK	(0) OK

13.42 Fax intermediate result codes

13.42.1 Description

According to Recommendation T.32, Tab. 6, the following intermediate result codes are provided to the DTE during fax calls.

IRC	Meaning
+FCO	Indicates connection with a fax terminal
+FVO	Indicates transition to voice
+FHS	Call terminated with status
+FCS	Report the DCS frame information
+FDCS	Report the DCS frame information for speech/fax alternate calls
+FIS	Report the DIS frame information
+FTI	Report the remote (transmitting) ID, from TSI (Transmitting Subscriber Identification) frame
+FTSI	Report the remote (transmitting) ID, from TSI (Transmitting Subscriber Identification) frame for speech/fax alternate calls
+FCI	Report the remote (called) ID, from CSI (Called Subscriber Identification)
+FCSI	Report the remote (called) ID, from CSI (Called Subscriber Identification for speech/fax alternate calls)
+FET	Report post page message
+FPS	Report received page status
+FPTS	Report received page status for speech/fax alternate calls
+FHT	Report transmitted HDLC frames
+FHR	Debug report received HDLC frames

14 V24 control and V25ter

These commands, unless specifically stated, do not implement set syntax using "=", read ("?"), or test ("=?"). If such commands are used, an error message (" +CME ERROR: operation not supported" with LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series or " +CME ERROR: unknown" with LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series) is displayed.

14.1 Reset to default configuration Z

14.1.1 Description

Resets the DCE and loads into the current profile the settings stored in the NVRAM profile identified by the <value> parameter.

When the command is issued, any CSD call in progress is released. In case of success, the response is issued using the configuration of the result codes format (Q, V, S3, S4 commands) loaded from the requested NVRAM profile. The other DCE settings are applied after the response has been sent.

For more details on the settings stored in the profiles, refer to chapter B.1.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATZ[<value>]	OK	

14.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	NVRAM profile index, possible values 0-1; optional parameter, default value is 0

14.2 Set to factory defined configuration &F

14.2.1 Description

Resets the current profile to factory-defined defaults. Other NVRAM settings, not included in the profiles, are not affected.

In case of success, the response is issued using the configuration of the result codes format (Q, V, S3 and S4 AT commands) loaded from the factory default NVRAM profile. The other DCE settings are applied after the response has been sent.

For more details on the settings stored in the profiles, refer to chapter B.1.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&F[<value>]	OK	

14.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Only 0 allowed

14.3 Circuit 109 behavior &C

14.3.1 Description

Controls the behavior of RS232 circuit 109 - Data Carrier Detect (DCD) - relates to the detection of received line signal from the remote end.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&C[<value>]	OK	

14.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Indicates the behavior of circuit 109 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: DCE always presents ON condition on circuit 109 1 (default value): circuit 109 changes in accordance with the Carrier detect status; ON if the Carrier is detected, OFF otherwise



Refer to LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] for DCD behavior during the initialization phase of the module.



Refer to LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49] for DCD behavior during the initialization phase of the module.

14.4 Circuit 108/2 behavior &D

14.4.1 Description

Controls the behavior of RS232 circuit 108/2 - Data Terminal Ready (DTR) - relates to changes from ON to OFF condition during on-line data state.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&D[<value>]	OK	

14.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: the DCE ignores circuit 108/2 1 (default value): upon an ON-to-OFF transition of circuit 108/2, the DCE enters online command state and issues an OK result code 2: upon an ON-to-OFF transition of circuit 108/2, the DCE performs an orderly clear-down of the call. Automatic answer is disabled while circuit 108/2 remains OFF

14.4.3 ~+++ behavior in PSD &D

- A special meaning of the &D value is provided for the ~+++ sequence during a PSD data transfer with PPP L2 protocol (this is outside the V25-ter specification scope). The ~+++ causes context deactivation during a

PSD data transfer session for the AT&D0 and AT&D2 value¹ (note that the +++ return to on-line command mode is provided for each &D value during a CSD data call [20])

- A different implementation for the ~+++ is done with the &D1 value: PSD data transfer is escaped and system returns in the on-line command state. ATO command is used to resume the PSD data transfer session
- During the on-line command mode different AT commands can be sent but data calls in PSD on-line command mode cannot be granted (activate the AT+CRC=1 mode to identify the kind of call and reject data incoming calls if PSD is in the on-line command mode)



For more details refer to ITU-T Recommendation V250 [20], ITU-T V.25ter Recommendation [21] and ITU-T V.32 Recommendation [22].



Refer to LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] for DTR behavior during the initialization phase of the module.



Refer to LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49] for DTR behavior during the initialization phase of the module.

14.4.4 Circuit 108/2, +++ behavior for the different &D: summarizing tables

CSD data mode		
Event	DTE sends escape sequence (e.g. +++)	DTR On to Off transition
&D0	DCE enters command mode	No action
&D1	DCE enters command mode	Switch to command mode
&D2	DCE enters command mode	Cleardown call

Table 1: CSD Data Mode

PSD data mode (PPP L2 protocol case)		
Event	DTE sends ~+++	DTR On to Off transition
&D0	Context deactivation	No action
&D1	DCE enters command mode	DCE enters command mode
&D2	Context deactivation	Context deactivation

Table 2: PSD Data Mode



The ON/OFF DTR transition in direct link forces the DCE into command mode. In case of AT&D0 the DTR transition is ignored, also in direct link.



The escape sequence for the PSD data mode with a L2 protocol different from the PPP is not ~+++, and it could be not supported. Refer to the Table 3 for more information.

¹ On LEON from LEON-G100-05S/LEON-G200-05S and subsequent versions the setting AT&D0 causes DTR line transitions to be ignored. In earlier FW releases AT&D0 and AT&D1 have the same behavior.

14.5 DSR override &S

14.5.1 Description

Selects how the module will control RS232 circuit 107 - Data Set Ready (DSR).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&S[<value>]	OK	

14.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: sets the DSR line to ON 1 (default value): sets the DSR line to ON in data mode and to OFF in command mode



Refer to LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] for DSR behavior during the initialization phase of the module.



Refer to LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49] for DSR behavior during the initialization phase of the module.

14.6 Flow control &K

14.6.1 Description

Controls the flow control mechanism.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&K[<value>]	OK	

14.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable DTE flow control 3 (default value): enable RTS/CTS DTE flow control 4: enable XON/XOFF DTE flow control 5: enable XON/XOFF DTE flow control 6: enable XON/XOFF DTE flow control



The setting AT&K0 (flow control disabled) must be used when the RTS and CTS lines are not physically connected.



The command setting provides the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not allowed" when the AT command interface runs on the USB port or on the SPI interface.



The software flow control (Xon/Xoff) setting is not allowed on the USB port, on the SPI interface and on a MUX channel.



SW flow control (Xon/Xoff) activation is only allowed in case of text transmission: binary data cannot be transmitted because it may contain the special flow control characters (Xon/Xoff).



When software flow control (Xon/Xoff) is used, the DC1 (XON, 0x11) and DC3 (XOFF, 0x13) characters are reserved and therefore filtered (e.g. in SMS text mode these two characters cannot be inputted).



On UART interface and if +UPSV=2, only &K0 (no flow control) is allowed.

14.7 Store current configuration &W

14.7.1 Description

Stores into one of the two RAM profile mirrors the current AT configuration of the DCE interface in which the command is issued. The profile is selected according to the AT command parameter value. For more details on the AT command configuration saved in the profiles, refer to chapter B.1.

The NVRAM profile is updated with the RAM mirror only when the module is switched off using the +CPWROFF AT command (more details on the command in the chapter 5.2).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&W[<value>]	OK	

14.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): selects profile 0 1: selects profile 1

14.8 Display current configuration &V

14.8.1 Description

Reports a summary of the current configuration and of the stored user profiles.



Since not all configuration items are listed with this command, see the example below for the list of the displayed configuration items. The complete list of the configuration items stored in the profiles is in Appendix B.1.



AT&V command does not display audio parameters. Audio parameters can be displayed by the corresponding read command (i.e. AT+UMGC?).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&V	ACTIVE PROFILE: List of commands stored in the active profile with the related values STORED PROFILE 0: List of commands stored in the profile 0 with the related values STORED PROFILE 1: List of commands stored in the profile 1 with the related values OK	ACTIVE PROFILE: &C1, &D1, &S1, &K3, E1, Q0, V1, X4, S00:000, S02:043, S03:013, S04:010, S05:008, S07:060, +CBST:007, 000, 001, +CRLP:061, 061, 048, 006, +CR:000, +CRC:000, +IPR:0, +COPS:0,0,FFFFFF, +ICF:3,1, +UPSV: 0, +CMGF:0, +CNMI:1,0,0,0,0, +USTS: 0 STORED PROFILE 0: &C1, &D1, &S1, &K3, E1, Q0, V1, X4, S00:000, S02:043, S03:013, S04:010, S05:008, S07:060, +CBST:007, 000, 001, +CRLP:061, 061, 048, 006, +CR:000, +CRC:000, +IPR:0, +COPS:0,0,FFFFFF, +ICF:3,1, +UPSV: 0, +CMGF:0, +CNMI:1,0,0,0,0, +USTS: 0 STORED PROFILE 1: &C1, &D1, &S1, &K3, E1, Q0, V1, X4, S00:000, S02:043, S03:013, S04:010, S05:008, S07:060, +CBST:007, 000, 001, +CRLP:061, 061, 048, 006, +CR:000, +CRC:000, +IPR:0, +COPS:0,0,FFFFFF, +ICF:3,1, +UPSV: 0, +CMGF:0, +CNMI:1,0,0,0,0, +USTS: 0 OK

14.9 Designate a default reset profile &Y

14.9.1 Description

Selects which NVRAM-profile will be loaded at the next power on. The AT commands configuration from the loaded profile will be separately applied to each attached interface. At run time each interface will own the configuration as described in chapter B.1. An error is returned if <value> is greater then 2, or NVRAM is not installed or is not operational.

For more details on the commands stored in the profiles, refer to chapter B.1.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&Y[<value>]	OK	

14.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): selects profile 0 1: selects profile 1 2: selects the factory-programmed settings

14.10 Request identification information I

14.10.1 Description

Causes the DCE to transmit one or more lines of information text followed by a final result code.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATI[<value>]	<string> OK	LISA-U120-00S-00 OK

14.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0-9; for each value a text will be displayed <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): provide the product type number of the module 1-9: reserved

14.11 Request manufacturer Identification +GMI

14.11.1 Description

Text string identifying the manufacturer.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+GMI	<manufacturer> OK	u-blox OK

14.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<manufacturer>	String	Manufacturer name

14.12 Request model identification +GMM

14.12.1 Description

Text string identifying the model identification.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+GMM	<model> OK	LISA-U120 OK

14.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<model>	String	Name of model

14.13 Request revision identification +GMR

14.13.1 Description

Returns the firmware version of the module.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+GMR	<version> OK	11.40 OK

14.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<version>	String	Firmware version

14.14 Request product serial number identification +GSN

14.14.1 Description

Returns the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) of the MT.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+GSN	<IMEI> OK	355306040004097 OK
Test	AT+GSN=?	OK	

14.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<IMEI>	String	IMEI

14.15 DTE-DCE character framing +ICF

14.15.1 Description

Sets the local serial port start-stop (asynchronous) character framing which is used in information interchange between DCE and DTE. Value 0 corresponds to the auto-detect case (if autobauding is supported).



The following restrictions must be reminded as follows:

- If a data frame format refers to a frame without parity (ex. Format 3), the command is accepted, but the parity value is ignored; it is returned by the AT+ICF? command (and displayed by AT&V) but it has no meaning
- The settings of the command are ignored when the AT command interface runs on the USB port or on the SPI interface

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+ICF=[<format>[,<parity>]]	OK	AT+ICF=3,1 OK
Read	AT+ICF?	+ICF: <format>,<parity> OK	+ICF: 3,1 OK
Test	AT+ICF=?	+ICF: (list of supported <format>s),(list of supported <parity>s) OK	+ICF: (0-3,5),(0-1) OK

14.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<format>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: auto detect 1: 8 data 2 stop 2: 8 data 1 parity 1 stop 3: 8 data 1 stop 5: 7 bit, 1 parity, 1 stop
<parity>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: odd 1: even

LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series automatic frame recognition



Automatic frame recognition is not supported by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version (<format> cannot be set to 0).



If the parameters are omitted they are set to <format> = 3 and <parity> = 1.

If automatic baud rate detection (+IPR is set to 0) is enabled in the NVRAM profile, the +ICF setting is not applied at start-up, and the read command returns the current detected frame format only after detection.

- Automatic frame recognition is present together with automatic baud rate recognition
- Since automatic frame recognition is implemented as "one shot", the AT+ICF=0 answers OK but does not switch the system to the automatic frame recognition and it does not take any actions. The read command always returns the current value of the frame format and the value of +ICF in the active profile is not changed
- If automatic frame recognition is enabled, the read command returns the current (detected) frame setting even if the current active profile provides +ICF=0. To change the frame format at the next module power on issue the set command with the new setting and save it in the profile
- The detectable frame configurations are: 7E1, 7O1, 8N1, 8E1, 8O1
- The stop bit number cannot be automatically recognized i.e. if the system is switched from the 8N2 to the autodetect feature and a 1 stop bit frame is provided at the serial port, the system can behave unpredictably

LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series automatic frame recognition



If the parameters are omitted they are set to <format> = 0 and <parity> = 0.

Frame recognition can only be present in conjunction with autobauding recognition, i.e. the AT+ICF=0 command is effective only if AT+IPR is set to 0. In this case the AT+ICF? returns a 0 value.

- Outside the autobauding conditions the AT+ICF=0 answers OK but does not switch the system to automatic frame recognition and it does not take any actions. In this scenario the AT+ICF? command returns the current value of the frame format. The AT+IPR=0 command instead forces the AT+ICF to 0
- Under autobauding conditions, the AT+ICF command provided with a value different than 0 answers ERROR since it is not possible to specify a frame type in these autodetect conditions
- The stop bit number cannot be automatically recognized i.e. if the system is switched from the 8N2 to the autodetect feature and an 1 stop bit frame is provided at the serial port, the system can behave unpredictably

14.16 DTE-DCE local flow control +IFC

14.16.1 Description

Controls the operation of local flow control between DTE and DCE used when data are sent or received.



The command setting provides the error message “+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” when the AT command interface runs on the USB port or on the SPI interface.



The software flow control (Xon/Xoff) setting is not allowed on the USB port, on the SPI interface and on a multiplexer channel.



SW flow control (Xon/Xoff) activation is only allowed in case of text transmission: binary data cannot be transmitted because it may contain the special flow control characters (Xon/Xoff).



When Software flow control (Xon/Xoff) is used, the DC1 (XON, 0x11) and DC3 (XOFF, 0x13) characters are reserved and therefore filtered (e.g. in SMS text mode these two characters cannot be inputted).



On UART interface, if +UPSV is set to 2, only +IFC=0,0 (no flow control) is allowed.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+IFC=[<DCE_by_DTE> [,<DTE_by_DCE>]]	OK	AT+IFC=2,2 OK
Read	AT+IFC?	+IFC: <DCE_by_DTE>, <DTE_by_DCE> OK	+IFC: 2,2 OK
Test	AT+IFC=?	+IFC: (list of supported <DCE_by_DTE>),(list of supported <DTE_by_DCE>s) OK	+IFC: (0-2),(0-2) OK

14.16.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<DCE_by_DTE>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: none 1: DC1/DC3 on circuit 103 (XON/XOFF) 2 (default value): circuit 105 (RTS)
<DTE_by_DCE>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: none 1: DC1/DC3 on circuit 104 (XON/XOFF) 2 (default value): circuit 106 (CTS)



<DCE_by_DTE> and <DTE_by_DCE> must be provided with same value in pairs (only (0,0), (1,1) and (2,2) are allowed. The other combinations are not allowed and the error message “+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” is returned).

14.17 Set flow control \Q

14.17.1 Description

Controls the operation of local flow control between DTE and DCE. Used when data are sent or received.



The command setting provides the error message “+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” when the AT command interface runs on the USB port or on the SPI interface.



The software flow control (Xon/Xoff) setting is not allowed on the USB port, on the SPI interface and on a MUX channel.



SW flow control (Xon/Xoff) activation is only allowed in case of text transmission: binary data cannot be transmitted because it may contain the special flow control characters (Xon/Xoff).



When Software flow control (Xon/Xoff) is used, the DC1 (XON, 0x11) and DC3 (XOFF, 0x13) characters are reserved and therefore filtered (e.g. in SMS text mode these two characters cannot be inputted).



On UART interface, if +UPSV is set to 2, only \Q0 (no flow control) is allowed.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATQ[<value>]	OK	ATQ3 OK

14.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no flow control 1: DC1/DC3 on circuit 103 and 104 (XON/XOFF) 3 (default value): DCE_by_DTE on circuit 105 (RTS) and DTE_by_DCE on circuit 106 (CTS)

14.18 Fixed DTE rate +IPR

14.18.1 Description

Specifies the data rate at which the DCE accepts commands on UART interface. The full range of data rates depends on HW or other criteria.

When supported, the autobauding feature allows baud rate recognition by the DCE in the Offline Command State.



The settings of the command are ignored when the AT command interface runs on the USB port or on the SPI interface. The DCE sends the string "OK" but the command will have no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+IPR=[<rate>]	OK	AT+IPR=9600 OK
Read	AT+IPR?	+IPR: <rate> OK	+IPR: 9600 OK
Test	AT+IPR=?	+IPR: (list of supported autodetectable <rate> values)[,(list of fixed only <rate> values)] OK	+IPR: (0,2400,4800,9600,19200,38400,57600,115200),() OK

14.18.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<rate>	Number	Baud rate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: autobauding 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, 921600



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series <rate>= 1200, <rate>= 230400, <rate>=460800 and <rate>= 921600 cannot be set as fixed rate.



On LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version <rate>= 921600 cannot be set as fixed rate.

LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series autobauding description



On LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version:

- Automatic baud rate detection is not implemented (<rate>=0 is not supported)
- The default value for <rate> is 115200

Only one shot automatic baud rate detection is implemented. If enabled, the module provides autobauding capability only at module start-up, and keeps it active until a first recognition is completed. Later on, it works at the fixed baudrate (the detected one).

- If automatic baud rate detection is set in the active memory profile, the baud rate is detected once at the module power on
- The factory-programmed setting has automatic baud rate detection enabled (<rate> value is 0)
- Since autobauding is implemented as "one shot" autobauding, any setting of +IPR=0 should be avoided; the only exception is in case the autobauding setting has been replaced by a fixed rate setting in the stored NVRAM profile. In this case the module has started without autobauding and the host needs to reactivate it
- If the module starts with the autobauding active, after the detection, the +IPR read command returns the detected baudrate, while the +IPR value in the active profile (displayed as result of AT&V) does not change (it continues to be 0, otherwise the +IPR setting should be changed every time an AT parameter is changed and the profile saved in the NVRAM via the AT&W command). As a result, the only way to change the +IPR value in the profile is by issuing an +IPR set command (e.g. AT+IPR=115200 sets a fixed rate on the UART and determines a start-up at a fixed rate of 115200 b/s in case the active profile is saved via AT&W)
- After AT+IPR=0, the run-time configuration of the AT interface is updated (AT&V shows the new setting in the active profile), but the setting is effective only at the next start-up (if and only if the active configuration is saved in the NVRAM)
- As a consequence of the previous point, if AT+IPR=0 the +IPR read command continues to return the current set baudrate (and not the 0 value). This is an exception and it creates a discrepancy between the value in the profile and the value returned by the +IPR read command, but it allows autobauding re-activation and a coherent result of the +IPR read command
- Autobauding values which can be detected are 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400 b/s. This means that baudrate 460800 and 921600 b/s cannot be automatically detected by DCE and must only be set as a fixed rate (via +IPR AT command). AT commands provided with a baudrate other than the stated values lead to unpredictable results
- If the system starts in autobauding (i.e. the +IPR is 0) the first "at" sequence provided to the module detects the baudrate. For example the first command sent from the DTE at any rate can be: AT+CPIN="1234"

Characters different than "AT" are ignored during the baud rate detection since the hardware detection sequence is triggered on the "at" or "AT" sequence. "At" or "aT" sequences are invalid: both detection characters must be small or capital:

- The echo is produced or not according to ATE configuration. The echo is only produced for a valid detection string and only after the detection completion, that is there will be a one character delay between the received characters and the echo generation (the echo will start only after "at" or "AT" reception)
- The echo is always "AT" regardless of the detection string sent by DTE
- The module generates a response for the DTE once autobauding detection is successful, the command has been accepted and the command response is available. Therefore, even if the detection was actually successful a certain amount of time before, it is only possible to assume that the detection phase was successful after a response
- If no response is received by the DTE after some time, it must retry (the timeout value should be adjustable inside the DTE application). In any case it is suggested to use a very simple command as the first command, for which the execution time is short and almost constant (e.g. ATE)
- If UART power saving is enabled, the command for the baud rate detection should be sent to the DTE before the module enters idle mode for the first time

- Autobaoding result can be unpredictable with spurious characters if power saving is entered and the flow control is disabled. If the hardware flow control is present, the DTE can be synchronized with the power saving cycle through the module CTS line i.e. the delivery of the "AT" sequence during the module wake up can be granted by the DTE and power saving can be exited correctly. Disable the power saving if no hardware flow control is set at start up
- If automatic baud rate detection is active, greeting messages or URCs before baud rate detection are not sent but buffered. They are sent as first data at the detected baud rate as soon as detection is completed (before any echo of the command or response). The greeting message is sent at the specified baud rate only when the baudrate setting in the NVRAM is other than autobaoding
- Data rate 0 also affects the AT+ICF command. Carefully read the description of the AT+ICF command (chapter 14.15) for further limitations
- If the parameter is omitted <rate> value is set to 115200

LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series autobaoding description

On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the following notes related to autobaoding must be reminded:

- The DCE can start in autobaoding (necessary to program the NVM with the baudrate parameter set to 0) or the autobaoding can be enabled with the AT+IPR=0 command if the DCE started with a fixed rate
- Autobaoding values which can be discovered are the same of the fixing case i.e. 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 b/s. Although values outside this set will be detected (for ex. 1200 b/s or 230400 b/s), AT commands provided with a baudrate other than values declared, leads to unpredictable results
- If the system starts in autobaoding (i.e. the +IPR is 0) the first "at" sequence provided to the module detects the baudrate. For example the first command sent from the DTE at any rate can be: AT+CPIN="1234"
- Characters different than AT are ignored during the baud rate detection since the hardware detection sequence is triggered on the "at" or "AT" sequence. "At" or "aT" sequences are invalid too, both of the detection characters must be small or capital
- Power saving is exited at the 'A' (or 'a') character of the autobaoding sequence; power save state is re-entered again when the power saving timeout is elapsed, regardless if the baud detection is complete or not. The 'T' (or 't') character does not reset the power saving timer; as a result if the detection completion character is sent outside power save condition, it does not force to stay out of power saving state for the number of frames of power saving timer
- Autobaoding result can be unpredictable with spurious characters if the power saving is entered and the flow control is disabled. If the hardware flow control is present, the DTE can be synchronized with the power saving cycle through the module CTS line i.e. the delivery of the "AT" sequence during the module awake can be granted by the DTE and the power saving can be exited in the proper way. It is recommended to disable the power saving if no hardware flow control is used
- Data rate 0 affects the AT+ICF command too which value is automatically switched to the 0 value. Read carefully the description of the AT+ICF command for further limitations
- The default value for <rate> is 0

14.19 System can Return to on-line data state O

14.19.1 Description

Causes the DCE to return to online data state and issue a CONNECT or CONNECT <text> (based on ATX command) result code on DTE. It is the complementary command to the escape sequence, or to the other actions (DTR ON to OFF transition, see table in 14.4.4) that cause the DCE to switch from online data state to online command state.

ATO command is used to resume both circuit-switched and packet-switched data call. The resume is only possible if the PPP L2 protocol is used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATO	<response>	ATO CONNECT

14.19.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<response>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CONNECT NO CARRIER: the online data state cannot be resumed



The command provides an error message (“+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if +CMEE is set to 2) in the following cases:

- The DCE is not in online command state
- It is issued on a DCE different from the one in online command state

14.20 Escape character S2

14.20.1 Description

Controls the decimal value of the ASCII character used as the escape character. A value over 127 disables the escape process, i.e. no escape character will be recognized. The escape sequence contains three escape characters e.g. “+++”.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS2=<value>	OK	ATS2=43 OK
Read	ATS2?	<value> OK	043 OK

14.20.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 1 to 255. Answer to Read command is in “xxx” format. Default value: 043 (ASCII '+’).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

The following table shows how ATS2 command works for different data call scenarios.

Data call command	L2 protocol	Description	ATS2 behavior
AT+CGDATA="M-HEX",1	HEX	u-blox specific	Escape sequence detection is only done for +++ (plus carriage return). ATS2 is not effective. No timing constraints.
AT+CGDATA="M-RAW_IP",1	RAW-IP	PSD call: Transfer IP packet directly	Break detection is not supported

Data call command	L2 protocol	Description	ATS2 behavior
AT+CGDATA="PPP",1	PPP	PSD call: Same of ATD*99***1# (e.g. dial up)	Escape sequence detection is only done for ~+++ . ATS2 is not effective. There is not a timing constrain (see S12 command) for ~+++ (+++ is encapsulated in a PPP frame)
ATD1234		CSD call	The command is effective if issued in both command and online command mode
AT+USODL=0		PSD call: Direct Link mode	The command is effective
AT+USOWR=0,32		PSD call:AT socket (not transparent)	Break detection is not supported

Table 3: ATS2 handling for different data call scenarios

14.21 Command line termination character S3

14.21.1 Description

Sets a value representing the decimal IRA5 value of the character recognized by the DCE from the DTE, to terminate the incoming command line. It is also generated by the DCE as part of the header, trailer and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S4 setting.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS3=<value>	OK	ATS3=13 OK
Read	ATS3?	<value> OK	013 OK

14.21.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0 to 127. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default value: 013 (ASCII carriage return (CR, IRA5 0/13)).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.22 Response formatting character S4

14.22.1 Description

Sets a value representing the decimal IRA5 value of the character generated by the DCE as part of the header, trailer and terminator for result codes and information text, along with the S3 setting.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS4=<value>	OK	ATS4=10 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	ATS4?	<value> OK	010 OK

14.22.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0 to 127. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default is 10 (line feed (LF, IRA5 0/10))



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.23 Command line editing character S5

14.23.1 Description

Sets a value representing the decimal IRA5 character recognized by the DCE as a request to delete from the command line the immediately preceding character.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS5=<value>	OK	ATS5=8 OK
Read	ATS5?	<value> OK	008 OK

14.23.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0 to 127. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default value: 8 (ASCII backspace (BS, IRA5 0/8))



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.24 Pause before blind dialling S6

14.24.1 Description

Specifies the time in seconds that the DCE waits between connecting to the line and dialling, when dial tone is not implemented or enabled. The command is not applicable for signal based mobile phone software.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS6=<value>	OK	ATS6=2 OK
Read	ATS6?	<value> OK	002 OK

14.24.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 2 - 10. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default 2 s



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.25 Connection completion timeout S7

14.25.1 Description

Specifies time in seconds, that the DCE shall allow between either answering a call or completion of dialling and establishment of a connection with a remote site.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS7=<value>	OK	ATS7=30 OK
Read	ATS7?	<value> OK	060 OK

14.25.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 1 - 255. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default 60 s



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.26 Command dial modifier time S8

14.26.1 Description

Specifies time in seconds, that the DCE shall pause, during dialling, when a ',' dial modifier is encountered in a dial string, the command has no effect.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS8=<value>	OK	ATS8=4 OK
Read	ATS8?	<value> OK	002 OK

14.26.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0 - 255. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default: 2



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.27 Automatic disconnect delay S10

14.27.1 Description

Specifies time in tenth of a second, that the DCE will remain connected to the line after the DCE has indicated the absence of received line signal. Not supported for GSM but OK returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS10=<value>	OK	ATS10=30 OK
Read	ATS10?	<value> OK	030 OK

14.27.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 1 – 254. Default: 1



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.28 Escape prompt delay (EPD) S12

14.28.1 Description

Defines the maximum period, in fiftieths of a second, allowed between the reception of the last character of the sequence of three escape characters from the DTE and the sending of the OK result code to the DTE. If any characters are detected during this time, the OK will not be sent.

Furthermore, the timeout is:

- The minimum period, before the first character reception of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character must be detected to accept it as valid first character
- The maximum period allowed between receipt of first, or second, character of the three escape character sequence and receipt of the next
- The minimum period, after the last character reception of the three escape character sequence, during which no other character must be detected to accept the escape sequence as a valid one

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATS12=<value>	OK	ATS12=80 OK
Read	ATS12?	<value> OK	050 OK

14.28.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	Range 0 - 255. Answer to Read command is in "xxx" format. Default: 50 (1 s)



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series <value> value is not mandatory.

14.29 Command echo E

14.29.1 Description

Controls whether or not the MT echoes characters received from the DTE during command state.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATE[<value>]	OK	ATE1 OK

14.29.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: echo off 1 (default value): echo on

14.30 Result code suppression Q

14.30.1 Description

Determines if DCE transmits result codes to the DTE or not. When result codes are being suppressed, no portion of any intermediate, final or URC is transmitted. Information text transmitted in response to commands is not affected by this setting.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATQ[<value>]	OK	ATQ1 OK

14.30.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): DCE transmits result codes 1: Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted

14.31 DCE response format V

14.31.1 Description

Control the contents of the header and trailer transmitted with result codes and information responses. It also determines whether result codes are transmitted in a numeric form or an alphabetic (or verbose) form. The text portion of information responses is not affected by this setting. The effect of V setting on response formats is described below:



Format for information response:

- for V0: <text><CR><LF>
- for V1: <CR><LF><text><CR><LF>



Format for result codes:

- for V0: <numeric code><CR>
- for V1: <CR><LF><verbose code><CR><LF>

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATV[<value>]	OK	ATV1 OK

14.31.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: DCE transmits limited headers, trailers and numeric text • 1 (default value): DCE transmits full headers, trailers and verbose response text

14.32 Result code selection and call progress monitoring control X

14.32.1 Description

In a CS data call, determines how the DCE transmits to the DTE the CONNECT result code.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATX[<value>]	OK	ATX1 OK

14.32.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<value>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: CONNECT result code is given upon entering online data state; • 1-4: CONNECT <speed> result code is given upon entering online data state; (4 is the default value)
<speed>	Number	Transfer speed for CSD calls configured via the CBST command

15 SIM toolkit

15.1 Introduction

SIM toolkit processing supports two modes: dedicated and raw. Only one mode can be enabled and function at a time.

In dedicated mode, these commands return the output after decoding; in raw mode they deliver the raw output. The commands in this section only properly work if the SIM toolkit interface has been activated by the DTE. Otherwise the SIM-toolkit processing will be blocked.

The activation of the SIM toolkit interface can be done by:

- AT+CFUN=6 for enabling dedicated mode
- AT+CFUN=9 for enabling raw mode

After the activation of the SIM toolkit interface, the setup menu may be displayed via URC +STKPRO when available from the SIM (immediately or after PIN insertion).



For more details on the command description and parameters, refer to 3GPP TS 51.014 [44].

If an AT command related to dedicated mode is used when raw mode is enabled, an error message (“+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if +CMEE is set to 2) is returned and vice versa.

15.2 Proactive command +STKPRO

15.2.1 Description

The test command displays the list of the proactive commands that need a response from the user/application via +STKTR command. Only the test command syntax is allowed.

During STK transactions, every proactive command is displayed using the URC +STKPRO.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+STKPRO=?	+STKPRO: (list of supported <proactive_cmd>s) OK	+STKPRO: (01,05,16,17,18,19,20,21,32,33,34,35, 36,37,38,40,53) OK
URC		Generic syntax: +STKPRO: <proactive_cmd>,...	
		Refresh: +STKPRO: 01,<type>,<number of files>,<files>	
		Set up event list: +STKPRO: 05,<event_list>	
		Set up call: +STKPRO: 16,<number>,<subaddr>,<type>,<alpha_1>,<icon_id1>,<alpha_2>,<icon_id2>	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		Send SS: +STKPRO: 17,<ss_data>,<alpha>,<icon_id>,<ref_number>	
		Send USSD: +STKPRO: 18,<dcs>,<hex_string>,<alpha>,<icon_id>,<ref_number>	
		Send SMS: +STKPRO: 19,<alpha>,<icon_id>,<ref_number>	
		Send DTMF: +STKPRO: 20,<alpha>,<icon_id>,<dtmf_string>	
		Launch browser: +STKPRO: 21,<URL>,<alpha>,<icon_id>	
		Play tone: +STKPRO: 32,<tone>,<unit>,<interval>,<alpha>,<icon_id>	
		Display text: +STKPRO: 33,<type>,<dcs>,<hex_string>,<icon_id>,<imm_resp>	
		Get inkey: +STKPRO: 34,<type>,<dcs>,<hex_string>,<icon_id>	
		Get input: +STKPRO: 35,<type>,<dcs>,<hex_string>,<max_rsp_len>,<min_rsp_len>,<default_text>,<icon_id>	
		Select item: +STKPRO: 36,<type>,<alpha>,<item_id>,<total_items>,<item_text>,<next_action>,<default_item>	
		Set up menu +STKPRO: 37,<type>,<alpha>,<item_id>,<total_items>,<item_text>,<next_action>	
		Provide local info: +STKPRO: 38,<type>	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		Set up idle mode text: +STKPRO: 40,<dc>,<hex_string>,<icon_id>	
		Language notification: +STKPRO: 53,<language>	

15.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<alpha>, <alpha_1>, <alpha_2>	String	Alpha identifier (used in several proactive commands, see ETSI TS 102 223 [51])
<default_text>	String	Default text for the GET INPUT command (see ETSI TS 102 223 [51])
<dc>	Number	Data coding scheme
<default_item>	Number	Indication of the default item (see ETSI TS 102 223 [51])
<dtmf_string>	String	DTMF tones coded in BCD (same format as the Dialling number string defined for EFADN in GSM TS 11.11 [18])
<event list>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 00: MT call • 01: Call connected • 02: Call disconnected • 03: Location status • 04: User activity • 05: Idle screen available • 06: Card reader status • 07: Language selection • 08: Browser termination • 09: Data available • 0A: Channel status • 0B: Access Technology Change • 0C: Display parameters changed • 0D: Local connection • 0E: Network Search Mode Change • 0F: Browsing status
<hex_string>	String	Hexadecimal string (the coding is specified in the <dc> parameter)
<icon_id>, <icon_id1>, <icon_id2>	String	Icon identifier, set to 0 since no graphical interface is provided
<interval>	Number	Time duration in number of units
<imm_resp>	Number	Immediate response
<item_id>	Number	identifier of an item within a list
<item_text>	String	text string of item
<language>	String	2 bytes string indicating the language
<max rsp len>	Number	Maximum response length
<min rsp len>	Number	Minimum response length
<next_action>	Number	Used only in menu related proactive commands ("set up menu" and "select item")

Parameter	Type	Description
		for each item. It gives the possible actions that will be initiated by the SIM Card in case of selection by the user (see ETSI TS 102 223 [51])
<number>	String	Called party number
<proactive_cmd>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 01: refresh • 05: set up event list • 16: set up call • 17: send SS • 18: send USSD • 19: send SMS • 20: send DTMF • 21: launch browser • 32: play tone • 33: display text • 34: get inkey • 35: get input • 36: select item • 37: set up menu • 38: provide local info • 40: set up idle mode text • 52: run AT command • 53: language notification
<ref_number>	Number	Reference number
<subaddr>	String	Called party subaddr
<ss_data>	String	Supplementary services string
<type>	Number	Command qualifier
<tone>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 01: dial tone • 02: call subscriber busy • 03: congestion • 04: radio path acknowledge • 05: radio path not available • 06: error / special information • 07: call waiting tone • 08: ringing tone • 10: general beep • 11: positive acknowledgement tone • 12: negative acknowledgement or error tone
<total_items>	Number	Total number of the menu items
<unit>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: minutes • 1: seconds • 2: tenth of seconds
<URL>	String	URL to be loaded



<proactive_cmd>=52 is not supported on LEON-G100/G200 wireless module.

15.3 Terminal response +STKTR

15.3.1 Description

Allows entering response to an SIM Toolkit proactive command which has been displayed by the URC +STKPRO. If no response is entered, after a timeout of duration may range from 180 to 300 s, the modem sends an autonomous terminal response to the SIM in order to complete the STK transaction; the result depends on the pending proactive command and can be "Command performed successfully", "No response from user", "Command type not understood by ME" or "Command data not understood by ME" (see 3GPP TS 51.014 [44]).

AT+STKTR command must be entered always, in order to terminate the pending STK session at the MT-DTE interface, and to be able to enter additional STK commands.

The parameters to be entered depend on the proactive command:

+STKTR:01,<result>,[<add_result>]	refresh
+STKTR:05,<result>	set up event list
+STKTR:16,<result>,[<add_result>]	set up call
+STKTR:17,<result>,<add_result>,[<reference_number>]	send SS
+STKTR:18,<result>,<add_result>,[<reference_number>]	send USSD
+STKTR:19,<result>,<add_result>,[<reference_number>]	send SMS
+STKTR:20,<result>,[<add_result>]	send DTMF
+STKTR:21:<result>	launch browser
+STKTR:32,<result>,<add_result>	play tone
+STKTR:33,<result>,<add_result>	display text
+STKTR:34,<result>,<add_result>,0,<dcs>,<hex_string>	get inkey
+STKTR:35,<result>,<add_result>,0,<dcs>,<hex_string>	get input
+STKTR:36,<result>,<add_result>,0,<dcs>,<hex_string>	select item
+STKTR:37,<result>,<add_result>	set up menu
+STKTR:38,<type>,<language>	provide local info (language setting)
+STKTR:40,<result>,<add_result>	set up idle mode text



*0 stands for the obsolete parameter <last_cmd>.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in dedicated mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+STKTR=<proactive_cmd>[,<type>],[<result>,<add_result>,[<reference_number>],[<last_cmd>],[<dcs>],[<hex_string>]]	OK	AT+STKTR=1,0 OK
Test	AT+STKTR=?	+STKTR: (list of supported <result> values) OK	+STKTR: (01,05,16,17,18,19,20,21,32,33,34,35,36,37,38,40,53) OK

15.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<proactive_cmd>	Number	Decimal code indicates the command (refer +STKPRO command description -

Parameter	Type	Description
		paragraph 15.2)
<result>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: command performed successfully • 1: command performed with partial comprehension • 2: command performed with missing information • 3: REFRESH performed with additional EFs read • 4: command performed successfully, but requested icon could not be displayed • 5: command performed but modified by call control by SIM • 6: command performed successfully, limited service • 7: command performed with modification • 16: proactive SIM session terminated by the user • 17: backward move in the proactive SIM session requested by the user • 18: no response from user • 19: help information required by the user • 20: USSD or SS transaction terminated by the user • 32: MT currently unable to process command • 33: network currently unable to process command • 34: user did not accept call set-up request • 35: user cleared down call before connection or network release • 36: action in contradiction to the current timer state • 37: interaction with call control by SIM, temporary problem • 38: launch browser generic error code • 48: command beyond MT's capabilities • 49: command type not understood by MT • 50: command data not understood by MT • 51: command number not known by MT • 52: run AT command • 53: SMS RP-ERROR • 54: error, required values are missing • 55: USSD return error • 56: MultipleCard commands error, if class 'a' is supported • 57: interaction with call control by SIM or MO short message control by SIM, permanent problem • 58: bearer independent protocol error (if class 'e' is supported)
<add_result>	Number	Additional information, required with specific result codes and/or proactive commands
<reference_number>	Number	Number containing the indicated reference number; this parameter can be used only in case of <proactive_cmd> related to SMS, SS, USSD
<dc>	Number	Data coding scheme
<hex_string>	String	Default item (see item_id)
<language>	String	Pair of alpha-numeric characters, defined in ISO 639, here encoded as a Number, e.g. 25701 = 0x6465 = "de"
<last_cmd>	Number	Obsolete parameter, to be set to 0
<type>	Number	Command qualifier (used in case of <proactive_cmd>=38)

15.4 Envelope +STKENV

15.4.1 Description

Allows encoding and sending an STK envelope command to the SIM.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in dedicated mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+STKENV=<envelope_cmd>,<opt_EN V_data1>,<opt_ENV_data2>	OK	AT+STKENV=211,01 OK
Test	AT+STKENV=?	+STKENV: (list of supported <envelope_cmd> OK	+STKENV: 211,214 OK

15.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<envelope_cmd>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> code 211 (0xD3): Menu selection (<opt_ENV_data1> shall specify the item identifier of startup menu list) code 214 (0xD6): Event download (<opt_ENV_data1> shall specify the <event_list>, in which only one event can be included)
<opt_ENV_data1>	Number	Command code related parameters and can have the following values, depending on the chosen envelope command: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If <envelope_cmd>=211, "item identifier" If <envelope_cmd>=214 (event list), <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4: user activity 5: idle screen available 7: language selection 8: browser termination
<opt_ENV_data2>	Number	Meaning depends on the chosen envelope command: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> If <envelope_cmd>=211, "help requested" with the following encoding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: help is not requested 1: help is requested If <envelope_cmd>=214 and <opt_ENV_data1>=7, "currently used language in the DTE" (see AT+STKTR=38) If <envelope_cmd>=214 and <opt_ENV_data1>=8, "provide the cause" with the following allowed values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00: User Termination 01: Error Termination

15.5 Terminal profile +STKPROF

15.5.1 Description

Allows reading and changing the terminal profile (list of SIM Application Toolkit facilities supported by the terminal, see ETSI TS 102 223 [51]) data stored in NVM and used only at SIM initialization. The SIM card may use this information to filter the proactive commands sent to the module. This command does not actually remove/add any functionality from/to the module.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in dedicated mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+STKPROF=<length>,<data>	OK	AT+STKPROF=2,"1F7F" OK
Read	AT+STKPROF?	+STKPROF: <length>,<data> OK	+STKPROF:17,"FFFFFFFF7F0300DF7F00 00000010A0003" OK
Test	AT+STKPROF=?	OK	

15.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<length>	Number	Length in bytes of data sent to DTE in <data>
<data>	String	Terminal profile data coded in hex format



<length> set to 0 forces a reset to the default terminal profile stored in the MT.

15.6 Call and short message control URC +STKCC

15.6.1 Description

The indication of the call control and short message control by SIM (see 3GPP TS 51.014 [44]) is performed using the URC +STKCC.



Present only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in dedicated mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+STKCC: <cc_command>,<res_val>,<alpha>,<param1>[,<sc_addr>,<ton_npi>,<dest_addr>]	+STKCC: 1,0,"Calling", "+3913456890"

15.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<cc_command>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: set up call 2: send SS 3: send USSD 4: send SM
<res_val>	Number	Call control result value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 00: Allowed, no modification 01: Not allowed 02: Allowed with modification
<alpha>	String	
<param1>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> called party number if <cc_command>=1 supplementary service string if <cc_command>=2 USSD control string if <cc_command>=3 type of number and numbering plan if <cc_command>=4
<sc_addr>	String	Service centre address
<ton_npi>	Number	Type of number and numbering plan
<dest_addr>	String	Destination address

15.7 Proactive session status URC +STKCNF

15.7.1 Description

The STK proactive session status is displayed using this URC +STKCNF. The URC comes out after the AT+STKTR or the AT+STKENV command has been issued. Refer to chapter 15.3 and 15.4 for the related command descriptions.



Present only if the SIM-toolkit interface is enabled in dedicated mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+STKCNF: <proactive_cmd>,<result>,<add_result> ,<sw1>	+STKCNF: 37,0,255,144

15.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<proactive_cmd>	Number	Decimal code indicating the command that was finished (refer to +STKPRO command description 15.2); 129 (0x81) indicates the end of active session.
<result>	Number	Additional result code (refer to 3GPP 51.014 specification [44]); if no additional information is available 255 (0xFF) is returned
<add_result>	Number	Additional result code; 255 (0xFF) is returned if no additional information is available
<sw1>	Number	Status of the last response <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 144 (0x90): command executed successfully • 0: command to SIM was suppressed because of multiple terminal response or wrong client • For other responses see 3GPP TS 51.011 [18]

15.8 Raw Mode Envelope Download +SATE

15.8.1 Description

Sends the raw envelope data to the SIM.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+SATE=<text>	+SATE: <sw1>,<sw2>,<envelope_type>,<event_type> OK	AT+SATE="d30782020181900101" +SATE: 145,111,211,255 OK

15.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<text>	String	Raw envelope data in Hex value
<sw1>	Number	Status of the last response <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 144 (0x90): command executed successfully • 0: command to SIM was suppressed because of multiple terminal response or wrong client For other responses see 3GPP TS 51.011
<sw2>	Number	Specifies the additional information depending on <sw1>
<envelope_type>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 211 (0xD3): Menu selection • 214 (0xD6): Event download
<event_type>	Number	If <envelope_type>=214 (event list), <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4: user activity • 5: idle screen available • 7: language selection • 8: browser termination

15.9 Proactive Command Indication in RAW Mode +SATI

15.9.1 Description

Communicates to the user the proactive command, in raw mode, coming from SIM.

The module expects a terminal response to be sent; the user shall respond with AT+SATR for sending the terminal response.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+SATI: <text>	+SATI: "D020810301250082028182050C535 44B2D4A617661436172648F0301414 11E020001"

15.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<text>	String	Raw proactive command data in Hex value

15.10 Proactive Command Indication in RAW Mode +SATN

15.10.1 Description

Sends the proactive command in raw mode to the user in case the module handles the proactive command.

For this URC, the module does not expect any terminal response from the user, since the TERMINAL RESPONSE to SIM shall be sent internally.



Present only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
<i>URC</i>		+SATN: <text>	+SATN: "D01A810301100082028183050A636 16C6C696E672E2E2E86038121F3"

15.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<text>	String	Raw proactive command data in Hex value

15.11 Send Terminal Response in RAW Mode +SATR

15.11.1 Description

Used to send the terminal response when +SATI URC is received by the user. It sends the Terminal Response in raw mode to the SIM.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+SATR=<text>	OK	AT+SATR="810301240082028281830 100900101" OK

15.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<text>	String	Raw terminal response data in Hex value

15.12 Terminal Response Confirm +SATF

15.12.1 Description

Provides the response to a terminal response (sent by the user or automatically by the module) from the SIM.



Present only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
<i>URC</i>		+SATF: <sw1>,<sw2>	+SATF: 144,0

15.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<sw1>	Number	Status of the last response <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 144 (0x90): command successfully executed 0: command to SIM was suppressed because of multiple terminal response or wrong client For other responses see 3GPP TS 51.011
<sw2>	Number	The second status byte specifies additional information depending on <sw1>

15.13 User confirmation for SET UP Call in RAW mode +SATD

15.13.1 Description

SATD Set command is used for USER CONFIRMATION required for SET UP CALL proactive command. User can accept the call or reject the call.

SATD is used as response to +SATN URC sent to the user for SET UP CALL Proactive command.



Can be used only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+SATD=<user_confirmation>	OK	AT+SATD=1 OK
Test	AT+SATD=?	+SATD: (list of supported <user_confirmation>'s) OK	+SATD: (0,1) OK

15.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<user_confirmation>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: reject the call 1: accept the call

15.14 Indication for Mo Call Control / Mo SMS Control +STKCTRLIND

15.14.1 Description

Lists the supported call/SMS control type.

+STKCTRLIND is an unsolicited indication for MO Call Control and MO SMS Control.



Present only if the SIM toolkit interface is enabled in raw mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+STKCTRLIND=?	+STKCTRLIND: (range of supported <type>) OK	+STKCTRLIND: (0-3) OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		"set up call" type: +STKCTRLIND: 0, <result>, <alpha_id>, <destination_address>, <destination_address_type>	
		"send SS" type: +STKCTRLIND: 1, <result>, <alpha_id>, <destination_address>, <destination_address_type>	
		"send USSD" type: +STKCTRLIND: 2, <result>, <alpha_id>, <dcs>, <data>	
		"send SMS" type: +STKCTRLIND: 3,<result>,<alpha_id>,<destination_add ress>,<destination_address_type>, <service_center_address>,<service_cent er_address_type>	

15.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<type>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: setup call 1: send SS 2: send USSD 3: send SMS
<result>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: The request is allowed without modifications 1: The request is not allowed. No action shall be performed. 2: The request is modified, but allowed. The modified values shall be used. 254: The toolkit is busy. The request shall be repeated later without taking any action in between. 255: error happened
<alpha_id>	String	Alpha identifier
<destination_address>	String	Dialling Number
<destination_address_type>	Number	Type of number and numbering plan
<service_center_address>	String	Service centre address
<service_center_address_type>	Number	Type of number and numbering plan
<dcs>	Number	Data Coding Scheme
<data>	String	USSD String

16 GPRS/PSD

16.1 Parameters definition

16.1.1 <APN>

Access Point Name is a string parameter, which is a logical name, valid in the current PLMN's domain, used to select the GGSN (Gateway GPRS Support Node) or the external packet data network to be connected to. If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested. An optional special code placed at the beginning of <APN> indicates the kind of the authentication handling MT/network and may be:

- CHAP: challenge handshake authentication protocol
- PAP: personal authentication protocol
- NONE: authentication protocol not used
- code omitted: authentication protocol not used

An example for the usage of <APN> is:

```
+CGDCONT=1,"IP","CHAP:internet.t-d1.de",0,0
```

The maximum length of the parameter is 100.

16.1.2 <cid>

PDP context identifier. A numeric parameter specifying a particular PDP context definition. This parameter is valid only locally on the interface DTE-MT. The maximum number of definable PDP contexts is 3.

16.1.3 <d_comp>

Numeric parameter specifying the PDP data compression; it can have the values:

- 0 (default value): off
- 1: on (predefined compression type i.e. V.42bis data compression)
- 2 : V.42bis data compression



LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series do not support <d_comp>= 2. If <d_comp>=1 the command is accepted but no PDP data compression is performed.

16.1.4 <delay>

Numeric parameter which specifies the delay class according to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30] (QoS) (for the description refer to the command description of "Packet Switched Data" +UPSD, paragraph 21.1).

16.1.5 <h_comp>

Numeric parameter specifying the PDP header compression; it can have the values:

- 0 (default value): off
- 1: on (predefined compression type, i.e. RFC1144)
- 2: RFC1144
- 3: RFC2507
- 4: RFC3095



LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series do not support <h_comp>= 2, 3 and 4.

16.1.6 <L2P>

String parameter indicating the layer 2 protocol to be used between the DTE and MT; these values are supported:

- "PPP" (default value)
- "M-HEX"
- "M-RAW_IP"
- "M-OPT-PPP" (only on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series)

16.1.7 <mean>

Numeric parameter specifying the mean throughput class (for the description refer to the command description of "Packet Switched Data" +UPSD, paragraph 21.1)

16.1.8 <peak>

Numeric parameter specifying the peak throughput class (for the description refer to the command description of "Packet Switched Data" +UPSD, paragraph 21.1)

16.1.9 <PDP_addr>

String parameter identifying the MT in the IP-address space applicable to the PDP service. If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the DTE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested. It can be read with the command AT+CGPADDR.

Depending on the IP-version, the <PDP_addr> consists of 4 octets (IPv4) or 16 octets (IPv6 RFU):

- IPv4: "ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd"
- IPv6: "ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd.ddd"

16.1.10 <PDP_type>

The Packet Data Protocol type is a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol. Only one value is supported:

- "IP" Internet Protocol (IETF STD 5)

16.1.11 <precedence>

Numeric parameter specifying the precedence class (for the description refer to the command description of "Packet Switched Data" +UPSD, paragraph 21.1), can have the values:

- 0: network subscribed
- 1: high priority
- 2: normal priority
- 3: low priority

16.1.12 <reliability>

Numeric parameter specifying the reliability class (refer to the command description of "Packet Switched Data" +UPSD, paragraph 21.1)

16.1.13 <state>

Indicates the state of GPRS attachment

- 0: detached
- 1 (default value): attached

16.1.14 <status>

Indicates the state of PDP context activation

- 0: deactivated
- 1: activated



<h_comp>: the available head-compressions is depending on configuration of the stack (configured via features in the stack)



<L2P>: the application on the remote side must support the selected protocol as well.

16.1.15 <Traffic_class>

Indicates the application type for which the UMTS bearer service is optimized (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- 0: conversational
- 1: streaming
- 2: interactive
- 3: background
- 4: subscribed value



If the Traffic class is specified as conversational (<Traffic_class>=0) or streaming (<Traffic_class>=1), then the Guaranteed and Maximum bit rate parameters shall be also provided.

16.1.16 <Maximum_bitrate_UL>

Indicates the maximum number of kb/s delivered to UMTS (UL) at a SAP (SIM Application Processor) (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- Range 1-63 in steps of 1
- Range 64-568 in steps of 8
- Range 576-8640 in steps of 64

16.1.17 <Maximum_bitrate_DL>

Indicates the maximum number of kb/s delivered to UMTS (DL) at a SAP (SIM Application Processor) (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- Range 1-63 in steps of 1
- Range 64-568 in steps of 8
- Range 576-8640 in steps of 64
- Range 8700-16000 in steps of 100

16.1.18 <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>

Indicates the maximum number of kb/s delivered to UMTS (UL) at a SAP (SIM Application Processor) (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- Range 1-63 in steps of 1
- Range 64-568 in steps of 8
- Range 576-8640 in steps of 64

16.1.19 <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>

Parameter that indicates the maximum number of kb/s delivered to UMTS (DL) at a SAP (SIM Application Processor) (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- Range 1-63 in steps of 1
- Range 64-568 in steps of 8
- Range 576-8640 in steps of 64
- Range 8700-16000 in steps of 100

16.1.20 <Delivery_order>

Indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU (Service Data Unit) delivery or not (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- 0: no
- 1: yes
- 2: subscribed value

16.1.21 <Maximum_SDU_size>

Indicates the maximum allowed SDU (Service Data Unit) size in octets (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- 0: subscribed value
- Range 10-1500 in steps of 10 octets
- 1502
- 1510
- 1520

16.1.22 <SDU_error_ratio>

Indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs (Service Data Unit) lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5). The value is specified as 'mEe', e.g. a target SDU error ratio of $1 * 10^{-6}$ would be specified as '1E6'

- "1E6": $1 * 10^{-6}$
- "1E5": $1 * 10^{-5}$
- "1E4": $1 * 10^{-4}$
- "1E3": $1 * 10^{-3}$
- "7E3": $7 * 10^{-3}$
- "1E2": $1 * 10^{-2}$
- "1E1": $1 * 10^{-1}$
- "0E0": subscribed value

16.1.23 <Residual_bit_error_ratio>

Indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs (Service Data Unit). If no error detection is requested, the parameter indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5). The value is specified as 'mEe', e.g. a target SDU error ratio of $5 \cdot 10^{-2}$ would be specified as '5E2'

- "6E8": $6 \cdot 10^{-8}$
- "1E6": $1 \cdot 10^{-6}$
- "1E5": $1 \cdot 10^{-5}$
- "1E4": $1 \cdot 10^{-4}$
- "5E3": $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$
- "4E3": $4 \cdot 10^{-3}$
- "1E3": $1 \cdot 10^{-3}$
- "5E2": $5 \cdot 10^{-2}$
- "1E2": $1 \cdot 10^{-2}$
- "0E0": subscribed value

16.1.24 <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>

Indicates whether SDUs (Service Data Unit) detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- 0: no
- 1: yes
- 2: no detect
- 3 (default value): subscribed value

16.1.25 <Transfer_delay>

Indicates the target time, in milliseconds, between a request to transfer an SDU (Service Data Unit) at one SAP (SIM Application Processor) and its delivery at the other SAP (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- Range 10-150 in steps of 10
- Range 200-950 in steps of 50
- Range 1000-4000 in steps of 100

16.1.26 <Traffic_handling_priority>

Specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs (Service Data Unit) belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers (refer to 3GPP TS 24.008 [30], subclause 10.5.6.5):

- 0: subscribed
- 1: Priority level 1
- 2: Priority level 2
- 3: Priority level 3

16.1.27 <p_cid>

Identifies the particular PDP context definition, specified using +CGDCONT, to which a secondary PDP context definition will be associated using +CGDSCONT.

This parameter is only locally valid on the interface TE-MT.

16.1.28 <packet_filter_identifier>

Identifies a packet filter:

- Range: 1-8

16.1.29 <evaluation_precedence_index>

Identifies an evaluation precedence index that is unique within all TFTs associated with the PDP contexts that share the same PDP address

- Range: 0-255 (from highest evaluation precedence to lowest evaluation precedence)

16.1.30 <source_address_and_subnet_mask>

Specifies the source address and subnet mask attribute of a valid packet filter. Consists of dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form:

- "a1.a2.a3.a4.m1.m2.m3.m4" for IPv4
- "a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16.m1.m2.m3.m4.m5.m6.m7.m8.m9.m10.m11.m12.m13.m14.m15.m16" for IPv6 (RFU)

16.1.31 <protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>

Specifies the Protocol Number / Next Header attribute of a valid packet filter. It shall contain either an IPv4 Protocol Number or an IPv6 (RFU) Next Header value.

- Range: 0 -255

16.1.32 <destination_port_range>

Specifies the destination port range attribute of a valid packet filter:

- Range: 0 -65535

16.1.33 <source_port_range>

Specifies the source port range attribute of a valid packet filter:

- Range: 0 -65535

16.1.34 <ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>

Parameter that specifies the IPSec SPI attribute of a valid packet filter which is a 32-bit field.

- Range: 0x00000000 - 0x FFFFFFFF

16.1.35 <type_of_service_(tos)_ (ipv4) and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6) and_mask>

Specifies the Type of Service / Traffic Class and Mask attribute of a valid packet filter. It shall contain either an IPv4 TOS octet or an IPv6 (RFU) Traffic Class octet along with a mask defining which of the 8 bits should be used for matching.

It consists of dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form 't.m'

16.1.36 <flow_label (ipv6)>

Specifies the Flow Label attribute of a valid packet filter. It shall contain an IPv6 flow label, which is a 20-bit field. It is valid for IPv6 only (RFU)

- Range: 0x00000 - 0x FFFFF

16.1.37 <Source_Statistic_Descriptor>

Specifies the characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context.

- 0 (default value): characteristics of the SDUs unknown
- 1: characteristics of the SDUs correspond to a speech source

16.1.38 <Signaling_Indication>

Specifies signaling content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic Class is set to interactive (on LISA-U2 series only)

16.2 Define PDP context +CGDCONT

16.2.1 Description

Define the connection parameters for a PDP context, identified by the local context identification parameter <cid>. If the command is used only with parameter <cid>, the corresponding PDP context becomes undefined. The maximum number of definable PDP contexts is 3.



All parameters are described at the beginning of this chapter.



PAP and CHAP prefixes of the APN string are not displayed in the response of the read command.



The command is used to set up the PDP context parameters for an external context, i.e. a data connection using the external IP stack (e.g. Windows dial up) and PPP link over the UART.



If not specified the following values are assumed:

- <cid>: 1
- <PDP_type>: "IP"
- <APN>: "apn"
- <PDP_addr>: "0.0.0.0"
- <d_comp>: 0
- <h_comp>: 0



Except for LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, each context is permanently stored so that their definition is persistent over power cycles.



With LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series if only the parameter <cid> is set the corresponding PDP context is not undefined.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGDCONT=[<cid>[,<PDP_type>[,<APN>[,<PDP_addr>[,<d_comp>[,<h_comp>]]]]]]	OK	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","APN_name", "1.2.3.4",0,0 OK
Read	AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: <cid>,<PDP_type>,<APN>,<PDP_addr>,<d_comp>,<h_comp> OK	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel.it", "91.80.140.199",0,0 OK
Test	AT+CGDCONT=?	+CGDCONT: (range of <cid>s),<PDP_type>,,(list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series +CGDCONT: (1-3),"IP",,,(0),(0,1) OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CGDCONT: (1-3),"IP",,,(0-2),(0-4) OK

Additional examples:

Command sent by DTE	DCE Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Use verbose <err> values
AT+CGDCONT=?	+CGDCONT: (1-3),"IP",,(0),(0-1)	Test command
AT+CGDCONT=4,"IP","internet"	+CME ERROR: operation not allowed	Define out of range PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT=2,"IP","internet"	OK	Define allowed PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","STATREAL"	OK	Define allowed PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT=3,"IP","PAP: tim.ibox.it"	OK	Define allowed PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT=253,"IP","internet"	+CME ERROR: operation not allowed	Define out of range PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 2,"IP","internet","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 1,"IP","STATREAL","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","tim.ibox.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	Read command

16.3 Quality of service profile (requested) +CGQREQ

16.3.1 Description

Allows the DTE to specify the QoS (Quality of Service) profile requested from the Network during the PDP context activation procedure. The set command specifies the QoS profile for the context identified by the <cid> parameter. When set command is used with only <cid> parameter, it sets all requested QoS parameters for the given profile to their default value 0 (subscribed QoS).



The command defines a PDP context having <PDP_type> set to "IP", <apn> set to "" and with the specified <cid>, if a PDP context with the specified <cid> was not already defined by +CGDCONT AT command.



If not specified the following value are assumed:

- o <cid>: 1
- o <precedence>: 0
- o <delay>: 0
- o <reliability>: 0
- o <peak>: 0
- o <mean>: 0

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGQREQ=[<cid>[,<precedence>[,<delay>[,<reliability>[,<peak>[,<mean>]]]]]]	OK	AT+CGQREQ=1,1,1,1,1,1 OK
Read	AT+CGQREQ?	+CGQREQ: <cid>,<precedence>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,<mean> OK	+CGQREQ: 1,1,1,1,1,1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CGQREQ=?	+CGQREQ: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <precedence>s),(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <peak>s),(list of supported <mean>s) OK	+CGQREQ: "IP", (0-3), (0-4), (0-5), (0-9), (0-18,31) OK

16.4 Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable) +CGQMIN

16.4.1 Description

DTE specifies a minimum acceptable QoS (Quality of Service) profile which is checked by the MT against the negotiated QoS profile returned by the network during the PDP context activation procedure.

The set command specifies a QoS profile for the context identified by the <cid> parameter. The QoS profile consists in a set of parameters, each one is configurable. When set command is used with only <cid> parameter, the minimum acceptable QoS profile for the given context is undefined. In this case no check is made against the negotiated QoS profile during PDP context activation.



If not specified the following values are assumed:

- <cid>: 1
- <precedence>: 3
- <delay>: 4
- <reliability>: 5
- <peak>: 1
- <mean>: 1

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGQMIN=[<cid>[,<precedence>[,<delay>[,<reliability>[,<peak>[,<mean>]]]]]]	OK	AT+CGQMIN=1,1,1,1,1,1 OK
Read	AT+CGQMIN?	+CGQMIN: <cid>,<precedence>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,<mean> OK	+CGQMIN: 1,1,1,1,1,1 OK
Test	AT+CGQMIN=?	+CGQMIN: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <precedence>s),(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <peak>s),(list of supported <mean>s) OK	+CGQMIN: "IP", (0-3), (0-4), (0-5), (0-9), (0-18,31) OK

16.5 GPRS attach or detach +CGATT

16.5.1 Description

Register (attach) the MT to, or deregister (detach) the MT from the GPRS service. After this command the MT remains in AT command mode. If the MT is already in the requested state (attached or detached), the command is ignored and OK is returned. If the requested state cannot be reached, an ERROR is returned. The command can be aborted if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution. Any active PDP context will be automatically deactivated when the GPRS registration state changes to detached.



If MT is configured in class "B" (see command +CGCLASS) and GSM registration has not yet been performed, AT+CGATT=1 triggers both GSM and GPRS registration.



The command cannot be aborted with LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



The deregistration action is carried out even if the command is aborted.



The set command with <state>=1 triggers a user reselection, unless the MS is detached from GPRS services due to a previously performed GPRS detach. In this case a search for the HPLMN or a higher order PLMN is triggered (for more details refer to chapter 7.3 and 3GPP TS 23.122 [70]).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGATT=[<state>]	OK	AT+CGATT=1 OK
Read	AT+CGATT?	+CGATT: <state> OK	+CGATT: 1 OK
Test	AT+CGATT=?	+CGATT: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+CGATT: (0-1) OK

16.6 PDP context activate or deactivate +CGACT

16.6.1 Description

Activates or deactivates the specified PDP context. After the command the MT remains in AT command mode. If any context is already in the requested state, the state for the context remains unchanged. If the required action cannot succeed, an error is returned. If the MT is not GPRS attached when the activation of a PDP context is required, the MT first performs a GPRS attach and then attempts to activate the specified context. The command can be aborted if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution: in case a PDP context activation on a specific <cid> was requested, PDP context deactivation is performed; in case multiple PDP context activation was requested, it is aborted after the pending PDP context activation has finished.



The command cannot be aborted with LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



The deactivation action is carried out even if the command is aborted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGACT=[<status>,<cid>[,...]]	OK	AT+CGACT=1,1 OK
Read	AT+CGACT?	If no context is defined: OK For any defined context: +CGACT: <cid>,<status> OK	+CGACT: 1,1 OK
Test	AT+CGACT=?	+CGACT: (list of supported <status>s) OK	+CGACT: (0-1) OK



<status> is an optional parameter, default value: 0 (deactivated).



If <cid> not defined, the command activates or deactivates all defined PDP contexts.



Do not enter this command when using internal PDP contexts (see chapter 21).



The number of PDP contexts defined with AT+CGDCONT plus the number of contexts activated with +UPSDA cannot exceed three. Any further request to define a context with AT+CGDCONT or to activate a context with +UPSDA generates an error.

Examples of usage of +CGDCONT, +CGACT, +CGPADDR command:

Command sent by DTE	DCE Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Use verbose <err> values
AT+COPS=0	OK	
AT+COPS?	+COPS: 0,0,"vodafone IT" OK	
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnitel.it"	OK	Define several PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT=3,"IP","internet"	OK	
AT+CGDCONT=2,"IP","mms.vodafone.it"	OK	
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafone.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	Read PDP contexts
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	Activate PDP context 1
AT+CGPADDR=1	+CGPADDR: 1, "91.80.104.82" OK	Show address of PDP context 1
AT+CGPADDR=2	+CGPADDR: 2, "0.0.0.0" OK	Show address of PDP context 2
AT+CGPADDR=3	+CGPADDR: 3, "0.0.0.0" OK	Show address of PDP context 3
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel.it","91.80.104.82",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafone.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	
AT+CGACT=0,1	OK	Deactivate PDP context 1
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet","0.0.0.0",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafone.it","0.0.0.0",0,0 OK	
AT+CGACT=1	OK	Activate all of defined PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","web.omnitel.it","91.80.101.207",0,0 +CGDCONT: 3,"IP","internet","83.225.114.136",0,0 +CGDCONT: 2,"IP","mms.vodafone.it","10.159.135.60",0,0 OK	
AT+CGPADDR=1	+CGPADDR: 1, "91.80.101.207" OK	Show address of PDP context 1
AT+CGPADDR=2	+CGPADDR: 2, "10.159.135.60" OK	Show address of PDP context 2
AT+CGACT=0	OK	Deactivate all of defined PDP contexts
AT+CGPADDR=2	+CGPADDR: 2, "0.0.0.0" OK	Show address of PDP context 2

Command sent by DTE	DCE Response	Description
AT+CGPADDR=3	+CGPADDR: 3, "0.0.0.0" OK	Show address of PDP context 3
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1, "IP", "web.omnitel.it", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 3, "IP", "internet", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 2, "IP", "mms.vodafone.it", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 OK	
AT+CGACT=1,2	OK	Activate PDP context 2
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1, "IP", "web.omnitel.it", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 3, "IP", "internet", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 2, "IP", "mms.vodafone.it", "10.153.123.229", 0, 0 OK	
AT+CGACT=1,3	OK	Activate PDP context 3
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1, "IP", "web.omnitel.it", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 3, "IP", "internet", "83.225.171.77", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 2, "IP", "mms.vodafone.it", "10.153.123.229", 0, 0 OK	
AT+CGACT=1,1	OK	Activate PDP context 1
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1, "IP", "web.omnitel.it", "91.80.175.163", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 3, "IP", "internet", "83.225.171.77", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 2, "IP", "mms.vodafone.it", "10.153.123.229", 0, 0 OK	
AT+CGACT=0	OK	Deactivate all of defined PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1, "IP", "web.omnitel.it", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 3, "IP", "internet", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 +CGDCONT: 2, "IP", "mms.vodafone.it", "0.0.0.0", 0, 0 OK	

16.7 Enter data state +CGDATA

16.7.1 Description

Causes the MT to set up a data communication channel between the DTE and the PDP network. For the u-blox specific L2 modes M-HEX and M-RAW_IP, this means performing a GPRS attach and one or more PDP context activations, if not already done.

If the parameters are accepted (and optionally the PDP context is successfully activated), the MT displays the intermediate result code CONNECT on the DTE and enters the online data mode, thus allowing data transfer. Other commands following +CGDATA in the command line will be processed. When data transfer is completed, the MT re-enters into command mode and the final result code is displayed on DTE.

In case of error the final result code NO CARRIER or +CME ERROR: <error> is displayed.



The parameters are described in chapter 16.1.



If not specified the following value is assumed for <cid>: 1.



LISA starts in PPP silent mode: if the host does not start the PPP configuration, LISA switches to active mode and starts sending PPP configuration data packet. If no response to configuration packet is received, after 10 s the PDP context is dropped.



The session is terminated sending ~+++ , which may cause the deactivation, if active, of PDP context depending on DTR line status, i.e. on the AT&D setting (see 14.4.3 and 14.4.4). When using M-HEX as

L2 protocol and AT&D2 is used, the channel is switched back to command mode but the PDP context remains active.



When using PPP as L2 protocol, no GPRS attach and no PDP context activation are performed until the PPP on the DTE side starts communication with the PPP on the MT side.

The M-HEX L2 protocol (AT+CGDATA="M-HEX",1) can be used as follows:

Syntax: <int: counter> <int: length[1-1500]> <hex-sequence>[0-9-fA-F]

Examples:

- 1 200<CR> - send 1 packet with 200 0x2B (fill character)
- 5 5<CR> - send 5 packets with 5 0x2B (fill character)
- 1 5 31 32 33 34 35<CR> - send 1 packet with the given contents
- 1 5 1 2 3 4 5;<CR> - send 1 packet with the given contents
- 1 5 1 2 3 4 05<CR> - send 1 packet with the given contents
- 1 10 31 Q<CR> - send 1 packet with 10 0x31

A packet is sent if one of the following conditions is met:

- the length field is terminated with <CR>
- the length value is equal to # characters of hex-sequence
- the input is terminated with a character not equal to a hex digit or <CR>



This syntax of the command is mainly used to perform regulatory and conformance testing.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGDATA=[<L2P>[,<cid>]]	CONNECT (data transfer starts)	AT+CGDATA="PPP",1 CONNECT
Test	AT+CGDATA=?	+CGDATA: (list of supported <L2P>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +CGDATA: ("PPP","M-HEX","M-RAW_IP") OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CGDATA: ("PPP","M-HEX","M-RAW_IP","M-OPT-PPP") OK

Usage of +CGDATA command:

Command sent by DTE	DCE Response	Description
AT+CMEE=2	OK	Use verbose <err> values
AT&D0	OK	
AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","web.omnitel.it"	OK	Define two PDP contexts
AT+CGDCONT=2,"IP","internet"	OK	
AT+CGACT=1,2	OK	Activate PDP context 2
AT+CGDATA="M-HEX",1	CONNECT	Activate PDP context 1 and establish mandatory L2 protocol between DTE and MT
1 100	DATA OK	Send one packet of 100 bytes

Command sent by DTE	DCE Response	Description
cid=2	OK	Switch to the already activated context 2
~+++	NO CARRIER	Only the first activated context or the last used is closed



The cid command, which has not to be confused with the <cid> parameter, can be used while in data mode for switching to a PDP Context already active.



The cid command accepts as parameter a <cid> value corresponding to a PDP Context already active and has to be in lower-case.

16.8 Enter IP state/GPRS IP dial D

16.8.1 Description

The V.24ter dial command "D", similar to the command with the syntax AT+CGDATA="PPP",<cid>, causes the MT to perform the necessary actions to establish communication between the DTE and the external PDP network. This includes performing a GPRS attach and, if the PPP server on the DTE side starts communication, PDP context activation on the specified PDP context identifier (if not already requested via +CGATT and +CGACT commands).

If the command is accepted and the preliminary GPRS procedures have succeeded, CONNECT is returned, the MT enters the V.25ter online data state and the PPP L2 protocol between the MT and the DTE is started.

User requested returning back to command line mode is possible by entering "+++" or "~+++" (see 14.4.3).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	ATD<T>*99[*]<address>[[*]<L2P>][*]<cid>]]#	CONNECT (data transfer starts)	ATD*99***1# CONNECT



The <address> parameter is ignored.



<L2P> has "PPP" as default value.



The context identifier <cid> maps to 1 if not specified.



The GPRS dial command maps to AT+CGDATA="PPP",<cid>.

16.9 Show PDP address +CGPADDR

16.9.1 Description

Returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers. Only defined PDP contexts are displayed.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGPADDR=[<cid>,<cid> [,...]]	+CGPADDR: <cid>,<PDP_addr> OK	AT+CGPADDR=1 +CGPADDR: 1,"1.2.3.4" OK
Test	AT+CGPADDR=?	+CGPADDR: [(list of defined <cid>s)] OK	+CGPADDR: 1,3 OK

16.10 GPRS mobile station class +CGCLASS

16.10.1 Description

Sets the MT to operate according to the specified GPRS mobile class.

The read command gives the current operating class, which depends on the MT's capabilities and the MT's current registration state (GSM registered and/or GPRS attached).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGCLASS=[<class>]	OK	AT+CGCLASS="B" OK
Read	AT+CGCLASS?	+CGCLASS: <class> OK	+CGCLASS: "B" OK
Test	AT+CGCLASS=?	+CGCLASS: (list of supported <class>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +CGCLASS: ("B", "CC", "CG") OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +CGCLASS: ("A", "B", "CC", "CG") OK

16.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<class>	String	GPRS mobile class <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "A" (default value in lu mode): class-A mode of operation (A/Gb mode), or CS/PS mode of operation (lu mode) (highest mode of operation) "B" (default value in A/Gb mode): class B mode of operation (the MT can operate in both circuit-switched and packet-switched services but not simultaneously) "CC": class CC mode of operation (the MT can operate only in circuit switched service) "CG": class CG mode of operation (the MT can operate only in packet switched service)



<class>="A" is supported only by LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series when in lu mode.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, to change the module class it is needed to deregister it from network, change the class type and again register the module on the network.



When in lu mode (i.e. UMTS RAT), class A and class B have equivalent meanings (both CS and PS services supported). When in A/Gb mode (i.e. GSM RAT), class-A mode operation is not supported.

16.11 GPRS event reporting +CGEREP

16.11.1 Description

Enables or disables sending of URCs from MT to the DTE, in case of certain events occurring during GPRS signalling between the MT and the network.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGEREP=[<mode>[,<bfr>]]	OK	AT+CGEREP=1,1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+CGEREP?	+CGEREP: <mode>,<bfr> OK	+CGEREP: 0,0 OK
Test	AT+CGEREP=?	+CGEREP: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <bfr>s) OK	+CGEREP: (0-2),(0-1) OK
URC		+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,[<cid>] +CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,[<cid>] +CGEV: NW DETACH +CGEV: ME DETACH +CGEV: NW CLASS <class> +CGEV:ME CLASS <class>	+CGEV: NW CLASS CC

Explanation of URCs:

- **+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,[<cid>]** means that the network has forced a context deactivation
- **+CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP_type>,<PDP_addr>,[<cid>]** means that the mobile equipment has forced a context deactivation
- **+CGEV: NW DETACH** means that the network has forced a GPRS detach
- **+CGEV: ME DETACH** means that the mobile station has forced a GPRS detach
- **+CGEV: NW CLASS <class>** means that the network has forced a change of MT class (e.g. due to service detach); the highest available class is reported
- **+CGEV: ME CLASS <class>** means that the mobile station has forced a change of MT class; the highest available class is reported

16.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Controls the processing of URCs specified within this command <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: buffer URCs in the MT; if buffer full the oldest ones will be discarded • 1: discard URCs when V.24 link is reserved (online); otherwise forward them directly to the DTE • 2: buffer URCs in the MT when link reserved (online) and flush them to the DTE when the link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the DTE
<bfr>	Number	Controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: MT buffer of URCs defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered • 1: MT buffer of URCs defined within this command is flushed to the DTE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK is given before flushing the codes)
<class>	String	GPRS mobile class <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "A": class-A mode of operation (A/Gb mode), or CS/PS mode of operation (lu mode) (highest mode of operation) • "B": class B (circuit-switched and packet-switched data alternately supported) • "CG": class C (one service only) in GPRS mode • "CC": class C (one service only) in circuit switched (GSM) mode



<class>= "A" is supported only by LISA-U1 and LISA-U2 series module.

16.12 GPRS network registration status +CGREG

16.12.1 Description

Controls the presentation of a URC **+CGREG: <stat>** when $\langle n \rangle = 1$ and there is a change in the GPRS network registration status of the MT, or code **+CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]]** when $\langle n \rangle = 2$ and there is a change in the network cell.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, if GPRS is enabled and +CREG and +CGREG URCs are both enabled too, once the module is registered and attached then the two URCs are sent out quite at the same time.



<AcT> and <rac> parameters are not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 and LISA-U1 series.



When $\langle n \rangle = 2$, in UMTS RAT, unsolicited location information can be received if the network sends the UTRAN INFORMATION MOBILITY message during dedicated connections. In contrast, in GSM RAT no unsolicited location information is received during a CS connection.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGREG=[<n>]	OK	AT+CGREG=1 OK
Read	AT+CGREG?	+CGREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]] OK	+CGREG: 0,4 OK
Test	AT+CGREG=?	+CGREG: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+CGREG: (0-2) OK
URC		+CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>[,<AcT>,<rac>]]	+CGREG: 1, "4E54", "44A5"

16.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value and factory-programmed setting): disable network registration URC 1: enable network registration URC +CGREG: <stat> 2: enable network registration information URC +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]
<stat>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not registered, home network 1: registered, home network 2: not registered, but MT is currently searching a new operator to register to 3: registration denied 4: unknown 5: registered, roaming
<lac>	String	Two bytes location area in hexadecimal format; it is optional in the unsolicited when $\langle n \rangle = 2$ and forbidden when $\langle n \rangle = 1$. The value FFFF means that the current <lac> value is invalid.
<ci>	String	From 2 to 4 bytes cell ID in hexadecimal format; it is optional in the unsolicited when $\langle n \rangle = 2$ and forbidden when $\langle n \rangle = 1$. The value FFFFFFFF means that the current <ci> value is invalid.
<AcT>	Number	Indicates the radio access technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: GSM 1: GSM COMPACT 2: UTRAN 3: GSM with EDGE availability 4: UTRAN with HSDPA availability

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 5: UTRAN with HSUPA availability • 6: UTRAN with HSDPA and HSUPA availability • 7: Reserved • 255: the current <AcT> value is invalid
<rac>	String	One byte routing area in hexadecimal format

16.13 Select service for MO SMS messages +CGSMS

16.13.1 Description

Specifies the service or service preference that the MT will use to send MO SMS messages.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGSMS=[<service>]	OK	AT+CGSMS=1 OK
Read	AT+CGSMS?	+CGSMS: <service> OK	+CGSMS: 1 OK
Test	AT+CGSMS=?	+CGSMS: (list of currently available <service>s) OK	+CGSMS: (0-3) OK

16.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<service>	Number	service or service preference to be used <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: PSD • 1: CSD • 2: PSD preferred (use CSD if PSD is not available) • 3: CSD preferred (use PSD if CSD is not available)

16.14 Manual deactivation of a PDP context H

16.14.1 Description

This command H (On-hook) deactivates a pending PDP context with PPP L2 protocol in online command mode. The MT responds with OK. See paragraph 6.7 for a detailed description.



In GPRS online command mode the escape sequence “+++” followed by the ATH command is needed to terminate the connection. Alternatively, in data transfer mode, DTE originated DTR toggling or PPP disconnection may be used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	ATH	OK	

16.15 PDP Context Modify +CGCMOD

16.15.1 Description

This execution command is used to modify the specified PDP context(s) with respect to QoS profiles and TFT's. After the command is complete, the MT returns to the V.25 online data state. If the requested modification for any specified context cannot be achieved, an error response is returned. If no <cid>s are specified, the activation form of the command modifies all active contexts.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGCMOD=[<cid>[,<cid>[,...]]]	OK	AT+CGCMOD=1 OK
Test	AT+CGCMOD=?	+CGCMOD: (list of <cid>s with active contexts) OK	

16.16 3G Quality of service profile (requested) +CGEQREQ

16.16.1 Description

Allows the TE to specify the QoS Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network. The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the <cid>. The specified profile will be stored in the MT and sent to the network only at activation or MS-initiated modification of the related context. The command is actually an extension of the commands +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value. The special form +CGEQREQ=<cid> causes the requested profile related to <cid> to become undefined.



The command defines a PDP context having a <PDP_type> set to "IP", <apn> set to "" and with the specified <cid>, if a PDP context with the specified <cid> was not already defined by +CGDCONT AT command.



If <Maximum_bitrate_UL>, <Maximum bitrate DL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>, <Maximum_SDU_size>, <Transfer_delay> parameters are set with a value greater than the maximum supported an error message will be provided. If the value is lower than the maximum allowed value but different respect to allowed steps, the parameter will be set to the most likely valid one.



If <Traffic_class>=0 (conversational) or <Traffic_class>=1 (streaming), <Maximum_bitrate_UL>, <Maximum_bitrate_DL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>, <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL> must be provided.



If <Traffic_class>=0 (conversational) or <Traffic_class>=1 (streaming), <Source_statistics_descriptor> must be provided on LISA-U2 series. It is not supported on LISA-U1 series.



If <Traffic_class>=2 (interactive), <Signalling_indication> must be provided on LISA-U2 series. It is not supported by LISA-U1 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGEQREQ=[<cid>[,<Traffic_class>[,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>[,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>[,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>[,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>[,<Delivery_order>[,<Maximum_SDU_size>[,<SDU_error_ratio>[,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>[,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>[,<Transfer_delay>[,<Traffic_handling_priority>[,<Source_statistics_descriptor>[,<Signalling_indication>]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]	OK	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,0,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3,0,0 OK
Read	AT+CGEQREQ?	+CGEQREQ: <cid>,<Traffic_class>,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>,<Delivery_order>,<Maximum_SDU_size>,<SDU_error_ratio>,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>,<Transfer_delay>,<Traffic_handling_priority> [+CGEQREQ: <cid>,<Traffic_class>,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>,<Delivery_order>,<Maximum_SDU_size>,<SDU_error_ratio>,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>,<Transfer_delay>,<Traffic_handling_priority>,<Source_statistics_descriptor>,<Signalling_indication> [...]] OK	On LISA-U1 series: +CGEQREQ: 1,2,5760,5760,0,0,0,1500,"1E4","1E5",0,1000,1 OK On LISA-U2 series: +CGEQREQ: 1,2,5760,5760,0,0,0,1500,"1E4","1E5",0,1000,1,0,0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CGEQREQ=?	+CGEQREQ: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <Traffic_class>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Delivery_order>),(list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size>),(list of supported <SDU_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>),(list of supported <Transfer_delay>),(list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority>) [+CGEQREQ: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <Traffic_class>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Delivery_order>),(list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size>),(list of supported <SDU_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>),(list of supported <Transfer_delay>),(list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority>),(list of supported <Source_statistics_descriptor>),(list of supported <Signalling_indication>) [...]] OK	On LISA-U1 series: +CGEQREQ: "IP",(0-4),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(0-1),(10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("1E6","1E5","1E4","1E3","7E3","1E2","1E1","0E0"),("6E8","1E6","1E5","1E4","5E3","4E3","1E3","5E2","1E2","0E0"),(0-2),(10-150 in 10 ms steps, 200-950 in 50 ms steps, 1000-4000 in 100 ms steps),(0-3) OK On LISA-U2 series: +CGEQREQ: "IP",(0-4),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(0-1),(10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("1E6","1E5","1E4","1E3","7E3","1E2","1E1"),("6E8","1E6","1E5","1E4","5E3","4E3","1E3","5E2","1E2"),(0-2),(10-150 in 10 ms steps, 200-950 in 50 ms steps, 1000-4000 in 50 ms steps),(0-3),(0-1),(0-1) OK

16.17 3G Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable) +CGEQMIN

16.17.1 Description

This command allows the TE to specify a minimum acceptable profile, which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate/Modify PDP Context Accept message. The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the <cid>. The specified profile will be stored in the MT and checked against the negotiated profile only at activation or MS initiated modification of the related context. This command is actually an extension to the commands +CGDSCONT and +CGDCONT. The special form of this command +CGEQMIN=<cid> causes the minimum acceptable profile for context number <cid> to become undefined. No check is made against the negotiated profile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CGEQMIN=?	+CGEQMIN: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <Traffic_class>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Delivery_order>),(list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size>),(list of supported <SDU_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>),(list of supported <Transfer_delay>),(list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority>) [+CGEQMIN: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <Traffic_class>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Maximum_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>),(list of supported <Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>),(list of supported <Delivery_order>),(list of supported <Maximum_SDU_size>),(list of supported <SDU_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Residual_bit_error_ratio>),(list of supported <Delivery_of_erroneous_SDUs>),(list of supported <Transfer_delay>),(list of supported <Traffic_handling_priority>),(list of supported <Source_statistics_descriptor>),(list of supported <Signalling_indication>) [...]] OK	On LISA-U1 series: +CGEQMIN: "IP",(0-3),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(0-1),(10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("1E6","1E5","1E4","1E3","7E3","1E2","1E1","0E0"),("6E8","1E6","1E5","1E4","5E3","4E3","1E3","5E2","1E2","0E0"),(0-2),(10-150 in 10 ms steps, 200-950 in 50 ms steps, 1000-4000 in 100 ms steps),(0-3) OK On LISA-U2: +CGEQMIN: "IP",(0-3),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps),(1-63 in 1 kbps steps, 64-568 in 8 kbps steps, 576-8640 in 64 kbps steps, 8700-16000 in 100 kbps steps),(0-1),(10-1500,1502,1510,1520),("1E6","1E5","1E4","1E3","7E3","1E2","1E1"),("6E8","1E6","1E5","1E4","5E3","4E3","1E3","5E2","1E2"),(0-2),(10-150 in 10 ms steps, 200-950 in 50 ms steps, 1000-4000 in 50 ms steps),(0-3),(0-1),(0-1) OK

16.18 3G Quality of Service Profile (negotiated) +CGEQNEG

16.18.1 Description

This command allows the TE to retrieve the negotiated QoS profiles returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message. The execution command returns the negotiated QoS profile for the specified <cid>. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may have a separate value.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGEQNEG=[<cid>,<cid>,...]]	+CGEQNEG: <cid>,<Traffic_class>,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>,<Delivery_order>,<Maximum_SDU_size>,<SDU_error_ratio>,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDU>,<Transfer_delay>,<Traffic_handling_priority>,<Source_statistics_descriptor>,<Signalling_indication> [+CGEQNEG: <cid>,<Traffic_class>,<Maximum_bitrate_UL>,<Maximum_bitrate_DL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_UL>,<Guaranteed_bitrate_DL>,<Delivery_order>,<Maximum_SDU_size>,<SDU_error_ratio>,<Residual_bit_error_ratio>,<Delivery_of_erroneous_SDU>,<Transfer_delay>,<Traffic_handling_priority>,<Source_statistics_descriptor>,<Signalling_indication> [...]] OK	On LISA-U1 series: AT+CGEQNEG=1 +CGEQNEG: 1,2,5760,7168,0,0,0,1480,"1E3","1E5",2,1000,1 OK On LISA-U2 series: AT+CGEQNEG=1 +CGEQNEG: 1,2,5760,7168,0,0,0,1480,"1E3","1E5",2,1000,1,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CGEQNEG=?	+CGEQNEG: (list of <cid>s associated with active contexts) OK	+CGEQNEG: (1) OK

16.19 Define Secondary PDP context +CGDSCONT

16.19.1 Description

This command specifies particular PDP context parameter values for a secondary PDP context, identified by the local context identification parameter <cid>, associated to a primary PDP context identified by the local context identification parameter <p_cid>.



If only the parameter <cid> is provided, the corresponding PDP context becomes undefined.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGDSCONT=[<cid>[,<p_cid>,<d_comp>[,<h_comp>]]]]	OK	AT+CGDSCONT=2,1 OK
Read	AT+CGDSCONT?	+CGDSCONT: <cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp> [+CGDSCONT: <cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp> [...]] OK	+CGDSCONT: 2,1,0,0 OK
Test	AT+CGDSCONT=?	+CGDSCONT: (range of <cid>s),(list of <cid>s for defined primary contexts),<PDP_type>,(list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s) [+CGDSCONT: (range of <cid>s),(list of <cid>s for defined primary contexts),<PDP_type>,(list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s), [...]] OK	+CGDSCONT: (1-3),(1),"IP",,(0-2),(0-4) OK

16.20 Traffic Flow Template +CGTFT

16.20.1 Description

This command allows the TE to specify a Packet Filter (PF) for a Traffic Flow Template (TFT) that is used in the GGSN for routing of down-link packets onto different QoS flows towards the TE (refer to 3GPP TS 23.060 [10] and 3GPP TS 24.008 [30]). A TFT is identified by a <packet filter identifier> and each packet filter also has an <evaluation precedence index>. The set command specifies a Packet Filters to be added to the TFT stored in the MT and used for the context identified by <cid>. This command is effectively an extension of the commands +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT.

The syntax +CGTFT=<cid> causes all of the Packet Filters in the TFT for the specified <cid> to become undefined. TFT shall be used for PDP-type IP.

Not all the parameters combinations are allowed in a Packet Filter, some may coexist but others are mutually exclusive. The possible combinations are specified in 3GPP TS 23.060 [10].



A valid packet filter must contain a unique identifier and a unique evaluation precedence index within all TFTs for one PDP address. The network will reject the activation of a secondary context if the corresponding packet filter contains an identifier or an evaluation precedence index which is not unique within all TFTs for one PDP address.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGDCONT or AT+CGDSCONT are needed previously AT+CGTFT=[<cid>,<packet_filter_identifier>,<evaluation_precedence_index>[,<source_address_and_subnet_mask>[,<protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>[,<destination_port_range>[,<source_port_range>[,<ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>[,<type_of_service_(tos)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>[,<flow_label_(ipv6)>]]]]]]]]]	OK	AT+CGTFT=2,1,1,"109.115.183.216.255.255.0.0" OK
Read	AT+CGTFT?	+CGTFT: <cid>,<packet_filter_identifier>,<evaluation_precedence_index>,<source_address_and_subnet_mask>,<protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>,<destination_port_range>,<source_port_range>,<ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>,<type_of_service_(tos)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>,<flow_label_(ipv6)> [+CGTFT: <cid>,<packet_filter_identifier>,<evaluation_precedence_index>,<source_address_and_subnet_mask>,<protocol_number_(ipv4)-next_header_(ipv6)>,<destination_port_range>,<source_port_range>,<ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>,<type_of_service_(tos)_and_mask-traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>,<flow_label_(ipv6)> [...]] OK	+CGTFT: 2,1,1,109.115.183.216[255.255.0.0],0,0,0,0,0,00000000,0,0,00000 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+CGTFT=?	+CGTFT: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <packet_filter_identifier>),(list of supported <evaluation_precedence_index>),(list of supported <source_address_and_subnet_mask>),(list of supported <protocol_number_(ipv4)- next_header_(ipv6)>),(list of supported <destination_port_range>),(list of supported <source_port_range>),(list of supported <ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>),(list of supported <type_of_service_(tos_(ipv4)_and_mask- traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>),(list of supported <flow_label_(ipv6)>) [+CGTFT: <PDP_type>,(list of supported <packet_filter_identifier>),(list of supported <evaluation_precedence_index>),(list of supported <source_address_and_subnet_mask>),(list of supported <protocol_number_(ipv4)- next_header_(ipv6)>),(list of supported <destination_port_range>),(list of supported <source_port_range>),(list of supported <ipsec_security_parameter_index_(spi)>),(list of supported <type_of_service_(tos_(ipv4)_and_mask- traffic_class_(ipv6)_and_mask>),(list of supported <flow_label_(ipv6)>) [...]] OK	+CGTFT: IP,(1-8),(0- 255),(0.0.0.0[0.0.0.0]- 255.255.255.255[255.255.255.255]),(0- 255),(0.0-65535.65535),(0.0- 65535.65535),(00000000-ffffff),(0.0- 255.255),(00000-00000) OK

16.21 Multiple PDP contexts

Two PDP context types are defined:

- “external” PDP context: IP packets are built by the DTE, the MT’s IP instance runs the IP relay function only
- “internal” PDP context: the PDP context (relying on the MT’s TCP/IP stack) is configured, established and handled via the data connection management packet switched data commands described in chapter 21

Multiple PDP contexts are supported. The DTE can access these PDP contexts either alternatively through the physical serial port, or simultaneously through the virtual serial ports of the multiplexer (multiplexing mode MUX), with the following constraints:

- Using the MT’s embedded TCP/IP stack, only 1 internal PDP context is supported. This IP instance supports up to 7 sockets on LISA-U1 series and up to 16 sockets on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series
- Using only external PDP contexts, it is possible to have at most 3 IP instances (with 3 different IP addresses) simultaneously. If in addition the internal PDP context is used, at most 2 external PDP contexts can be activated.

16.22 Primary and secondary PDP contexts

A PDP context can be either **primary** or **secondary**. A secondary PDP context uses the same IP address of a primary PDP context (the typical PDP context usually activated by customers). Traffic Flow Filters for such secondary contexts shall be specified according to 3GPP TS 23.060 [10].

Typical usage of secondary PDP contexts is in VoIP calls, where RTP (speech) packets are conveyed on one PDP context (e.g. the primary one) with a given QoS (e.g. low reliability) whereas SIP signalling is routed on a different PDP context (e.g. the secondary one, with the same IP address but different port numbers) with a more reliable QoS.

A Traffic Flow Template (i.e. a filter based on port number, specifying relative flow precedence) shall be configured for the secondary context to instruct the GGSN to route down-link packets onto different QoS flows towards the TE.

PDP context type	Activation procedure
Primary	<p>Used to establish a logical connection through the network from the UE to the GGSN with the Quality of Service (QoS) functionality.</p> <p>The UE initiates the PDP context activation: changes the session management state to active, creates the PDP context, obtains the IP address and reserves radio resources. After activation, the UE is able to send IP packets over the air interface.</p>
Secondary	<p>Used to establish a second PDP context with the same IP address as the primary PDP context.</p> <p>The two contexts may have different QoS profiles, which makes the feature useful for applications that have different QoS requirements (e.g., IP multimedia) in downlink, based on port number addressing. The access point name, though, will be the same for the primary and secondary PDP contexts.</p>



At most 2 secondary PDP contexts may be associated to a primary context.



At most 2 secondary PDP contexts can be activated, since the maximum number of PDP contexts, both normal and secondary, is always 3.

17 Specific

17.1 FOTA configuration +UFOTA

17.1.1 Description

This command is used to set the FOTA configuration, to enable/disable the feature, define the maximum number of attempts and set a security code to avoid malicious activity.

During update operations, FOTA application prints some indication on the AT serial port using the URC: **+UFOTAIND: <status>, <value>**.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UFOTA=<enabled>[,<attempts>[,<configuration>[,<code>]]]	OK	AT+UFOTA=1,1,2,"00000000" OK
Read	AT+UFOTA?	+UFOTA: <enabled>,<attempts>,<configuration>,<code> OK	+UFOTA: 1,1,2,"00000000" OK
Test	AT+UFOTA=?	+UFOTA: (list of supported <enabled>),(list of supported <attempts>),(list of supported <configuration>s), "alphanumeric <code>" OK	+UFOTA: (0-1),(1-2),(0-15), "CODE" OK
URC		+UFOTAIND: <status>, <value>	

17.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<enabled>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): FOTA disable 1: FOTA enabled
<attempts>	Number	Number of delta FW download attempts in case of a network fail: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 (default value): one attempt only 2: two attempts (a second one if the second fails)
<configuration>	Number	Bitfield to configure FOTA behavior: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): Server notification; notify the server about update result 1: EEP dynamic reset; Delete EEP dynamic parameters and use new FW factory-programmed values 2: Use security code; Enable security code check to validate SMS 3: Preserve SMS; Do not delete SMS when memory is full 4 - 15: None; Reserved for future use
<code>	String	Eight alphanumeric characters string used to enable the security check and avoid trigger from unauthorized persons; empty string is the default setting
<status>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: No action pending: update process terminated; <value> is "Update process result"; see A.5 1: SMS arrived: a FOTA SMS has arrived 2: Activate data connection 3: Delta download begin 4: Delta downloaded: delta file for upgrade has been downloaded 5: Code upgrade start; <value> indicate the progress update in percentage 6: Update terminated; <value> is "Update process result"; see A.5 7: Server to be notified; <value> is "Update process result"; see A.5
<value>	String	Refer to <status> parameter description

17.2 Firmware Update over AT command (FOAT) +UFWUPD

17.2.1 Description

Triggers one of the following firmware update types using the Xmodem-1k protocol:

- Firmware image update
- Flash File System image update
- Firmware and Flash File System images update

The firmware update is performed with file in fls format.

The firmware can be updated using the following interfaces (where available):

- UART: only one port is available; the baud rate is set as specified by the <speed> parameter
- USB: any USB logical channel where an AT interface is running can be used (LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series modules); the baud rate specified by the <speed> parameter is ignored
- SPI: only one port is available (LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series); the baud rate specified by the <speed> parameter is ignored

The actual data transfer must take place on the same interface where the FOAT AT command is sent.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series it is possible to update the Flash File System using the file in dffs format.



Both Xmodem-1k protocol (1024 bytes packets) and Xmodem protocol (128 bytes packets) can be used: the choice is performed by the terminal used for the download.

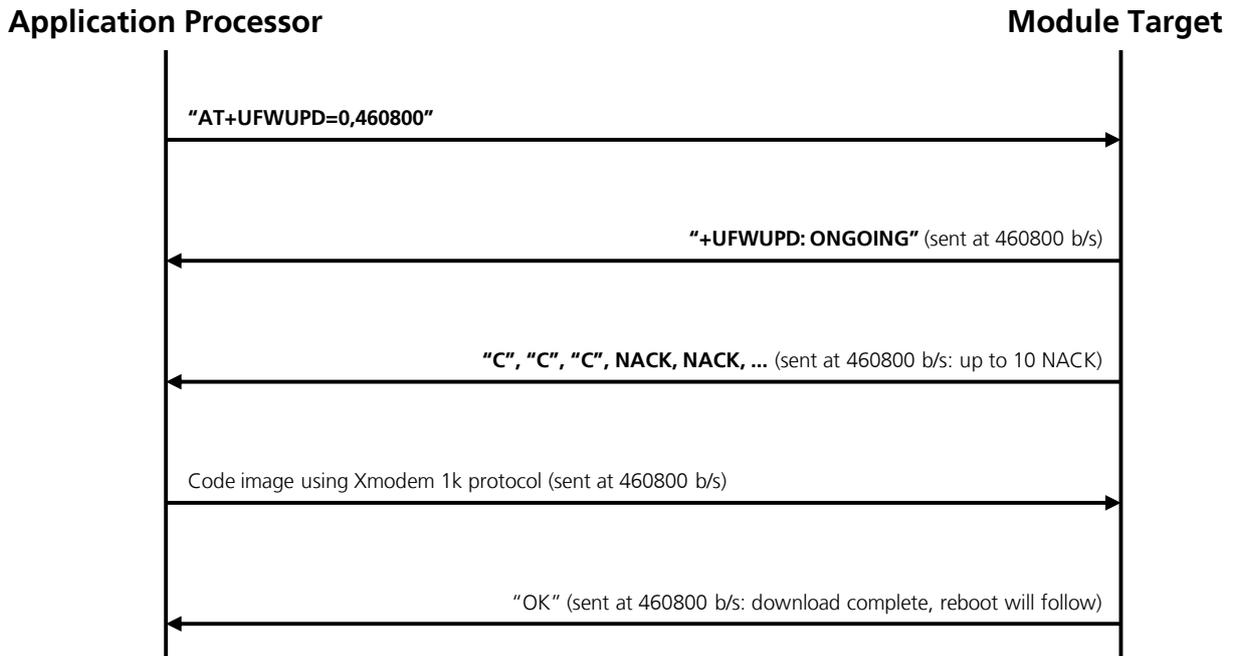
On AT+UFWUPD reception, the module:

- configures the serial port at the new baud rate (if any)
- resets, restarts and switches to Firmware Update Mode
- sends over the UART the IRC **+UFWUPD: ONGOING** followed up to three 'C' (0x43) characters and up to ten "NACK" (0x15)

After this it is possible to download the new code image (e.g. the .fls file) or the new Flash File System image (e.g. the .dffs file) via the Xmodem-1K protocol using a standard terminal program at the selected baud rate without flow control (e.g. in PC environment it could be used HyperTerminal). At the end of the firmware update procedure, the baud rate is reset to the factory-programmed value.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series modules at the end of the firmware update procedure, the baud rate is set to the previous value.

Example:


LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series modules send a <CAN> packet (0x18) after 8 MB of data instead of waiting for the <EOT> packet (0x04) from the sender. The <CAN> packet can be interpreted as an ABORT from the module side.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series modules a <EOT> packet (0x04) is sent by the terminal for notifying the end of the download.



If data are sent while the 'C' character is coming, the protocol uses CRC method to detect transmission errors otherwise standard CHECKSUM method.



Both "+UFWUPD: ONGOING" and any further final response are sent at the new baud rate: only a syntax error in the AT+UFWUPD command triggers an error response at the original baud rate.



Errors (data corruption, data loss etc) during the Update phase are internally handled by the Xmodem protocol itself; for more details about the error code, refer to A.4.



In case of power loss during the update, at the next module wake-up a fault is detected and the module remains in Firmware Update Mode expecting that the upload restarts from Xmodem-1k handshake; the FW is corrupted and useless (ERROR2).



If the FW upload ends with an ERROR condition, the module remains in Firmware Update Mode expecting that the upload restarts from Xmodem-1k handshake; the FW is corrupted and useless (ERROR2).



If no data comes to module after AT+UFWUPD command, up to ten NACK are sent and then Firmware Update Mode is dropped out coming back to normal mode; the FW is unchanged and still useable (ERROR1).



It is not possible to update the firmware if the mux is enabled.



During the firmware update only the HW interface used to trigger is available. Other HW interfaces must be left disconnected or tristated.



The firmware first invalidates all the memory partitions that will be overwritten, by erasing the first sector of each of them. The downloaded files must be correctly selected. For example: when sending the command AT+UFWUPD=2,921600 the FW and DFFS partitions will be invalidated; but now if only the .dffb file is downloaded, the update will always fail because the CRC check on the invalidated FW partition will fail.



The selected downloadable file (.fls, .dffs) carries the information of the module type for which it can be used. In case of mismatch, FOAT procedure stops the download with an error message (see A.4) and then starts the old FW present in flash.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UFWUPD=<filetype>[,<speed>]	+UFWUPD: ONGOING (Sent at new baud rate, if specified)	AT+UFWUPD=0 +UFWUPD: ONGOING
Test	AT+UFWUPD=?	+UFWUPD: (list of supported <filetype>s),(list of supported <speed>s) OK	+UFWUPD: (0-2),(115200, 230400, 460800, 921600) OK

17.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<filetype>	Number	Download type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Firmware image update (*.fls file) • 1: Flash File System image update (*.dffs file) • 2: Firmware and Flash File System image update
<speed>	Number	Baud rate in b/s <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 115200 (default value) • 230400 • 460800 • 921600



<filetype>=2 is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 versions.



If <filetype> is set to 2 make sure the file contains both the firmware and Flash File System images.

17.3 Antenna Detection +UANTR

17.3.1 Description

Measures the DC component of load of the GSM antenna (the GPS antenna is RFU). The antenna load is expressed in kOhm.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UANTR=[<antenna_id>]	+UANTR: <antenna_id>,<antenna_load> OK	AT+UANTR=0 +UANTR: 0,10 OK
Test	AT+UANTR=?	+UANTR: (list of supported <antenna_id>s) OK	+UANTR: (0) OK

17.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<antenna_id>	Number	Antenna identifier (optional parameter) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): GSM antenna • 1: GPS antenna (RFU)
<antenna_load>	Number	Measured value in kOhm of the antenna load with a resolution of 1 kOhm. The range goes from -1 to 53 (only integer values can be assumed), where: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • -1: open circuit • 0: short circuit • 1: 1 kOhm (minimum limit of the measurement range) • ... • 53: 53 kOhm (maximum limit of the measurement range)



The load resistor values below the minimum limit of 1 kΩ are identified as short circuit (<antenna_load>=0), while values above the maximum limit of 53 kΩ are identified as open circuit (<antenna_load>=-1).



The reported value could differ from the real resistance value of the diagnostic resistor mounted inside the antenna assembly due to antenna cable length, antenna cable capacity and the measurement method.

17.4 ADC read command +UADC

17.4.1 Description

Reads the current value of the specified ADC, given in mV. The syntax and the parameters range are shown in the response to the test command if ADC are supported; if no ADC is supported by the modem, an error is returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UADC=<adc_id>	+UADC: <adc_id>,<adc_val> OK	AT+UADC=0 +UADC: 0,480 OK
Test	AT+UADC=?	+UADC: (range of <adc_id>s) OK	+UADC: (0-1) OK

17.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<adc_id>	Number	ADC identifier
<adc_val>	Number	Current ADC value measured on the specified ADC pin, typical range [0-1920 mV]

17.5 Power saving control (Power SaVing) +UPSV

17.5.1 Description

Sets the UART power saving, but has a global effect on module power saving configuration:

- If power saving is enabled (+UPSV=1) the UART interface is cyclicly enabled and the module enters idle-mode automatically whenever possible

- If power saving is disabled (+UPSV=0), the UART interface is always enabled and the module cannot enter idle-mode
- If power saving is controlled by the UART **RTS** signal (+UPSV=2), the module is forced to stay in active-mode (and the UART enabled) as long as the UART **RTS** line is ON

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPSV=<mode>[,<Timeout>]	OK	AT+UPSV=1,3000 OK
Read	AT+UPSV?	+UPSV: <mode>[,<Timeout>] OK	+UPSV: 1,3000 OK
Test	AT+UPSV=?	+UPSV: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <Timeout>s) OK	+UPSV: (0-2),(40-65000) OK

17.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Power saving configuration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): disabled • 1: enabled: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The UART is re-enabled from time to time to give to the DTE a chance for transmission and the module switch from idle to active mode in a cyclic way. If during the active mode any data is received, the UART (and the module) is forced to stay "awake" for a time specified by the <Timeout> parameter. Any subsequent data reception during the "awake" period resets and restarts the "awake" timer • 2: power saving is controlled by UART RTS signal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ If UART RTS state is OFF power saving mode is allowed ○ If the RTS state is set to ON, the module shall exit power saving mode ☞ <mode>=2 is allowed only if HW flow control has been previously disabled on UART (e.g. with AT&K0), otherwise the command returns an error response (+CME ERROR: operation not allowed if +CME=2). ☞ In this mode, the DTE can start sending data to the module without risk of data loss after having asserted the UART RTS (RTS sets to ON).
<Timeout>	Number	If <mode>=1 and active-mode entered, provides the guard period of no reception of characters on the UART interface, expressed in GSM frames (4.615 ms), before entering idle-mode again. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The range goes from 40 to 65000 (approximately from 184 ms to 300 s); the default value is 2000 GSM frames (ca 9.2 s). • This parameter is accepted only when <mode>=1



<mode>= 1 and <mode>= 2 are applicable only in reference to the UART interface, even if the command is accepted by all the serial interfaces (physical and MUX virtual interfaces).

If the command is issued on USB/SPI/MUX channel, all the AT profiles are updated accordingly, but the setting is only applied to the UART interface.



<mode>= 2 requires the disabling of HW flow control on UART interface only. The other serial interfaces can request the <mode> 2 for the UART regardless their flow control configuration.



Since LISA-U1 series are equipped with other serial interfaces besides the UART (USB, SPI), there are some interactions among the power saving mechanisms implemented by the different interfaces. Refer to LISA-U series System integration Manual [49] for a description.



On LISA-U1 series, if <mode>=2 the **CTS** line is always set to ON by the module while on LEON-G100/G200 series the **CTS** line follows the module power saving state if **RTS** is set to OFF.



For a detailed explanation of power saving timings, UART lines behavior and module response to UART events in reference to the +UPSV command setting refer to the LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] or LISA-U series System integration Manual [49].

17.6 Tone generator (Tone GeNerator) +UTGN

17.6.1 Description

Allows to start a tone on module tone generator. Frequency, duration and volume of the tone must be specified.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



The <UplinkSending> parameter is not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UTGN=<freq>,<duration>,<volume>[,<UplinkSending>]	OK	AT+UTGN=1000,1000,100,1 OK
Test	AT+UTGN=?	+UTGN: (range of supported <freq> values in Hz),(range of supported <duration>s in msec),(range of supported <volume> values)[,(range of supported <UplinkSending> values)] OK	+UTGN: (300-3400),(10-8000),(1-100),(0-2) OK On LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions: +UTGN: (300-3400),(10-8000),(1-100) OK

17.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<freq>	Number	Frequency of the sinus waveform in Hz for the tone generator; the range goes from 300 to 3400 Hz
<duration>	Number	Duration of the tone in msec; the allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: from 10 to 8000 On LISA-U1 series: from 10 to 1360 On LISA-U2 series: from 50 to 1360
<volume>	Number	Volume for the tone generator. Allowed values are 1-100; volume 1 means muted. Increasing step is 0.25 dB
<UplinkSending>	Number	Enables/disables the connection of the tone generator to uplink and/or downlink path: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): the tone is sent only on downlink path 1: the tone is sent only on uplink path 2: the tone is sent both on downlink and uplink path
<error>	Number	If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter values are out of range the error message "operation not supported" will be provided.



Tone playing can be stopped by set command: AT+UTGN=0,0,0. If no tone is playing an ERROR message (+CME ERROR: operation not supported) is returned.



If Alert Sound Mode "silent mode" (+CALM=1) the +UTGN command returns an ERROR message (+CME ERROR: operation not supported).

17.7 Ringing tone selection command +URNG

17.7.1 Description

Allows the user to select one out of a set of predefined ringers. The test command differs between LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and LISA-U1/ LISA-U2 series.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+URNG=<rng_id>	OK	AT+URNG=5 OK
Read	AT+URNG?	+URNG: <rng_id> OK	+URNG: 0 OK
Test	AT+URNG=?	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +URNG: 0 - <rng_name_1> 1 - <rng_name_2> ... rng_max_num - <rng_name_n> OK LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +URNG: (list of supported <rng_id>s) OK	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +URNG: 0 - ring 1 - baroque 2 - caribic 3 - jamesbond 4 - moonstar 5 - ramp_spmidi 6 - mozart_imel 7 - whenever 8 - imperialmarch OK LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +URNG: (0-18) OK

17.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<rng_id>	Number	Ringer identifier currently selected; the default value is 0
<rng_name_x>	Number	Name of the ringer saved in the module
<error>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "operation not supported" will be provided; On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, if <rng_id> value is not allowed the error message "Wrong ringer identifier" will be provided

17.8 SMS Alert sound mode (Message Sound Muting) +UMSM

17.8.1 Description

Mutes the signalling sound of SMS on the MT.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UMSM=<mode>	OK	AT+UMSM=0 OK
Read	AT+UMSM?	+UMSM: <mode> OK	+UMSM: 0 OK
Test	AT+UMSM=?	+UMSM: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+UMSM: (0-1) OK

17.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): normal mode (the signalling sound of SMS on the MT is not muted) 1: silent mode (the signalling sound of SMS on the MT is muted)
<error>	Number	If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2

17.9 I²S Digital Interface Mode +UI2S

17.9.1 Description

Configures the I²S digital audio interface to be used when digital audio paths are chosen (AT+USPM command, <main_uplink>=I2S RX, <main_downlink>=I2S TX).

The I²S TX and RX data line can be connected to two different access point of the uplink and downlink audio path (Refer to block diagram in the chapter 20.1).



On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130 only one digital audio interface is available.

I²S interface can be configured either in Master or in Slave mode (<I2S_Master_Slave> parameter):

- In Master mode the I2S_WA and I2S_CLK signals are generated by the module
- In Slave mode I2S_WA and I2S_CLK signals must be generated by the remote device



Slave mode is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

The sample rate of transmitted and received words is configurable as 8, 11.025, 12, 16, 22.05, 24, 32, 44.1 and 48 kHz through <I2S_sample_rate> parameter.



LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series modules only support 8 kHz sampling rate.

Furthermore synchronization between data, clock and word alignment lines can be configured in different modes through <I2S_mode> parameter:

- PCM modes (short synchronization signal)
- Normal I²S modes (long synchronization signal)

For details about I²S technical features in PCM and Normal I²S mode, refer either to LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] or LISA-U series System integration Manual [49].

The physical I²S port is composed of 4 pins. The signals are:

- I2S_WA (Word Alignment): Output signal in Master mode, Input signal in Slave mode; it synchronizes the data word; WA Cycle frequency is <I2S_sample_rate>, while WA cycle timing depends on the mode (refer to chapter 17.9.3, 17.9.4, 17.9.5 and 17.9.6)
- I2S_TXD (Transmitted Data): Output signal; Sequence of data bits, Most Significant bit transmitted first. Each word is 16 bits long, in 2's complement format with the configured I²S sample rate
- I2S_CLK (Clock): Output signal in Master mode, Input signal in Slave mode; it synchronizes the bits composing the data words; CLK frequency and edge synchronization with TXD/RXD signals depends on <I2S_mode> and the configured I²S sample rate. Refer to chapter 17.9.3, 17.9.5
- I2S_RXD (Received Data): Input signal; Sequence of data bits, Most Significant bit read first. Each word is 16 bits long, in 2's complement format with the configured I²S sample rate



For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the I²S pins are mapped in the following mode:

- Pin 26: I2S_WA
- Pin 27: I2S_TXD
- Pin 28: I2S_CLK
- Pin 29: I2S_RXD



For LISA-U120 / LISA-U130 the I²S pins are mapped in the following mode:

- Pin 41: I2S_WA
- Pin 42: I2S_TXD
- Pin 43: I2S_CLK
- Pin 44: I2S_RXD



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



<I2S_sample_rate> and <I2S_Master_Slave> parameters are not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UI2S=<I2S_mode>,<I2S_port>,<I2S_clk_wa>[,<I2S_sample_rate>[,<I2S_Master_Slave>]]	OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: AT+UI2S=10,1,1 OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: AT+UI2S=10,1,1,5,1 OK
Read	AT+UI2S?	+UI2S: <I2S_mode>,<I2S_port>,<I2S_clk_wa>,<I2S_sample_rate>,<I2S_Master_Slave> (Repeated for all I ² S interfaces) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +UI2S: 4,1,1 OK On LISA-U1 series: +UI2S: 4,1,1,4,1 OK On LISA-U2 series: +UI2S: 4,1,1,4,1 +UI2S: 10,3,1,5,0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+UI2S=?	+UI2S: (list of supported <I2S_mode>),(list of supported <I2S_port>),(list of supported <I2S_clk_wa>),(list of supported <I2S_sample_rate>),(list of supported <I2S_Master_Slave>] OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: +UI2S: (0-13),(1-2),(0-1) OK On LISA-U1 series: +UI2S: (0-13),(1),(0-1),(0-8),(0-1) OK On LISA-U2 series: +UI2S: (0-13),(1,3),(0-1),(0-8),(0-1) OK

17.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<I2S_mode>	Number	Specifies I ² S configurable modes. Allowed values are (0-13) as described in chapter 17.9.3, 17.9.5 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Default value: 4 • PCM modes (short synchronization signal) and normal I²S modes (long synchronization signal) are available • For modes available on each connection point and for their settings, refer to chapter 17.9.3, 17.9.5 • For the signals timing, refer to the chapter 17.9.4 and 17.9.6 <p>☞ I2Sx connection point only supports PCM modes, while I2Sy connection point only supports Normal I²S modes.</p>
<I2S_port>	Number	Specifies the I ² S and the I ² S connection point to be used as audio path when digital path is selected (refer to command AT+USPM, chapter 17.10). To view the I ² S connections points positions, refer to block diagram in chapter 20.1. Allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: I2S is connected to I2Sx connection point • 2: I2S is connected to I2Sy connection point • 3: I2S1 is connected to I2Sx connection point • 4: I2S1 is connected to I2Sy connection point <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ I2Sx connection point is parallel to the analog audio front end. In this case the digital audio path is comparable with the analog audio paths (refer to +USPM command, chapter 17.10) ○ I2Sy connection point is nearer to the codec in the audio path. While using this access point the audio path is not affected by some audio controls as digital filters (+UUBF, +UDBF), digital gains (+UMGC, +USGC), sidetone (+USTN); furthermore some audio resources as tone generator (+UTGN), info tones (e.g. free tone, connection tone, low battery alarm), players (ringer on incoming call, alarm and tunes generated by +UPAR command) are not available on I2Sy connection point <p>☞ Volume control (+CLVL) and hands-free algorithm (+UHFP) are active for both connection points.</p> <p>☞ The analog gains in the +USGC and +UMGC commands are unused for both connection points.</p>
<I2S_clk_wa>	Number	Specifies when I2S_CLK and I2S_WA signal are active. Allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Dynamic mode; I2S_CLK and I2S_WA outputs are active and running only when audio path is active (audio samples are read on I2S_RX line and written on I2S_TX line). After audio path is disabled (i.e. a call is hang up) I2S_CLK and I2S_WA are disabled too • 1 (default value): Continuous mode; CLK and WA outputs are always active and running, even when module is idle and audio path is disabled (no audio data written on I2S_TX line, no audio data read on I2S_RX line). This

Parameter	Type	Description
		implicates the module cannot enter power saving mode
<I2S_sample_rate>	Number	I ² S sample rate (frame rate). This is the frequency of the word set and received by I ² S. Words are synchronized by the WA (word alignment) signal. Thus <I2S_sample_rate> matches with the frequency of WA signal. Allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: 8 kHz sampling rate • 1: 11.025 kHz sampling rate • 2: 12 kHz sampling rate • 3: 16 kHz sampling rate • 4: 22.05 kHz sampling rate • 5: 24 kHz sampling rate • 6: 32 kHz sampling rate • 7: 44.1 kHz sampling rate • 8: 48 kHz sampling rate
<I2S_Master_Slave>	Number	Indicates the Master/Slave mode of I ² S interface Allowed values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Master mode. I2S_CLK, I2S_WA, I2S_TX are generated by the module as output. I2S_RX is an input signal • 1: Slave mode. Only I2S_TX signal is generated by the module as output. I2S_CLK, I2S_WA, I2S_RX are input signals and must be generated by the remote device.



<I2S_port>=3, 4 is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



<I2S_port>=2, 3, 4 is not supported by LISA-U1 series.



<I2S_port>=2, 4 is not supported by LISA-U2 series.



If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter value is out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided is +CMEE is set to 2:

- LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 and LISA-U1 series: +UI2S command returns ERROR when audio path is in digital mode (+USPM: 2,4,0,0). This is because the I²S settings cannot be changed when the audio path is configured to use this interface. It is necessary to disable the audio path with AT+USPM=0,0,0,0, configure the I²S interface, and then re-select the digital path with AT+USPM=2,4,0,0
- LISA-U2 series: +UI2S command returns ERROR when the <I2S_port> specified is used by the current audio path (<I2S_port>=3; +USPM: 8,7,0,0). The I²S settings cannot be changed when the audio path is configured to use this interface. It is necessary to change the audio path by +USPM to a configuration not using the <I2S_port>, configure the <I2S_port> by +UI2S, and then re-select the +USPM mode using the <I2S_port> specified.
- +UI2S command returns ERROR if I²S pins are already allocated by another resource
- +UI2S settings are saved in NVM after power off if changed



Allowed combination of <I2S_mode> and <I2S_port> are described in Table 4 and Table 5.

	PCM modes	Normal I ² S modes
I2Sx connection of I2S	(0-1)	Not supported
I2Sy connection of I2S	Not supported	(2-13)
I2Sx connection of I2S1	Not supported	Not supported
I2Sy connection of I2S1	Not supported	Not supported

Table 4: LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series I²S modes

	PCM modes	Normal I ² S modes
I2Sx connection of I2S	(0-1)	(2-13)
I2Sy connection of I2S	Not supported	Not supported
I2Sx connection of I2S1	Not supported	Not supported
I2Sy connection of I2S1	Not supported	Not supported

Table 5: LISA-U1 series I²S modes

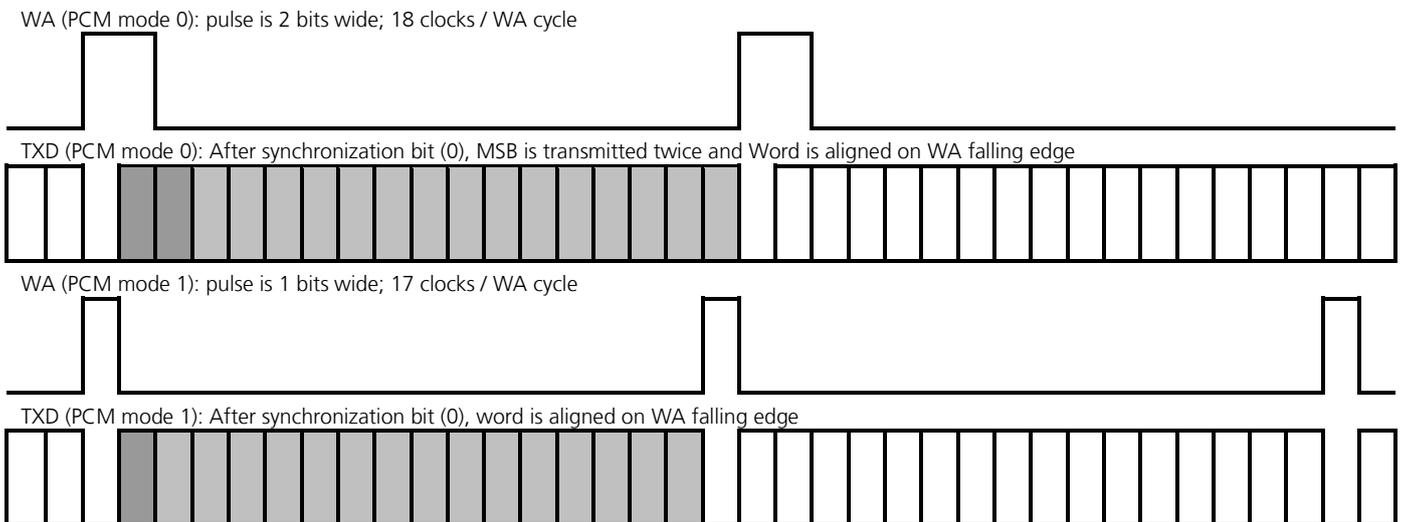
<I2S_port>	PCM modes	Normal I ² S modes
I2Sx connection of I2S	(0-1)	(2-13)
I2Sy connection of I2S	Not supported	Not supported
I2Sx connection of I2S1	(0-1)	(2-13)
I2Sy connection of I2S1	Not supported	Not supported

Table 6: LISA-U2 series I²S modes

17.9.3 PCM modes (short synchronization signal)

Mode	CLK EDGE for TX	CLK EDGE for RX	WA pulse length	CLK Freq.	WA Freq.
0	RISING	FALLING	2 clks	$18 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
1	RISING	FALLING	1 clk	$17 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$

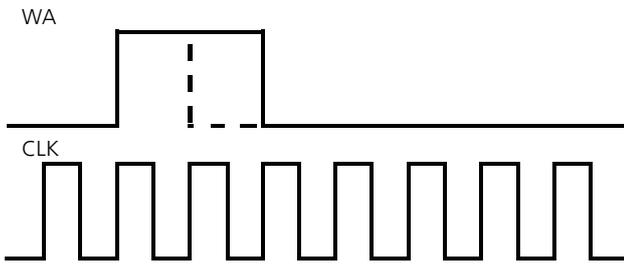
17.9.4 PCM modes timing diagrams



A single Transmitted word is marked in grey. MSB is marked darker.

Since RXD bits are read on the falling edge of CLK signal, the RXD word slot starts half bit delayed respect TXD word slot.

Relation between WA and CLK edge for PCM mode is:



17.9.5 Normal I²S modes (long synchronization signal)

Mode	CLK edge for TX	CLK edge for RX	MSB Delay	TX channel	RX channel	CLK Frequency	WA Frequency
2	FALLING	RISING	1 bit	WA LOW	WA LOW	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
3	RISING	FALLING	1 bit	WA LOW	WA LOW	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
4	FALLING	RISING	0 bit	WA LOW	WA LOW	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
5	RISING	FALLING	0 bit	WA LOW	WA LOW	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
6	FALLING	RISING	1 bit	WA HIGH	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
7	RISING	FALLING	1 bit	WA HIGH	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
8	FALLING	RISING	0 bit	WA HIGH	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
9	RISING	FALLING	0 bit	WA HIGH	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
10	FALLING	RISING	1 bit	WA HIGH & LOW	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
11	RISING	FALLING	1 bit	WA HIGH & LOW	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
12	FALLING	RISING	0 bit	WA HIGH & LOW	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$
13	RISING	FALLING	0 bit	WA HIGH & LOW	WA HIGH	$32 * \langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$	$\langle I2S_sample_rate \rangle$

17.9.6 Normal I²S modes timing diagrams

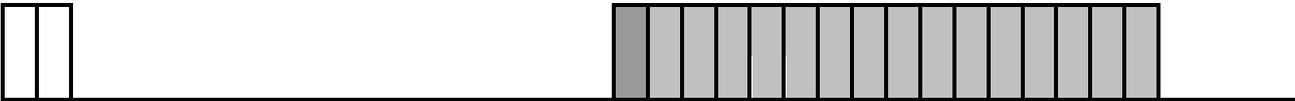
WA (all normal modes)



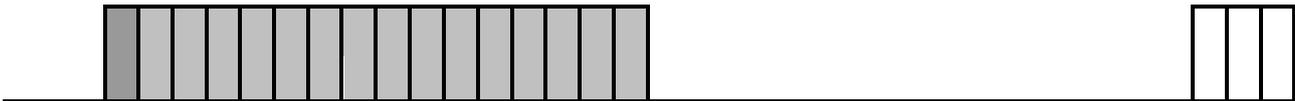
TXD timeslot (Normal modes 2-3): 1 bit delay; channel on WA low



TXD timeslot (Normal modes 4-5): 0 bit delay; channel on WA low



TXD (Normal modes 6-7): 1 bit delay; channel on WA high



TXD (Normal modes 8-9): 0 bit delay; channel on WA high



TXD (Normal modes 10-11): 1 bit delay; channel on WA high and low



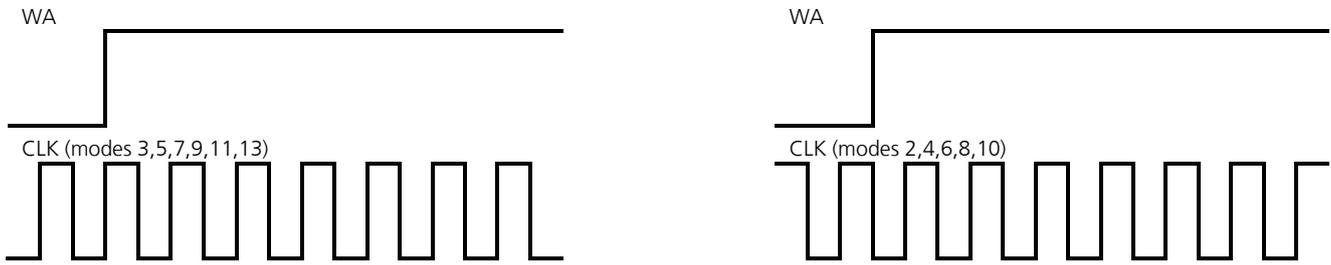
TXD (Normal modes 12-13): 0 bit delay; channel on WA high and low



A single Transmitted word is marked in grey. MSB is marked darker.

Since RXD bits are read on the opposite edge of CLK signal respect TXD bits, the RXD word slot starts half bit delayed respect TXD word slot.

Relation between WA and CLK edge for Normal I²S depends on mode:



17.10 Audio Path mode setting (Set Path Mode) +USPM

17.10.1 Description

Sets the audio Path Mode. The path mode is the way of enabling the different audio paths (audio input and output) of the module for different usecases.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USPM=<main_uplink>,<main_downlink>,<alert_sound>,<headset_indication>[,<vmic_ctrl>]	OK	AT+USPM=1,1,0,0 OK
Read	AT+USPM?	+USPM: <main_uplink>,<main_downlink>,<alert_sound>,<headset_indication>,<vmic_ctrl> OK	+USPM: 0,0,0,0,2 OK
Test	AT+USPM=?	+USPM: (list of supported <main_uplink>s),(list of supported <main_downlink>s),(list of supported <alert_sound>s),(list of supported <headset_indication>s) , (list of supported <vmic_ctrl>s) OK	+USPM: (0-2),(0,1,3,4),(0-1),(0-1),(0-2) OK

17.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<main_uplink>	Number	Specifies the audio input path used for speech: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): Handset microphone (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 pins: MIC_BIAS1, MIC_GND1; LISA-U1 series pins MIC_P, MIC_N) 1: Headset microphone (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 pins: MIC_BIAS2, MIC_GND2; LISA-U1 series pins MIC_P, MIC_N) 2: I²S input line (pin I2S_RXD) 4: Hands-free microphone (LISA-U1 series pins: MIC_P, MIC_N) For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Uplink path 0 via I2S 1: Uplink path 1 via I2S 2: Uplink path 2 via I2S

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3: Uplink path 3 via I2S • 4: Uplink path 4 via I2S • 5: Uplink path 5 via I2S1 • 6: Uplink path 6 via I2S1 • 7: Uplink path 7 via I2S1 • 8: Uplink path 8 via I2S1 • 9: Uplink path 9 via I2S1
<main_downlink>	Number	<p>Specifies the audio output path used for speech:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): Normal earpiece (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 pins: HS_P / GND; LISA-U1 series pins: SPK_N / SPK_P) • 1: Mono headset (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 pins: HS_P, GND; LISA-U1 series pins: SPK_N, SPK_P) • 2: Stereo headset • 3: Loudspeaker (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 pins: SPK_P, SPK_N; LISA-U1 series pins: SPK_N, SPK_P) • 4: I2S output line (pin I2S_TXD). <p>For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Downlink path 0 via I2S • 1: Downlink path 1 via I2S • 2: Downlink path 2 via I2S • 3: Downlink path 3 via I2S • 4: Downlink path 4 via I2S • 5: Downlink path 5 via I2S1 • 6: Downlink path 6 via I2S1 • 7: Downlink path 7 via I2S1 • 8: Downlink path 8 via I2S1 • 9: Downlink path 9 via I2S1
<alert_sound>	Number	<p>Specifies if the alert sounds in idle mode are played on the main downlink path (same downlink path as speech; see <main_downlink> parameter) or on the loudspeaker:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value for LISA-U1 series): Main downlink path • 1 (default value for LEON-G100/ LEON-G200): Loudspeaker
<headset_indication>	Number	<p>Specifies if the speech path is switched on headset or not when the headset is inserted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value for LISA-U1 series): Headset indication not considered • 1 (default value for LEON-G100/ LEON-G200): Headset indication considered
<vmic_ctrl>	Number	<p>Specifies the control mode for microphones voltage supply (VMIC). Both LEON microphones bias pins (MIC_BIAS1, MIC_BIAS2) are supplied by VMIC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value for LEON-G100/ LEON-G200): VMIC is switched on/off synchronously with the microphone amplifier; i.e. while module is idle or is using I²S input line, microphone amplifiers and VMIC are switched off • 1: VMIC is switched always on • 2 (default value for LISA-U1 series): VMIC is switched always off
<error>	String	<p>If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter values are out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2</p>



<main_uplink>=4 is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



<main_downlink>=2 is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 or LISA-U1 series.



<alert_sound>=1 and <headset_indication>=1 are not supported by LISA-U1 series.



<vmic_ctrl>=0 and <vmic_ctrl>=1 are not supported by LISA-U1 series.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the following combination of parameters <main_uplink>, <main_downlink>, <alert_sound>, <headset_indication> are allowed:

- 0, 0, 0, 1: Handset microphone, Normal earpiece, Alert on main path, Headset indication considered
- 0, 0, 1, 1: Handset microphone, Normal earpiece, Alert on loudspeaker, Headset indication considered
- 0, 0, 0, 0: Handset microphone, Normal earpiece, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered
- 0, 0, 1, 0: Handset microphone, Normal earpiece, Alert on loudspeaker, Headset indication not considered
- 0, 3, 0, 0: Handset microphone, Loudspeaker, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered
- 0, 3, 0, 1: Handset microphone, Loudspeaker, Alert on main path, Headset indication considered
- 0, 1, 0, 0: Handset microphone, Mono headset, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered
- 1, 1, 0, 0: Headset microphone, Mono headset, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered
- 1, 0, 0, 0: Headset microphone, Normal earpiece, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered
- 1, 0, 1, 0: Headset microphone, Normal earpiece, Alert on loudspeaker, Headset indication not considered
- 1, 3, 0, 0: Headset microphone, Loudspeaker, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered
- 2, 4, 0, 0: I²S input, I²S output, Alert on main path, Headset indication not considered



On LISA-U1 series the following combination of parameters <main_uplink>, <main_downlink> are allowed (<alert_sound>, <headset_indication> must always be set to 0):

Uplink\Downlink	0 - Normal earpiece	1 - Mono headset	2 - Unused	3 - Loudspeaker	4 - I ² S output
0 - Handset Microphone	x	x		x	
1 - Headset Microphone	x	x		x	
2 - I ² S input					x
3 - Unused					
4 - Hands-free Microphone	x	x		x	

Besides the routing via analog or digital interface, the uplink and uplink paths include a set of audio parameters (gains, digital filters, echo canceller parameters). Uplink paths can be edited by AT commands Microphone Gain Control (+UMGC), Uplink Biquad Filters (+UUBF), Hands-Free Parameters (+UHFP), all using the uplink path index.

Downlink paths can be edited by AT commands Speaker Gain Control (+USGC), Downlink Biquad Filters (+UDBF), Sidetone (+USTN), all using the downlink path index.

The command Set Pat Mode (+USPM) is used to choose the uplink and downlink path used.

Only one single uplink path and one single downlink path can be used. Parallel paths are not managed.



On LISA-U2 series the following combination of parameters <main_uplink>, <main_downlink> are allowed:

Uplink\Downlink	0 - Uplink path 0 via I2S	1 - Uplink path 1 via I2S	2 - Uplink path 2 via I2S	3 - Uplink path 3 via I2S	4 - Uplink path 4 via I2S	5 - Uplink path 5 via I2S1	6 - Uplink path 6 via I2S1	7 - Uplink path 7 via I2S1	8 - Uplink path 8 via I2S1	9 - Uplink path 9 via I2S1
0 - Uplink path 0 via I2S	x	x	x	x	x					
1 - Uplink path 1 via I2S	x	x	x	x	x					
2 - Uplink path 2 via I2S	x	x	x	x	x					
3 - Uplink path 3 via I2S	x	x	x	x	x					
4 - Uplink path 4 via I2S	x	x	x	x	x					
5 - Uplink path 5 via I2S1						x	x	x	x	x
6 - Uplink path 6 via I2S1						x	x	x	x	x
7 - Uplink path 7 via I2S1						x	x	x	x	x
8 - Uplink path 8 via I2S1						x	x	x	x	x
9 - Uplink path 9 via I2S1						x	x	x	x	x

17.11 Play audio resource (Play Audio Resource) +UPAR

17.11.1 Description

Starts the playback of the pre-defined tone of the selected audio resource.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



<audio_resource>=1 (MIDI player) is not supported by LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series.



<audio_resource>=2 (audio loop for test purposes) is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 or LISA-U1 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPAR=<audio_resource>,<tone_id>,<nof_repeats>	OK	AT+UPAR=0,1,0 OK
Test	AT+UPAR=?	+UPAR: (list of supported <audio_resource>s),(list of supported <tone_id>s),(list of supported <nof_repeats>s) OK	+UPAR: (0-1),(0-66),(0-255) OK

17.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<audio_resource>	Number	Specifies the audio resource <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: tone generator • 1: MIDI player • 2: audio loop for test purposes. Use this command to generate an audio loop between uplink and downlink current path (+USPM) when not in a call. Use the sidetone command (+USTN) for loop amount configuration. For uplink to downlink loop on call use sidetone (+USTN) command only
<tone_id>	Number	Specifies the pre-defined tone id to be played; the supported values depend by <audio_resource> values according to the tables reported below
<nof_repeats>	Number	Specifies the number of repeats <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: infinite loop • n: n repeats
<error>	Number	If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter values are out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2

Possible values for tone generator are:

id	tone	id	tone	id	tone
0	DTMF 0	23	service tone 6	46	melody 0
1	DTMF 1	24	service tone 7	47	melody 1
2	DTMF 2	25	service tone 8	48	melody 2
3	DTMF 3	26	service tone 9	49	melody 3
4	DTMF 4	27	service tone 10	50	melody 4
5	DTMF 5	28	service tone 11	51	melody 5
6	DTMF 6	29	service tone 12	52	melody 6
7	DTMF 7	30	service tone 13	53	melody 7
8	DTMF 8	31	service tone 14	54	melody 8
9	DTMF 9	32	service tone 15	55	melody 9
10	DTMF hash	33	service tone 16	56	melody 10
11	DTMF asterix	34	service tone 17	57	melody 11
12	key tone 1	35	service tone 18	58	melody 12
13	key tone 2	36	service tone 19	59	melody 13
14	key tone 3	37	service tone 20	60	melody 14
15	key tone 4	38	service tone 21	61	melody 15
16	key tone 5	39	service tone 22	62	melody 16
17	service tone 0	40	service tone 23	63	melody 17
18	service tone 1	41	service tone 24	64	melody 18
19	service tone 2	42	service tone 25	65	service tone 29
20	service tone 3	43	service tone 26	66	service tone 30
21	service tone 4	44	service tone 27		
22	service tone 5	45	service tone 28		

Possible values for <audio_resource>=1 (MIDI player) are:

id	ringing tone	id	ringing tone
0	ring	5	ramp spmidi
1	baroque	6	mozart imel
2	caribic	7	whenever

id	ringing tone	id	ringing tone
3	jamesbond	8	imperialmarch
4	moonstar		



MIDI Melodies are the same selectable as ringer by +URNG command.

17.12 Stop audio resource (Stop Audio Resource) +USAR

17.12.1 Description

This command stops the playback of the selected audio resource.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USAR=<audio_resource>	OK	AT+USAR=0 OK
Test	AT+USAR=?	+USAR: (list of supported <audio_resource>s) OK	+USAR: (0-1) OK

17.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<audio_resource>	Number	Specifies the audio resource <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: DSP tone generator 1: MIDI player
<error>	Number	If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter values are out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2

17.13 Play audio file +UPLAYFILE

17.13.1 Description

Play the specified audio file stored into the file system. For more details about file system description refer to chapter 18 "File System AT commands".



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



When finish playing the file, a status indication is sent to DTE in a form of +UPLAYFILE.



The command provides an error message if +CRSL is set to 0.



LEON-G100/G200 series modules support AMR audio file. The storage format of AMR encoded audio content must be compliant to RFC3267 [54].



LISA-U1 series modules support PCM audio file. The storage format of PCM audio files must be: 8 kHz sample rate, signed 16 bits, little endian, mono.



On LISA-U1 series, the player is stopped and a URC (+UPLAYFILE STOPPED) is provided in the following cases:

- Call dialup or hangup during file playing
- Call handover with a narrow band/wide band speech change during file playing



The URC (+UPLAYFILE STOPPED) is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPLAYFILE=<filename>	OK	AT+UPLAYFILE= "file1.amr" OK
Read	AT+UPLAYFILE?	+UPLAYFILE: <playstatus> OK	+UPLAYFILE: 0 OK
URC		+UPLAYFILE STOPPED	

17.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<filename>	String	Specifies the audio resource file name to be played
<playstatus>	Number	Play status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: no file is playing • 1: the file is playing
<error>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If an incorrect number of parameters is provided or the parameter values are out of range the error message "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2 • If <filename> file is not present in the file system the error message "+CME ERROR: FILE NOT FOUND" will be provided if +CMEE is set to 2

17.14 Stop AMR audio file +USTOPFILE

17.14.1 Description

Stop the AMR audio file reproduction.

A URC is provided after the file is correctly stopped by AT+USTOPFILE command.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



On LISA-U1 series, the player is stopped and a URC (+UPLAYFILE STOPPED) is provided in the following cases:

- Call dialup or hangup during file playing
- Call handover with a narrow band/wide band speech change during file playing



The URC is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+USTOPFILE	OK	AT+USTOPFILE OK
URC		+UPLAYFILE STOPPED	

17.15 Jamming Detection +UCD

17.15.1 Description

The feature consists in detecting, at radio resource level, an anomalous source of interference and signalling it to the client. The jamming condition occurs when simultaneously:

- The synchronization is lost (i.e. the MT is no longer camped on the serving cell and cannot select any other suitable cell)
- An interference is detected (i.e. the band scan reveals at least n carriers, with power level equal or higher than a specified threshold, on which no synchronization is possible)

If `<mode>` is set to 5 an additional constraint to verify a jamming condition occurrence is added:

- The synchronization is lost and the MT cannot select any other suitable cell of the “user-desired” PLMN, which is defined as:
 - The manually selected PLMN (i.e. the `<oper>` parameter, of `+COPS=1,<format>,<oper>`), when `+COPS=1` is used
 - The Home PLMN (as read from the IMSI), when `+COPS=0` is used

If the synchronization is lost due to the detected interference, and the MT camps and/or registers on a different PLMN, the jamming condition is not cleared as long as the “user-desired” PLMN is not detected or second condition (interference detected) is no longer true.

The minimum number of disturbing carriers and the power level threshold can be configured by the client through this command.

The jamming condition is cleared when any of the above mentioned statements does not hold.

The command configures how jamming is reported. If activated, an unsolicited indication is issued when the jamming condition is entered or released. In particular, the set command configures the URC **+UCD: <active>**.

-  `<mode>=2` is not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.
-  `<mode>=3` and `<mode>=4` are not supported by LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series (thus `<min_number_of_3G_carriers>`, `<rssi_threshold>` are also not present).
-  `<mode>=5` is not supported by LEON-G100-07x and previous versions or by LEON-G200 series or by LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series.
-  `<mode>=2` returns the `<active>` value, if and only if the URC has been previously enabled. Otherwise the “Operation not allowed” error (see Appendix A.6 for error codes) is generated.
-  `<mode>=2` does not change the stored `<mode>` value.
-  When using `<mode>=2` in the set command, the remaining parameters are not mandatory.
-  On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the `<active>` value is not provided in the response to the set command.
-  On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the jamming detection can be enabled / disabled only on one AT interface at a time. Once disabled on that AT interface, it can be enabled on a different one.
-  On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the jamming detection can be independently enabled / disabled on 2G and 3G.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCD=<mode>[,<min_number_of_2G_carriers>,<rxlev_threshold>,<min_number_of_3G_carriers>,<rssi_threshold>]	[+UCD: <active>] OK	AT+UCD=3,,,10,20 OK
			AT+UCD=2 +UCD: 1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UCD?	if <mode>=1 or <mode>=5 +UCD: <mode>,<min_number_of_2G_carriers> ,<rxlev_threshold> OK if <mode>=3 +UCD: <mode>,,,<min_number_of_3G_carriers> >,<rss_i_threshold> OK if <mode>=4 +UCD: <mode>,<min_number_of_2G_carriers> ,<rxlev_threshold>,<min_number_of_3G_carriers>,<rss_i_threshold> OK	+UCD: 1,10,20 OK +UCD: 3,11,25 OK +UCD: 4,10,20,11,25 OK
Test	AT+UCD=?	+UCD: (range of supported <mode>),(range of supported <min_number_of_2G_carriers>),(range of supported <rxlev_threshold>),(range of supported <min_number_of_3G_carriers>),(range of supported <rss_i_threshold>) OK	+UCD: (0-4),(1-172),(3-63),(1-136),(0-76) OK
URC		+UCD: <active>	+UCD: 3

17.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Mode of operation of the jamming detection. When enabled, the +UCD URC may be generated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: disabled • 1: 2G jamming detection enabled • 2: interrogation of the <active> value • 3: 3G jamming detection enabled • 4: 2G and 3G jamming detection enabled • 5: advanced 2G jamming detection enabled
<min_number_of_2G_carriers>	Number	Number of minimum disturbing carriers Mandatory parameter if <mode>=1 or <mode>=4; if <mode>=3 the parameter has to be omitted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range between 1 and 255 in LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series • Range between 1 and 172 in LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series
<rxlev_threshold>	Number	Power level threshold for 2G carriers; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28] Mandatory parameter if <mode>=1 or <mode>=4 or <mode>=5; if <mode>=2 or <mode>=3 the parameter must be omitted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range between 3 to 63
<min_number_of_3G_carriers>	Number	Number of minimum disturbing carriers Mandatory parameter if <mode>=3 or <mode>=4; if <mode>=0 or <mode>=1 or <mode>=2 the parameter must be omitted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range between 1 and 136

Parameter	Type	Description
<rssi_threshold>	Number	Power level threshold for 3G carriers Mandatory parameter if <mode>=3 or <mode>=4; if <mode>=0 or <mode>=1 or <mode>=2 the parameter must be omitted <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range between 0 and 76
<active>	Number	Jamming detection status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: 2G jamming no longer detected • 1: detected the 2G jamming • 2: 3G jamming no longer detected • 3: detected the 3G jamming

17.16 Select Band +UBANDSEL

17.16.1 Description

Allows switching from automatic band selection to selection of one or more (up to four) bands from the following:

- 2G network
 - 850 MHz
 - 900 MHz
 - 1800 MHz
 - 1900 MHz
- 3G network
 - 800 MHz (Band VI)
 - 850 MHz (Band V)
 - 900 MHz (Band VIII)
 - 1500 MHz (Band XI)
 - 1700 MHz (Band IV)
 - 1800 MHz (Band III)
 - 1900 MHz (Band II)
 - 2100 MHz (Band I)
 - 2600 MHz (Band VII)



On LISA-U1 and LISA-U2 series the list of supported bands presents exclusively GSM or UMTS bands depending on which RAT the MT is currently registered. If it is not registered, the bands presented depend on +URAT command:

- If in single mode, depends on <Act>
- If in dual mode, depends on <PreferredAct> (thus the command forces a single mode behavior)



The MT will camp on a cell, if suitable, belonging to one of the selected band; the OK response is regardless of the result of the camping on the new cell.



To have effective the setting, the module must be deregistered and registered again (using the commands +COPS=2, +COPS=0).



The configuration is saved in NVM for future registration attempts.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UBANDSEL=<band_1>[,<band_2>[, ...]]	OK	AT+UBANDSEL=900 OK
Read	AT+UBANDSEL?	+UBANDSEL: <band_1>[,<band_2>[, ...]] OK	+UBANDSEL: 850,900,1800,1900 OK
Test	AT+UBANDSEL=?	+UBANDSEL: (list of supported <band_x>) OK	+UBANDSEL: (0,850,900,1800,1900) OK

17.16.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<band_x>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: restore the factory-programmed configuration of the module 800: selection of 800 MHz band 850: selection of 850 MHz band 900: selection of 900 MHz band 1500: selection of 1500 MHz band 1700: selection of 1700 MHz band 1800: selection of 1800 MHz band 1900: selection of 1900 MHz band 2100: selection of 2100 MHz band 2600: selection of 2600 MHz band

17.17 Set reporting call status +UCALLSTAT

17.17.1 Description

Allows to enable / disable the reporting voice call status on DTE using the URC **+UCALLSTAT**. This URC is generated each time a call status change occurs. When multiple calls change status at the same time (e.g. when all multiparty calls are terminated) an URC +UCALLSTAT is generated for each of them.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCALLSTAT=<enable>	OK	AT+UCALLSTAT=1 OK
Read	AT+UCALLSTAT?	+UCALLSTAT: <enable> OK	+UCALLSTAT: 1 OK
Test	AT+UCALLSTAT=?	+UCALLSTAT: (list of supported <enable>'s) OK	+UCALLSTAT: (0-1) OK
URC		+UCALLSTAT: <call_id>,<stat>	+UCALLSTAT: 1,2

17.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<enable>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: reporting disabled 1: reporting enabled
<call_id>	Number	Indicates the call identification (refer to 3GPP TS 22.030 [15])

Parameter	Type	Description
<stat>	Number	Indicates the voice call status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: active • 1: hold • 2: dialling (Mobile Originated call) • 3: alerting (Mobile Originated call; ringing for the remote party) • 4: ringing (Mobile Terminated call) • 5: waiting (Mobile Terminated call) • 6: disconnected • 7: connected (indicates the completion of a call setup first time for MT and MO calls – this is reported in addition to state active)

17.18 Display operator name +UDOPN

17.18.1 Description

The command displays the name of the network of the requested <type>. In case the requested information is not available (e.g. no SIM-files EF-OPL and EF-PNN), the command displays the network name which is most similar to the requested <type>. In case the requested name is the Service Provider Name (<type>= 7), a null string is displayed if not available.

In case EONS names are not available, NITZ names are displayed, if any. In case no NITZ name is available, CPHS names are used. In case no CPHS name is available, ROM PLMN names are displayed.

In case no ROM PLN name matches to the current network, its numeric format (i.e. <type> 0) is returned.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDOPN=<type>	+UDOPN: <type>[,<name>[,<display_condition>]] OK	AT+UDOPN=4 +UDOPN: 4, "Main Network" OK AT+UDOPN=7 +UDOPN: 7, "SERVICE-PROVIDER",1 OK AT+UDOPN=7 +UDOPN: 7, " OK
Test	AT+UDOPN=?	+UDOPN: (list of supported <type>s) OK	+UDOPN: (0-9) OK

17.18.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<type>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: numeric format of network MCC/MNC (three BCD digit country code and two/three BCD digit network code) • 1: Short Name in ROM • 2: Long Name in ROM • 3: Short Network Operator Name (CPHS) • 4: Long Network Operator Name (CPHS) • 5: Short NITZ Name • 6: Full NITZ Name • 7: Service Provider Name • 8: EONS short operator name • 9: EONS long operator name

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 11: Short Network Operator Name 12: Long Network Operator Name
<display_condition>	Number	Display condition as stored on SIM for the service provider name in respect to the registered PLMN (see GSM TS 11.11 [18] for more details).
<name>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "network name": for <type> = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 "additional Unicode network name": for <type> = 1 or 2 "service provider name": followed by <display_condition> for <type> 7 "MCC:MNC": for <type> = 0



EONS means Enhanced Operator Name from SIM-files EF-OPL and EF-PNN.



The coding of <name> is according to the +CSCS setting.



<type>=11 and <type>=12 are not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

17.19 Device configuration +UDCONF

17.19.1 Description

Accesses several configurations and settings:

- Changes the advanced settings for data transmission (PPP/LCP silent mode, HEX mode, UDP direct link packet size and sending timer)
- Steering of Roaming configuration
- Speech codec configuration
- Local DTMF tone generation
- Enable/disable connection type groups
- MSPR profile handling (see paragraph 17.19.1.1 below)
- SIM hot insertion detection

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Generic syntax: AT+UDCONF=<udconf_cmd_id>,...	OK	AT+UDCONF=0,0 OK
	PPP-LCP silent mode: AT+UDCONF=0,<ppp_lcp_silent_mode>	OK	AT+UDCONF=0,0 OK
	Enable/Disable HEX mode for +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD and +USORF commands: AT+UDCONF=1,<hex_mode_disable>	OK	AT+UDCONF=1,0 OK
	UDP Direct Link: set packet size: AT+UDCONF=2,<socket_id>[,<packet_size>]	OK	AT+UDCONF=2,1,1024 OK
	UDP Direct Link: set sending timer: AT+UDCONF=3,<socket_id>,<sending_timer_timeout>	OK	AT+UDCONF=2,1,1000 OK
	ICMP Echo reply AT+UDCONF=4,<icmp_echo_reply>	OK	AT+UDCONF=4,1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
	Steering of Roaming enable/disable: AT+UDCONF=20,<SoR_enable>	OK	AT+UDCONF=20,1 OK
	Speech codec configuration: AT+UDCONF=30,[<codec_bitmap>]	OK	AT+UDCONF=30,31 OK
	Local DTMF tone generation: AT+UDCONF=31,<local_tone_generation>	OK	AT+UDCONF=31,1 OK
	Connection type group enable/disable: AT+UDCONF=32,<conn_type_groups_bitmap>	OK	AT+UDCONF=32,1 OK
	User defined power reduction: AT+UDCONF=40,<GPRS_profile>[,<EDGE_profile>]	OK	AT+UDCONF=40,2,3 OK
	SIM hot insertion detection: AT+UDCONF=50,<sim_insertion_detect>	OK	AT+UDCONF=50,1 OK
Get	Generic syntax: AT+UDCONF=<udconf_cmd_id>[,...]	+UDCONF: <udconf_cmd_id>,... OK	AT+UDCONF=0 +UDCONF: 0,0 OK
	PPP-LCP silent mode: AT+UDCONF=0	AT+UDCONF: 0,<ppp_lcp_silent_mode> OK	AT+UDCONF=0 AT+UDCONF: 0,0 OK
	HEX mode for +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD and +USORF commands: AT+UDCONF=1	+UDCONF: 1,<hex_mode_disable> OK	AT+UDCONF=1 +UDCONF: 1,1 OK
	UDP Direct Link: packet size: AT+UDCONF=2,<socket_id>	+UDCONF: 2,<socket_id>,<packet_size> OK	AT+UDCONF=2,1 AT+UDCONF: 2,1,1024 OK
	UDP Direct Link: sending timer: AT+UDCONF=3,<socket_id>	+UDCONF: 3,<socket_id>,<sending_timer_timeout> > OK	AT+UDCONF=3,1 AT+UDCONF: 3,1,1000 OK
	ICMP Echo reply AT+UDCONF=4	+UDCONF: 4,<icmp_echo_reply> OK	AT+UDCONF=4 AT+UDCONF: 4,1 OK
	Steering of Roaming: AT+UDCONF=20	+UDCONF: 20,<SoR_enable> OK	AT+UDCONF=20 AT+UDCONF: 20,1 OK
	Speech codec configuration: AT+UDCONF=30	+UDCONF: 30,<active_codec_bitmap>,<supported_codec_bitmap> OK	AT+UDCONF=30 +UDCONF: 30,31,255 OK
	Local DTMF tone generation: AT+UDCONF=31	+UDCONF: 31,<local_tone_generation> OK	AT+UDCONF=31 +UDCONF: 31,1 OK
	Connection type groups enable/disable: AT+UDCONF=32	+UDCONF: 32,<active_conn_type_groups_bitmap>,<configured_conn_type_groups_bitmap> > OK	AT+UDCONF=32 +UDCONF: 32,1,1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
	User defined power reduction: AT+UDCONF=40	+UDCONF: 40,<GPRS_profile>,<EDGE_profile> OK	AT+UDCONF=40 AT+UDCONF: 40,2,2 OK
	SIM hot insertion detection: AT+UDCONF=50	+UDCONF: 50,<sim_insertion_detect> OK	AT+UDCONF=50 +UDCONF: 50,1 OK
Test	Generic syntax: AT+UDCONF=?	+UDCONF: <udconf_cmd_id1>,(list of supported <param1> values for cmd 1),... +UDCONF: <udconf_cmd_id2>,(list of supported <param1> values for cmd 2),... ... +UDCONF: <udconf_cmd_idN>,(list of supported <param1> values for cmd N),... OK	+UDCONF: 1,(0,1) +UDCONF: 2,(0-6),(100-1472) +UDCONF: 3,(0-6),(100-120000) +UDCONF: 4,(0,1) +UDCONF: 20,(0,1) +UDCONF: 30,(0-4095) +UDCONF: 31,(0,1) +UDCONF: 32,(0-127) +UDCONF: 40,(0-3),(0-3) +UDCONF: 50,(0,1) OK



HEX mode setting (<udconf_cmd_id>=1) is not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



Packet size or sending timer for UDP Direct Link (<udconf_cmd_id>=2 or 3) is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



Steering of Roaming (<udconf_cmd_id>=20) is not supported by LEON-G100-06x / LEON-G200-06x and previous versions, or by LISA-U1 and LISA-U200-00S versions.



Speech codec configuration (<udconf_cmd_id>=30) is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, nor by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version.



User-defined power reduction (<udconf_cmd_id>=40) is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, or by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version.



Local DTMF tone generation and connection type groups enable/disable are not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series or by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U200-00S version.



The ICMP echo reply is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U200-00S version.



SIM hot insertion detection is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series or by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version.

17.19.1.1 Notes for user-defined power reduction

Multi-slot transmission power can be reduced according to 3GPP specifications and set to a defined threshold by means of the +UDCONF AT command.

In 3G mode (i.e. UMTS radio access), the maximum output power cannot be set by AT commands, but is automatically set by the module according to the UE Maximum Power Reduction for the nominal maximum output power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH defined by 3GPP specifications.

In 2G mode (i.e. GSM EDGE radio access), the maximum output power in GPRS or EDGE multi-slot configuration can be set by the +UDCONF AT command selecting the active multi-slot power reduction profile within the available profiles defined in Table 7 according to 3GPP specifications.

The maximum output power in GPRS or EDGE multislot configuration depends on the active MSPR profile set by the +UDCONF AT command and the number of active Tx slots set by the network, as described in Table 7:

active Tx slots	MSPR Profile 0	MSPR Profile 1	MSPR Profile 2	MSPR Profile 3
1	0	0	0	0
2	3	1	0	0
3	4,8	2,8	0,8	0
4	6	4	2	0

Table 7: Power reduction (dBm)

17.19.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<udconf_cmd_id>	Number	<p>Command identifier. AT+UDCONF can be used for several purposes (availability may change across different products):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: PPP-LCP silent mode • 1: Enable/Disable HEX mode for +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD and +USORF commands • 2: UDP Direct Link: set packet size • 3: UDP Direct Link: set sending timer • 4: Enable/Disable ICMP ECHO REPLY (ping response). Not all the network operators allow ping traffic in their network. • 20: enable/disable Steering of Roaming • 30: speech codec configuration • 31: local DMTF tone generation • 32: connection type group enable/disable • 40: user defined power reduction • 50: enable / disable SIM hot insertion detection <p>Any other value is RFU and must not be used.</p>
<ppp_lcp_silent_mode>	Number	<p>Used to enable/disable PPP-LCP silent mode.</p> <p>Valid values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: silent mode disabled, the module sends the first LCP frame • 1 (default value): silent mode enabled, the module waits for the other end to start first
<hex_mode_disable>	Number	<p>Used to enable/disable HEX mode for +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD and +USORF.</p> <p>Valid values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): HEX mode disabled • 1: HEX mode enabled
<socket_id>	Number	<p>Socket identifier; used when changing the UDP Direct Link settings.</p> <p>Valid range is 0-6</p>
<packet_size>	Number	<p>Packet size (in bytes) for UDP direct link; valid range is 100-1472; default value is 1024 bytes</p>
<sending_timer_timeout>	Number	<p>Sending timer (in milliseconds) for UDP direct link; valid range is 100-120000; default value is 1000 ms</p>
<icmp_echo_reply>	Number	<p>Enables or disables the ping response when a remote host performs a ping request to the module</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: ping response disabled (the module does not reply to remote pings) • 1: ping response enabled (default: the module replies to remote pings)
<SoR_enable>	Number	<p>Steering of Roaming enable/disable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (factory-programmed value): disable Steering of Roaming • 1: enable Steering of Roaming <p>This setting can be changed only when the module is not registered to, and not searching for, a network (i.e. when +CREG's <stat> is 0; see chapter 7.4.2). The new setting is saved in NVM and takes place at the next network registration / search.</p>
<codec_bitmap>	Number	<p>Bitmask representing the list of available speech codecs to be presented to the network during voice call setup.</p> <p>Valid range is 0-31 (equivalent to bits 00000-11111) for LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and 0-4095 (equivalent to bits 000000000000-111111111111) for LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series. The new setting is saved in NVM and is used immediately. As a factory-programmed setting, the Channel Codec bitmap is 31 on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and 3135 on LISA-U2 series except LISA-U200-00S version.</p>

Parameter	Type	Description																																																				
		See the following table for the meaning of each bit and codec availability:																																																				
		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Codec</th> <th>LISA</th> <th>LEON</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>Full Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>GSM Enhanced Full Rate (12.2 kb/s)</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>GSM Full Rate (13.0 kb/s)</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Half Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>GSM Half Rate (5.6 kb/s)</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Full Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>8PSK Half Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>8PSK Full Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>8PSK Half Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate 2</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Bit	Codec	LISA	LEON	0	Full Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate	•	•	1	GSM Enhanced Full Rate (12.2 kb/s)	•	•	2	GSM Full Rate (13.0 kb/s)	•	•	3	Half Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate	•	•	4	GSM Half Rate (5.6 kb/s)	•	•	5	Full Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand	•	•	6	8PSK Half Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate	•		7	8PSK Full Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand	•		8	8PSK Half Rate Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand	•		9	UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate	•		10	UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate 2	•		11	UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand	•	
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10	UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate 2	•																																																				
11	UMTS Adaptive Multi-Rate WideBand	•																																																				
<active_codec_bitmap>	Number	The currently active codecs, in the format described for <codec_bitmap>																																																				
<supported_codec_bitmap>	Number	The list of currently supported codecs, in the format described for <codec_bitmap>																																																				
<local_tone_generation>	Number	Local DTMF tone generation enable / disable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: local DTMF tone generation is disabled (factory-programmed value) • 1: local DTMF tone generation is enabled This setting is volatile																																																				
<conn_type_groups_bitmap>	Number	Bitmask representing the list of "connection type groups" supported after reboot. Valid range is 0-127 (equivalent to bits 0000000-1111111). The new setting is saved in NVM and is used only after reboot. The factory-programmed bitmask is 127 (all groups are supported). See the following table for the meaning of each bit: <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Bit</th> <th>Connection type group</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>UDI multimedia</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>UDI data</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>RDI</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Audio 3.1 kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>All sync transparent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>All async transparent</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>All async non transparent</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> See the note below for the meaning of each group.	Bit	Connection type group	0	UDI multimedia	1	UDI data	2	RDI	3	Audio 3.1 kHz	4	All sync transparent	5	All async transparent	6	All async non transparent																																				
Bit	Connection type group																																																					
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<active_conn_type_groups_bitmap>	Number	The currently active connection type groups, in the format described for <conn_type_groups_bitmap>																																																				
<configured_conn_type_groups_bitmap>	Number	The list of the connection type groups that is supported after reboot, in the format described for <conn_type_groups_bitmap>																																																				
<GPRS_profile>	Number	User defined power reduction: MSPR GPRS profile (range 0-3). The factory-programmed value is 2																																																				
<EDGE_profile>	Number	User defined power reduction: MSPR EDGE profile (range 0-3). This parameter is optional: if omitted, the MSPR EDGE profile is not affected. The factory-programmed value is 2																																																				
<sim_insertion_detect>	Number	SIM hot insertion detection. Allowed values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (factory-programmed value): disable insertion detection • 1: enable insertion detection: the module is able to monitor the electric line which signals the insertion and removal of a SIM card This setting is saved in NVM.																																																				



"PPP-LCP silent mode" means that it is possible to configure whether the module must wait for the first LCP frame or send the first LCP frame while establishing a PPP connection.



For AT&T certification: the EDGE MSPR profile should be limited to values 2 and 3.



LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series modules are certified with defined MSPR profiles. If the user changes the profile classes during the certification process, the product PICS must be changed accordingly.



The changes in the user defined power reduction are effective after reboot.



In LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the supported codec list may vary for each product. The <supported_codec_bitmap> must be checked before making any change.



Local DTMF tone generation applies to user-required tones only, i.e. started via AT+VTS and AT+UVTS commands and not by SIM Toolkit application (aka proactive DTMF tones).



The connection type groups 4, 5 and 6 partially include the groups 1, 2 and 3. Enabling a super-group forces all sub-groups to be enabled; enabling a sub-group is possible even if the super-group is disabled.

The meaning of each data connection super-group is defined as follows:

Group	Transfer capability group	AT+CBST	Rate (bit/s)	Type	2G	3G	
Async transparent	Audio 3.1 kHz	4,0,0	2400	V110, V22 bis	•		
		5,0,0	2400	V110, V26 ter	•		
		6,0,0	4800	V110, V32	•		
		7,0,0	9600	V110, V32	•		
		16,0,0	28800	V34		•	
	UDI Data	68,0,0	2400	V110	•		
		70,0,0	4800	V110	•		
		71,0,0	9600	V110	•		
				0,0,1	Autobauding	•	•
				4,0,1	2400	V110, V22 bis	•
Async non transparent	Audio 3.1 kHz	5,0,1	2400	V110, V26 ter	•		
		6,0,1	4800	V110, V32	•	•	
		7,0,1	9600	V110, V32	•	•	
		12,0,1	9600	V34		•	
		14,0,1	14400	V34		•	
	UDI Data	15,0,1	19200	V34		•	
		16,0,1	28800	V34		•	
		68,0,1	2400	V110	•		
		70,0,1	4800	V110	•	•	
		71,0,1	9600	V110	•	•	
	RDI Data	75,0,1	14400	V110		•	
		79,0,1	19200	V110		•	
		80,0,1	28800	V110		•	
		81,0,1	38400	V110		•	
	Sync transparent	Audio 3.1 kHz	83,0,1	56000	V110	•	
84,0,1			64000	FTM	•		
UDI Data		16,1,0	28800	V34		•	
		83,1,0	56000	V110		•	
UDI Multimedia		RDI Data	115,1,0	56000		•	
		UDI Data	116,1,0	64000		•	
		130,1,0	64000		•		
		131,1,0	64000		•		
		133,1,0	64000		•		
		134,1,0	64000		•		

Table 8: Data connection groups: meaning, availability and relationship with AT+CBST parameters.

If a call class is disabled then:

- The outgoing calls are rejected when the ATD command is invoked (NO CARRIER is printed)
- The incoming calls are rejected by the stack and the user will receive no notification (e.g. no RING)



The changes in the user defined power reduction and SIM hot insertion detection are effective after reboot.

17.20 Display EONS names +UEONS

17.20.1 Description

This command displays the list of available networks adding EONS names if available. The list of available networks with details like long operator name, short operator name, MCC/MNC, Long EONS name, Short EONS name for each PLMN is reported. This command is an extension of AT+COPS=? command and it provides additionally EONS names for the available PLMN's.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+UEONS	+UEONS: [list of supported (<stat>,long alphanumeric <oper>,short alphanumeric <oper>,numeric <oper>[,<AcT>],[EONS long operator name],[EONS short operator name])s] OK	+UEONS: (2,"T-Mobile D","T-Mobile D","26201","T-Mob D","T-Mobile De"), (3,"Vodafone.de","Vodafone.de","26202","test network EONS","test EONS"), (3,"E-Plus","E-Plus","26203"), (3,"o2 - de","o2 - de","26207") OK
Test	AT+UEONS=?	OK	

17.20.2 Defined values

Refer to the description of +COPS parameters (more details in chapter 7.3).



The <AcT> parameter is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

17.21 PS Operator selection +UCGOPS

17.21.1 Description

Forces an attempt to select and register on the PS (Packet Switched) network operator either automatically selected by the MT, or manually specified by the user.

The read command returns the network on which the MT is PS attached to, if any.

The test command returns a list of the available networks, specifying if they are forbidden and if PS is supported.

The command in the execution syntax is abortable if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution. The <format> and <oper> parameter must be omitted if the value of <mode> parameter is 0.



<AcT> parameter is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCGOPS=[<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>[,<AcT>]]]]	OK	AT+UCGOPS=0 OK AT+UCGOPS=1,2,"22201" OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UCGOPS?	+UCGOPS: <status>[,<format>,<oper>,<AcT>] OK	+UCGOPS: 1,2,"22210",0 OK
Test	AT+UCGOPS=?	+UCGOPS: [(<stat>,long alphanumeric <oper>, short alphanumeric <oper>, numeric <oper>,<AcT>,<ps_availability>)] [,,(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s)] OK	+UCGOPS:(1,"vodafone IT", "voda IT", "22210", 1),(3, "I TIM", "TIM", "22201", 1),(3, "I WIND", "I WIND", "22288", 1),(0-1),(0-2) OK

17.21.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Specified whether the operator selection is done automatically by the MT or is manually bound to a specific network <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: automatic (<oper> field is ignored) 1: manual
<format>	Number	Mandatory parameter if <mode> value is 1, it specifies the format of the network operator name <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): long alphanumeric <oper> 1: short format alphanumeric <oper> 2: numeric <oper>
<oper>	String	String type given in format <format>; this field may be up to 16 character long for long alphanumeric format, up to 8 characters for short alphanumeric format and 5 characters long for numeric format (MCC/MNC codes); this parameter is mandatory if <mode> value is 1
<stat>	Number	PLMN status attribute with respect to the MT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: unknown 1: available 2: current 3: forbidden
<ps_availability>	Number	GPRS availability <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not supported 1: supported
<AcT>	Number	Indicates the radio access technology and may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: GSM 2: UTRAN (UMTS)
<status>	Number	Current GPRS registration status and PLMN selection mode of the MT <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: attached, automatic PLMN selection mode 1: attached, manual PLMN selection mode 2: detached

17.22 Cell environment description +CGED

17.22.1 Description

Provides the cell environment information that can be periodic (with a period of 5 s) or performed only one time. The response syntax for the set command depends whether the UMTS is supported and if it is, by the supported RAT (GSM, UMTS).

When <mode> parameter is set to 1 the neighbor cell content may be repeated up to 6 times.

When <mode> parameter is set to 3 or 4:

- The serving cell information includes the following data: MCC, MNC, LAC, CI, BSIC, Arfcn, Arfcn_ded

When <mode> parameter is set to 5 or 6:

- Serving cell information includes only the following data: MCC, MNC, LAC, CI, BSIC, Arfcn, RxLev, Arfcn_ded, RxLevSub, t_adv
- Neighbor cell information includes the following data: MCC, MNC, LAC, CI, BSIC, Arfcn, RxLev
- Information on neighbour cells contained in radio resource BA List is reported. The neighbour cell content may be repeated up to 32 times in idle-mode, up to 6 in dedicated-mode; in packet transfer mode (PDP context active) no reporting is possible on AT UART as it is used for data transfer (MUX can be used to create two virtual serial ports, one for data transfer, one for AT commands)
- The values are not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions
- The values are not supported by LISA-U1 and LISA-U2 series

In case of UMTS radio access technology:

- The maximum number of displayable cells is 56 (32 reserved for 3G cells and 24 for 2G cells)
- The syntax for cell information differs in the channel type

In case of 2G radio access technology the total number of 2G cells can be at most 6.



An Equivalent PLMN (Public Land Mobile Network) is a PLMN equivalent to the RPLMN (Registered PLMN). The MT has a list of EPLMN's that is updated (deleted, changed...) at the end of each location update procedure, routing area update procedure and GPRS attach procedure.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CGED=[<mode>]	<p>Response syntax in case 3G is not supported</p> <p>+CGED:</p> <p>Service-Cell: MCC: <MCC>, MNC: <MNC>, LAC: <LAC>, CI: <CI>, BSIC: <BSIC></p> <p>[Equivalent PLMNs: MCC: <MCC>, MNC: <MNC> Arfcn: <arfcn>, [RxLevServ: <RxLevServ>], [RfChannels: <RfChannels>], Arfcn_ded: <Arfcn_ded>, [RxLevFull: <RxLevFull>], [RxLevSub: <RxLevSub>], [RxQualFull: <RxQualFull>, RxQualSub: <RxQualSub>, Ciphering: <ciphering> ms_txpwr: <ms_txpwr>, rx_acc_min: <rx_acc_min>, cbq: <cbq>, cba: <cba>, c2_valid: <c2_valid>, cr_offset: <cr_offset>, tmp_offset: <tmp_offset>, penalty_t: <penalty_t>, c1: <c1>, c2: <c2>, ch_type: <ch_type>, ch_mode: <ch_mode>, txpwr: <txpwr>, dtx_used: <dtx_used>, t3212: <t3212>, acc: <acc>], [t_adv: <t_adv>], [bs_pa_mfrms: <bs_pa_mfrms>, dsc: <dsc>, rll: <rll>]</p> <p>Neighbour Cell <n>: MCC: <MCC>, MNC: <MNC>, LAC: <LAC>, CI: <CI>, BSIC: <BSIC>, Arfcn: <arfcn>, [RxLev: <RxLev>]</p>	<p>3G not supported: AT+CGED=0 +CGED:</p> <p>Service Cell: MCC: 1, MNC: 1, LAC: 0001, CI: 0000, BSIC: 0d</p> <p>Equivalent PLMNs: MCC: 1, MNC: 1 Arfcn: 00020, RxLevServ: 025, RfChannels: 000, Arfcn_ded: INVALID_ARFCN, RxLevFull: 255, RxLevSub: 255, RxQualFull: 255, RxQualSub: 255, Ciphering: OFF, ms_txpwr: 000, rx_acc_min: 000, cbq: 00, cba: 00, c2_valid: True, cr_offset: 000, tmp_offset: 000, penalty_t: 1f, c1: 19, c2: 19, ch_type: ff, ch_mode: ff, txpwr: 255, dtx_used: True, t3212: 00000, acc: 0000, t_adv: 000, bs_pa_mfrms: 002, dsc: 000, rll: 255</p> <p>Neighbour Cell 1: MCC: 65535, MNC: 255, LAC: 0000, CI: 0000, BSIC: ff, Arfcn: 00025, RxLev: 000, C1_nc: -1, C2_nc: -32000,</p>

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		<p>[C1_nc: <C1_nc>, C2_nc: <C2_nc>]</p> <p>[GPRS-Parameters: GPRS_sup: <GPRS_sup>, RAC: <RAC>, SplitPg: <SplitPg>, NCO: <NCO>, NOM: <NOM>, T3192: <T3192>, Acc_Burst_type: <Acc_Burst_type>, DRX_Timer_Max: <DRX_Timer_Max>, PBCCH: <PBCCH>, Ext_Measure_Order: <Ext_Measure_Order>, PSI1_r_per: <PSI1_r_per>, Count_LR: <Count_LR>, Count_HR: <Count_HR>, C_R_Hyst: <C_R_Hyst>, C31: <C31>, C32: <C32>, Prior_Acc_Thr: <Prior_Acc_Thr>] OK</p> <p>Response syntax in case of 3G radio access technology (RAT):</p> <p>+CGED: RAT:<rat>, URR:<rrc_state>, DC:<urrcdc_state>, BP:<urrcbp_state>, M:<urrcm_state>, ERR:<as_error_code>, RC:<release_cause>, OOS:<out_of_service>, BLER:<meas_bler>,TSIR:<target_sir>,MSI R:<meas_sir>, HSC:<hierarchical_cell_structure>, HMD:<high_mobility_detected>, LM:<limited_service>, Cell-ID:<cell_identity>, DLF:<dl_frequency>, ULF:<ul_frequency>, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecno_lev>, C:<ciphering>, D:<ps_data_transferred>, PSM:<power_saving_mode>, [Cell:<cell_type>=AS, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecno_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency>] [Cell:<cell_type>=VAS, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecno_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency>] [Cell:<cell_type>=M, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecno_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency>] [Cell:<cell_type>=D, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecno_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency>] [Cell:<cell_type>=G, B:<gsm_band>,Arfcn:<arfcn>, RXLEV:<RxLev>, Bsic:<BSIC>, RV:<ranking_value>]</p>	<p>Neighbour Cell 2: MCC:65535, MNC:255, LAC:0000, CI:0000, BSIC:ff, Arfcn:00070, RxLev:000, C1_nc: -1, C2_nc:-32000, GPRS-Parameters: GPRS_sup:True, RAC:01, SplitPg:False, NCO:00000, NOM:001, T3192:01f4, Acc_Burst_type:00015, DRX_Timer_Max:00, PBCCH:False, Ext_Measure_Order:00000, PSI1_r_per:00, Count_LR:00, Count_HR:01, C_R_Hyst:00, C31: -1, C32: 19, Prior_Acc_Thr:06 OK</p> <p>3G supported: +CGED: RAT:"UMTS", URR:"ID" DC:002, BP:0005, M:003, ERR: 0, RC: 0, OOS:0, BLER:-,TSIR:-,MSIR:- HCS:0, HMD:0, LM:0, Cell-ID:016578c, DLF:10813, ULF: 9863, SC:138, RSCP LEV: 12, ECNO LEV: 23, C:0, D:0, PSM: 0 Cell:U, SC:6, RSCP LEV:13, ECNO LEV:28, DLF:10813, RV:65523, Cell:NU, SC:81, RSCP LEV:7, ECNO LEV:16, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NU, SC:133, RSCP LEV:8, ECNO LEV:12, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NU, SC:98, RSCP LEV:7, ECNO LEV:11, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NU, SC:127, RSCP LEV:0, ECNO LEV:0, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:53, RXLEV:0, Bsic:48, RS:1 Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:69, RXLEV:0, Bsic:51, RS:1 Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:70, RXLEV:0, Bsic:55, RS:1 Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:70, RXLEV:0, Bsic:49, RS:1</p>

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		[Cell:<cell_type>=U, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecn0_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency>, RV:<ranking_value>] [Cell:<cell_type>=NU, SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECNO LEV:<ecn0_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency>, RS:<ranking_status>] [Cell:<cell_type>=NG B:<gsm band>, Arfcn:<arfcn>, RXLEV:<RxLev>, Bsic:<BSIC>, RS:<ranking_status>] RR measurement evaluation: MeasId:<meas_id>, EventId:<event_id>, <par 3>, <par 4>, <par 5>, <par 6>, ..., <par N>, MeasId:<meas_id>, EventId: , <par 3>, <par 4>, <par 5>, <par 6>, ..., <par M>, etc... MM: Process:CO, MMs:<mm_state>, MMSs:<mm_service_state>, MSC:<ms_class>, T:<active_timer_bitmap> Process:CS, MMs:<mm_state>, MMSs:<mm_service_state>, LUS:<mm_update_status>, T:<active_timer_bitmap>, L:<limited_service> Process:PS, MMs:<mm_state>, MMSs:<mm_service_state>, LUS:<mm_update_status>, T:<active_timer_bitmap>, L:<limited_service>, GS:<gprs_supported>, R:<ready_state> Cell change counters: CRT:<cell_reselecetion_total>, IRCR:<ir_cell_reselecetion>, AIRCR:<attempted_ir_cell_reselecetion> ,IRHO:<ir_handover>, AIRHO:<attempted_ir_handover> Equivalent PLMNs: MCC:<mobile_country_code>, MNC:<mobile_network_code> Serving PLMN: MCC:<mobile_country_code>, MNC:<mobile_network_code>, LAC:<location_area_code>, RAC:<routing_area_code> OK	Cell-ID:016578c, DLF:10813, ULF: 9863, SC:138, RSCP LEV: 12, ECNO LEV: 23, C:0, D:0, PSM: 0 Cell:U, SC:6, RSCP LEV:13, ECNO LEV:28, DLF:10813, RV:65523, Cell:NU, SC:81, RSCP LEV:7, ECNO LEV:16, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NU, SC:133, RSCP LEV:8, ECNO LEV:12, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NU, SC:98, RSCP LEV:7, ECNO LEV:11, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NU, SC:127, RSCP LEV:0, ECNO LEV:0, DLF:10813, RS:6, Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:53, RXLEV:0, Bsic:48, RS:1 Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:69, RXLEV:0, Bsic:51, RS:1 Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:70, RXLEV:0, Bsic:55, RS:1 Cell:NG, B:, Arfcn:70, RXLEV:0, Bsic:49, RS:1 RR measurement evaluation: MeasId: 0, EventId: 0A, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 MeasId: 0, EventId: 0A, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 MeasId: 0, EventId: 0A, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 MM: Process:CO, MMs: 4, MMSs:16, MSC:A, T: 0 Process:CS, MMs: 5, MMSs: 5, LUS:1, T:0004, L:0 Process:PS, MMs: 9, MMSs: 5, LUS:1, T:0008, L:0, GS: d, R:0 Cell change counters: CRT: 0, IRCR: 0 AIRCR: 0, IRHO: 0, AIRHO: 0 Equivalent PLMNs: MCC:222, MNC: 10 Serving PLMN: MCC:222, MNC: 10, LAC:25071, RAC: 20 OK
		Response syntax in case of 2G radio access technology (RAT): +CGED: RAT: <rat>, RR:<grr_state>	2G radio access technology supported +CGED: RAT: "GSM", RR:11

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		SFRLC:<signal_failure/radio_link_counter>, RSR:<reselection_reason>, RC:<release_cause>, LM:<limited_service> B:<gsm_band>, Arfcn:<arfcn>, RXLEV:<RxLev>, C1:<C1>, C2:<C2>, Bsic:<BSIC>, MA:<nr_of_rf_in_ma>,MADed:<dedicated_arfcn>, GSM: Ci:<CI>, B:<gsm_band>, Arfcn:<arfcn>,RXLEV:<RxLev>, C1:<C1>, Bsic:<BSIC> UMTS: SC:<scrambling_code>, RSCP LEV:<rscp_lev>, ECN0 LEV:<ecn0_lev>, DLF:<dl_frequency> MM: Process:CO, MMs:<mm_state>, MMSs:<mm_service_state>, MSC:<ms_class>, T:<active_timer_bitmap> Process:CS, MMs:<mm_state>, MMSs:<mm_service_state>, LUS:<location_update_status>, T:<active_timer_bitmap>, L:<limited_service> Process:PS, MMs:<mm_state>, MMSs:<mm_service_state>, LUS:<location_update_status>, T:<active_timer_bitmap>, L:<limited_service>, GS:<gprs_supported>, R:<ready_state> Cell change counters: CRT:<cell_reselecion_total>, IRCR:<ir_cell_reselecion_counter>, AIRCR:<attempted_ir_cell_reselecion>, IRHO:<ir_handover>, AIRHO:<attempted_ir_handover> Coding Scheme: dl_sc:<dl_sc>,ul_sc:<ul_sc> Equivalent PLMNs: MCC:<MCC>, MNC:<MNC> Serving PLMN: MCC:<MCC>, MNC:<MNC>, LAC:<LAC>, RAC:<RAC>, AcT:<AcT> GPRS-Parameters: SplitPg:<SplitPg>,NCO:<NCO>,NOM:<NOM>, T3192:<T3192>, Acc_Burst_type:<Acc_Burst_type>, DRX_Timer_Max:<DRX_Timer_Max>, PBCCH:<PBCCH>, Ext_Measure_Order:<Ext_Measure_Order> PSI1_r_per:<PSI1_r_per>, si13_location: <si13_location> packet_psi_status:<packet_psi_status>	SFRLC: 0, RSR:10, RC: 0, LM:0 B:"G", Arfcn: 989, RXLEV: 60, C1:54, C2:60, Bsic:0d, MA:0, MADed:65535 GSM: Ci:5265, B:"G", Arfcn: 9, RXLEV: 6, C1: 4, Bsic:11 GSM: Ci:ffff, B:"G", Arfcn: 3, RXLEV: 0, C1: 0, Bsic:ff GSM: Ci:ffff, B:"G", Arfcn: 25, RXLEV: 0, C1: 0, Bsic:ff GSM: Ci:ffff, B:"G", Arfcn: 41 RXLEV: 0, C1: 0, Bsic:ff MM: Process:CO, MMs: 4, MMSs: 0, MSC:G, T:0000 Process:CS, MMs: 5, MMSs: 5, LUS:1, T:0000, L:0 Process:PS, MMs: 9, MMSs: 5, LUS:1, T:0010, L:0, GS:1, R:1 Cell change counters: CRT: 0, IRCR: 0 AIRCR: 0, IRHO: 0, AIRHO: 0 Coding Scheme: dl_sc:NB_CS_1, ul_sc: Equivalent PLMNs: MCC: 1, MNC: 1 Serving PLMN: MCC: 1, MNC: 1, LAC: 1, RAC: 1, AcT:1 GPRS-Parameters: SplitPg:False, NCO:00000, NOM:001, T3192:01f4, Acc_Burst_type:00015, DRX_Timer_Max:00, PBCCH:False, Ext_Measure_Order:00000, PSI1_r_per:00 si13_location: "BCCH_NORM" packet_psi_status:False, packet_si_status:False, ext_upl_tbf_supported:False, ccn_active:False, pfc_feat_supported:False Count_LR:00, Count_HR:01, C_R_Hyst:06, C31:-0001, C32:00054, Prior_Acc_Thr:06 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
		packet_si_status:<packet_si_status> ext_upl_tbf_supported:<ext_upl_tbf_supported> ccn_active:<ccn_active> pfc_feat_supported:<pfc_feat_supported> Count_LR:<Count_LR>, Count_HR:<Count_HR>, C_R_Hyst:<C_R_Hyst>, C31:<C31>, C32:<C32>, Prior_Acc_Thr:<Prior_Acc_Thr> OK	
Read	AT+CGED?	+CGED: <mode> OK	+CGED: 0 OK
Test	AT+CGED=?	+CGED: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+CGED: (0-6) OK

17.22.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): one shot dump 1: periodic refreshed dump: the neighbor cell content may be repeated up to 6 times 2: stop periodic dump 3: one shot serving cell dump 4: periodic serving cell refreshed dump 5: one shot serving cell and neighbor cells dump 6: periodic serving cell and neighbor cells refreshed dump
<MCC>	Number	Mobile country code, range 0-999 (3 digits)
<MNC>	Number	Mobile network code, range 0-999 (2 or 3 digits)
<LAC>	Number	Location area code, range 0h-FFFFh (2 octets)
<CI>	Number	Cell Identity, range 0h-FFFFh (2 octets)
<BSIC>	Number	Base Station Identify Code, range 0h-3Fh (6 bits)
<arfcn>	Number	Absolute radio frequency channel number, range 0-1023
<RxLev>	Number	Received signal level on the cell, range 0-63; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<RxLevServ>	Number	Received signal level on the cell, range 0-63; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<RfChannels>	Number	Number of frequencies in Mobile Allocation: 0x01 if single RF and 0 if n.a.; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<Arfcn_ded>	Number	Single ARFCN of dedicated channel; it's the first ARFCN of Mobile Allocation
<RxLevFull>	Number	Received signal strength on serving cell, measured on all slots; range 0h-3Fh; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<RxLevSub>	Number	Received signal strength on serving cell, measured on a subset of slots; range 0h-3Fh; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<RxQualFull>	Number	Received signal quality on serving cell, measured on all slots; range 0-7; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]

Parameter	Type	Description
<RxQualSub>	Number	Received signal quality on serving cell, measured on a subset of slots, range 0-7; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<ciphering>	Number	GSM Ciphering; the supported values are <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ON • OFF
<ms_txpwr>	Number	Maximum TX power level an MT may use when accessing the system until otherwise commanded, range 0-31; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<rx_acc_min>	Number	RXLEV-ACCESS-MIN, range 0-63; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<cbq>	Number	CELL_BAR_QUALIFY, range 0-1; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<cba>	Number	CELL_BAR_ACCESS, range 0-1; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<c2_valid>	Number	True if all parameter for calculation of c2 are available; range 0-1
<cr_offset>	Number	CELL_RESELECT_OFFSET, range 0-63 (6 bit) ; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<tmp_offset>	Number	TEMPORARY_OFFSET, range 0-7; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<penalty_t>	Number	Penalty time, range 0-31; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<c1>, <C1_nc>	Number	Value of c1; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<c2>, <C2_nc>	Number	Value of c2; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<ch_type>	Number	Channel type of the current connection (refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: invalid channel type • 1: TCH/F • 2: TCH/H • 3: SDCCH/4 • 4: SDCCH/8
<ch_mode>	Number	Channel mode of current connection (refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: signalling only • 1: speech full rate • 2: speech half rate • 3: data full rate, 12.0 kb/s radio interface rate • 4: data full rate, 6.0 kb/s radio interface rate • 5: data half rate, 6.0 kb/s radio interface rate • 6: data full rate, 3.6 kb/s radio interface rate • 7: data half rate, 3.6 kb/s radio interface rate • 8: speech full rate version 2 • 9: speech full rate version 3 • 10: speech half rate version 2 • 11: speech half rate version 3
<txpwr>	Number	Transmit power level of the current connection, range 0-31 or 255 if the module is not connected; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<dtx_used>	Number	DTX used, range 0-1; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<t3212>	Number	T3212. The T3212 timeout value field is coded as the binary representation of the timeout value for periodic updating in decihours; range 0-255 (8 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<acc>	Number	Access control class (RACH Control Parameters); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<t_adv>	Number	Timing Advance, it is valid during a connection and it will updated during the next connection; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<bs_pa_mfrms>	Number	BS_PA_MFRMS (multiframes period for transmission of PAGING REQUEST), range 0-7 mapped to 2-9; refer to 3GPP TS 05.02 [42]
<dsc>	Number	Downlink Signalling Counter
<rll>	Number	Radio Link Loss Counter

GPRS-Parameters:

Parameter	Type	Description
<GPRS_sup>	Number	GPRS supported (in serving cell); range 0-1; refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<RAC>	Number	Routing Area Code, range 0h-FFh (1 octet); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<SplitPg>	Number	SPGC_CCCH_SUP split pg_cycle on ccch by network, range 0-1 (2 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<NCO>	Number	NETWORK_CONTROL_ORDER (GPRS_Cell_Options), range 0-3 (2 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<NOM>	Number	NETWORK OPERATION MODE (GPRS_Cell_Options), range 0-3 (2 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]
<T3192>	Number	T3192 (Wait for Release of the TBF after reception of the final block), range 0-7 mapped to 0-1500 msec (3 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60[41]: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: 500 ms • 1: 1000 ms • 2: 1500 ms • 3: 0 ms • 4: 80 ms • 5: 120 ms • 6: 160 ms • 7: 200 ms
<Acc_Burst_type>	Number	ACCESS_BURST_TYPE, range 0-1 (mapped to 8-bit format, 11-bit format); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60 [41]
<DRX_Timer_Max>	Number	DRX_TIMER_MAX, range 0-7 (3 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60[41]
<PBCCH>	Number	PBCCH present, range 0-1
<Ext_Measure_Order>	Number	EXT_MEASUREMENT_ORDER, range 0-3 (2 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60 [41]
<PSI1_r_per>	Number	PSI1_REPEAT_PERIOD, range 0-15 mapped to 1-16 (4 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60 [41]
<Count_LR>	Number	PSI_COUNT_LR, range 0-63 (6 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60 [41]
<Count_HR>	Number	PSI_COUNT_HR, range 0-15 mapped to 1-16 (4 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60 [41]
<C_R_Hyst>	Number	CELL_RESELECT_HYSTERESIS, range 0-7 (3 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.60 [41]
<C31>	Number	Value of c31, Number; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<C32>	Number	Value of c32, Number; refer to 3GPP TS 05.08 [28]
<Prior_Acc_Thr>	Number	PRIORITY_ACCESS_THR, range 0-7 (3 bits); refer to 3GPP TS 04.18 [40]

UMTS-Parameters:

Parameter	Type	Description
<rrc_state>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "CD": CELL_DCH(0) • "CF": CELL_FACH(1) • "CP": CELL_PCH(2) • "UP": URA_PCH(3) • "ID": IDLE(4) • "ST": START(5)
<urrcdc_state>	Number	Consists of three hex digits (octet 1, 2: event, 3: state). For debug purposes only
<urrcbp_state>	Number	Consists of four hex digits (octet 1, 2: event, 3, 4: state). For debug purposes only
<urrcm_state>	Number	Consists of three hex digits (octet 1, 2: event, 3: state). For debug purposes only.
<as_error_code>	Number	indicates if an AS error occurred; possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: no error • 81: UMAC, no TFCI (Transport Format Code identifier) found • 82: UMAC, RLC timing error
<release_cause>	Number	MM RR release cause. For debug purposes only

Parameter	Type	Description															
<out_of_service>	Number	Service state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Service present 1: Out of service 															
<meas_bler>	Number	Measured BLER (Block error Rate). Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0.000001 to 0.99 if out of range : - 															
<target_sir>	Number	Targeted SIR (Signal to Interference Ratio). Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: -10 to 20 if out of range : - 															
<meas_sir>	Number	Measured SIR (Signal to Interference Ratio). Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: -10 to 20 if out of range : - 															
<hierarchical_cell_structure>	Number	HCS (Hierarchical Cell Structure) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not used 1: used 															
<high_mobility_detect>	Number	High mobility: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not detected 1: detected 															
<cell_identity>	Number	Cell identity (eight hex digits)															
<dl_frequency>	Number	Downlink frequency. Range 0-16383															
<ul_frequency>	Number	Uplink frequency. Range 0-16383															
<ciphering>	String	Ciphering: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: enabled 2: disabled 															
<ps_data_transferred>	Number	PS data: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: transferred 1: not transferred 															
<power_saving_mode>	Number	Power saving: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled 1: enabled 															
<cell_type>	String	Cell type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "AS": Active Set "VAS": Virtual Active Set "M": Monitored Cells "D": Detected Cells "G": GSM cells "U": UMTS cells "NU": Non Ranked UMTS cells "NG": Non Ranked GSM cells 															
<scrambling_code>	Number	Scrambling code; range 0-511															
<rscp_lev>	Number	Received Signal Code Power expressed in dBm levels. Range from 0 to 91.															
		<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>RSCP < -115</td> <td>dBm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>-115 ≤ RSCP < -114</td> <td>dBm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>...</td> <td></td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>90</td> <td>-26 ≤ RSCP < -25</td> <td>dBm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>91</td> <td>RSCP ≥ -25</td> <td>dBm</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	0	RSCP < -115	dBm	1	-115 ≤ RSCP < -114	dBm	90	-26 ≤ RSCP < -25	dBm	91	RSCP ≥ -25	dBm
0	RSCP < -115	dBm															
1	-115 ≤ RSCP < -114	dBm															
...		...															
90	-26 ≤ RSCP < -25	dBm															
91	RSCP ≥ -25	dBm															
<ecn0_lev>	Number	Energy per Chip/Noise ratio expressed in dB levels. Range from 0 to 49.															

Parameter	Type	Description															
		<table border="1"> <tr> <td></td> <td>ECNO < -24</td> <td>dB</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>-24 ≤ ECNO < -23.5</td> <td>dB</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>...</td> <td>...</td> </tr> <tr> <td>48</td> <td>-0.5 ≤ ECNO < 0</td> <td>dB</td> </tr> <tr> <td>49</td> <td>ECNO ≥ 0</td> <td></td> </tr> </table>		ECNO < -24	dB	1	-24 ≤ ECNO < -23.5	dB		48	-0.5 ≤ ECNO < 0	dB	49	ECNO ≥ 0	
	ECNO < -24	dB															
1	-24 ≤ ECNO < -23.5	dB															
															
48	-0.5 ≤ ECNO < 0	dB															
49	ECNO ≥ 0																
<gsm_band>	String	GSM band: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "D": 1800 MHz • "P": 1900 MHz • "G": 900 MHz 															
<ranking_value>	Number	Cell's ranking value															
<ranking_status>	Number	Ranking status for Non Ranked UMTS cells. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: EM_CELL_SUITABLE • 1: EM_NOT_MEASURED • 2: EM_CELL_BARRED • 3: EM_WRONG_PLMN • 4: EM_HCS_CRITERIA_PRIO • 5: EM_HCS_H_VALUE • 6: EM_S_VALUE 															
<meas_id>	Number	RR measurement ID (one hex digit). For debug purpose only															
<event_id>	Number	Event ID (two hex digits). For debug purpose only															
<par 3,4,5...,M...,N>	Number	Integer, range 0-99															
<signal_failure/radio_link_counter>	Number	Integer, range 0-99. For debug purpose only															
<reselection_reason>	Number	Indicates the reason for cell reselection. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: RESEL_PLMN_CHANGE • 1: RESEL_SERV_CELL_NOT_SUITABLE • 2: RESEL_BETTER_C2_C32 • 3: RESEL_DOWNLINK_FAIL • 4: RESEL_RA_FAILURE • 5: RESEL_SI_RECEIPT_FAILURE • 6: RESEL_C1_LESS_NULL • 7: RESEL_CALL_REEST_TIMEOUT • 8: RESEL_ABNORMAL_RESEL • 9: RESEL_CELL_CHANGE_ORDER • 10: RESEL_NOT_OCCURRED 															
<dl_sc>/<ul_sc>	Number	Current burst configuration and Coding Scheme of downlink (<dl_sc>) or uplink (<ul_sc>) TBF may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "NB_CS_1" • "NB_CS_2" • "NB_CS_3" • "NB_CS_4" • "NB_MCS_1" • "NB_MCS_2" • "NB_MCS_3" • "NB_MCS_4" • "NB_MCS_5" • "NB_MCS_6" • "NB_MCS_7" • "NB_MCS_8" • "NB_MCS_9" • "NB_MCS_5_7" • "NB_MCS_6_9" • "AB_8" 															

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "AB_11" • "AB_11_E" • if none of the previous ""
UMTS/GSM MM parameters:		
Parameter	Type	Description
<mm_state>	Number	MM state. For debug purpose only. Range 1-16
<mm_service_state>	Number	MM service state. For debug purpose only. Range 1-10.
<mm_update_status>	Number	location update status. For debug purpose only. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: updated (MMST_U1_UPDATED) • 2: not updated (MMST_U2_NOT_UPDATED) • 3: roaming not allowed (MMST_U3_ROAMING_NOT_ALLOWED)
<ms_class>	String	MS GPRS-class. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: class A • 1: class B • 2: class C • 3: class CG: class C in GPRS only mode • 4: class CC: class C in circuit switched only mode (lowest class)
<limited_service>	Number	Limited Service information. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: no Limited service • 1: Limited Service
<ready_state>	Number	MM READY state. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: not in ready state • 1: in ready state
<active_timer_bitmap>	Number	Bitmap of the active MM timers: T3302, T3310, T3311, T3312, T3314, T3321, T3330. T3302 is the least significant bit and T3330 the most significant bit The bitmap values are presented in hexadecimal format (the range goes from 0x0000 to 0x007F)
<cell_reselection_total>	Number	Total number of cell reselections. Range 0 – 65535.
<ir_cell_reselection_counter>	Number	Number of inter-rat cell reselections. Range 0 – 65535.
<attempted_ir_cell_reselction>	Number	Number of attempts of inter-rat cell reselections. Range 0 – 65535.
<ir_handover>	Number	Number of inter-rat handovers. Range 0 – 65535.
<attempted_ir_handover>	Number	Number of attempts of inter-rat handovers. Range 0 – 65535.

17.23 Device class setting +UCLASS

17.23.1 Description

Changes the module's multislot classes. The new configuration cannot be set if the module is registered on the network for the GPRS service: in this case, before changing the multislot class, the user must first trigger a GPRS detach (e.g. via +COPS=2 or +CGATT=0) otherwise an error is reported; the new multislot class is used starting from the successive GPRS attach. The new multislot classes are also stored to NVM and used at next power on.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCLASS=<ms_class_GPRS>[,<ms_class_EGPRS>[,<ms_class_DTM_GPRS>[,<ms_class_DTM_EGPRS>]]]	OK	AT+UCLASS=10 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UCLASS?	+UCLASS: <ms_class_GPRS>[,<ms_class_EGPRS>[, <ms_class_DTM_GPRS>[,<ms_class_DT M_EGPRS>]]] OK	+UCLASS: 12,12,11,11 OK
Test	AT+UCLASS=?	+UCLASS: (list of supported <ms_class_GPRS> values)[,(list of supported <ms_class_EGPRS> values)[,(list of supported <ms_class_DTM_GPRS> values)[,(list of supported <ms_class_DTM_EGPRS> values)]]] OK	+UCLASS: (0-12),(0-12),(0-11),(0-11) OK

17.23.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<ms_class_GPRS>	Number	GPRS multislot class defined according to 3GPP TS 05.02 [42]. Range from 0 to 12 (from 0 to 33 on LISA-U200-00S version; from 0 to 10 on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series). Factory-programmed value is 12 (10 on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series).
<ms_class_EGPRS>	Number	EGPRS multislot class defined according to 3GPP TS 05.02 [42]. Range from 0 to 12 (from 0 to 33 on LISA-U200-00S version). Factory-programmed value is 12. Default value is the value set in <ms_class_GPRS>.
<ms_class_DTM_GPRS>	Number	DTM GPRS multislot class defined according to 3GPP TS 05.02 [42]. Range from 0 to 11. Not available on LISA-U200-00S version. Factory-programmed value is 11. Default value is the value set in <ms_class_GPRS>.
<ms_class_DTM_EGPRS>	Number	DTM EGPRS multislot class defined according to 3GPP TS 05.02 [42]. Range from 0 to 11. Not available on LISA-U200-00S version. Factory-programmed value is 11. Default value is the value set in <ms_class_GPRS>.



In the set command <ms_class_GPRS>=0 is used to set the maximum supported values.



<ms_class_EGPRS> is not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



<ms_class_DTM_GPRS> and <ms_class_DTM_EGPRS> are not available on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version.



LISA-U1 series requires the <ms_class_EGPRS> parameter in the set command.



LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series does not allow <ms_class_GPRS>=7.



On LISA-U2 series module (except for LISA-U200-00S) if <ms_class_GPRS>=0 the default values are set for all parameters, regardless of the settings of the other parameter.



On LISA-U200-00S version, if <ms_class_GPRS>=0 the maximum supported values are set for all parameters, regardless of the second parameter's settings.



The GPRS, EGPRS, DTM GPRS and DTM EGPRS multislot classes cannot be independently chosen (some configurations are not valid and an error is reported: "+CME ERROR: operation not supported" if +CMEE is set to 2). See the following tables:

Type	Valid values	Maximum value	Default value
E/GPRS	(1-12), (30-33) for LISA-U200-00S (1-12) for LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series except LISA-U200-00S	33, for LISA-U200-00S 12, for LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series except LISA-U200-00S	12

Type	Valid values	Maximum value	Default value
DTM E/GPRS	5, 9,11	11	11

Table 9: Multislot classes: valid, maximum and default values for each type

GPRS Multislot class	EGPRS Multislot class valid values
(1-12)	(1-12)
30	30, 32, 33
31	31
32	30, 32, 33
33	30, 32, 33

Table 10: EGPRS multislot classes valid values relative to the selected GPRS multislot class

DTM EGPRS/GPRS Multislot class	EGPRS/GPRS Multislot class valid values
5	(1-12)
9	(1-12)
11	(1-12)

Table 11: EGPRS/GPRS multislot classes valid values relative to the selected DTM EGPRS/GPRS multislot class

17.24 Read counters of sent or received PSD data +UGCNRD

17.24.1 Description

Allows reading the counters for total sent / received bytes for each defined context.
For each active <cid> one result code line is provided by the DCE.



Only if the specific PDP context parameter values for a PDP context are set.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+UGCNRD	+UGCNRD: <cid>,<sent_sess_bytes>,<received_sess_bytes>,<sent_total_bytes>,<received_total_bytes> [... +UGCNRD: <cid>,<sent_sess_bytes>,<received_sess_bytes>,<sent_total_bytes>,<received_total_bytes>] OK	AT+UGCNRD +UGCNRD: 1, 100, 0, 100, 0 OK
Test	AT+UGCNRD=?	OK	

17.24.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<cid>	Number	Local PDP context identifier in the range of 0-255
<sent_sess_bytes>	Number	Sent bytes for the current PSD session
<received_sess_bytes>	Number	Received GPRS session bytes for the current PSD session
<sent_total_bytes>	Number	Total sent bytes

Parameter	Type	Description
<received_total_bytes>	Number	Total received bytes

17.25 Set/reset counter of sent or received PSD data +UGCNTSET

17.25.1 Description

Allows setting the counter for total sent/received bytes for each defined context to zero or any other offset value.



Whenever the total counter for a <cid> is set (to zero or a certain value), the session counter for this <cid> will be set to zero.



If the <cid> equals zero than the total counter for every defined context is set to zero.



Given offset parameters are ignored in this case.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGCNTSET=<cid>,[<total_bytes_sent_offset>,<total_bytes_received_offset>]	OK	AT+UGCNTSET=0,20,20 OK
Test	AT+UGCNTSET=?	+UGCNTSET: (range of <cid>),(range of <total_bytes_sent_offset>),(range of <total_bytes_received_offset>) OK	+UGCNTSET: (0-255),(0-2147483646),(0-2147483646) OK

17.25.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<cid>	Number	Number containing the local PDP context identifier in range of 0-255
<total_bytes_sent_offset>	Number	long Number containing the offset of total sent bytes used for counting in range 0-0x7FFFFFFE
<total_bytes_received_offset>	Number	long Number containing the offset of total received bytes used for counting in range 0-0x7FFFFFFE.

17.26 Read remaining SIM PIN attempts +UPINCNT

17.26.1 Description

Reads the remaining attempts for SIM PIN, SIM PIN2, SIM PUK and SIM PUK2.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+UPINCNT	+UPINCNT: <PIN attempts>, <PIN2 attempts>, <PUK attempts>, <PUK2 attempts> OK	+UPINCNT: 3,3,10,10 OK
Test	AT+UPINCNT=?	OK	OK

17.26.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<PIN attempts>	Number	Number of remaining attempts to enter PIN
<PIN2 attempts>	Number	Number of remaining attempts to enter PIN2
<PUK attempts>	Number	Number of remaining attempts to enter PUK
<PUK2 attempts>	Number	Number of remaining attempts to enter PUK2

17.27 Help displaying all commands &H

17.27.1 Description

This command allows to list all possible commands.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT&H	<AT command 1>[: <AT command 1 title>], <CR><LF> <AT command 2>[: <AT command 2 title>] [...] OK	ATA : Answer an Incoming Call ATE : Echo ATH : Hook Control ATV : Enable/Disable verbose response ... AT+UTEST : End User Test ATS : Query or Set an S-register ATD : Dial OK

17.27.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<AT command n>	String	AT command name
<AT command n title>	String	AT command title



<AT command n title> is not supported on LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series.

17.28 Provide Cell information +UCCELLINFO

17.28.1 Description

This command provides periodic reporting of the serving and neighbor cells.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCELLINFO=<mode>	OK	AT+UCELLINFO=1 OK
Read	AT+UCELLINFO?	<p>Response syntax in case of 2G radio access technology (RAT): +UCELLINFO: <mode>,<type>,<MCC>,<MNC>,<LAC>,<CI>,[<RxLev>],[<t_advance>] OK</p> <p>Response syntax in case of 3G radio access technology (RAT): +UCELLINFO: <mode>,<type>,<MCC>,<MNC>,<LAC>,<CI>,[<scrambling_code>],[<dl_frequency>],[<rscp_lev>],[<ecno_lev>] OK</p>	
Test	AT+UCELLINFO=?	+UCELLINFO: (range of <mode>s) OK	+UCELLINFO: (0-2) OK

17.28.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the periodic reporting 1: enable the reporting 2: reserved
<type>	Number	<p>For 2G radio access technology (RAT):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: 2G serving cell 1: neighbour 2G cell <p>For 3G radio access technology (RAT):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2: 3G serving cell or cell belonging to the Active Set 3: cell belonging to the Virtual Active Set 4: detected cell
<MCC>	Number	See +CGED; 0, 0xFFFF, 65535 are invalid values
<MNC>	Number	See +CGED; 0, 0xFFFF, 65535 are invalid values
<LAC>	Number	Location Area Code, range 0-0xFFFF; 0, 65535, 0xFFFF are invalid values
<CI>	Number	Cell ID, range 0-0xFFFF; 0, 65535, 0xFFFF are invalid values
<RxLev>	Number	Signal strength, see +CGED; 255 is an invalid value
<t_advance>	Number	Only valid for the 2G serving cell
<scrambling_code>	Number	See +CGED; values greater than 512 are invalid
<dl_frequency>	Number	See +CGED; 65535 is an invalid value
<rscp_lev>	Number	See +CGED; only valid for 3G cells; 255 is an invalid value
<ecno_lev>	Number	See +CGED; only valid for 3G cells; 255 is an invalid value



If the MT is 3G registered with an active radio connection (CELL_DCH):

- o <MCC>, <MNC>, <LAC> and <CI> will be always invalid for 3G cells belonging to Active Set, Virtual Active Set, Detected Set
- o The 3G serving cell data could be outdated. Use the Active Set data for any information regarding involved cells in the current radio connection

17.29 Configuration of Indicator control +UCIND

17.29.1 Description

Allows the configuration of unsolicited results for indications with +CIEV.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCIND=[<conf>]	OK	AT+UCIND=7 OK
Read	AT+UCIND?	+UCIND: <conf> OK	+UCIND: 7 OK
Test	AT+UCIND=?	OK	

17.29.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<conf>	Number	The unsigned integer is a bit array where each bit indicates if an indication is active for unsolicited indications. The least significant bit is used for the indication with index 1. The bit corresponding to unused indexes (greater than 13) must be set to 0 (setting a <conf> greater than 4095 causes an error). The default value is 4095 (all indications are enabled).

17.30 Customer service profile +UCSP

17.30.1 Description

Reads the customer service profile (CSP) from the SIM. The CSP indicates the services that are user accessible.



The syntax +UCSP displays all service groups.



If CSP information is not available on the SIM, the error message "+CME ERROR: SIM Failure" is returned when trying to interrogate all or one of the service groups.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCSP[=<service_group>]	+UCSP: <service_group>,<services> [+UCSP: <service_group>,<services> [...]] OK	+UCSP=06,10000000 OK
Test	AT+UCSP=?	+UCSP: (list of supported <service_group>s) OK	+UCSP: (1-9,c0,d5) OK

17.30.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<service_group>	Number	Service group (1-9, c0, d5)
<services>	Number	Services of one service group in bit-format beginning with the most significant bit of

Parameter	Type	Description
		the service byte

17.31 User setting for proactive DTMF tone generation +UDTMF

17.31.1 Description

On a request from SIM Toolkit of proactive DTMF tone generation (SEND DTMF), <mode> parameter controls whether the request of DTMF tone generation is performed or it is not. The selected setting is stored in NVRAM and remains valid after the mobile device is switched off.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDTMF=<mode>	OK	AT+UDTMF=1 OK
Read	AT+UDTMF?	+UDTMF: <mode> OK	+UDTMF: 1 OK
Test	AT+UDTMF=?	+UDTMF: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+UDTMF: (0-1) OK

17.31.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Indicates the working mode in relation to DTMF tone generation via SIM-TK <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable DTMF tone generation (The terminal response is "Proactive SIM session terminated by user") 1: enable DTMF tone generation (The terminal response is encoded according to the result)

17.32 Changing the startup MS class +UCGCLASS

17.32.1 Description

Controls the MS class value used at startup. The new class entered with the set command will be stored to NVM and used in the next power on.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCGCLASS=<class>	OK	AT+UCGCLASS="CC" OK
Read	AT+UCGCLASS?	+UCGCLASS: <class> OK	+UCGCLASS: "B" OK
Test	AT+UCGCLASS=?	+UCGCLASS: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+UCGCLASS: ("B", "CC") OK

17.32.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<class>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "B" (factory-programmed setting): class B mode of operation (the MT supports both circuit-switched and packet-switched services) "CC": class C mode of operation (the MT supports only circuit switched services)



If "CC" is selected, the network selection (+COPS AT command) triggers a registration only for CS services.



If "CC" is selected, +CGATT=1 forces the registration for PS services (i.e. +UCGCLASS' setting is ignored)

17.33 Generic SIM access +CSIM

17.33.1 Description

Allows direct control of the SIM by a distant application on the TE. This command transparently transmits the <command> to the SIM via the MT. The <response> is returned in the same manner to the TE.



It is recommended to wait some seconds after boot (or reset) before using AT+CSIM command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CSIM=<length>,<command>	+CSIM: <length>,<response> OK	AT+CSIM=4, "4330" +CSIM: 4, "6F00" OK
Test	AT+CSIM=?	OK	OK

17.33.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<length>	Number	Length of the characters that are sent to TE in <command> or <response>
<command>	String	Command passed on by MT to SIM in hex format; refer to 3GPP TS 51.011 [18]
<response>	String	Response to the command passed on by the SIM to the MT (3GPP TS 51.011 [18])

17.34 Selection of preferred PLMN list +CPLS

17.34.1 Description

Selects one PLMN selector with Access Technology list in the SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM), that is used by +CPOL command.

The set command selects a list in the SIM/USIM. The read command returns the selected PLMN selector list from the SIM/USIM

The test command returns the whole index range supported lists by the SIM/USIM.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+CPLS=[<list>]	OK	
Read	AT+CPLS?	+CPLS: <list> OK	+CPLS: 1 OK
Test	AT+CPLS=?	+CPLS: (list of supported <list>s) OK	+CPLS: (0-2) OK

17.34.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<list>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: User controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology EFPLMNwAcT, if not found in the SIM/UICC then PLMN preferred list EFPLMNsel (this file is only available in SIM card or GSM application selected in UICC) 1: Operator controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology EFOPLMNwAcT 2: HPLMN selector with Access Technology EFHPLMNwAcT

17.35 Read the SIM language +CLAN

17.35.1 Description

This command reads the language from the SIM.



The read syntax will display the most preferred language from the preferred language list in EF_ELP(2F05) file. If the EF_ELP file does not exist, the preferred language is read from EF_LP (6F05) file. This file content is decoded according to the CB (cell broadcast) data coding scheme (dcs), and the according language is displayed in the response string. If this byte does not result in a valid language according to the CB dcs, then it is printed in the response string in hexadecimal representation.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+CLAN?	+CLAN: <code> OK	+CLAN: "en" OK
Test	AT+CLAN=?	OK	

17.35.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<code>	String	It is a two-letter abbreviation of the language. The language codes, as defined in ISO 639, consists of two characters, e.g. "en", "it" etc

17.36 Check for UICC card +UUICC

17.36.1 Description

Determines if the current SIM is a 2G or 3G SIM.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UUICC?	+UUICC: <state> OK	+UUICC: 1 OK

17.36.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: 2G SIM 1: 3G SIM

17.37 Home zone reporting +UHOMEZR

17.37.1 Description

The set command enables and disables home zone change event reporting. If reporting is enabled, the MT returns URC **+UHOMEZR: <label>** whenever the home zone is changed.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UHOMEZR=<onoff>	OK	AT+UHOMEZR=1 OK
Read	AT+UHOMEZR?	+UHOMEZR: <onoff> OK	
Test	AT+UHOMEZR=?	+UHOMEZR: (list of supported <onoff>s) OK	+UHOMEZR: (0-1) OK
URC		+UHOMEZR: <label>	

17.37.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<onoff>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): disable home zone change event reporting 1: enable home zone change event reporting
<label>	String	Zone label indication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "HOME": also possible as "home", dependent from network indication "CITY": zone label

17.38 Configure the mode of HSDPA/HSUPA +UHSDUPA

17.38.1 Description

Enables / Disables HSDPA and HSUPA also configuring the related data rate. The settings are saved in NVM at power off; the new configuration will be effective at the next power on.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UHSDUPA=<HSDPA-mode>,<HS-DSCH_category>,<HSUPA-mode>[,<E-DCH category>]	OK	AT+UHSDUPA=1,8,1,6 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UHSDUPA?	+UHSDUPA: <HSDPA-mode>,<HS-DSCH_category>,<HSUPA-mode>,<E-DCH category> OK	+UHSDUPA: 1,8,1,6 OK
Test	AT+UHSDUPA=?	+UHSDUPA: (<list of supported <HSDPA-mode>s),(<list of supported <HS-DSCH_category>s),(<list of supported <HSUPA-mode>s),(<list of supported <E-DCH category>s) OK	On LISA-U1 series: +UHSDUPA: (0-1),(6,8),(0-1),(1,2,4,6) OK On LISA-U2 series: +UHSDUPA: (0-1),(6,8,10,12,13,14),(0,1),(1,2,6) OK

17.38.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<HSDPA-mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: HSDPA OFF 1 (default value): HSDPA ON
<HS-DSCH_category>	Number	HS-DSCH category defined in 3GPP TS 25.306 [53] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6: category 6 8 (default value for LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200, LISA-U260, LISA-U270): category 8 10: category 10 12: category 12 13: category 13 14 (default value for LISA-U230 products): category 14
<HSUPA-mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: HSUPA OFF 1 (default value): HSUPA ON
<E-DCH category>	Number	E-DCH category defined in 3GPP TS 25.306 [53] <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: category 1 2: category 2 4: category 4 6 (default value): category 6



For LISA-U1 series, LISA-U200, LISA-U260 and LISA-U270 products the <HS-DSCH_category> range goes from 6 to 8.



For LISA-U230 versions the <HS-DSCH_category> range goes from 6 to 14.



<E-DCH category>=4 is not supported by LISA-U2 series except for LISA-U200-00S.

17.39 Information to in-band-tones availability +UPROGRESS

17.39.1 Description

Enables or disables the display of URC **+UPROGRESS: <cin>,<status>** on the DTE while a call is in progress.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPROGRESS=<mode>	OK	AT+UPROGRESS=1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UPROGRESS?	+UPROGRESS: <mode> OK	+UPROGRESS: 1 OK
Test	AT+UPROGRESS=?	+UPROGRESS: (list of the supported <mode>s) OK	+UPROGRESS: (0,1) OK
URC		+UPROGRESS: <cin>,<status>	+UPROGRESS: 1,7

17.39.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Enabling the URC +UPROGRESS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable unsolicited result code +UPROGRESS 1: enable unsolicited result code +UPROGRESS
<cin>	String	Call number indication
<status>	Number	Indicates the call progress status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no progress 1: alerting, in-band tones or TCH not yet available 2: mobile terminated call now accepted, TCH yet available 3: in-band tones available 4: in-band tones not available 5: TCH now available, mobile terminated call accepted 6: TCH now available, in-band tones available 7: TCH now available, in-band tones not available 8: TCH changed from data to speech 9: TCH changed from speech to data 10: TCH changed to signalling or data 11: the last speech call has been terminated and the speech can be disabled. Mute uplink, downlink and disable speech 12: Fast connection is available 13: Fast connection is closed 14: progress information element playing announcement has been received

17.40 Selection of Radio Access technology +URAT

17.40.1 Description

Forces the selection of the Radio Access Technology (RAT) in the protocol stack. On subsequent network registration (+COPS, +CGATT) the selected RAT is used.



If GSM / UTRAN (dual mode) is selected, it is also possible to select the preferred RAT, which determines which RAT is selected first (if both available).



In Dual Mode both the GSM and UMTS Access Stratum are active and full InterRAT measurements and handovers are provided.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+URAT=<AcT>[,<PreferredAct>]	OK	AT+URAT=1,0 OK
Read	AT+URAT?	+URAT: <AcT>[,<PreferredAct>] OK	

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+URAT=?	+URAT: (list of the supported <Act>s),(list of the supported <PreferredAct>s) OK	+URAT: (0-2), (0,2) OK

17.40.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<Act>	Number	Indicates the radio access technology and may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: GSM (single mode) • 1 (factory-programmed setting): GSM / UTRAN (dual mode) • 2: UTRAN (single mode)
<PreferredAct>	Number	This parameter indicates the preferred access technology; it is ignored if dual mode (<Act>=1) is not selected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: GSM • 2 (default value and factory-programmed setting): UTRAN



The command settings are stored in the non volatile memory.



Any change in the RAT selection must be done in detached state!

17.41 Extended Packet Switched network registration status +UREG

17.41.1 Description

Reports the network or the device PS (Packet Switched) radio capabilities.

When the device is not in connected mode, +UREG reports the network PS (Packet Switched) radio capabilities of the PLMN where the device is attached to.

When the device is in connected mode, +UREG reports the PS radio capabilities the device has been configured.

The set command allows to enable / disable the URC **+UREG**, generated whenever it is enabled and the capabilities change.

The read command can be used to query the current PS radio capabilities.



<state>= 8 and 9 is not supported by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UREG=<n>	OK	AT+UREG=1 OK
Read	AT+UREG?	+UREG: <n>,<state> OK	
Test	AT+UREG=?	+UREG: (list of supported <n>'s) OK	
URC		+UREG: <state>	

17.41.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable network registration attach status URC 1: enable network registration attach status URC +UREG
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: not registered for PS service 1: registered for PS service, RAT=2G, GPRS available 2: registered for PS service, RAT=2G, EDGE available 3: registered for PS service, RAT=3G, WCDMA available 4: registered for PS service, RAT=3G, HSDPA available 5: registered for PS service, RAT=3G, HSUPA available 6: registered for PS service, RAT=3G, HSDPA and HSUPA available 7: reserved 8: registered for PS service, RAT=2G, GPRS available, DTM available 9: registered for PS service, RAT=2G, EDGE available, DTM available

17.42 Start and stop tone generation +UVTS

17.42.1 Description

Starts and stops DTMF tones. In GSM this operates only in voice mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UVTS=[<DTMF>]	OK	AT+UVTS=2 OK
Test	AT+UVTS=?	+UVTS: (list of <DTMF>s) OK	+UVTS: (0-9,#,*,A-D) OK



When <DTMF> parameter is omitted the tone is stopped.

17.42.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<DTMF>	Char	Single ASCII character in the set 0-9, #, *, A-D



If the command is invoked when not in a call, an error is reported (" +CME ERROR: no connection to phone" if +CMEE set to 2).

17.43 PCCA STD-101 [17] select wireless network +WS46

17.43.1 Description

PCCA STD-101 [17] includes a command to select the cellular network (Wireless Data Service; WDS) to operate with the MT. PCCA calls this WDS-Side Stack Selection. This command may be used when the MT is asked to indicate the networks in which it can operate.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+WS46=[<n>]	OK	AT+WS46=25 OK
Read	AT+WS46?	+WS46: <n> OK	+WS46: 25 OK
Test	AT+WS46=?	+WS46: (list of supported <n>s) OK	+WS46: (12,22,25) OK

17.43.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<n>	Number	WDS-Side Stack Selection indication and may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 12: GSM digital cellular (Single mode GSM) • 22: UTRAN only (Single mode UMTS) • 25: 3GPP Systems, both GERAN and UTRAN (Dual Mode Stack)



Any change in the WDS-Side stack selection must be done during detached state.



This functionality is also supported by the proprietary command +URAT, which provides extended functionality to +WS46.

17.44 End User Test +UTEST

17.44.1 Description

Sets the module in non-signalling (or test) mode, or returns to signalling (or normal) mode.

In test/non-signalling mode the module switches off the 2G/3G protocol stack for performing single tests which could not be performed during signalling, since the radio frequency part is directly controlled by the test.

When entering test mode, it is possible to sequentially trigger the following actions for testing purposes:

- 2G Transmission of GSM burst sequence on the desired channel and power level (only 1 time slot configuration is available)
- 2G Transmission of 8PSK modulation burst sequence on the desired channel and power level (only 1 time slot configuration is available)
- 3G Transmission of WCDMA signal on the desired channel and power level
- Receiving signal detection and RF level measurement on the desired 2G or 3G channel
- Receiving signal detection at diversity antenna input and RF level measurement on the desired 2G or 3G channel



The command only accepts the parameters set supported by the specific module version. When an unsupported parameter is entered an error message will be provided (“+CME ERROR: operation not supported” if +CMEE is set to 2).

The execution of these actions is performed in non-signalling mode. In Normal mode:

- The only allowed UTEST command is the AT+UTEST=1 used to enable testing interface in non-signalling mode
- All other UTEST commands return an error message (“+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if +CMEE is set to 2)



Before entering the non-signalling mode the <mode> parameter of AT+COPS command must be set to 2, otherwise an error message (“+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if +CMEE is set to 2) is provided.

In non-signalling mode:

- The module only accepts +UTEST commands



The +CMEE command can only be set in Normal mode.

To return to the normal mode one of these actions must be performed:

- A module reset
- Power off the module
- Send AT+UTEST=0



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UTEST=<mode>,[<par1>],[<par2>],[<par3>],[<par4>],[<par5>]	+UTEST: [<par1>,<par2>],[<par3>,<par4>,<par5>]],[<min>,<avg>,<max>] OK	AT+UTEST=2,124,250 +UTEST: 124,250,-80,-80,-80 OK
Read	AT+UTEST?	+UTEST: <mode> OK	+UTEST: 1 OK
Test	AT+UTEST=?	+UTEST: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	+UTEST: (0-3) OK

17.44.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Test mode setting: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: return to the module normal mode • 1: the module enters non-signalling mode • 2: RX test mode (measuring the antenna level estimation of the received RF signal) • 3: TX test mode (GSMK/8PSK burst or transmission in 3G bands)
<par1>..<par5>	Number	Parameters needed for each selected mode as reported in the table below



RX mode setting (<mode>=2)

Par	Description	Range	Default	Notes
<par1>	Channel	0 ÷ 65535	32	<p>RX channel 2G mode: for 850, 900, 1800 bands the value corresponds to ARFCN while for 1900 band an offset of 32768 is added.</p> <p>RX channel 3G mode: the value corresponds to UARFCN, additional channels available in some 3G bands are not supported.</p> <p>For 2G mode:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [0-124]: GSM 900 MHz [128-251]: GSM 850 MHz [512-885]: DCS 1800 MHz [975-1023]: EGSM 900 MHz [33280-33578]: PCS 1900 MHz (corresponding to ARFCN 512-810 range in band 1900) <p>For 3G mode:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1537 – 1738]: Band IV (1700 MHz) [2937-3088]: Band VIII (900 MHz) [4357-4458]: Band V (850 MHz) / Band VI (800 MHz) / Band XIX (800 MHz) (additional not supported, Band VI and XIX are subsets) [9662-9938]: Band II (1900 MHz) (additional not supported) [10562-10838]: Band I (2100 MHz) <p> Only the values indicated in the above ranges are valid, otherwise an error message will be provided (“+CME ERROR: operation not supported” if +CMEE is set to 2)</p>
<par2>	Time	1 ÷ 600000	1000	Time interval for RX test expressed in ms
<par3>	Antenna Diversity	0 ÷ 1	0	<p>Receiver path:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Main 1: Diversity <p>The parameter is available only if supported, otherwise an error message will be provided (“+CME ERROR: operation not supported” if +CMEE is set to 2)</p>
<min>	Minimum antenna RF level estimation	-100 ÷ -20		<p>Expressed in dBm, for 2G mode</p> <p> In 3G mode the range goes from -90 to -20</p>
<avg>	Average antenna RF level estimation	-100 ÷ -20		<p>Expressed in dBm, for 2G mode</p> <p> In 3G mode the range goes from -90 to -20</p>
<max>	Maximum antenna RF level estimation	-100 ÷ -20		<p>Expressed in dBm, for 2G mode</p> <p> In 3G mode the range goes from -90 to -20</p>



RX mode test command examples

Command	Response	Description
AT+UTEST=2	+UTEST:32,1000,-89,-88,-87 OK	The module measures the antenna RX level at RX channel 32 band GSM900 for 1 s interval. After this time the module provides the response. In the example -89,-88,-87 are the antenna RF level estimation: the numbers are just an example
AT+UTEST=2,885,5000	+UTEST:885,5000,-66,-65,-65 OK	The module measures the antenna RX level at RX channel 885 band DCS1800 for 5 s interval. After this time the module provides the response.
AT+UTEST=2,10562,2000	+UTEST:10562,2000,-60,-60,-59 OK	The module measures the antenna RX level at RX channel 10562 band B1 for 2 s interval on the main antenna path. After this time the module provides the response.
AT+UTEST=2,10562	+UTEST:10562,1000,0,-85,-85,-85 OK	The module measures the antenna RX level at RX channel 10562 band B1 for 1 s interval on the main antenna path. After this time the module provides the response.
AT+UTEST=2,65,3000,0	+UTEST:65,3000,0,-63,-62,-62 OK	The module measures the antenna RX level at RX channel 65 band GSM900 for 3 s interval on the main antenna path. After this time the module provides the response.
AT+UTEST=2,4357,,1	+UTEST:4357,1000,1,-51,-51,-51 OK	The module measures the antenna RX level at RX channel 4357 band B5 for 1 s interval on the diversity antenna path. After this time the module provides the response.



TX mode setting (<mode>=3)

Par	Description	Range	Default	Notes
<par1>	Tx channel	0 ÷ 65535	32	TX channel 2G mode: for 850, 900, 1800 bands the value corresponds to ARFCN while for 1900 band an offset of 32768 is added. TX channel 3G mode: the value corresponds to UARFCN, additional channels available in some 3G bands are not supported. For 2G mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [0-124]: GSM 900 MHz [128-251]: GSM 850 MHz [512-885]: DCS 1800 MHz [975-1023]: EGSM 900 MHz [33280-33578]: PCS 1900 MHz (corresponding to ARFCN 512-810 range in band 1900) For 3G mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [1312 - 1513]: Band IV (1700 MHz) [2712-2863]: Band VIII (900 MHz) [4132-4233]: Band V (850 MHz) / Band VI (800 MHz) / Band XIX (800 MHz) (additional not supported, Band VI and XIX are subsets) [9262-9538]: Band II (1900 MHz) (additional not supported) [9612-9888]: Band I (2100 MHz) Only the values indicated in the above ranges are valid, otherwise an error message will be provided (" +CME ERROR: operation not supported" if +CMEE is set to 2)

Par	Description	Range	Default	Notes
<par2>	Power control Level	-56 ÷ 24	5	<p>For 2G mode: PCL (power control level). The allowed values depend on the related <par1> value: lower numbers means higher power level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [0-19]: GSM 850 and 900, if <par2> is less than 5 the handling is the same for <par2>=5 [0-15]: DCS 1800 and PCS 1900 <p>In case <par4> is set to 2 (8PSK modulation) range is as below. Other values are valid but behave as indicated level</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [0-19]: GSM 850 and 900 if <par2> is less than 8 the handling is the same for <par2>=8 [0-15]: DCS 1800 and PCS 1900; if <par2> is less than 2 the handling is the same for <par2>=2 <p>For 3G mode: Absolute output power [dBm]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> [-56 ÷ 24] for all bands <p>Only the values indicated in the above ranges are valid, otherwise a messenger error will be provided (" +CME ERROR: operation not supported" if +CMEE was set to 2).</p>
<par3>	Training Seq (TSC)	0 ÷ 7	5	<p>Training sequence to be used (to be changed only in case of link with network simulator, else use default)</p> <p> In 3G mode the values is unused.</p>
<par4>	Modulation Mode	1 ÷ 2	1	<p>Modulation mode</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: GMSK normal modulation including TSC 2: 8PSK normal modulation including TSC <p> In 3G mode the values is unused.</p> <p> WCDMA modulation is automatically set using for <par1> a UARFCN value.</p>
<par5>	Time	0 ÷ 600000	1000	<p>Time interval for TX test expressed in ms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: burst sequence is continuously transmitted. In this case the command will immediately return. The command line will be immediately available for any +UTEST command. To stop the burst sequence transmission the command AT+UTEST=1 must be provided, any other UTEST commands can be set and current sequence transmission will be stopped.



TX mode test command examples

Command	Response	Description
AT+UTEST=3,32,7,5	+UTEST:32,7,5,1,1000 OK	The module will transmit for 1 s interval 1 slot burst sequence at TX channel 32 GSM900 at PCL 5 using training sequence 5 and normal GMSK modulation
AT+UTEST=3,65,8,,2,5000	+UTEST:65,8,5,2,5000 OK	The module will transmit for 5 s interval 1 slot burst sequence at TX channel 65 GSM900 at PCL 8 (gamma 6, 27 dBm) using training sequence 5 and normal 8PSK modulation

Command	Response	Description
AT+UTEST=3,660,,,0	+UTEST:660,5,5,1,0 OK	The module will transmit continuously 1 slot burst sequence at TX channel 660 DCS1800 at PCL 5 using training sequence 5 and normal GMSK modulation
AT+UTEST=3,9612,22,,,2000	+UTEST:9612,22,5,2,2000 OK	The module will transmit for 2 s interval at TX channel 9612 band B1 at 22 dBm power level using WCDMA modulation

Example:

Command	Response	Description
AT+UTEST=1	OK	
AT+UTEST?	+UTEST: 1 OK	
AT+UTEST=3,37,5,0,1,20000	+UTEST: 37,5,0,1,20000 OK	
AT+UTEST=2,124,250	+UTEST: 124,250,-80,-80,-80 OK	
AT+UTEST=2,37,5000	+UTEST: 37,5000,-100,-100,-100 OK	
AT+UTEST=0	OK	

17.45 Smart temperature Supervisor +USTS

17.45.1 Description

Allows to enable/disable the Smart Temperature Supervisor feature.

When the feature is enabled the internal temperature is measured via the internal temperature sensor.

If the measured value goes over the t_{+1} threshold or below the t_{-1} threshold an URC will be sent to notify a warning: the module is still in a valid and good working condition.

If the measured value goes over the t_{+2} threshold or below the t_{-2} threshold an URC will be sent to notify the dangerous working condition. This status will be notified and the device will start the shutting down procedure to avoid damaging it.



The shutting down procedure is performed only if <mode>=1: an URC is sent to notify this.



For security reasons the shut down is suspended in case of emergency call in progress. In this case the device will switch off at call termination: an URC will be sent to notify this.



If the feature is disabled (<mode> = 0 and <mode> = 2) there's no embedded protection against not allowed temperature working conditions.



For more details on Smart Temperature Supervisor feature, refer to LEON-G100/G200 system Integration Manual [25] or LISA-U Series System integration Manual [49].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USTS=<mode>	OK	AT+USTS=0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+USTS?	+USTS: <mode> OK	+USTS: 0 OK
Test	AT+USTS=?	+USTS: (list of supported modes) OK	+USTS: (0-2) OK
URC		+UUSTS: <mode>,<event>	+UUSTS: 1,1

17.45.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Enable / disable the smart temperature mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): feature disabled 1: Smart Temperature feature enabled: the indication and shutting down are performed 2: Smart Temperature Indication enabled
<event>	Number	Provides the event status <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -2: temperature below t-2 threshold -1: temperature below t-1 threshold 0: temperature inside the allowed range – not close to the limits 1: temperature above t+1 threshold 2: temperature above the t2threshold 10: timer expired and no emergency call is in progress, shutdown phase started 20: emergency call ended, shutdown phase started 100: error during measurement



<event>=100 is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

17.46 Configure the Data Channel +UDATACHANNEL

17.46.1 Description

Configures the serial channel over which CSD or PSD data shall be routed during a data connection (initiated by the ATD or AT+CGDATA commands), after the CONNECT has been received.

As a factory-programmed setting, the data is routed on the same channel where the connection is established.

The channels are identified by a string made up of a trailing forward slash followed by the device type name and a numerical index, separated by a forward slash. For example:

- "/USBCDC/0" is the 1st USB channel
- "/tyCo/2" is the 3rd UART/SPI channel
- "/mux/1" is the 2nd multiplexer channel

The MUX channels are available only if the mux is activated.

Channel identifier (Device name)	Description
"/tyCo/0"	UART 0
"/tyCo/2"	SPI
"/USBCDC/0"	USB channel #0

Channel identifier (Device name)	Description
"/USBCDC/1"	USB channel #1
"/USBCDC/2"	USB channel #2
"/USBCDC/4"	USB channel #4
"/mux/1"	MUX channel #1
"/mux/2"	MUX channel #2
"/mux/3"	MUX channel #3
"/mux/4"	MUX channel #4
"/mux/5"	MUX channel #5
"/mux/6"	MUX channel #6
"/mux/7"	MUX channel #7
"/mux/8"	MUX channel #8



An error message will be provided if the referenced channel is not active / available.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDATACHANNEL=<mode>,<csd_psd_flag>,<ctrl-tid-path>,<tidpath>[,<connect_flag>]	OK	AT+UDATACHANNEL=1,1,"/mux/1","/mux/2",0
Test	AT+UDATACHANNEL=?	+UDATACHANNEL: (list of <mode>s),(list of <csd_psd_flag>'s), (list of <connect_flag>'s) OK	+UDATACHANNEL: (0-2),(0,1),(0,1) OK

17.46.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the routing 1: enable the routing 2: query current setting for the type of data specified by <csd_psd_flag> and the channel referenced by <ctrl-tidpath>; the <tid-path> must not be set.
<csd_psd_flag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 configure the channel for a CSD connection 1 configure the channel for a PSD connection
<ctrl-tid-path>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interface for which the data routing mechanism shall be enabled
<tid-path>	String	Interface to which a data call shall be routed
<connect_flag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 No Reporting on the data channel (neither CONNECT nor NO CARRIER) 1 Reporting on the data channel enabled (= CONNECT and NO CARRIER)

17.47 Custom SIM Lock +USIMLCK

17.47.1 Description

Allows locking the SIM to work only with user-defined sets of SIM cards (e.g. a subset of networks, with a specified SIM card). According to the 3GPP TS 22.022 [31] there are different kinds of lock as follows:

- Network
- Network Subset

- SIM
- Service Provider (not supported)
- Corporate (not supported)

SIM is locked according to user needs even if the SIM card is not inserted or the PIN code is not provided. At most 10 personalizations can be simultaneously configured.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USIMLCK=<facility>,<pers_data>,<pwd>,<status>	OK	AT+USIMLCK="PN", "222.01", "12345678", 1 OK
Test	AT+USIMLCK=?	+USIMLCK: (list of supported <facility>s),,,(list of supported <status>) OK	+USIMLCK: ("PN", "PU", "PS"),,,(0-1) OK

17.47.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<facility>	String	Personalization type, which can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "PN" Network personalization • "PU" Networks subset personalization • "PS" SIM/USIM personalization
<pers_data>	String	Data for device personalization. The contents depend on the selected <facility>. On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and on LISA-U200-00S version: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If <facility> is "PN": <pers_data> contains at most 10 pairs of MCC and MNC in the following format: "MCC.MNC" separated by colons: "MCC1.MNC1:MCC2.MNC2:...:MCCn.MNCn" • If <facility> is "PU": <pers_data> contains MCC + MNC + a list of at most 10 pairs of the digits 6 and 7 of IMSI; the format of the string is: "MCC.MNC:DD1:DD2:...:DDn" where DDx represent the sixth and seventh digits of IMSI • If <facility> is "PS": <pers_data> contains a list of at most 10 IMSIs; the format of the string is: "IMSI1:IMSI2:...:IMSI n" Otherwise: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If <facility> is "PN": <pers_data> is in the format: "MCC1.MNC1min[-MNC2max][,MCC2.MNC2min[-MNC2max]...[,MCC10.MNC10min[-MNC10max]]" It contains a list of comma-separated pairs of MCCs and MNC ranges • If <facility> is "PU": <pers_data> is in the format: "MCC1.MNC1min[-MNC2max][,MCC2.MNC2min[-MNC2max]...[,MCC10.MNC10min[-MNC10max]]:MSIN1[,MSIN2...[,MSIN10]]" It contains a list of comma-separated pairs of MCCs+MNC ranges as above; a list of comma-separated MSIN(s) or ranges of MSINs is appended after the MCC/MNC range using a ':' as separator. MSINs can be written with wildcards ('*') with the syntax: [*][*]D1[D2[...]] (one wildcard for each MSIN digit to skip) followed by one or more digits. It is possible to use ranges of MSIN digits; in this case the minimum and maximum values should have the same number of wildcard and the

Parameter	Type	Description
		same number of digits. In addition it is possible to concatenate more MSIN ranges with the comma separator (example: "123.456:56,**70-**72"). In this case all ranges must create a non empty set since MSIN comma separator behavior is an AND operator: an empty set means that any SIM is accepted
<pwd>	String	Password to enable/disable the personalization. The password length goes from 6 to 16 digits
<status>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: feature set but disabled 1: feature set and enabled



The current personalization status can be queried using the AT+CLCK command with the proper facilities <fac> and the query status mode <mode>=2.



At the end of command execution, the module is deregistered from network, reset and rebooted.



A maximum of 5 attempts are allowed in case a wrong password is inserted during an unlock operation with +CLCK command; after that, further unlock operations are blocked. The ME can still be used with the right SIM.



The following error messages could be provided

- o "+CME ERROR: invalid characters in text string" (error code: 25): an error is present in the <pers_data> format
- o "+CME ERROR: operation not allowed" (error code: 3): the user attempted the module personalization with an already active facility. An unlock operation must be performed before. Alternatively, an internal driver error occurred.
- o "+CME ERROR: incorrect password" (error code: 16): The password format or length is wrong



If the SIM lock is disabled it is possible to enable the lock with AT+CLCK command providing needed parameters (<fac>, <mode>=1 and the password); otherwise the same personalization type can be modified at any time by means of AT+USIMLCK command.



If the SIM lock is enabled the same personalization can be modified only if before it has been disabled through AT+CLCK command.

17.48 Network Selection Control +PACSP

17.48.1 Description

Allows checking whether the EFCSP (Customer Service Profile) is available on the SIM/USIM card and, if available, what is the value of the PLMN mode bit; otherwise the response is an error message (" +CME ERROR: operation not allowed" if +CMEE is set to 2).

The URC is enabled if EFCSP (Customer Service Profile) is available: in this case it is output at boot time and whenever the SIM/USIM issues the REFRESH proactive command related to the EFCSP.

EFCSP is available on SIM/USIM cards from AT&T. This functionality will typically be used in cases where AT&T subscribers internationally travel, or if there is a need to enable manual network selection functionality.

For further information refer to AT&T Device Requirements [61].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+PACSP?	+PACSP<bit_value> OK	+PACSP1 OK
URC		+PACSP<bit_value>	+PACSP0

17.48.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<bit_value>	Number	PLMN mode bit value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: automatic network selection is forced (see following table) 1: network selection mode unchanged (see following table)



If EFCSP is available, the PLMN mode bit forces the automatic network registration, according to the +COPS <mode> value which is loaded at boot from the selected profile (refer to Annex B.1 and chapter 14.8). The following table explains the behavior:

Autoregistration <mode>	PLMN mode bit <bit_value>	Autoregistration behavior
0	0	Automatic network selection
1	0	Automatic network selection
2	0	Disabled
0	1	Automatic network selection
1	1	Manual network selection (search for the PLMN stored in the selected profile)
2	1	Disabled

17.49 Rx Diversity +URXDIV

17.49.1 Description

Controls the 3G Rx Diversity and 2G DARP during runtime.

The features can be enabled or disabled during operation. Specifying the 2G DARP is optional.

Refer to 3GPP TS 25.101 [64] and 3GPP TS 45.005 [65][65].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+URXDIV=<RxDiv3G>[,<DARP>]	OK	AT+URXDIV=1,3 OK
Read	AT+URXDIV?	+URXDIV: <RxDiv3G>,<DARP> OK	+URXDIV: 1,3 OK
Test	AT+URXDIV=?	+URXDIV: (list of supported <RxDiv3G>'s),(list of supported <DARP>'s) OK	+URXDIV: (0-1),(1-3) OK

17.49.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<RxDiv3G>	Number	Rx diversity enable/disable. Allowed values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: 3G Rx Diversity disabled 1: 3G Rx Diversity enabled (factory-programmed value)
<DARP>	Number	DARP Phase and mode. Allowed values:

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: DARP Phase 1 2: DARP Phase 2 - traffic only 3 (default value): DARP Phase 2 - always on (factory-programmed)



It is possible to set the parameters only if the module is not registered to the network (+COPS=2).



The diversity receiver is provided to improve the quality and reliability of the wireless link on all 2G and 3G operating bands except 2G DCS 1800.



The command saves the setting in NVRAM.

17.50 Message Waiting Indication +UMWI

17.50.1 Description

Provides information regarding MWI third level method (3GPP defined in 3GPP TS 23.040 [8]) and CPHS method [66] following AT&T Device Requirements [61].

The set command enables / disables the URCs presentation. The URCs are enabled by factory default.

MWI is based on specific EFs not present in all SIM cards. In case these EFs are not present, the set command response is an error message (“+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if +CMEE is set to 2) and no URCs will be displayed.



The URCs are displayed in groups of variable number which depends on the EFs present in the SIM card 3GPP TS 31.102 [19] and Common PCN Handset Specification [66].



This command is not available on LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UMWI=<mode>	OK	AT+UMWI=1 OK
Read	AT+UMWI?	+UMWI: <mode>,<status>,<type>[,<count>] [+UMWI: <mode>,<status>,<type>[,<count>][...]] OK	+UMWI: 1,0,1 +UMWI: 1,0,2 +UMWI: 1,1,3,255 +UMWI: 1,0,4 OK
Test	AT+UMWI=?	+UMWI: (list of supported <mode>'s), OK	+UMWI: (0-1) OK
URC		+UMWI: <status>,<type>[,<count>] [+UMWI: <status>,<type>[,<count>][...]]	+UMWI: 1,1,3 +UMWI: 1,2,5 +UMWI: 1,3,255 +UMWI: 0,4

17.50.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Indicates whether the MWI URC is enabled or not: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable Message Waiting Indication URC 1 (factory-programmed setting): enable Message Waiting Indication URC
<status>	Number	Indicator status for the respective <type>: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: clear; no messages waiting 1: set; messages waiting
<type>	Number	Indicates the basic message indication type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Voice Message Waiting (third level method) or Voice Message Waiting on Line 1 (CPHS method)

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2: Fax Message Waiting • 3: Electronic Mail Message Waiting • 4: Extended Message Type Waiting (i.e. refer to 3GPP TS 23.038 [7]) • 5: Video Message Waiting • 6: Voice Message Waiting on Line 2 (CPHS method) • 7: Reserved for future use
<count>	Number	Number of messages waiting for the respective <type>, range 1-255. 255 means that the number of waiting messages is unknown.



If <status>=0, <count> is omitted.

17.51 External Device Configuration +UEXTDCONF

17.51.1 Description

Used for configuring an external device, e.g. an audio codec, at boot time.

The setting (on / off) for each supported device is saved in NVM and applied everytime the module is powered on.

The configuration for each supported device is hard-coded in the firmware.

Currently, the only supported external device is the Maxim MAX9860 audio codec. See Maxim datasheet [69].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UEXTDCONF=<device_id>[,<configuration_enable>]	OK	AT+UEXTDCONF=0,0 OK
Get	AT+UEXTDCONF?	+UEXTDCONF: <device_1>,<configuration_enable1> ... +UEXTDCONF: <device_N>,<configuration_enableN> OK	+UEXTDCONF: 0,0 +UEXTDCONF: 1,0 +UEXTDCONF: 2,1 OK
Test	AT+UEXTDCONF=?	+UEXTDCONF: (list of supported <device_id>s),(list of supported <configuration_enable>s) OK	+UEXTDCONF: (0-2),(0,1) OK



Automatic configuration of an external audio codec is not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

17.51.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<device_id>	Number	Device identifier. The allowed values may vary depending on the FW version. Currently LISA-U2 series modules, except LISA-U200-00S, support the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Maxim MAX9860 audio codec, connected via I²C When enabled, at every startup the module performs the actions corresponding to the following commands: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. AT+UMCLK=2,0 2. AT+UI2CO=1,0,0,0x10,0 3. AT+UI2CW="00000000108F20240000103300250000008A",18 4. AT+UI2CW="049E",2 5. AT+UI2CC Which mean:

Parameter	Type	Description
		1. Set the external codec master clock at 13 MHz 2. Open the I ² C logical channel (connected to the external codec) 3. Send, via I ² C, the specified byte sequence (for external codec configuration) 4. Send, via I ² C, the specified byte sequence (for external codec configuration) 5. Close the I ² C logical channel The above actions can be used for the Maxim MAX9860, which is available on EVK boards.
<configuration_enable>	Number	Enables/disables the autoconfiguration of the specified external device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Disabled (default value, factory-programmed value) 1: Enabled



Issuing AT+UMCLK=2,0 (Action 1: Set the external codec master clock at 13 MHz) sets a flag in NVM. To undo / remove it, AT+UMCLK=0 must be explicitly invoked.

17.52 Lock on a specific 2G cell +UCELLOCK

17.52.1 Description

Locks the module on a specific GSM cell (identified by its BCCH ARFCN) when the module is either in idle-mode (basic lock) or in connected-mode (extended lock). In idle-mode, cell reselections are inhibited and if the specific BCCH ARFCN is not available, the module enters Out Of Coverage (OOC) state. If the extended lock is enabled, in connected-mode no handovers should be possible since the measurement reports sent to the network contain an empty neighbors' list, thus the connection drops when is no longer sustainable.



The command is not supported by LEON-G100-07x and previous versions.



To determine the available BCCH ARFCN numbers use the +COPS=5 command (refer to chapter 7.3 for further details).



Issue the set command only when the module is not registered and no registration attempt is in progress (+COPS set to 2).



If the lock is enabled, do not use the +COPS=5 and +COPS=?, because the results would be inconsistent.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCELLOCK=<lock_mode>[,<BCCH_ARFCN>[,<band1900>]]	OK	AT+UCELLOCK=2,90 OK
Get	AT+UCELLOCK?	+UCELLOCK: [<lock_result>,<lock_mode>[,<BCCH_ARFCN>,<band1900>]] OK	+UCELLOCK: 1,2,90,0 OK
Test	AT+UCELLOCK=?	+UCELLOCK: (list of supported <lock>'s),(list of supported <BCCH_ARFCN>'s),(list of supported <band>'s) OK	+UCELLOCK: (0,2-5),(0-1023),(0,1) OK
URC		+UCELLOCK: <lock_result>	

17.52.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<lock_mode>	Number	Action configuration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: lock disabled • 2: lock enabled without URC • 3: lock enabled with URC • 4: extended lock enabled without URC • 5: extended lock enabled with URC
<BCCH_ARFCN>	Number	Indicates on which cell (BCCH ARFCN) to perform the lock (range 0-1023)
<band1900>	Number	Indicates if the given <BCCH_ARFCN> is part of band 1900 or not, to avoid ambiguity between bands 1800 and 1900: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: (default value) the given <BCCH_ARFCN> is not part of band 1900 • 1: the given <BCCH_ARFCN> is part of band 1900
<lock_result>	Number	Result of the last issued lock: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: lock enabled and successful, camped on the requested cell (BCCH ARFCN) • 2: lock enabled but unsuccessful, the requested cell (BCCH ARFCN) was not found



If <lock_mode>=0, the <BCCH_ARFCN> and <band1900> parameters are not used.



If <lock_mode> differs from 0, the parameter <BCCH_ARFCN> is mandatory.



If <band1900> is issued, <BCCH_ARFCN> is mandatory.



If <band1900>=1, the valid range for <BCCH_ARFCN> is 512-810.



If <lock_mode>=0, the read command's response only displays <lock_mode>.



If <lock_result>=2, the module is not in normal operation mode, and persist in OOC until <lock_mode>=0 is issued or camps on the selected <BCCH_ARFCN> (in the latter case the URC with <lock_result>=1 is displayed).

18 GPIO

18.1 Introduction

The chapter provides the description of AT commands used to manage the GPIO pins provided by u-blox wireless modules.

18.1.1 GPIO functions

On u-blox wireless modules, GPIO pins can be opportunely configured as general purpose input or output. Moreover GPIO pins of u-blox wireless modules can be configured to provide custom functions via +UGPIOC AT command. The custom functions availability can vary depending on the u-blox wireless modules series and version: refer to Table 12 and Table 13 for an overview of the custom functions supported by u-blox wireless modules.

<gpio_mode>	Function	LEON-Gx00-04S LEON-Gx00-05S	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series (except LEON-Gx00-05S and previous versions)
0	Output	Supported	Supported
1	Input	Supported	Supported
2	Network status indication	Supported	Supported
3	GPS supply enable	Supported	Supported
4	GPS data ready	Not Supported	Supported
5	GPS RTC sharing	Not Supported	Supported
7	SIM Card Detection	Not Supported	Not Supported
8	Headset Detection	Supported ²	Supported
9	GSM Tx burst indication	Not Supported	Not Supported
10	Module operating status indication	Not Supported	Not Supported
11	Module functionality status indication	Not Supported	Not Supported
12	I ² S digital audio interface	Not Supported	Not Supported
13	SPI serial interface	Not Supported	Not Supported
255	Pad disabled	Not Supported	Supported

Table 12: GPIO custom functions overview (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series)

<gpio_mode>	Function	LISA-U1 series	LISA-U200-00S	LISA-U2 series (except LISA-U200-00S)
0	Output	Supported	Supported	Supported
1	Input	Supported	Supported	Supported
2	Network status indication	Supported	Supported	Supported
3	GPS supply enable	Supported	Not Supported	Supported
4	GPS data ready	Supported	Not Supported	Supported
5	GPS RTC sharing	Supported	Not Supported	Supported

² The HS_DET pin provides headset detection function only: it cannot be configured as GPIO

<gpio_mode>	Function	LISA-U1 series	LISA-U200-00S	LISA-U2 series (except LISA-U200-00S)
7	SIM Card Detection	Supported	Supported	Supported
8	Headset Detection	Not Supported	Not Supported	Not Supported
9	GSM Tx burst indication	Supported	Supported	Supported
10	Module operating status indication	Not Supported	Not Supported	Supported
11	Module functionality status indication	Not Supported	Not Supported	Supported
12	I ² S digital audio interface	Not Supported	Not Supported	Supported
13	SPI serial interface	Not Supported	Not Supported	Supported
255	Pad disabled	Supported	Supported	Supported

Table 13: GPIO custom functions overview (LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series)

The configuration of the GPIO pins (i.e. the setting of the parameters of the +UGPIOC AT command) is saved in the NVM and used at the next power-on.

18.1.2 GPIO mapping

The number of available GPIO pins and their mapping can vary depending on the u-blox wireless modules series and version. The GPIOs mapping for different u-blox wireless modules is reported in Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17 and Table 18.



Refer to LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 Series System Integration Manual [25] and LISA-U Series System Integration Manual [49] for the supported functions by each GPIO.

LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions

<gpio_id>	Pin name	Pin number	Default function	Remarks
20	GPIO1	20	Output	<gpio_out_val>=0
21	GPIO2	21	GPS supply enable	

Table 14: LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions GPIO mapping

LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series (except LEON-Gx00-05S and previous versions)

<gpio_id>	Pin name	Pin number	Default function	Remarks
18	HS_DET	18	Headset Detection	Only pin 18 can be configured for headset detection functionality
20	GPIO1	20	Pad disabled	
21	GPIO2	21	GPS supply enable	
23	GPIO3	23	GPS Data Ready	Only pin 23 can be configured for GPS Data Ready functionality
24	GPIO4	24	GPS RTC sharing	Only pin 24 can be configured for GPS RTC sharing functionality

Table 15: LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series (except LEON-Gx00-05S and previous versions) GPIO mapping

LISA-U1 series

<gpio_id>	Pin name	Pin number	Default function	Remarks
20	GPIO1	20	Pad disabled	
21	GPIO2	21	GPS supply enable	
23	GPIO3	23	GPS Data Ready	Only pin 23 can be configured for GPS Data Ready functionality
24	GPIO4	24	GPS RTC sharing	Only pin 24 can be configured for GPS RTC sharing functionality
51	GPIO5	51	SIM Card Detection	Only pin 51 can be configured for SIM card detection functionality

Table 16: LISA-U1 series GPIO mapping
LISA-U200-00S

<gpio_id>	Pin name	Pin number	Default function	Remarks
20	GPIO1	20	Pad disabled	
21	GPIO2	21	Pad disabled	
23	GPIO3	23	Pad disabled	
24	GPIO4	24	Pad disabled	
51	GPIO5	51	SIM Card Detection	Only pin 51 can be configured for SIM card detection functionality
39	GPIO6	39	Pad disabled	
40	GPIO7	40	Pad disabled	
53	GPIO8	53	Pad disabled	
54	GPIO9	54	Pad disabled	

Table 17: LISA-U200-00S GPIO mapping
LISA-U2 series (except LISA-U200-00S)

<gpio_id>	Pin name	Pin number	Default function	Remarks
20	GPIO1	20	Pad disabled	
21	GPIO2	21	GPS supply enable	
23	GPIO3	23	GPS Data Ready	Only pin 23 can be configured for GPS Data Ready functionality
24	GPIO4	24	GPS RTC sharing	Only pin 24 can be configured for GPS RTC sharing functionality
51	GPIO5	51	SIM Card Detection	Only pin 51 can be configured for SIM card detection functionality
39	GPIO6	39	2nd I ² S receive data input	Only pin 39 can be configured for 2nd I ² S receive data input functionality
40	GPIO7	40	2nd I ² S transmit data output	Only pin 40 can be configured for 2nd I ² S transmit data output functionality
53	GPIO8	53	2nd I ² S clock input/output	Only pin 53 can be configured for 2nd I ² S clock input/output functionality

<gpio_id>	Pin name	Pin number	Default function	Remarks
54	GPIO9	54	2nd I ² S word alignment input/output	Only pin 54 can be configured for 2nd I ² S word alignment input/output functionality
55	GPIO10	55	SPI Serial Clock Input	Only pin 55 can be configured for SPI Serial Clock Input functionality
56	GPIO11	56	SPI Data Line Input	Only pin 56 can be configured for SPI Data Line Input functionality
57	GPIO12	57	SPI Data Line Output	Only pin 57 can be configured for SPI Data Line Output functionality
58	GPIO13	58	SPI Slave Ready Output	Only pin 58 can be configured for SPI Slave Ready Output functionality
59	GPIO14	59	SPI Master Ready Input	Only pin 59 can be configured for SPI Master Ready Input functionality

Table 18: LISA-U2 series (except LISA-U200-00S) GPIO mapping


The “GPS supply enable”, “GPS data ready” and “GPS RTC sharing” custom functions can be handled by the +UGPS and the +UGPRF custom AT commands to manage the u-blox GPS receiver connected to the Wireless Module and the embedded GPS aiding. For more details refer to chapter 28.1 and 28.3.



The AT+UGPIOC=xx,255 or AT+UGPIOC=xx,0 or AT+UGPIOC=xx,1 commands (where xx= 55, 56, 57, 58, 59) cannot be sent over SPI channel (the error message “+CME ERROR: GPIO busy” is reported). This is because these commands disable the SPI channel.



When the GPIOs 10-14 need to be switched from tristate (<gpio_mode>=255) or GPIO output (<gpio_mode>=0) or GPIO input (<gpio_mode>=1) to SPI functionality (<gpio_mode>=13), a power cycle (reset) is required for the changes to take effect.



When SIM Card Detection functionality is enabled, the status is reported by +CIND AT command (for more details refer to the command description, chapter 5.5).



Refer to LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] or LISA-U Series System Integration Manual [49] for the complete overview of all allowed configurations.

18.1.3 Network status indication

When a GPIO pin is configured to provide network status indication, its progress depends by the network status:

- No Service: Indicates No network coverage or Not registered (but there can be coverage in limited service)
- Registered Home Network 2G: Indicates registered with home 2G network (full or limited service)
- Registered Home Network 3G: Indicates registered with home 3G network (full or limited service)
- Registered Roaming 2G: Indicates registered with visitor 2G network (roaming, full or limited service)
- Registered Roaming 3G: Indicates registered with visitor 3G network (roaming, full or limited service)
- Data Transmission: Indicates voice or data call enabled either 2G/3G

Following figures report the allowed progresses for GPIO pin set as network indication: V_H and V_L values are provided in LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series Data Sheet [24], LISA-U1 series Data Sheet [56] and LISA-U2 series Data Sheet [60] in "Generic Digital Interfaces pins" chapter.

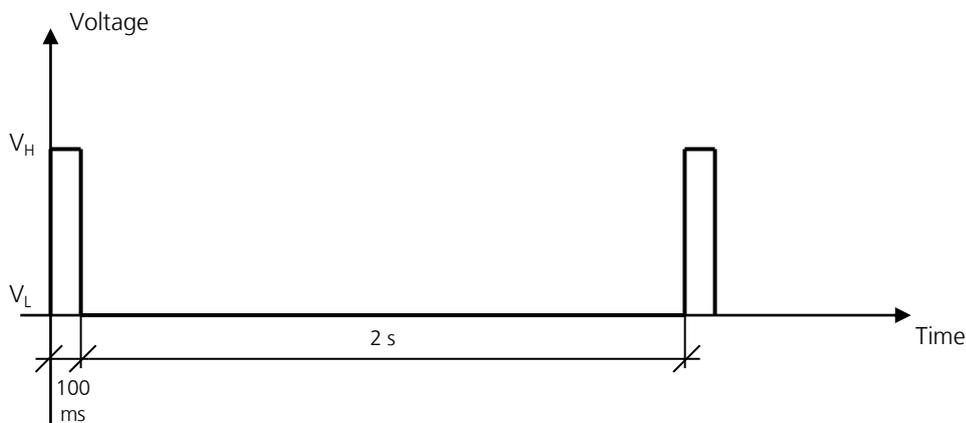
No service (no network coverage or not registered)

- Continuous Output / Low



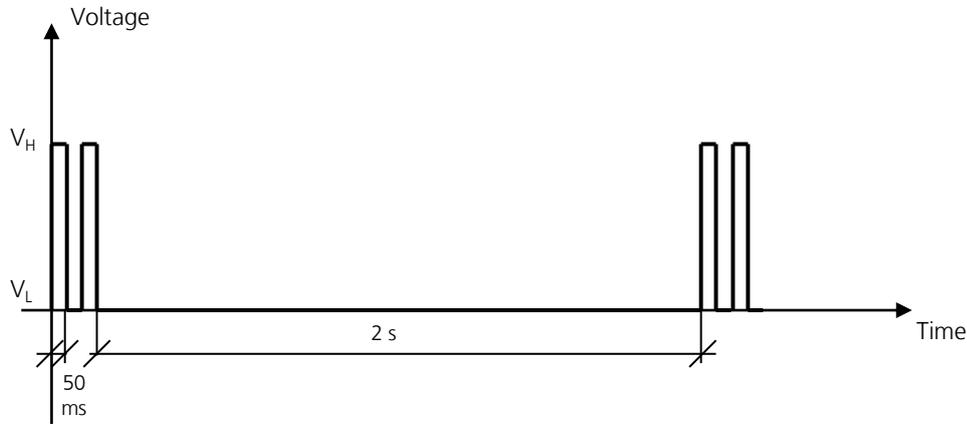
Registered home network 2G

- Cyclic Output / High for 100 ms, Output / Low for 2 s



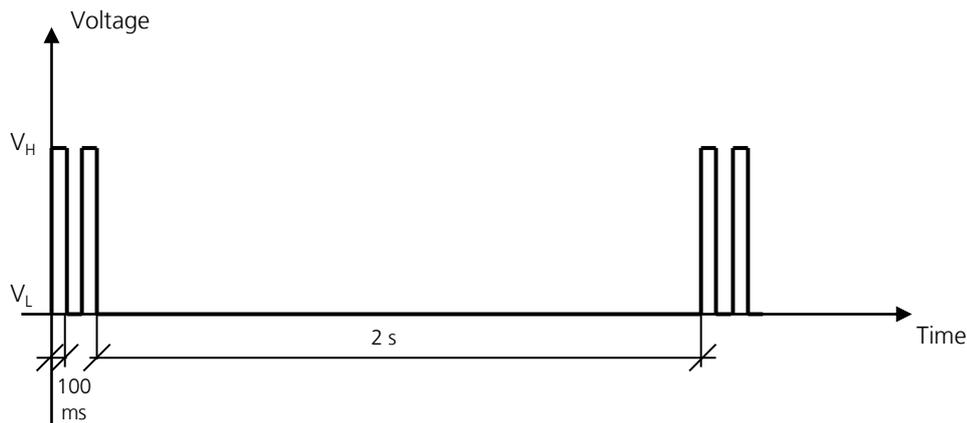
Registered home network 3G

- Cyclic Output / High for 50 ms, Output / Low for 50 ms, Output / High for 50 ms, Output / Low for 2 s



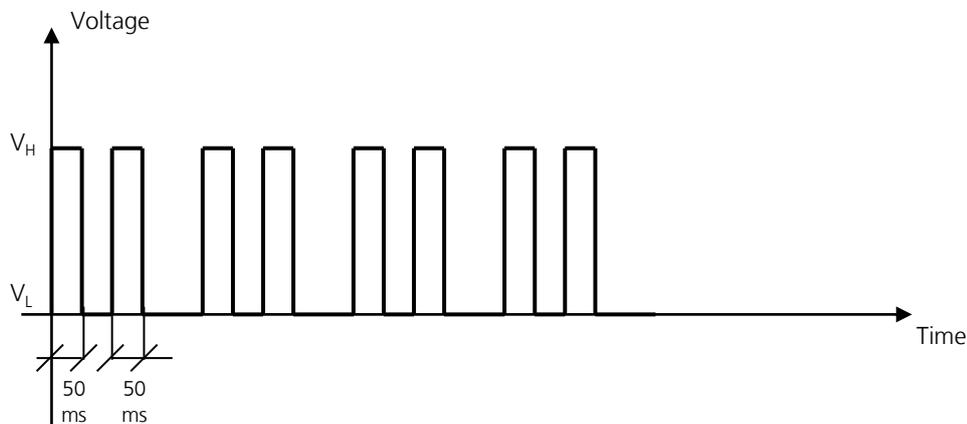
Registered roaming 2G

- Cyclic Output / High for 100 ms, Output / Low for 100 ms, Output / High for 100 ms, Output / Low for 2 s



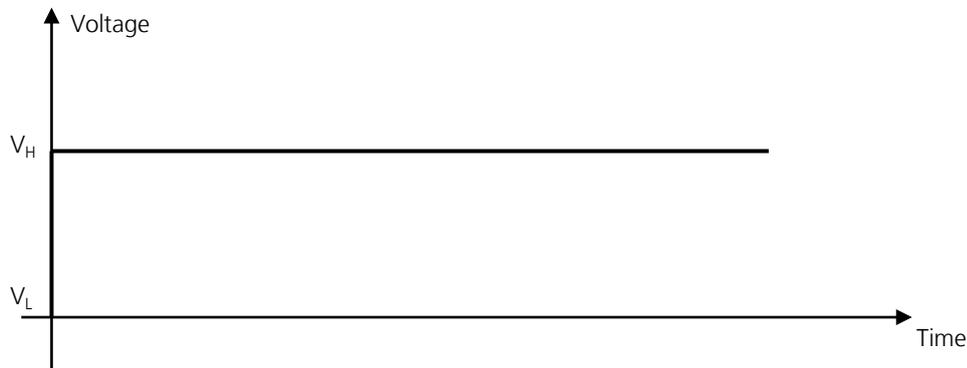
Registered roaming 3G

- Cyclic Output / High for 50 ms, Output / Low for 50 ms, Output / High for 50 ms, Output / Low for 100 ms



Voice or data transmission 2G/3G call enabled

- Continuous Output / High



18.2 GPIO select configuration command +UGPIOC

18.2.1 Description

Allows the user to configure GPIOs pins as input, output or to handle a custom function. When GPIOs pins are configured as output pin, it is possible to set the value.

The test command provides the list of the supported GPIOs, the supported functions and the status of all GPIOs.



The read command is not provided on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series modules.



In the test command the list of the <gpio_id> with the related <gpio_mode> is not provided on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series modules.



Not all GPIO functions can be assigned to each GPIO pin. If the configuration is not allowed, an error message will be returned (error code 1502 – "+CME ERROR: Select GPIO mode error").



The following custom functions cannot be simultaneously configured on 2 GPIOs.

- Network status indication
- GPS supply enable
- GPS data ready
- GPS RTC sharing
- SIM card detection
- Headset detection
- GSM Tx burst indication
- Module operating status indication
- Module functionality status indication



The AT+UGPIOC=xx,255 or AT+UGPIOC=xx,0 or AT+UGPIOC=xx,1 commands (where xx= 55, 56, 57, 58, 59) cannot be sent over SPI channel (the error message "+CME ERROR: GPIO busy" is reported). This is because these commands disable the SPI channel.



To make available the GPIO set as "GPS supply enable" mode it is needed to stop supplying GPS with AT+UGPS=0 command.



For more details regarding the custom functions supported by u-blox wireless modules and the factory-programmed settings, refer to Table 12 and Table 13.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGPIOC=<gpio_id>,<gpio_mode>[,<gpio_out_val>]	OK	AT+UGPIOC=20,0,1 OK
Read	AT+UGPIOC?	+UGPIOC: <gpio_id>,<gpio_mode> [<gpio_id>,<gpio_mode> [...]] OK	+UGPIOC: 20,255 21,3 23,255 24,255 51,7 OK
Test	AT+UGPIOC=?	+UGPIOC: (list of supported GPIOs pins),(list of supported <gpio_mode>), (list of supported <gpio_out_val>) [<gpio_id1>,<gpio_mode> ... <gpio_idN>,<gpio_mode>] OK	+UGPIOC: (20,21,23,24,51),(0-5,7,9,255),(0-1)

18.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<gpio_id>	Number	GPIO pin identifier: pin number Refer to Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17 and Table 18 for available GPIO pins and their mapping on different u-blox wireless modules series and version.
<gpio_mode>	Number	Mode identifier: configured function Refer to Table 12 and Table 13 for custom functions supported by different u-blox wireless modules series and version. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: output • 1: input • 2: network status indication • 3: GPS supply enable • 4: GPS data ready • 5: GPS RTC sharing • 7: SIM card detection • 8: headset detection • 9: GSM Tx burst indication • 10: Module operating status indication • 11: Module functionality status indication • 12: I²S digital audio interface • 13: SPI serial interface • 255: pad disabled
<gpio_out_val>	Number	GPIO output value (for output function <gpio_mode>=0 only): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): low • 1: high

18.3 GPIO read command +UGPIOR

18.3.1 Description

Reads the current value of the specified GPIO, no matter whether it is configured as input or output (refer to +UGPIOC AT command to define the GPIO function). The syntax and the parameters range is shown in the response to the test command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGPIOR=<gpio_id>	+UGPIOR: <gpio_id>,<gpio_val> OK	AT+UGPIOR=20 +UGPIOR: 20,0 OK
Test	AT+UGPIOR=?	+UGPIOR: (list of supported <gpio_id>s) OK	+UGPIOR: (20, 21) OK

18.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<gpio_id>	Number	GPIO pin identifier: pin number Refer to Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17 and Table 18 for available GPIO pins and their mapping on different u-blox wireless modules series and version.
<gpio_val>	Number	GPIO value (0-1)



The command works only if the parameter <gpio_mode> of the +UGPIOC AT command is set to 0 or 1.

18.4 GPIO set command +UGPIOW

18.4.1 Description

Sets ("writes") the output of the specified GPIO, but only if it is configured in output function (refer to +UGPIOC AT command to set the pin as output).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGPIOW=<gpio_id>,<gpio_out_val> >	OK	AT+UGPIOW=20,1 OK
Test	AT+UGPIOW=?	+UGPIOW: (list of supported <gpio_id>s),(list of supported <gpio_out_val>) OK	+UGPIOW: (20, 21),(0-1) OK

18.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<gpio_id>	Number	GPIO pin identifier: pin number Refer to Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17 and Table 18 for available GPIO pins and their mapping on different u-blox wireless modules series and version.
<gpio_out_val>	Number	GPIO value (0-1)



The command works only if the parameter <gpio_mode> of the +UGPIOC AT command is set to 0.

19 File System

19.1 Download file +UDWNFILE

19.1.1 Description

Stores (writes) a file into the file system. The available free memory space is checked before starting the file transfer. If the file size exceeds the available space an error message is returned. If the data transfer stops, after 20 s the command is stopped and an error message is returned.

No interrogation (test) is possible for this command. In case of any error, the return code will always be 100 ("unknown") or 4 ("ERROR"). If an error occurs during the file writing, the transfer is aborted and it is up to the user to delete the file.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, if the file already exists the incoming bytes will be appended.



The maximal speed of the serial port is 115200 b/s.



The serial port flow control must be enabled.



The available user space in the file system can be retrieved using the command AT+ULSTFILE=1.



In LISA-U1 series if the module shuts down during file storing, all bytes successfully sent to the module will be stored.



In LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 and LISA-U2 series if the module shuts down during file storing, all bytes of the file will be deleted.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDWNFILE=<filename>, <size>	> Start transfer of file data OK	AT+UDWNFILE="filename",36 >0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPS TUVWXYZ OK

19.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<filename>	String	File name (max. 47 characters)
<size>	Number	File size expressed in bytes. On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series modules the range is from 0 to 2147483647 (i.e. 0x0 to 0x7fffffff)



The stream of bytes can be entered after the '>' prompt has been provided to the user. The file transfer is terminated exactly when <size> bytes have been sent entered and either OK or an error message is returned. The feed process cannot be interrupted i.e. command mode is re-entered once the user has provided the declared the number of bytes.

19.2 Delete file +UDELFILE

19.2.1 Description

Deletes a stored file from the file system.



If <filename> file is not stored in the file system the following error message will be provided: "+CME ERROR: FILE NOT FOUND".

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDELFILE=<filename>	OK	AT+UDELFILE="filename" OK

19.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<filename>	String	file name (max. 47 characters)

19.3 Read file +URDFILE

19.3.1 Description

Retrieves a file from the file system.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+URDFILE=<filename>	+URDFILE: <filename>,<size>,<data> OK	AT+URDFILE="filename" +URDFILE: "filename",36,"these bytes are the data of the file" OK

19.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<filename>	String	File name (max. 47 characters)
<size>	Number	File size, in bytes
<data>	Byte Stream	File Content



The returned file data is displayed as an ASCII string of <length> characters in the range [0x00,0xFF]. At the end of the string, <CR><LF> are provided for user convenience and visualization purposes.



The response contains the filename in string format. On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, though, the filename is not enclosed within double quotes.

19.4 List files information +ULSTFILE

19.4.1 Description

This command retrieves information about the FFS. Depending on the specified <param_id>, it can print:

- List of files stored into the FFS
- Remaining free FFS space expressed in bytes
- Size of the specified file expressed in bytes

In FFS these are the file limits:

- On LEON series, the theoretical maximum number of files that can be stored is 100, but this also includes system, hidden and temporary files whose number cannot be statically predicted, so the actual number can be less than this
- Maximum length of the file name: 47 characters

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+ULSTFILE=[<param_id>[,<filename>]]	+ULSTFILE: [<filename 1>,<filename 2>[,...[,<filename N>]]]	AT+ULSTFILE= +ULSTFILE: "filename" OK
		Or	AT+ULSTFILE=1 +ULSTFILE: 236800 OK
		+ULSTFILE: <free_ffs_space>	OK
		Or	AT+ULSTFILE=2, "filename" +ULSTFILE: 784 OK
		+ULSTFILE: <file_size>	OK

19.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<param_id>	Integer	Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): list the files • 1: get free space • 2: get file size, <filename> parameter is required in this case
<free_ffs_space>	integer	Available free space on FFS in bytes
<file_size>	integer	Size of the file specified with param <filename> when <param_id> is 2
<filenameX>	String	File name

19.5 Download file +URDBLOCK

19.5.1 Description

Retrieves a file from the file system.



Differently from +URDFILE this command allows the user to read only a portion of the file, indicating the offset and amount of bytes.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+URDBLOCK=<filename>,<offset>,<size>	+URDBLOCK: <filename>,<size>,<data> OK	AT+URDBLOCK="filename",0,20 +URDBLOCK: filename,20,"these bytes are the " OK
Test	AT+URDBLOCK=?	+URDBLOCK: <filename>,<offset>,<size> OK	

19.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<filename>	String	File name (max. 47 characters)
<offset>	Number	Offset in bytes from the beginning of the file
<size>	Number	File size, in bytes
<data>	Byte Stream	Content of the file read



The returned file data is displayed as an ASCII string of <length> characters in the range [0x00,0xFF]. At the end of the string, <CR><LF> are provided for user convenience and visualization purposes.



In case a size larger than the whole file size is required the command returns the file size only, indicating the amount of bytes read.



In case an offset larger than the whole file size is required an ERROR message is triggered.



The <filename> is not enclosed in double quotes in the reply of the set command.

20 Audio parameters tuning

20.1 Introduction

The audio driver switches uplink and downlink audio paths. For example uplink path can be switched from handset microphone to headset microphone and downlink path can be switched from handset earpiece to loudspeaker (see 17.10 for more details). Every path includes a set of parameters that are loaded by the audio driver in the voiceband processing system; for example the uplink path can include the gain of the microphone that can be different for handset or headset microphone path.

For every audio path, the parameters can be changed by the following AT commands:

- AT+UHFP: Hands-Free Parameters
- AT+UMGC: Microphone Gain Control
- AT+USGC: Speaker Gain Control
- AT+USTN: Sidetone
- AT+UUBF: Uplink Biquad Filters
- AT+UDBF: Downlink Biquad Filters

Audio parameters configuration for all the audio paths can be stored in one of the two available user profiles in NVRAM (refer to AT&W command description).

Audio parameters in user profiles in NVRAM are managed by commands AT&W (it saves in profile 0 or profile 1), AT&F (it resets to factory profile), AT&Y (it selects user profile to be used after hardware reset), ATZ (it reloads user profile).

AT&V command does not display audio parameters. Audio parameters can be displayed by the corresponding read command, for example AT+UMGC?.

Paragraphs below explain each audio parameters tuning command in detail.

To understand the position in the audio paths of parts affected by audio parameters, refer to Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3.

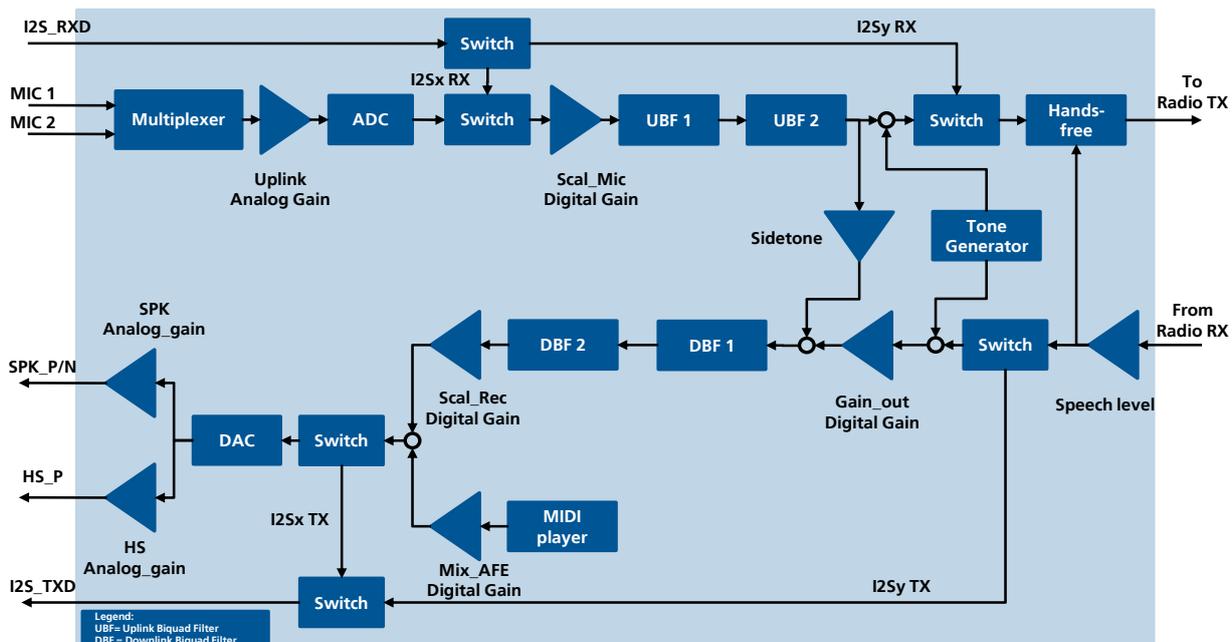


Figure 1: LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series Audio Paths

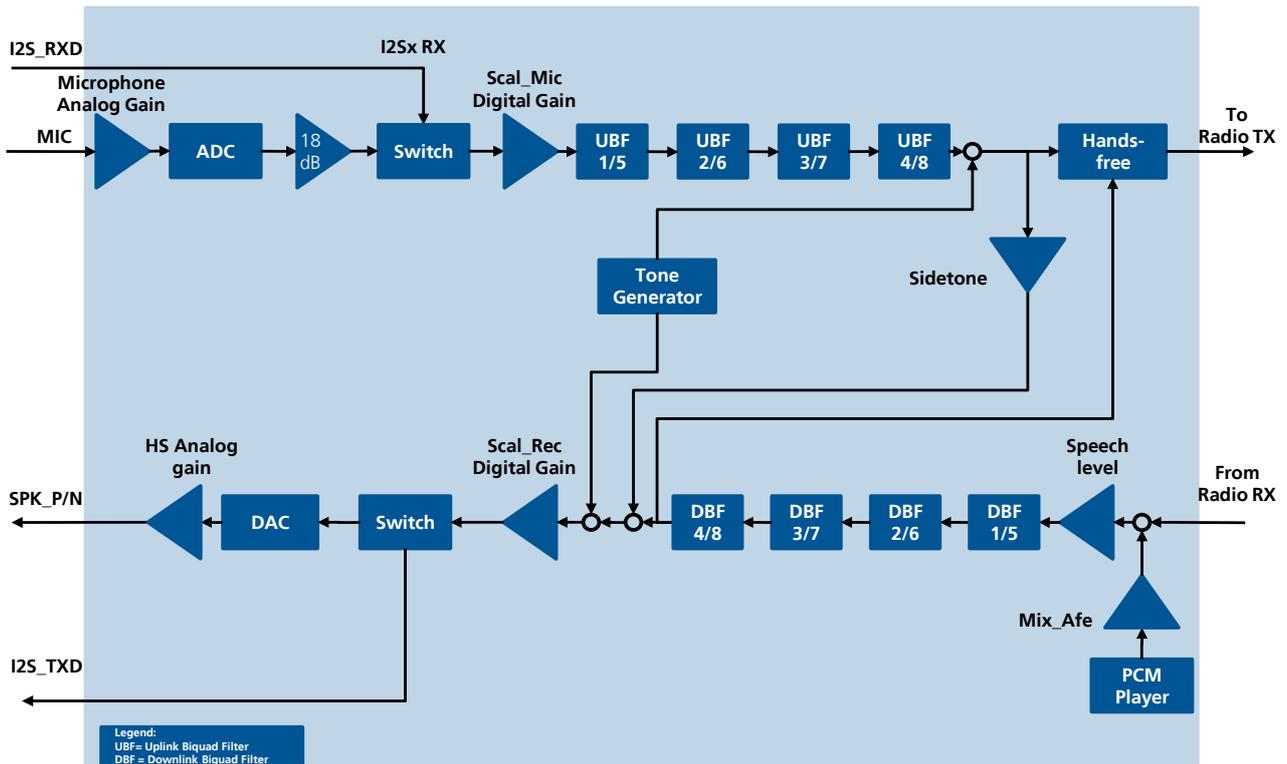


Figure 2: LISA-U120 / LISA-U130 Audio Paths

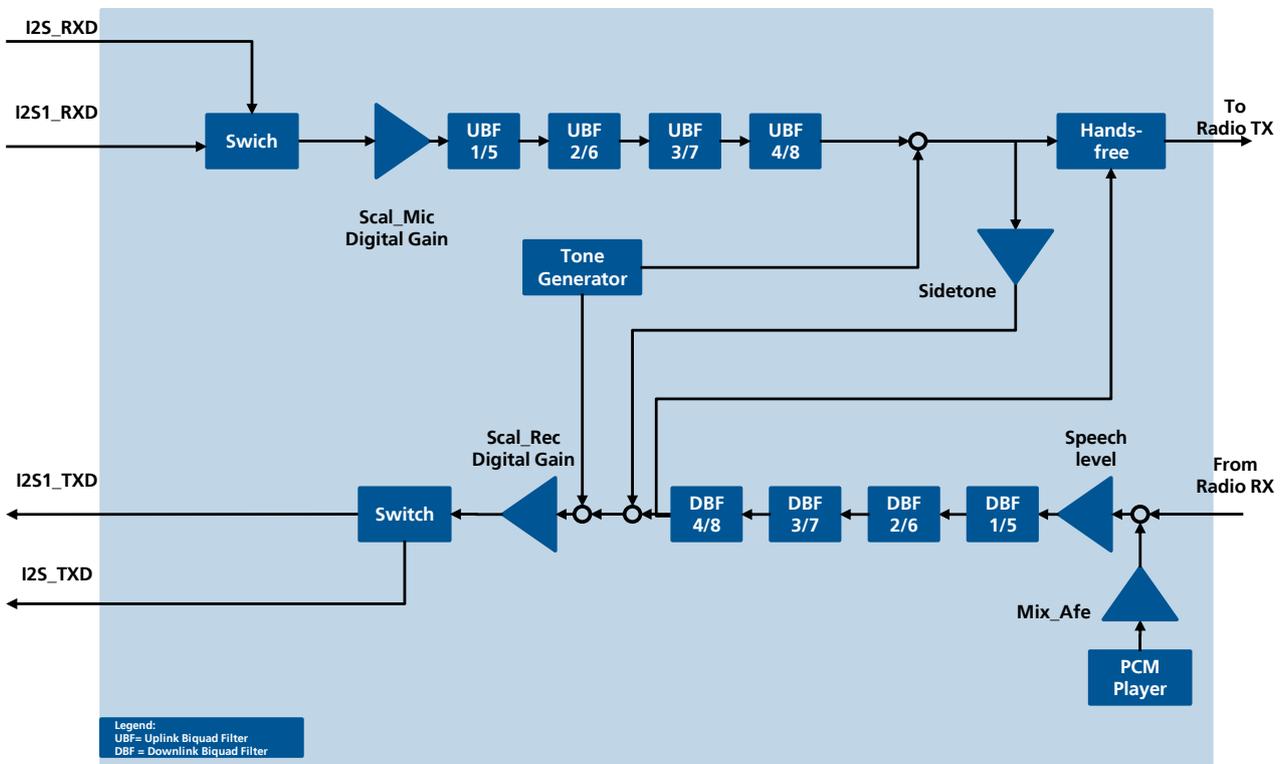


Figure 3: LISA-U2 series Audio Paths



The tone generator can be routed toward downlink and/or uplink path by <UplinkSending> parameter of +UTGN command.

Audio parameters in the factory profile are stored in static NVRAM and cannot be changed by the user.



Some parameters present on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series are not available on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series but they are still maintained in the command for backward compatibility. In this case the 'NA' string appears in the test command; The NA parameter is not stored in the NVRAM.



LISA-U1 series module use biquad filters 1-4 when set in Narrow Band (8 kHz sampling rate), biquad filters 5-8 when set in Wide Band (16 kHz sampling rate), both in uplink and downlink.



LISA-U2 series modules use downlink biquad filters 1-4 when the call is in Narrow Band (8 kHz sampling rate), downlink biquad filters 5-8 when the call is in Wide Band (16 kHz sampling rate).



LISA-U2 series modules use uplink biquad filters 5-8 if the I²S sampling rate is 16 kHz, uplink biquad filters 1-4 for all others I²S sampling rate.



Speech Level is active on call only (no effect on PCM player if not in call)

E.g.:

```
AT+USGC?
```

```
+USGC:
```

```
Path 0:
```

```
NA,0,8192,16384,NA
```

The range of some parameters on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series is extended respect to LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series:

E.g: <filter_number> in +UUBF,+UDBF commands.

On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series some commands support new parameters. In this case these parameters are optional, for back compatibility.

E.g.:

```
<ec_nr_coeff_real> in +UHFP command.
```

20.2 Microphone Gain (Microphone Gain Control) +UMGC

20.2.1 Description

Changes the uplink path gain. See note 20.7.3 for impact on echo canceller.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UMGC=<uplink_path_num>,<analog_gain>,<digital_gain>	OK	AT+UMGC=1,12,16000 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UMGC?	+UMGC: Path <uplink_path_num>: <analog_gain>,<digital_gain> [...] (for all the supported path) OK	+UMGC: Path 0: 10,9384 Path 1: 12,8192 Path 2: 6,8192 OK
Test	AT+UMGC=?	+UMGC: (list of supported <uplink_path_num>s),(list of supported <analog_gain>s),(list of supported <digital_gain>s) OK	For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 / LISA-U1 series: +UMGC: (0-2),(0-14),(0-32767) OK For LISA-U2 series: +UMGC: (0-2),(0-14),(0-32767) OK

20.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<uplink_path_num>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: handset_mic 1: headset_mic 2: I2S_rx 3: not supported 4: hands-free microphone For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Uplink path 0 via I2S 1: Uplink path 1 via I2S 2: Uplink path 2 via I2S 3: Uplink path 3 via I2S 4: Uplink path 4 via I2S 5: Uplink path 5 via I2S1 6: Uplink path 6 via I2S1 7: Uplink path 7 via I2S1 8: Uplink path 8 via I2S1 9: Uplink path 9 via I2S1
<analog_gain>	Number	Gain for analog audio front end amplifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 - 14: (0=0 dB; 14=42 dB; 3 dB/step) For LISA-U2 series the parameter is Not Available: 'NA' appears in the Test command
<digital_gain>	Number	Gain for Scal_mic digital amplifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 32767: (8192 = 0 dB; 32767=12 dB; linear)



<analog_gain> is unused and not mandatory on LISA-U2 series.



<uplink_path_num>=4 is not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



Not all paths are supported. Check for allowed uplink_path_num in the test command response.



For the position of amplifiers in the audio path, refer to the block diagram in the chapter 20.1.

Any change in the gain on uplink or downlink path impacts on the amount of echo fed back from the speaker to the microphone. This means that performance of EC algorithm could change and `rx_tx_relation` parameter could need to be changed to better fit new gain on uplink or downlink path. Refer to `+UHFP` command.

20.3 Speaker Gain (Speaker Gain Control) +USGC

20.3.1 Description

Changes the downlink path gain. See 20.7.3 note for impact on echo canceller.

Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USGC=<downlink_path_num>[,<SPK_analog_gain>],[<HS_analog_gain>,<scal_rec>,<Mix_afe>],[<Gain_out>]	OK	AT+USGC=0,6,6,16000,16000,22000 OK
Read	AT+USGC?	+USGC: Path<downlink_path_num>: <SPK_analog_gain>,<HS_analog_gain>,<scal_rec>,<Mix_afe>,<Gain_Out> [...] (for all the supported path) OK	+USGC: Path 0: 6,6,16000,16000,22000 Path 1: 6,0,8192,16384,10240 Path 3: 0,6,8192,16384,8191 Path 4: 6,6,8192,16384,8191 OK
Test	AT+USGC=?	+USGC: (list of supported <downlink_path_num>s),(list of supported <SPK_analog_gain>s),(list of supported <HS_analog_gain>s),(list of supported <scal_rec>s),(list of supported <Mix_afe>s),(list of supported <Gain_out>s) OK	For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 / LISA-U1 series: +USGC: (0,1,3,4),(0-6),(0-6),(0-32767),(0-32767),(0-32767) OK For LISA-U2 series: +USGC: (0-9),(0-6),(0-6),(0-32767),(0-32767),(0-32767) OK

20.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<downlinkpath_num>	Number	Specifies the downlink path that should change the gains <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: normal_earpiece 1: mono_headset 3: backspeaker 4: I2S_TX For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Downlink path 0 via I2S 1: Downlink path 1 via I2S

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2: Downlink path 2 via I2S 3: Downlink path 3 via I2S 4: Downlink path 4 via I2S 5: Downlink path 5 via I2S1 6: Downlink path 6 via I2S1 7: Downlink path 7 via I2S1 8: Downlink path 8 via I2S1 9: Downlink path 9 via I2S1
<SPK_analog_gain>	Number	Gain of analog audio amplifier for LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 SPK_P/SPK_N output <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 6: (-3 dB/step; 0=+9 dB to 6= -9 dB) For LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the parameter is Not Available: 'NA' appears in the Test command
<HS_analog_gain>	Number	Gain of analog audio amplifier for LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 HS_P and LISA-U120 / LISA-U130 SPK_P/SPK_N outputs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 6: (-3 db/step; 0=0 dB to 6= -18 dB) For LISA-U2 series the parameter is Not Available: 'NA' appears in the Test command
<scal_rec>	Number	Gain for the digital amplifier Scal_rec (speech and Tone Generator) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 32767: (8192=0 dB; 32767=12 dB; linear)
<Mix_afe>	Number	Gains for the digital amplifier Mix_afe (synthesizers) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 32767: (16384=0 dB; 32767=6 dB; linear)
<Gain_out>	Number	Gain for the digital amplifier Gain_Out (speech) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 32767: (8192=0 dB; 32767=12 dB; linear) For LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the parameter is Not Available: 'NA' appears in the Test command



<SPK_analog_gain> and <Gain_out> are unused and not mandatory on LISA-U1 series.



<SPK_analog_gain>, <HS_analog_gain> and <Gain_out> are unused and not mandatory on LISA-U2 series.



Not all paths are supported.



For the position of amplifiers in the audio path, refer to the block diagram in the chapter 20.1.



Any change in the gain on uplink or downlink path impacts on the amount of echo fed back from the speaker to the microphone. This means that performance of EC algorithm could change and rtx_relation parameter could need to be changed to better fit new gain on uplink or downlink path. Refer to +UHFP command (20.7).

20.4 Sidetone (SideToNe) +USTN

20.4.1 Description

Changes the sidetone gain for a specific downlink path. Sidetone is a part of the user's speech on uplink path that should be listened on downlink path by the user himself to have perception the call is on.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USTN=<downlink_path_num>,<side tone_gain>	OK	AT+USTN=1,1000 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+USTN?	+USTN: Path<downlink_path_num>: <sidetone_gain> [...] (all the supported path) OK	+USTN: Path 0: 2249 Path 1: 2249 OK
Test	AT+USTN=?	+USTN: (list of supported <downlink_path_num>s),(list of supported <sidetone_gain>s) OK	For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 / LISA-U1 series: +USTN: (0,1,3,4),(0-32767) OK For LISA-U2 series: +USTN: (0-9),(0-32767) OK

20.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<downlink_path_num>	Number	Specifies the downlink path that should change the sidetone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: normal_earpiece 1: mono_headset 3: backspeaker 4: I2S_TX For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Downlink path 0 via I2S 1: Downlink path 1 via I2S 2: Downlink path 2 via I2S 3: Downlink path 3 via I2S 4: Downlink path 4 via I2S 5: Downlink path 5 via I2S1 6: Downlink path 6 via I2S1 7: Downlink path 7 via I2S1 8: Downlink path 8 via I2S1 9: Downlink path 9 via I2S1
<sidetone_gain>	Number	Gain for Side_Tone digital amplifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> range: 0 – 32767: (16384=0 dB; 32767=6 dB; linear)



Not all paths are supported.



For the position of sidetone gain in the audio path, refer to the block diagram in the chapter 20.1.

20.5 Uplink Digital Filters (Uplink Biquad Filters) +UUBF

20.5.1 Description

Changes the digital audio filters parameters for a specific uplink path.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UUBF=<uplinkpath_num>,<filter_number>,<a1>,<b1>,<a2>,<b2>,<a0>	OK	AT+UUBF=0,1,-13915,2249,4377,-325,23450 OK
Read	AT+UUBF?	+UUBF: Path =<uplinkpath_num>: Filter1: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> Filter2: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> Filter3: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> Filter4: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> [...] (for all the supported paths) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: +UUBF: Path 0: Filter1: a1:-13915, b1:2249, a2:4377, b2:-325, a0:23450 Filter2: a1:21682, b1:-2312, a2:17984, b2:-15517, a0:32767 [repeated for each path] OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +UUBF: Path 0: Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter3: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter4: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter5: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter6: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter7: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter8: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 [repeated for each path] OK
Test	AT+UUBF=?	+UUBF: (list of supported <uplinkpath_num>s),(list of supported <filter_number>s),(list of supported <a1>s),(list of supported <b1>s),(list of supported <a2>s),(list of supported <b2>s),(list of supported <a0>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: +UUBF: (0-2),(1-2),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767) OK On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: +UUBF: (0-2,4),(1-8),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767) OK On LISA-U2 series: +UUBF: (0-9),(1-8),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(-32768:32767) OK

20.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<uplink_path_num>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: handset_mic 1: headset_mic 2: I2S_rx 3: not supported 4: hands-free microphone For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Uplink path 0 via I2S 1: Uplink path 1 via I2S 2: Uplink path 2 via I2S 3: Uplink path 3 via I2S 4: Uplink path 4 via I2S 5: Uplink path 5 via I2S1 6: Uplink path 6 via I2S1 7: Uplink path 7 via I2S1 8: Uplink path 8 via I2S1 9: Uplink path 9 via I2S1
<filter_number>	Number	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series Two digital biquad filters in cascade are available for each uplink path (Filter1, Filter2). Refer to Figure 1 for filter position The range goes from 1 to 2 LISA-U1 series Four digital biquad filters in cascade are available for each uplink path. Refer to Figure 2 for filter position. Filters 1-4 are used for Narrow Band (8 kHz sampling rate speech). Filters 1-5 are used for Wide Band (16 kHz sampling rate speech). The range goes from 1 to 8 LISA-U2 series Four digital biquad filters in cascade are available for each uplink path. Refer to Figure 3 for filter position. Filters 5-8 are used is used I ² S sampling rate is 16 kHz. Filters 1-4 are used if I ² S sampling rate is other than 16 kHz.
<a1>,<b1>,<a2>,<b2>,<a0>	Number	These parameters are the biquad filter coefficient. The range goes from -32768 to 32767



<uplink_path_num>=4 is not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



Not all paths are supported.



The biquad filter transfer function is

$$H(z) = \frac{A_0 + 2A_1z^{-1} + A_2z^{-2}}{1 + 2B_1z^{-1} + B_2z^{-2}}$$

with coefficients A_0, A_1, A_2, B_1, B_2 in the range -1:1

Command parameters are filter coefficients scaled in the range that goes from -32768 to 32767

- <a1>=32767 * A_1
- <b1>=32767 * B_1
- <a2>=32767 * A_2
- <b2>=32767 * B_2
- <a0>=32767 * A_0

For the calculus of coefficients consider the following sampling rate:

On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series:

- 8 kHz

On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130:

- 8 kHz for Narrow Band Filters (<filter_number>= (1-4))
- 16 kHz for Wide Band Filters (<filter_number>= (5-8))

On LISA-U2 series:

- 16 kHz if used I²S sampling rate is 16 kHz (<filter_number>= (5-8))
- Same sampling rate of I²S in use if I²S sampling rate is other than 16 kHz (<filter_number>= (1-4))

Example:

Set both headset microphone filters to all pass:

In this case the biquad filter transfer function is

$$H(z)=1$$

Then the coefficients are

$$A0=1$$

$$A1=A2=B1=B2=0$$

Thus parameters are : <a1>=0 ,<b1> =0 ,<a2>=0 ,<b2>= 0 ,<a0>=32767

Commands are:

AT+UUBF=1,1, 0,0,0,0, 32767

AT+UUBF=1,2, 0,0,0,0, 32767



For the position of the filters in the audio path, refer to the block diagram in the chapter 20.1.

20.6 Downlink Digital Filters (Downlink Biquad Filters) +UDBF

20.6.1 Description

Changes the digital audio filters parameters for a specific downlink path.



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDBF=<downlinkpath_num>,<filter_number>,<a1>,<b1>,<a2>,<b2>,<a0>	OK	AT+UDBF=0,1, -13915,2249,4377,-325,23450 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UDBF?	+UDBF: Path =<downlinkpath_num>: Filter1: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> Filter2: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> Filter3: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> Filter4: a1:<a1>, b1:<b1>, a2:<a2>, b2:<b2>, a0:<a0> [...] (for all the supported paths) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: +UDBF: Path 0: Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 [repeated for each path] OK On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: +UDBF: Path 0: Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter3: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter4: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter5: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter6: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter7: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter8: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 [repeated for each path] OK
Test	AT+UDBF=?	+UDBF: (list of supported <downlinkpath_num>s),(list of supported <filter_number>s),(list of supported <a1>s),(list of supported <b1>s),(list of supported <a2>s),(list of supported <b2>s),(list of supported <a0>s) OK	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: +UDBF: (0,1,3,4),(1-2),(-32768:32767),(- 32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(- 32768:32767),(-32768:32767) OK On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: +UDBF: (0,1,3,4),(1-8),(-32768:32767),(- 32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(- 32768:32767),(-32768:32767) OK On LISA-U2 series: +UDBF: (0-9),(1-8),(-32768:32767),(- 32768:32767),(-32768:32767),(- 32768:32767),(-32768:32767) OK

20.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<downlinkpath_num>	Number	Specifies the downlink path that should change the sidetone <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: normal_earpiece 1: mono_headset 3: backspeaker 4: I2S_TX For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Uplink path 0 via I2S 1: Uplink path 1 via I2S

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2: Uplink path 2 via I2S • 3: Uplink path 3 via I2S • 4: Uplink path 4 via I2S • 5: Uplink path 5 via I2S1 • 6: Uplink path 6 via I2S1 • 7: Uplink path 7 via I2S1 • 8: Uplink path 8 via I2S1 • 9: Uplink path 9 via I2S1
<filter_number>	Number	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series Two digital biquad filters in cascade are available for each uplink path (Filter1, Filter2). Refer to Figure 1 for filter position The range goes from 1 to 2 LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series Four digital biquad filters in cascade are available for each downlink path. Refer to Figure 2 (for LISA-U1 series) and Figure 3 (for LISA-U2 series) for filter position. Filters 1-4 are used for Narrow Band (8 kHz sampling rate speech). Filters 5-8 are used for Wide Band (16 kHz sampling rate speech). The range goes from 1 to 8
<a1>,<b1>,<a2>,<b2>,<a0>	Number	These parameters are the biquad filter coefficient. The range goes from -32768 to 32767



Not all paths are supported.



The biquad filter transfer function is

$$H(z) = \frac{A_0 + 2A_1z^{-1} + A_2z^{-2}}{1 + 2B_1z^{-1} + B_2z^{-2}}$$

with coefficients A_0, A_1, A_2, B_1, B_2 in the range -1:1

Command parameters are filter coefficients scaled in the range that goes from -32768 to 32767

- $\langle a1 \rangle = 32767 * A_1$
- $\langle b1 \rangle = 32767 * B_1$
- $\langle a2 \rangle = 32767 * A_2$
- $\langle b2 \rangle = 32767 * B_2$
- $\langle a0 \rangle = 32767 * A_0$

For the calculus of coefficients consider the following sampling rate:

On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series:

- 8 kHz

On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series:

- 8 kHz for Narrow Band Filters ($\langle \text{filter_number} \rangle = (1-4)$)
- 16 kHz for Wide Band Filters ($\langle \text{filter_number} \rangle = (5-8)$)

Example:

Set both loudspeaker filters to all pass:

In this case the biquad filter transfer function is

$$H(z)=1$$

Then the coefficients are

A0=1

A1=A2=B1=B2=0

Thus parameters are: <a1>=0 ,<b1> =0 ,<a2>=0 ,<b2>= 0 ,<a0>=32767

Commands are:

AT+UDBF=3,1,0,0,0,0, 32767

AT+UDBF=3,2,0,0,0,0, 32767



For the position of the filters in the audio path, refer to the block diagram in the chapter 20.1.

20.7 Hands-Free Parameters (Hands-Free Parameters) +UHFP

20.7.1 Description

Changes the parameters that control the Hands-Free audio application for a specific uplink path. Hands-Free application consists distinct operating parts:

- Echo Canceller (EC)
- Automatic Gain Control (AGC)
- Noise Reduction (NR)



Not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.



The HF algorithm tuning has been described in detail in a dedicated application note, “Procedure for HF algorithm tuning”. Description of parameter reported in this document is summarized. A more detailed description is reported in the Application Note [47].

The command syntax differs between LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and LISA-U1 series. In chapter 20.7.2 20.7.4 the different descriptions are provided.

20.7.2 Command syntax for LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UHFP=<uplink_path_num>,<hf_algorithm_init>,<hf_algorithm_restart>,<step_width>,<lms_length>,<lms_offset>,<block_length>,<rxtx_relation>,<add_atten>,<min_atten>,<max_atten>,<nr_sw_2>,<nr_u_fak_0>,<nr_u_fak>	OK	AT+UHFP=1,0x01FD,0x016E,2200,250,3,5,150,0,0,500,4096,16384,16384 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UHFP?	+UHFP: Path <uplink_path_num>: HF_algorithm_init:<hf_algorithm_init>, HF_Algorithm_Restart:<hf_algorithm_re start>, Step_Width:<step_width>, LMS_Length:<lms_length>,LMS_Offset: <lms_offset>, Block_Length:<block_length>, RXTX_Relation:<rxtx_relation>, Add_Atten:<add_atten>, Min_Atten:<min_atten>, Max_Atten:<max_atten>, NR_sw_2:<nr_sw_2>,NR_u_fak_0:<nr_u _fak_0>, NR_u_fak:<nr_u_fak> [...] (for all the supported paths) OK	+UHFP: Path 0: HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:0x016e, Step_Width:2200, LMS_Length:250, LMS_Offset:3, Block_Length:5, RXTX_Relation:150, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:4096, NR_u_fak_0:16384, NR_u_fak:16384 Path 1: HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:0x016e, Step_Width:2200, LMS_Length:250, LMS_Offset:3, Block_Length:5, RXTX_Relation:150, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:4096, NR_u_fak_0:16384, NR_u_fak:16384 Path 2: HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:0x016e, Step_Width:2200, LMS_Length:250, LMS_Offset:8, Block_Length:5, RXTX_Relation:150, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:4096, NR_u_fak_0:16384, NR_u_fak:16384 OK
Test	AT+UHFP=?	+UHFP: (list of supported <uplink_path_num>s),(list of supported <hf_algorithm_init>s),(list of supported <hf_algorithm_restart>s),(list of supported <step_width>s),(list of supported <lms_length>s),(list of supported <lms_offset>s),(list of supported <block_length>s),(list of supported <rxtx_relation>s),(list of supported <add_atten>s),(list of supported <min_atten>s),(list of supported <max_atten>s),(list of supported <nr_sw_2>s),(list of supported <nr_u_fak_0>s),(list of supported <nr_u_fak>s) OK	+UHFP: (0-2),(0x0000-0x01FF),(0x0000- 0x01FF),(0:32767),(2:400),(0:400), (2,4,5,8),(- 960:+960),(0:960),(0:960),(0:32 767),(0:16384),(0:16384) OK

20.7.3 Defined values for LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series

Parameter	Type	Description
<uplink_path_num>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: handset_mic 1: headset_mic 2: I2S_rx
<hf_algorithm_init>	Number	<p>The SWITCH parameter controls the activity and initialization of the EC,AGC,NR blocks</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit #0 set: Echo Cancellor (EC) initialization Bit #1 set: EC restart (without coefficient initialization) Bit #2 set: EC on Bit #3 set: EC adaptation on Bit #4 set: Noise reduction initialization

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bit #5 set: Noise reduction on • Bit #6 set: Noise reduction works with additional AGC • Bit #7 set: Automatic Gain Control (AGC) initialization • Bit #8 set: AGC on <p>Setting the bits is not mutually exclusive; more than one bit can be set at the same time.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range: 0x0000 to 0x01FF
<hf_algorithm_restart>	Number	<p>This bit mask allows to restart the activity of the EC,AGC,NR blocks without initialization. For bit map refer to <hf_algorithm_init>. Used when the algorithm is restarted automatically by the driver (i.e. after and handover)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Range: 0x0000 to 0x01FF
<step_width>	Number	<p>The higher this value, the faster the echo characteristic gets adapted.</p> <p>Limit: <step_width>* <block_length> <= 2* 32767</p> <p>Range: 0 to 32767</p>
<lms_length>	Number	<p>Maximum impulsive response of the FIR filter considered by the adaptive LMS algorithm, in samples. (Max time length: 400*Ts=50ms)</p> <p>Limit:</p> <p>2<= <lms_length>+ <lms_offset> <= 400 (DSP memory limit)</p> <p>Range: 2 to 400</p>
<lms_offset>	Number	<p>This parameter is used by the LMS adaptation algorithm and indicates the expected delay of the echo after the RX signal, in samples.</p> <p>Range: 0 to 400</p>
<block_length>	Number	<p>LMS coefficient adaptation block length. The higher this number, the slower but more accurate the adaptation converges</p> <p>Allowed values are: 2,4,5,8</p>
<rxtx_relation>	Number	<p>Checks the power relation between Rx (loudspeaker) and Tx (microphone) signals in order to recognize the double talk condition from the echo condition. The system is considered to be in double talk condition when the TX power (mic signal) is higher than the maximum expected echo power:</p> <p>$Tx(dB) > Rx(dB) - RxTx(dB)$ with $RxTx(dB) = <rxtx_relation> * 3/32$</p> <p>This is the most critical parameter in hands-free. Values typical for handset are in range 50 to 150. For backspeaker: -100 to -400. When in double talk, adaptation of FIR and AGC are suspended.</p> <p>Range: -960 to 960</p>
<add_atten>	Number	<p>When AGC decides to attenuate, <add_atten> is added to the calculated attenuation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attenuation Level(dB)=3/32* <add_atten> • Range: 0 to 960
<min_atten>	Number	<p>Minimal attenuation of the mic signal allowed for the AGC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attenuation Level (dB)=3/32* <min_atten> • Range: 0 to 960
<max_atten>	Number	<p>Maximal attenuation of the mic signal allowed for the AGC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attenuation Level (dB)=3/32* <max_atten> • Range: 0 to 960
<nr_sw_2>	Number	<p>Max NR attenuation. Linear; 32767 means 1 (0 dB)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ex. 16384= 0.5 = -6 dB • Range: 0 to 32767
<nr_u_fak_0>	Number	<p>Factor of NR in the band 0 (0 Hz - 250 Hz).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear; 16384 means 1 (0 dB) • Range: 0 to 16384
<nr_u_fak>	Number	<p>Factor of NR in the bands 1 to 7 (250 Hz - 3750 Hz).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Linear; 16384 means 1 (0 dB) • A factor lower than 1 causes a better NR but also speech distortion and lowering of SLR.

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 0 to 16384

Examples:

- SWITCH =0x01FD =bin 000111111101 means EC initialized and on, EC adaptation on, Noise reduction initialized and on, Automatic Gain Control initialized and on,used with NR
- SWITCH =0x016E =bin 000101101110 means EC on, EC adaptation on, EC restart Noise reduction on, Automatic Gain Control on and working with NR.
- SWITCH =0x0000 means EC ,AGC and NR all off.
- Calculation of <lms_offset>

Sample period $T = 1/8000$ s = 125 μ s Loudspeaker to mic distance on a phone: $L = 10$ cm

Sound velocity $V = 340$ m/s Delay of echo: $D = L/V = 0.1/340 = 294$ μ s

Number of samples= $D/T = 2.35$ --> LMS_OFFSET =2

Important note: Any change in the gain on uplink or downlink path impacts on the amount of echo fed back from the speaker to the microphone. This means that performance of EC algorithm could change and rxtx_relation parameter could need to be changed to better fit new gain on uplink or downlink path.

20.7.4 Command syntax for LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UHFP=<uplink_path_num>,<hf_algorithm_init>,<hf_algorithm_restart>,<step_width>,<lms_length>,<lms_offset>,<block_length>,<rxtx_relation>]]]]],<add_atten>,<min_atten>,<max_atten>,<nr_sw_2>,<nr_u_fak_0>,<nr_u_fak>,<ec_block_length> [,<ec_nr_coeff_real> [,<ec_nr_coeff_complex1>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex2>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex3>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex4>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex5>]]]]]]))	OK	AT+UHFP=1,0x01Fd,,,,,,0,50,450,8000,7000,7000,4,220,220,220,100,100,100 OK
Read	AT+UHFP?	+UHFP: Path <uplink_path_num>: HF_algorithm_init:<hf_algorithm_init>, HF_Algorithm_Restart:NA, Step_Width:NA, LMS_Length:NA, LMS_Offset:NA, Block_Length:NA, RXTX_Relation:NA,Add_Atten:<add_atten>, Min_Atten:<min_atten>, Max_Atten:<max_atten>, NR_sw_2:<nr_sw_2>,NR_u_fak_0:<nr_u_fak_0>, NR_u_fak:<nr_u_fak>,<ec_block_length>,<ec_nr_coeff_real>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex1>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex2>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex3>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex4>,<ec_nr_coeff_complex5> [...] (for all the supported paths) OK	+UHFP: Path 0: HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:NA, Step_Width:NA, LMS_Length:NA, LMS_Offset:NA, Block_Length:NA, RXTX_Relation:NA, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:8192, NR_u_fak_0:7500, NR_u_fak:7500, EC_block_length:2, EC_nr_coeff_real:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex1:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex2:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex3:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex4:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex5:60 [...] (for all the supported paths) OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+UHFP=?	+UHFP: (list of supported <uplink_path_num>s),(list of supported <hf_algorithm_init>s),(list of supported <hf_algorithm_restart>s),(list of supported <step_width>s),(list of supported <lms_length>s),(list of supported <lms_offset>s), (list of supported <block_length>s),(list of supported <rxtx_relation>s),(list of supported <add_atten>s),(list of supported <min_atten>s),(list of supported <max_atten>s),(list of supported <nr_sw_2>s),(list of supported <nr_u_fak_0>s),(list of supported <nr_u_fak>s),(list of supported <ec_block_length>s), (list of supported <ec_nr_coeff_real>s), (list of supported <ec_nr_coeff_complex1>s), (list of supported <ec_nr_coeff_complex2>s), (list of supported <ec_nr_coeff_complex3>s), (list of supported <ec_nr_coeff_complex4>s), (list of supported <ec_nr_coeff_complex5>s), OK	For LISA-U1 series: +UHFP: (0-2,4),(0x0000-0x07FF),(0x0000-0x07FF),(0:32767),(2:400),(0:400),(2,4,5,8),(-960:960),(-960:960),(0:960),(0:960),(0:32767),(0:16384),(0:16384),(1,2,4,5,8),(2:1100),(1:1100),(1:1100),(1:1100),(1:1100), OK For LISA-U2 series: +UHFP: (0-9),(0x0000-0x07FF),(0x0000-0x07FF),(0:32767),(2:400),(0:400),(2,4,5,8),(-960:960),(-960:960),(0:960),(0:960),(0:32767),(0:16384),(0:16384),(1,2,4,5,8),(2:2000),(1:1000),(1:1000),(1:1000),(1:1000),(1:1000), OK

20.7.5 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<uplink_path_num>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: handset_mic 1: headset_mic 2: I2S_rx 3: not supported 4: hands-free microphone <p>For LISA-U2 series, the meaning and range of this parameter is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Uplink path 0 via I2S 1: Uplink path 1 via I2S 2: Uplink path 2 via I2S 3: Uplink path 3 via I2S 4: Uplink path 4 via I2S 5: Uplink path 5 via I2S1 6: Uplink path 6 via I2S1 7: Uplink path 7 via I2S1 8: Uplink path 8 via I2S1 9: Uplink path 9 via I2S1
<hf_algorithm_init>	Number	<p>The SWITCH parameter controls the activity and initialization of the EC,AGC,NR blocks</p> <p>On LISA-U1 series</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit #0 set: Echo Cancellor (EC) initialization Bit #1 set: EC restart (without coefficient initialization) Bit #2 set: EC on Bit #3 set: Unused Bit #4 set: Noise reduction initialization Bit #5 set: Noise reduction on Bit #6 set: Unused Bit #7 set: Automatic Gain Control (AGC) initialization

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit #8 set: AGC on Bit #9 set: Dynamic Echo Suppression INIT Bit #10 set: Dynamic Echo Suppression ACTIVE <p>On LISA-U2 series</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bit #0 set: Unused Bit #1 set: Unused Bit #2 set: Echo Canceller (EC) initialization and on Bit #3 set: Unused Bit #4 set: Unused Bit #5 set: Noise Reduction initialization and on Bit #6 set: Unused Bit #7 set: Unused Bit #8 set: Automatic Gain Control (AGC) initialization and on Bit #9 set: Unused Bit #10 set: Spectral Echo Reduction initialization and on <p>Setting the bits is not mutually exclusive; more than one bit can be set at the same time.</p>
<hf_algorithm_restart>	Number	<p>Not Available.</p> <p>'NA' appears in the Test command.</p> <p>In the Set command, the range is checked but the value is not used</p> <p>Range: 0x0000 to 0x07FF</p>
<step_width>	Number	<p>Not Available.</p> <p>'NA' appears in the Test command.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the Set command, the range is checked but the value is not used. Range: 0 to 32767
<lms_length>	Number	<p>Not Available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'NA' appears in the Test command. In the Set command, the range is checked but the value is not used. Range: 2 to 400
<lms_offset>	Number	<p>Not Available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'NA' appears in the Test command. In the Set command, the range is checked but the value is not used. Range: 0 to 400
<block_length>	Number	<p>Not Available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'NA' appears in the Test command. In the Set command, the range is checked but the value is not used. Allowed values: 2,4,5,8
<rxtx_relation>	Number	<p>Not Available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'NA' appears in the Test command. In the Set command, the range is checked but the value is not used. Range : -960 to 960
<add_atten>	Number	<p>When AGC decides to attenuate, <add_atten> is added to the calculated attenuation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attenuation Level(dB)=0,05* <add_atten> Range: -960 to 960
<min_atten>	Number	<p>Minimal attenuation of the mic signal allowed for the AGC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attenuation Level(dB)=0,05* <min_atten> Range: 0 to 960
<max_atten>	Number	<p>Maximal attenuation of the mic signal allowed for the AGC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Attenuation Level(dB)=0,05* <max_atten> Range: 0 to 960
<nr_sw_2>	Number	<p>Max NR attenuation. Linear; 32767 means 1 (0 dB)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ex. 16384= 0.5 = -6 dB Range: 0 to 32767
<nr_u_fak_0>	Number	<p>Factor of NR in the band 0 (0 Hz - 500 Hz).</p>

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Linear; 16384 means 1 (0 dB) Range: 0 to 16384
<nr_u_fak>	Number	Factor of NR in the higher bands ($-f > 500$ Hz). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Linear; 16384 means 1 (0 dB) A factor lower than 1 causes a better NR but also speech distortion and lowering of SLR. Range: 0 to 16384
<ec_block_length>	Number	LMS coefficient adaptation block length. The higher this number, the slower but more accurate the adaptation converges Allowed values are: 1,2,4,5,8
<ec_nr_coeff_real>	Number	Number of coefficients of the filter in the sub-band EC, for real sub band (in Narrow Band mode: 0-0.8 kHz in Wide Band mode: 0-0.73 kHz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 2 to 1100 (LISA-U1 series) Range: 2 to 2000 (LISA-U2 series) Limit: $\langle ec_nr_coeff_real \rangle + 2 * (\langle ec_nr_coeff_complex1 \rangle + \langle ec_nr_coeff_complex2 \rangle + \langle ec_nr_coeff_complex3 \rangle + \langle ec_nr_coeff_complex4 \rangle + \langle ec_nr_coeff_complex5 \rangle) < 2000$
<ec_nr_coeff_complex1>	Number	Number of coefficients of the filter in the sub-band EC, for complex sub band 1 (in Narrow Band mode: 0.8-2.4 kHz; in Wide Band mode: 0.73 -2.18 kHz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1 to 1100 (LISA-U1 series) Range: 1 to 1000 (LISA-U2 series) Refer to <ec_nr_coeff_real> parameter description for the limit value
<ec_nr_coeff_complex2>	Number	Number of coefficients of the filter in the sub-band EC, for complex sub band 2 (in Narrow Band mode: 2.4- 4 kHz; in Wide Band mode: 2.18 -3.64 kHz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1 to 1100 (LISA-U1 series) Range: 1 to 1000 (LISA-U2 series) Refer to <ec_nr_coeff_real> parameter description for the limit value
<ec_nr_coeff_complex3>	Number	Number of coefficients of the filter in the sub-band EC, for complex sub band 3 (in Narrow Band mode: Ignored; in Wide Band mode: 3.64 - 5.09 kHz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1 to 1100 (LISA-U1 series) Range: 1 to 1000 (LISA-U2 series) Refer to <ec_nr_coeff_real> parameter description for the limit value
<ec_nr_coeff_complex4>	Number	Number of coefficients of the filter in the sub-band EC, for complex sub band 4 (in Narrow Band mode: Ignored; in Wide Band mode: 5.09 - 6.56 kHz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1 to 1100 (LISA-U1 series) Range: 1 to 1000 (LISA-U2 series) Refer to <ec_nr_coeff_real> parameter description for the limit value
<ec_nr_coeff_complex5>	Number	Number of coefficients of the filter in the sub-band EC, for complex sub band 5 (in Narrow Band mode: Ignored; in Wide Band mode: 6.56 - 8 kHz) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1 to 1100 (LISA-U1 series) Range: 1 to 1000 (LISA-U2 series) Refer to <ec_nr_coeff_real> parameter description for the limit value



<hf_algorithm_restart>, <step_width>, <lms_length>, <lms_offset>, <block_length>, <rxtx_relation> parameters are maintained for back compatibility with LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series; they are not used and optional for LISA-U1 series.

Examples:

SWITCH =0x01FD =bin 00011111101 means EC initialized and on, Noise reduction initialized and on, Automatic Gain Control initialized and on

SWITCH =0x0000 means EC ,AGC and NR all off.

 **Important note: Any change in the gain on uplink or downlink path impacts on the amount of echo fed back from the speaker to the microphone. This means that performance of Hands-Free algorithm could change and parameters could need to be changed to better fit new gain on uplink or downlink path.**

20.8 Master Clock Control +UMCLK

20.8.1 Description

Enables or disables clock generation on the CODEC_CLK pin of u-blox wireless modules with digital audio interface. See LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49]. This signal must be fed to the clock input of an external audio codec (see note).

The available output pin configurations are:

- Disabled, set as tristate
- Pin output low
- Generate 13 MHz clock
- Generate 26 MHz clock

The configuration can be applied at two possible times: as soon as the command is invoked, or as soon as there is an audio activity (i.e. a digital audio interface is enabled). This behavior is specified by the `<enabling_mode>` parameter.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UMCLK=[<mclk_mode>[,<enabling_mode>]]	OK	AT+UMCLK=1,1 OK
Read	AT+UMCLK?	+UMCLK: <mclk_mode>,<enabling_mode> OK	+UMCLK: 1,1 OK
Test	AT+UMCLK=?	+UMCLK: (list of supported <mclk_mode>s),(list of supported <enabling_mode>s) OK	+UMCLK: (0-3),(0-1) OK



The CODEC_CLK pin must be connected to the clock input of the external codec.

20.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mclk_mode>	Number	Specifies CODEC_CLK pin setting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): 3-state with pull down resistor • 1: output low • 2: codec master clock at 13 MHz • 3: codec master clock at 26 MHz
<enabling_mode>	Number	Specifies when the <mclk_mode> is enabled on CODEC_CLK pin <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): "Audio dependent" mode; <mclk_mode> is applied to the CODEC_CLK pin only when the audio path is active (audio samples are read on the I2S_RX line and written on the I2S_TX line). When the audio path is disabled (i.e. at call end), then the CODEC_CLK pin is disabled too (3-state with pull-down resistor) • 1: "Continuous" mode; <mclk_mode> is applied to the CODEC_CLK pin as soon as the AT command is invoked, even when the module is in idle and the audio path is disabled (no audio data written on I2S_TX line, no audio data read on I2S_RX line)



If `<mclk_mode>= 1` ("Continuous" mode) the actual clock generation occurs within 10 ms of command invocation.



If the `+UPSV` AT command enables the power saving, the 13 or 26 MHz clock is turned off while the module enters the low power idle-mode, even if `<mclk_mode>` is "Continuous" mode. So, for `<mclk_mode> = 2` or `3`, the 13 or 26 MHz clock is continuously generated only if power saving is disabled (`+UPSV=0` setting).



The factory-programmed settings of `<mclk_mode>` and `<enabling_mode>` are 0. Changes are saved in NVM, but they can be recovered by calling `AT+UMCLK=` (with no parameters).

21 Data Connection Setup

u-blox wireless modules provide access to networking services (DNS, TCP/IP, FTP, HTTP, SMTP) by means of several proprietary AT commands which implement Data Connection Management (DCM) for both packet switched and circuit switched data services. Since there is no intrinsic association between bearers (PSD and CSD) and data channels (TCP/IP sockets, DNS service, FTP, HTTP, SMTP) a great flexibility is ensured: several TCP/IP sockets can be managed independently and simultaneously over the same bearer and it is easy to associate networking services and connections.

The AT commands described in this paragraph define the parameters of PSD and CSD connection, and activate and deactivate PSD and CSD connections. Networking services such as TCP/IP sockets, FTP, HTTP and SMTP clients can be started by the commands detailed in paragraphs "TCP/IP UDP/IP ", "FTP", "HTTP" and "SMTP".

21.1 Packet Switched Data +UPSD

21.1.1 Description

Sets or gets the value of the specified parameter in a specific packet switched data (PSD) profile, or reads all parameters of the given PSD profile, and lists them in separated lines.



The parameter values set with this command are volatile, but the whole profile can be stored in NVM with AT+UPSDA command.



The command should be used to set up the PDP context parameters for an internal context, i.e. a data connection using the internal IP stack and related AT commands for sockets.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	PSD Set command AT+UPSD=<profile_id>,<param_tag>,<param_val>	OK	AT+UPSD=0,1,"apn.provider.com" OK
Get	PSD Get command AT+UPSD=<profile_id>,<param_tag>	+UPSD: <profile_id>,<param_tag>,<param_val> OK	AT+UPSD=0,1 +UPSD: 0,1,"apn.provider.com" OK
	PSD Get All command AT+UPSD=<profile_id>	+UPSD: <profile_id>,0,<param_val0> +UPSD: <profile_id>,1,<param_val1>... +UPSD: <profile_id>,x,<param_valx> OK	AT+UPSD=0 +UPSD: 0,0,0 +UPSD: 0,1,"apn.provider.com" +UPSD: 0,2,"username" +UPSD: 0,4,"0.0.0.0" ... +UPSD: 0,19,0 OK

21.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	PSD profile identifier, in range 0-6
<param_tag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Protocol type (<param_val> is 0) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: (Ipv4) 1: (Ipv6); this value is currently reserved for future use (RFU) 1: APN - <param_val> is defined by the text string of APN, e.g. "apn.provider.com"; the maximum length is 100

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2: Username - <param_val> is the user name text string for the authentication phase • 3: Password - <param_val> is the password text string for the authentication phase. Note: the AT+UPSD Get command with <param_tag> = 3 is not allowed and the Get all command does not display it • 4: DNS1 - <param_val> is the text string of the primary DNS address in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods, e.g. "xxx.yyy.zzz.www") • 5: DNS2 - <param_val> is the text string of the secondary DNS address in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods, e.g. "xxx.yyy.zzz.www") • 6: Authentication - <param_val> selects the authentication type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: none ○ 1: PAP ○ 2: CHAP • 7: IP address - <param_val> is the text string of the static IP address given by the ISP in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods, e.g. "xxx.yyy.zzz.www"). Note: IP address set as "0.0.0.0" means dynamic IP address assigned during PDP context activation • 8: Data compression - <param_val> enables/disables (1/0) data compression • 9: Header compression - <param_val> enables/disables (1/0) header compression • 10: QoS precedence - <param_val> selects the precedence class: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: high ○ 2: normal ○ 3: low • 11: QoS delay - <param_val> selects the delay class: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: class 1 ○ 2: class 2 ○ 3: class 3 ○ 4: best effort • 12: QoS reliability - <param_val> selects the reliability class: For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: class 1 (GTP Ack, LLC Ack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 2: class 2 (GTP Unack, LLC Ack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 3: class 3 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 4: class 4 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Unack) ○ 5: class 5 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Unprotected, RLC Unack) For LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: class 1 (Interpreted as class 2) ○ 2: class 2 (GTP Unack, LLC Ack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 3: class 3 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 4: class 4 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Unack) ○ 5: class 5 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Unprotected, RLC Unack) ○ 6: class 6 (Interpreted as class 3) • 13: QoS peak rate - <param_val> selects the peak throughput in range 0-9 • 14: QoS mean rate - <param_val> selects the mean throughput in range 0-18, 31 • 15: Minimum QoS precedence - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the precedence class: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: high ○ 2: normal ○ 3: low • 16: Minimum QoS delay - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the delay class: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: class 1 ○ 2: class 2 ○ 3: class 3 ○ 4: best effort • 17: Minimum QoS reliability - <param_val> selects the minimum acceptable

Parameter	Type	Description
		value for the reliability class: For LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: class 1 (GTP Ack, LLC Ack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 2: class 2 (GTP Unack, LLC Ack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 3: class 3 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 4: class 4 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Unack) ○ 5: class 5 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Unprotected, RLC Unack) For LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed ○ 1: class 1 (Interpreted as class 2) ○ 2: class 2 (GTP Unack, LLC Ack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 3: class 3 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Ack) ○ 4: class 4 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Protected, RLC Unack) ○ 5: class 5 (GTP Unack, LLC Unack and Unprotected, RLC Unack) ○ 6: class 6 (Interpreted as class 3) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 18: Minimum QoS peak rate - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the peak throughput in range 0-9 ● 19: Minimum QoS mean rate - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the mean throughput in range 0-18, 31 ● 20: 3G QoS delivery order - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the delivery order: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: enable; ○ 2: disable. ● 21: 3G QoS erroneous SDU delivery - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the erroneous SDU delivery: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: no detection; ○ 2: enable; ○ 3: disable. ● 22: 3G QoS extended guaranteed downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the extended guaranteed downlink bit rate in kb/s. ● 23: 3G QoS extended maximum downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the extended maximum downlink bit rate in kb/s. ● 24: 3G QoS guaranteed downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the guaranteed downlink bit rate in kb/s. ● 25: 3G QoS guaranteed uplink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the guaranteed uplink bit rate in kb/s. ● 26: 3G QoS maximum downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the maximum downlink bit rate in kb/s. ● 27: 3G QoS maximum uplink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the maximum uplink bit rate in kb/s. ● 28: 3G QoS maximum SDU size - <param_val> is the value for the maximum SDU size in octets ● 29: 3G QoS residual bit error rate - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the residual bit error rate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: 5E2; ○ 2: 1E2; ○ 3: 5E3; ○ 4: 4E3; ○ 5: 1E3; ○ 6: 1E4; ○ 7: 1E5; ○ 8: 1E6; ○ 9: 6E8. ● 30: 3G QoS SDU error ratio - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the SDU error ratio: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: 1E2; ○ 2: 7E3; ○ 3: 1E3; ○ 4: 1E4; ○ 5: 1E5; ○ 6: 1E6;

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 7: 1E1.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 31: 3G QoS signalling indicator - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the signalling indicator: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: signalling indicator 1. • 32: 3G QoS source statistics descriptor - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the source statistics descriptor: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: source statistics descriptor 1. • 33: 3G QoS traffic class - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the traffic class: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: conversational; ○ 2: streaming; ○ 3: interactive; ○ 4: background. • 34: 3G QoS traffic priority - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the traffic priority: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: priority 1; ○ 2: priority 2; ○ 3: priority 3. • 35: 3G QoS transfer delay - <param_val> is the value for the transfer delay in milliseconds. • 36: 3G Minimum QoS delivery order - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the delivery order: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: enable; ○ 2: disable. • 37: 3G Minimum QoS erroneous SDU delivery - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the erroneous SDU delivery: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: no detection; ○ 2: enable; ○ 3: disable. • 38: 3G Minimum QoS extended guaranteed downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the extended guaranteed downlink bit rate in kb/s. • 39: 3G Minimum QoS extended maximum downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the extended maximum downlink bit rate in kb/s. • 40: 3G Minimum QoS guaranteed downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the guaranteed downlink bit rate in kb/s. • 41: 3G Minimum QoS guaranteed uplink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the guaranteed uplink bit rate in kb/s. • 42: 3G Minimum QoS maximum downlink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the maximum downlink bit rate in kb/s. • 43: 3G Minimum QoS maximum uplink bit rate - <param_val> is the value for the maximum uplink bit rate in kb/s. • 44: 3G Minimum QoS maximum SDU size - <param_val> is the value for the maximum SDU size in octets • 45: 3G Minimum QoS residual bit error rate - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the residual bit error rate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: 5E2; ○ 2: 1E2; ○ 3: 5E3; ○ 4: 4E3; ○ 5: 1E3; ○ 6: 1E4; ○ 7: 1E5; ○ 8: 1E6; ○ 9: 6E8. • 46: 3G Minimum QoS SDU error ratio - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the SDU error ratio: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: 1E2; ○ 2: 7E3;

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 3: 1E3; ○ 4: 1E4; ○ 5: 1E5; ○ 6: 1E6; ○ 7: 1E1. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 47: 3G Minimum QoS signalling indicator - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the signalling indicator: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: signalling indicator 1. • 48: 3G Minimum QoS source statistics descriptor - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the source statistics descriptor: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: source statistics descriptor 1. • 49: 3G Minimum QoS traffic class - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the traffic class: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: conversational; ○ 2: streaming; ○ 3: interactive; ○ 4: background. • 50: 3G Minimum QoS traffic priority - <param_val> selects the acceptable value for the traffic priority: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 0: subscribed; ○ 1: priority 1; ○ 2: priority 2; ○ 3: priority 3. • 51: 3G Minimum QoS transfer delay - <param_val> is the value for the transfer delay in milliseconds.



For the description of the QoS parameters, see 3GPP TS 02.60 and 3GPP TS 03.60 [10].



If <param_tag> = 6, <param_val> can assume the value 2 (CHAP) only on LISA-U1 series.



The maximum length of <param_val> if <param_tag> is equal to 2 or 3 is 30 on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and 64 on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series.



The values of <param_tag> greater than 19 are not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

21.2 Packet Switched Data Action +UPSDA

21.2.1 Description

Performs the requested action for the specified PSD profile.

The command can be aborted. If a PDP context activation/deactivation is aborted, +UUPSDDA URC is provided. The <result> parameter indicates the operation result. Until this operation is not completed, another set command cannot be issued.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPSDA=<profile_id>,<action>	OK	AT+UPSDA=2,1 OK
URC		+UUPSDD: <profile_id>	
URC		+UUPSDDA: <result>	

21.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	PSD profile identifier, in range 0-6
<action>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Reset: clears the specified profile resetting all parameters to their factory-programmed values 1: Store: saves all parameters in NVM 2: Load: reads all parameters from NVM 3: Activate: activates a PDP context with the specified profile, using the current parameters 4: Deactivate: deactivates the PDP context associated with the specified profile
<result>	Number	Result codes are listed in the chapter A.6.



It is not possible to abort the command on LEON-G100-07x and previous versions or by LEON-G200 series or by LISA modules.



+UUPSDA URC is not supported by LEON-G100-07x and previous versions or by LEON-G200 series or by LISA modules.



Only one profile can be activated at the same time. PDP context activation on more than one profile at the same time is not supported.



The number of PDP contexts defined with AT+CGDCONT plus the number of contexts activated with +UPSDA cannot exceed three. Any further request to define a context with AT+CGDCONT or to activate a context with +UPSDA generates an error.



In case of remote deactivation of the PDP context associated with a PSD profile, the URC is sent to the TE to inform the user, otherwise the user should deactivate the PDP context after usage.



In LEON-Gx00-07x and previous versions, in case of PDP deactivation (triggered by either network or the user), it's up to the user or the application to close all the sockets that have been created and are still open.



Except for LEON-Gx00-07x and previous versions, in case of PDP deactivation (triggered by either network or the user) all the sockets that have been created will automatically be closed.

21.3 Packet Switched Network-assigned Data +UPSND

21.3.1 Description

Returns the current (dynamic) network-assigned or network-negotiated value of the specified parameter for the active PDP context associated with the specified PSD profile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPSND=<profile_id>,<param_tag>	+UPSND: <profile_id>,<param_tag>,<dynamic_param_val> OK	AT+UPSND=2,0 +UPSND: 2,0, "151.9.78.170" OK

21.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	PSD profile identifier, in range 0-6
<param_tag>	Number	Index representing a network-assigned or network-negotiated parameter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: IP address: dynamic IP address assigned during PDP context activation; 1: DNS1: dynamic primary DNS address;

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2: DNS2: dynamic secondary DNS address; • 3: QoS precedence: network assigned precedence class of the QoS; • 4: QoS delay: network assigned delay class of the QoS; • 5: QoS reliability: network assigned reliability class of the QoS; • 6: QoS peak rate: network assigned peak rate value of the QoS; • 7: QoS mean rate: network assigned mean rate value of the QoS • 8: PSD profile status: if the profile is active the return value is 1, 0 otherwise • 9: 3G QoS delivery order • 10: 3G QoS erroneous SDU delivery • 11: 3G QoS extended guaranteed downlink bit rate • 12: 3G QoS extended maximum downlink bit rate • 13: 3G QoS guaranteed downlink bit rate • 14: 3G QoS guaranteed uplink bit rate • 15: 3G QoS maximum downlink bit rate • 16: 3G QoS maximum uplink bit rate • 17: 3G QoS maximum SDU size • 18: 3G QoS residual bit error rate • 19: 3G QoS SDU error ratio • 20: 3G QoS signalling indicator • 21: 3G QoS source statistics descriptor • 22: 3G QoS traffic class • 23: 3G QoS traffic priority • 24: 3G QoS transfer delay
<dynamic_param_val>	String	Network-assigned or network-negotiated value of the parameter specified in <param_tag>



The values of <param_tag> greater than 8 are not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

21.4 Circuit Switched Data +UCSD

21.4.1 Description

Sets or gets the value of the specified parameter in a specific GSM circuit switched data (CSD) profile, or reads the current values of all parameters of the given PSD profile, listing them in separated lines.



The parameter values set with this command are volatile, but the whole profile may be stored in NVM with the AT+UCSDA command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	CSD Set command AT+UCSD=<profile_id>,<param_tag>,<param_val>	OK	AT+UCSD=2,1,0 OK
Get	CSD Get command AT+UCSD=<profile_id>,<param_tag>	+UCSD: <profile_id>,<param_tag>,<param_val> OK	AT+UCSD=2,1 +UCSD: 2,1,0 OK
	CSD Get All command AT+UCSD=<profile_id>	+UCSD: <profile_id>,0,<param_val0> OK	AT+UCSD=0 +UCSD: 0,0,"8001234564" +UCSD: 0,1,0 +UCSD: 0,2,"username" +UCSD: 0,4,"0.0.0.0" +UCSD: 0,5,"0.0.0.0" +UCSD: 0,6,0 OK

21.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	CSD profile identifier, in range 0-6
<param_tag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Phone number - <param_val> is defined by a text string, such as "36912345678". 1: Call type - <param_val> may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Analog; 1: ISDN. 2: Username - <param_val> is the user name text string for the authentication phase. 3: Password - <param_val> is the password text string for the authentication phase. Note: the AT+UCSD Get command with <param_tag> = 3 is not allowed 4: DNS1 - <param_val> is the text string of the primary DNS address in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods, like "xxx.yyy.zzz.www"). 5: DNS2 - <param_val> is the text string of the secondary DNS address in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods, like "xxx.yyy.zzz.www"). 6: Timeout (RFU) - <param_val> represents the linger time: if there is no data transfer for the given time-out, the call is hang-up). Note: currently not implemented. Parameter 6 can be neither set nor retrieved

21.5 Circuit Switched Data Action +UCSDA

21.5.1 Description

Performs the requested action for the specified CSD profile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCSDA=<profile_id>,<action>	OK	AT+UCSDA=3,0 OK
URC		+UUCSDD: <profile_id>	

21.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	CSD profile identifier, in range 0-6
<action>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Reset: clears the specified profile, resetting all parameters to their factory-programmed values 1: Store: saves all parameters of the specified profile in NVM for future retrieval 2: Load: reads all parameters of the specified profile from NVM 3: Activate: performs end-to-end connection establishment for the specified CSD profile, using its pre-defined parameters (i.e. service provider number) 4: Deactivate: releases the GSM data call associated with the specified CSD profile



Only one profile at a time can be associated with an active GSM call.



in case of remote disconnection of a GSM call associated to a CSD profile, the URC is sent to the TE to inform the user, otherwise the user is in charge of connection release after usage.

21.6 Circuit Switched Network-assigned Data +UCSND

21.6.1 Description

Returns the current (dynamic) network-assigned value of the specified parameter of the active GSM data call associated with the specified CSD profile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UCSND=<profile_id>,<param_tag>	+UCSND: <profile_id>,<param_tag>,<dynamic_param_val> OK	AT+UCSND=2,0 +UCSND: 2,0, "151.9.78.170" OK

21.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	CSD profile identifier, in range 0-6
<param_tag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: IP address: dynamic IP address assigned during context activation 1: DNS1: dynamic primary DNS address 2: DNS2: dynamic secondary DNS address
<dynamic_param_val>	String	Value of the specified <param_tag>

22 DNS

DNS service requires the user to define and activate a connection profile, either PSD or CSD, using the specific AT commands described in chapter "Data Connection Setup AT Commands".

When this command reports an error which is not a +CME ERROR, the error class and code is provided through +USOER AT command (more details in chapter 23.6).

22.1 Resolve Name / IP Number through DNS +UDNSRN

22.1.1 Description

Translates a domain name to an IP address or an IP address to a domain name by using an available DNS. There are two available DNSs, primary and secondary. They are usually provided by the network after GPRS activation or CSD establishment. They are automatically used in the resolution process if available. The resolver will use first the primary DNS, otherwise if there is no answer, the second DNS will be involved. The user can replace each network provided DNS by setting its own DNS. In this case the command AT+UPSD should be used for a PSD context or the AT+UCSD command for the CSD context. If a DNS value different from "0.0.0.0" is provided, the user DNS will replace the correspondent network-provided one. Pay attention to the DNS setting for the different profiles since the user DNS can be put into action if the corresponding profile is activated (if the user sets a DNS for a profile, and a different profile is activated, the user DNS has no action and the network DNS is used if available).

Usage of the network provided DNSs is recommended.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDNSRN=<resolution_type>,<domain_ip_string>	+UDNSRN: <resolved_ip_address> OK or +UDNSRN: <resolved_domain_name> OK	AT+UDNSRN=0,"www.google.com" +UDNSRN: "216.239.59.147" OK

22.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<resolution_type>	Number	Type of resolution operation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: domain name to IP address 1: IP address to domain name (host by name)
<domain_ip_string>	String	Domain name (resolution_type=0) or the IP address in (resolution_type=1) to be resolved
<resolved_ip_address>	String	Resolved IP address corresponding to the specified domain name
<resolved_domain_name>	String	Resolved domain name corresponding to the provided IP address

23 TCP/IP UDP/IP

23.1 Introduction

Before using TCP/IP services, a connection profile (either PSD or CSD) must be defined and activated, with AT commands described in chapter 21 “Data Connection Setup”. The sockets can be managed independently and simultaneously over the same bearer (either PSD or CSD). AT commands for both reading and writing data on sockets are provided and URC notifies the external application of incoming data and transmission result, no need for polling.

When these commands report an error which is not a +CME ERROR, the error code can be queried using the +USOER (more details in chapter 23.6) or +USOCTL (specifying the socket ID and with <param_id>=1, see chapter 23.15) AT commands.

 **Some network operators close dynamic NATs after few minutes if there is no activity on the connection (no data transfer in the period). To solve this problem enable the TCP keep alive options with 1 minute delay (view +USOSO command, paragraph 23.3).**

 **IP dotted notation does not support a leading 0 in an IP address (e.g. IP = 010.128.076.034 is not supported, 10.128.76.34 is supported).**

 **When both TCP and UDP socket are used at the same time at the maximum throughput (downlink and uplink at the maximum allowed baud rate) it is possible to lose some incoming UDP packets due to internal buffer limitation. A possible workaround is provided as follows:**

- **If it is possible, adopt an application layer UDP acknowledge system**
- **Stop sending TCP packet (and check with the +USOCTL command that the outgoing buffer is empty) when expecting to receive UDP data**

 On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the maximum number of sockets that can be managed are 16.

 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the maximum number of sockets that can be managed are 7.

23.2 Create Socket +USOCR

23.2.1 Description

Creates a socket and associates it with the specified protocol (TCP or UDP), returns a number identifying the socket. Such command corresponds to the BSD socket routine. Up to 16 sockets on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and 7 sockets on LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series can be created. It is possible to specify the local port to bind within the socket (**UDP only**) in order to send data from a specific port.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOCR=<protocol>[,<local_port>]	+USOCR: <socket> OK	AT+USOCR=17 +USOCR: 2 OK

23.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<protocol>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6: TCP 17: UDP
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier to be used for any future operation on that socket <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<local_port>	Number	Local port to be used while sending data (for UDP sockets only). If <local_port> is specified creating a TCP socket an error will be raised. The range goes from 1 to 65535.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the socket creation operation can be performed only after PDP context activation on one of the defined profiles.

23.3 Set Socket Option +USOSO

23.3.1 Description

Sets the specified standard option (type of service, local address re-use, linger time, time-to-live, etc) for the specified socket, like the BSD setsockopt routine.



Parameters must be set one by one.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOSO=<socket>,<level>,<opt_name>,<opt_val>[,<opt_val2>]	OK	AT+USOSO=2,6,1,1 OK

23.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<level>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: IP Protocol <opt_name> for IP Protocol level may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Type of service <opt_val>: 8 bit mask that represent the flags of IP TOS. For more information refer to RFC 791 [27]Range 0-255. Default value is 0 2: Time-to-live <opt_val>: unsigned 8 bit value representing the TTL. Range 0-255 (default 255) 6: TCP Protocol <opt_name> for TCP protocol level may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: No delay option: do not delay send to coalesce packets; <opt_val>: Number, enables/disables "no delay" option. 1: enable, 0 (default value): disable 2: Keepidle option: send keepidle probes when idle for <opt_val> milliseconds; <opt_val>: signed 32 bit Number value representing the milliseconds for "keepidle" option. Range 0-2147483647. Default value 7200000 (2 hours) 65535: Socket <opt_name> for Socket level options may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4: Local address re-use.

Parameter	Type	Description
		<p><opt_val>: Number, enables/disables "local address re-use" option. 1: enable, 0 (default value): disable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8: Keep connections alive. <p><opt_val>: Number, enables/disables "keep connections alive" option. 1: enable, 0 (default value): disable</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 32: Sending of broadcast messages. <opt_val>: Number enables/disables "sending of broadcast messages". 1: enable, 0 (default value): disable 128: Linger on close if data present. <opt_val>: Number, sets on/off "linger" option. 1: enable, 0 (default value): disable <opt_val2>: signed 16 bit Number, linger time, range 0-32767. Default is 0. 512: Local address and port re-use. <opt_val>: Number, enables/disables "local address and port re-use". 1: enable, 0 (default value): disable

23.4 Get Socket Option +USOGO

23.4.1 Description

Retrieves the specified standard option (type of service, local address re-use, linger time, time-to-live, etc) for the specified socket, like the BSD getsockopt routine.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOGO=<socket>,<level>,<opt_name>	+USOGO: <opt_val>[,<opt_val2>] OK	AT+USOGO=0,0,2 +USOGO: 255 OK

23.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<level>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: IP Protocol <opt_name> for IP Protocol level can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Type of service. 2: Time-to-live. 6: TCP Protocol <opt_name> for TCP protocol level may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: No delay option: do not delay send to coalesce packets 2: Keepidle option: send keepidle probes when idle for <opt_val> milliseconds 65535: Socket <opt_name> for Socket level options may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 4: Local address re-use. 8: Keep connections alive. 32: Sending of broadcast messages. 128: Linger on close if data present; <opt_val2>: Number, linger time; 512: Local address and port re-use.



For values returned by the +USOGO command, refer to +USOSO description (paragraph 23.3.2).

23.5 Close Socket +USOCL

23.5.1 Description

Closes the specified socket, like the BSD close routine. In case of remote socket closure the user is notified via the URC.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOCL=<socket>	OK	AT+USOCL=2 OK
URC		+UUSOCL: <socket>	+UUSOCL: 2

23.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6

23.6 Get Socket Error +USOER

23.6.1 Description

Retrieves the last error occurred in the last socket operation, stored in the BSD standard variable error.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+USOER	+USOER: <socket_error> OK	+USOER: 104 OK

23.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket_error>	Number	Code of the last error occurred in a socket operation. The allowed values are listed in A.1.4 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: no error

23.7 Connect Socket +USOCO

23.7.1 Description

Establishes a peer-to-peer connection of the socket to the specified remote host on the given remote port, like the BSD connect routine. If the socket is a TCP socket, the command will actually perform the TCP negotiation (3-way handshake) to open a connection. If the socket is a UDP socket, this function will just declare the remote host address and port for later use with other socket operations (e.g. +USOWR, +USORD). This is important to note because if <socket> refers to a UDP socket, errors will not be reported prior to an attempt to write or read data on the socket.



(UDP socket) due to the UDP specific AT commands, this command should be considered obsolete and it is strongly recommended avoiding its usage while working with UDP sockets. The command's

functionality for UDP socket is maintained for backward compatibility only, consider to use +USOST and +USORF command instead of +USOCO with +USOWR and +USORD.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOCO=<socket>,<remote_addr>,<remote_port>	OK	AT+USOCO=3,"151.63.16.9",1200 OK

23.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<remote_addr>	String	Remote host IP address in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods) or domain name of the remote host
<remote_port>	Number	Remote host port, in range 1-65535

23.8 Write Socket Data +USOWR

23.8.1 Description

Writes the specified amount of data to the specified socket, like the BSD write routine, and returns the number of bytes of data actually written. Applied to UDP sockets too, after a +USOCO Connect Socket command.

There are three kinds of syntax:

- Base syntax normal: writing simple strings to the socket, there are characters which are forbidden
- Base syntax HEX: writing hexadecimal strings to the socket, the string will be converted in binary data and sent to the socket
- Binary extended syntax: mandatory for writing any character in the ASCII range [0x00, 0xFF]



(about UDP socket): due to the UDP specific AT commands, it is preferred to use the +USOST command to send data via UDP socket. +USOST command does not require the usage of +USOCO before sending data.



(about TCP socket): if no network signal is available, TCP packets are enqueued until the network will become available again. If the TCP queue is full the +USOWR command will return error. To get the last socket error use the +USOCTL command with param_id 1 (see +USOCTL command description). If the error returned is 11, it means that the queue is full.



(about UDP socket): if no network signal is available, out going UDP packet may be lost.



The URC indicates that data has been sent to lower level of protocol stack. This is not an indication of an acknowledgment received by the remote server the socket is connected to.



The base syntax HEX mode is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



To enable the base syntax HEX mode refer to the AT+UDCONF command description (chapter 17.19).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set (Base)	AT+USOWR=<socket>,<length>,<data>	+USOWR: <socket>,<length> OK	AT+USOWR=3,12,"Hello world!" +USOWR: 3,12 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set (Binary)	AT+USOWR=<socket>,<length> After the "@" prompt <length> bytes of data are entered	@ +USOWR: <socket>,<length> OK	AT+USOWR=3,16 @16 bytes of data +USOWR: 3,16 OK



(about TCP socket): if the connection is closed by the remote host the +UUSOCL indication is not sent until all received data is read using the AT+USORD command. If AT+USOWR command is used in this situation, it returns +USOWR: <socket>,0<CR><LF>OK.

23.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<length>	Number	Number of data bytes to write: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Base syntax normal mode: range 0-512 (on LISA-U1 series the range goes from 0 to 1024) Base syntax HEX mode: range 0-250 Binary extended syntax: range 0-1024
<data>	String	Data bytes to be written. Not all of the ASCII charset can be used



For Base Syntax:

- Allowed ASCII characters: 0x20 (space), 0x21 and from 0x23 to 0xFF, all the alphanumeric set, symbols and extended ASCII charset from 0x80 to 0xFF
- Forbidden: The control characters from 0x00 to 0x1F (included), 0x22 character, quotation marks ("")
- The value of <length> and the actual length of <data> must match
- For base syntax HEX mode, only ASCII characters 0-9, A-F and a-f are allowed. The length of the <data> parameter must be two times the <length> parameter



For Binary Syntax:

- After the command is sent, the user waits for the @ prompt. When it appears the stream of bytes can be provided. After the specified amount of bytes has been sent, the system returns with OK (or ERROR). The feed process cannot be interrupted i.e. the return in the command mode can be effective only when the number of bytes provided is the declared one
- The binary extended syntax is the only way for the system to accept control characters as data; for the AT command specifications 3GPP TS 27.005 [16], characters like <CR>, <CTRL-Z>, quotation marks, etc. have a specific meaning and they cannot be used like data in the command itself. The command is so extended with a specific acceptance state identified by the @ prompt
- This feature can be successfully used when there is need to send a byte stream which belongs to a protocol that has any kind of characters in the ASCII range [0x00,0xFF]
- In binary mode LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series does not display the echo of data bytes
- In binary mode LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 displays the echo of data bytes
- Binary syntax is not affected by HEX mode option



For <data> parameter not all of the ASCII charset can be used.

23.9 Send To command +USOST (UDP only)

23.9.1 Description

Writes the specified amount of data to the remote address, like the BSD sendto routine, and returns the number of bytes of data actually written. It can be applied to UDP sockets only. This command allows the reuse of the same socket to send data to many different remote hosts.

There are three kinds of syntax:

- Base syntax normal: writing simple strings to the socket, there are characters which are forbidden
- Base syntax HEX: writing hexadecimal strings to the socket, the string will be converted in binary data and sent to the socket
- Binary extended syntax: mandatory for writing any character in the ASCII range [0x00, 0xFF]



It is strongly recommended using this command to send data while using UDP sockets. It is also recommended avoiding +USOCO usage with UDP socket.



(about UDP socket): if no network signal is available, out coming UDP packet may be lost.



The base syntax HEX mode is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



To enable the base syntax HEX mode, refer to the AT+UDCONF command description (chapter 17.19).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set (Base)	AT+USOST=<socket>,<remote_ip_address>,<remote_port>,<length>,<data>	+USOST: <socket>,<length> OK	AT+USOST=3, "151.9.34.66",449,16, "16 bytes of data" +USOST: 3,16 OK
Set (Binary)	AT+USOST=<socket>,<remote_ip_address>,<remote_port>,<length> After the "@" prompt <length> bytes of data are entered	@ +USOST: <socket>,<length> OK	AT+USOST=3, "151.9.34.66",449,16 @16 bytes of data +USOST: 3,16 OK

23.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 • On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<remote_ip_address>	String	Remote host IP address
<remote_port>	Number	Remote host port
<length>	Number	Number of data bytes to write <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Base syntax normal mode: range 0-512 (on LISA-U1 series the range goes from 0 to 1024) • Base syntax HEX mode: range 0-250 • Binary syntax mode: range 0-1024
<data>	String	Data bytes to be written (Not all of the ASCII charset can be used)



For Base Syntax:

- Allowed ASCII characters: 0x20 (space), 0x21 and from 0x23 to 0xFF. Substantially all of the alphanumeric set, symbols and extended ASCII charset from 0x80 to 0xFF

- Forbidden: The control characters from 0x00 to 0x1F (included), 0x22 character, quotation marks (")
- The value of <length> and the actual length of <data> must match
- For base syntax HEX mode, only ASCII characters 0-9, A-F and a-f are allowed. The length of the <data> parameter must be two times the <length> parameter



For Binary Syntax:

- After the command is sent, the user waits for the @ prompt. When it appears the stream of bytes can be provided. After the specified amount of bytes has been sent, the system returns with OK (or ERROR). The feed process cannot be interrupted i.e. the return in the command mode can be effective only when the number of bytes provided is the declared one
- That binary extended syntax is the only way for the system to accept control characters as data; for the AT command specifications [16], characters like <CR>, <CTRL-Z>, quotation marks, etc. have a specific meaning and they cannot be used like data in the command itself. The command is so extended with a specific acceptance state identified by the @ prompt
- This feature can be successfully used when there is need to send a byte stream which belongs to a protocol that has any kind of characters in the ASCII range [0x00,0xFF]
- In binary mode LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series does not display the echo of data bytes
- In binary mode LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 displays the echo of data bytes
- Binary syntax is not affected by HEX mode option

23.10 Read Socket Data +USORD

23.10.1 Description

Reads the specified amount of data from the specified socket, like the BSD read routine. This command can be used to know the total amount of unread data.

For the TCP socket type the URC **+UUSORD: <socket>,<length>** notifies the data bytes available for reading, either when buffer is empty and new data arrives or after a partial read by the user.

For the UDP socket type the URC **+UUSORD: <socket>,<length>** notifies that a UDP packet has been received, either when buffer is empty or after a UDP packet has been read and one or more packets are stored in the buffer.

In case of a partial read of a UDP packet **+UUSORD: <socket>,<length>** will show the remaining number of data bytes of the packet the user is reading.



(about UDP socket) Due to the UDP specific AT command, it is preferred to use the +USORF command to read data from UDP socket. +USORF command does not require the usage of +USOCO before reading data.



When applied to UDP active sockets if the UDP socket is not set in listening mode (see +USOLI) it will not be possible to receive any packet if a previous write operation is not performed.



If the HEX mode is enabled (refer to +UDCONF command, chapter 17.19) the received data will be displayed using a hexadecimal string.



The base syntax HEX mode is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USORD=<socket>,<length>	+USORD: <socket>,<length>,<data in the ASCII [0x00,0xFF] range> OK	AT+USORD=3,16 +USORD: 3,16, " 16 bytes of data" OK
URC		+UUSORD: <socket>,<length>	+UUSORD: 3,16

23.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<length>	Number	Number of data bytes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> to read stored in buffer, in range 0-1024 in the set command read from buffer, in range 0-1024 stored in buffer for the URC
<data>	String	Data bytes to be read



The returned data may be any ASCII character in the range [0x00,0xFF] i.e. control characters. The starting quotation marks shall not be taken into account like data; the first byte of data starts after the first quotation marks. Then the other characters are provided for a <length> amount. An application should rely on the <length> info to count the received number of characters (after the starting quotation marks) especially if any protocol control characters are expected.



If an application deals with letter and number characters only i.e. all of the expected characters are outside the [0x00, 0x1F] range and are not quotation marks, the AT+USORD response quotation marks can be assumed to identify the start and the end of the received data packet. Always check <length> to identify the valid data stream.



If the number of data bytes requested to be read from the buffer is bigger than the number of bytes stored in the buffer only the available amount of data bytes will be read.



When <length>= 0, the command returns the total amount of data present in the network buffer.



If the HEX mode is enabled, the length of <data> will be 2 times <length>.

Example: 23 unread bytes in the socket

```
AT+USORD=3,0
+USORD: 3,23
OK
```

23.11 Receive From command +USORF (UDP only)

23.11.1 Description

Reads the specified amount of data from the specified UDP socket, like the BSD recvfrom routine. The URC **+UUSORF: <socket>,<length>** (or also +UUSORD: <socket>,<length>) notifies that new data is available for reading, either when new data arrives or after a partial read by the user for the socket. This command can also return the total amount of unread data.

This command can be applied to UDP sockets only, and it can be used to read data after both +UUSORD and +UUSORF unsolicited indication.



It is strongly recommended using this command to read data while using UDP sockets. It is also recommended avoiding +USOCO usage with UDP socket.



If the HEX mode is enabled (see AT+UDCONF) the received data will be displayed using an hexadecimal string.



The base syntax HEX mode is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USORF=<socket>,<length>	+UUSORF: <socket>,<length> +USORF: <socket>,<remote_ip_addr>,<remote_port>,<length>,<data in the ASCII [0x00,0xFF] range> OK	+UUSORF: 3,16 AT+USORF=3,16 +USORF: 3,"151.9.34.66",2222,16,"16 bytes of data" OK
URC		+UUSORF: <socket>,<length>	+UUSORF: 3,16

23.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<remote_ip_address>	String	Remote host IP address
<remote_port>	Number	Remote host port
<length>	Number	Number of data bytes to read, in range 0-1024
<data>	String	Data bytes to be read



Each packet received from the network is stored in a separate buffer and the command is capable to read only a packet (or e portion of it) at time. This means that if <length> is greater than the packet size, the command will return a maximum amount of data equal to the packet size, also if there are other packets in the buffer. The remaining data (i.e. the remaining UDP packets) can be read with further reads.



The returned data may have any kind of ASCII character in the range [0x00,0xFF] i.e. control characters too. The starting quotation marks shall not be taken into account like data; the first byte of data starts after the first quotation marks. Then the other characters are provided for a <length> amount. At the end of the length byte stream, another quotation marks followed by <CR><LF> are provided for user convenience and visualization purposes. An application should rely on the <length> info to count the received number of characters (after the starting quotation marks) especially if any protocol control characters are expected.



If an application deals with letter and number characters only i.e. all of the expected characters are outside the [0x00, 0x1F] range and are not quotation marks, the AT+USORD response quotation marks can be assumed to identify the start and the end of the received data packet, anyway the <length> field usage to identify the valid data stream is recommended.



When <length>= 0, the command returns the total amount of data present in the network buffer.



If the HEX mode is enabled, the length of <data> will be 2 times <length>.

Example: 23 unread bytes in the socket

```
AT+USORF=3,0
+USORF: 3,23
OK
```

23.12 Set Listening Socket +USOLI

23.12.1 Description

Sets the specified socket in listening mode on the specified port of service, waiting for incoming connections (TCP) or data (UDP).

For **TCP sockets**, incoming connections will be automatically accepted and notified via the URC **+UUSOLI: <socket>,<ip_address>,<port>,<listening_socket>,<local_ip_address>,<listening_port>**, carrying the connected socket identifier, the remote IP address and port.

For **UDP sockets**, incoming data will be notified via URC **+UUSORF: <listening_socket>,<length>**. To know from which remote IP address and port the data is coming from, use the AT+USORF command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOLI=<socket>,<port>	OK	(TCP) AT+USOLI=2,1200 OK +UUSOLI: 3,"151.63.16.7",1403,2,"82.89.67.164",1200 (UDP) AT+USOLI=0,1182 OK +UUSORF: 0,1024
URC (TCP)		+UUSOLI: <socket>,<ip_address>,<port>,<listening_socket>,<local_ip_address>,<listening_port>	+UUSOLI: 3,"151.63.16.7",1403,0,"82.89.67.164",200
URC (UDP)		+UUSORF: <listening_socket>,<len>	+UUSORF: 1,967

23.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<port>	Number	Port of service, range 1-65535. Port numbers below 1024 are not recommended since they are usually reserved
<ip_address>	String	Remote host IP address (only in URC +UUSOLI)
<listening_socket>	Number	Socket identifier specified within the AT+USOLI command, indicates on which listening socket the connection has been accepted (only in +UUSOLI URC)
<local_ip_address>	String	TE IP address (only in +UUSOLI URC)
<listening_port>	Number	Listening port that has accepted the connection. This port is specified within the AT+USOLI command (only in +UUSOLI URC)
<length>	Number	Data length received on the UDP listening socket (only in +UUSORF unsolicited indication). In order to know the sender IP address and port, use the +USORF command.



In case of notification via the URC +UUSOLI <port> is intended as the remote port.

23.13 Firewall control +UFRW

23.13.1 Description

Enables/disables internal firewall and controls filtering settings (i.e. define IP white list). When enabled, IP connections are accepted only if the IP address belongs to the defined IP white list.



Firewall applies for incoming connections only (i.e. listening sockets set by means of +USOLI command).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UFRW=<action>[,<white_ip_addr_mask>]	OK	AT+UFRW=0 OK
Read	AT+UFRW?	+UFRW: <firewall_status>[,<white_ip_addr_mask 1>[,<white_ip_addr_mask2>[,...]]] OK	
Test	AT+UFRW=?	+UFRW: (list of supported <action>s) OK	+UFRW: (0-4) OK

23.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<action>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable internal firewall. The parameter <white_ip_addr_mask> is not allowed in this case: if present error message will be returned 1: enable internal firewall. The parameter <white_ip_addr_mask> is not allowed in this case: if present error message will be returned 2: add specified IP address mask to firewall white list. The parameter <white_ip_addr_mask> is mandatory. The maximum size of firewall white list is 10 IP address masks: up to 10 different IP address masks can be added to firewall white list. 3: remove specified IP address mask from firewall white list. The parameter <white_ip_addr_mask> is mandatory 4: clear firewall white list. The parameter <white_ip_addr_mask> is not allowed in this case: if present error message will be returned
<white_ip_addr_mask>	String	white IP address mask to be applied to remote end IP address to decide if to accept or not the remote connection. The IP address mask is made up of 4 bytes of information expressed as four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods (e.g. "xxx.yyy.zzz.www"). An incoming connection attempt from the remote end IP address <incoming_ip_addr> is accepted if matching the following criterium for at least one of the IP address masks in the firewall white list: <incoming_ip_addr> & <white_ip_addr_mask> == <incoming_ip_addr>
<firewall_status>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled 1: enabled

23.14 Set socket in Direct Link mode +USODL

23.14.1 Description

This command establishes a transparent end to end communication with an already connected TCP or UDP socket via the serial interface. Data can be sent to the socket and can be received via the serial port: the usage of HW handshake is recommended.

The transparent TCP/UDP connection mode can be exited via +++ sequence, entered after at least 2 s of suspension of transmission to the port. The socket will remain connected and communication can be re-established anytime.



UDP Direct Link is not available on LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USODL=<socket>	CONNECT	AT+USODL=3 CONNECT

23.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6



Direct Link mode will not be available for TCP application protocols (HTTP, SMTP). This is because application protocols require a server request formatting and a response evaluation, but in direct link connection this feature is not yet available.



On LISA-U1 series, during a 3G connection on UART interface, the data rate must be at least 115200 b/s.

23.15 Socket Control +USOCTL

23.15.1 Description

Allows interaction with the low level socket layer.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USOCTL=<socket>,<param_id>	+USOCTL: <socket>,<param_id>,<param_val>[,<param_val2>] OK	AT+USOCTL=0,2 +USOCTL: 0,2,38 OK

23.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<socket>	Number	Socket identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the range goes from 0 to 15 On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the range goes from 0 to 6
<param_id>	Number	Control request identifier. Possible values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: query for socket type 1: query for last socket error 2: get the total amount of bytes sent from the socket 3: get the total amount of bytes received by the socket 4: query for remote peer IP address and port 10: query for TCP socket status (only TCP sockets) 11: query for TCP outgoing unacknowledged data (only TCP sockets) 5-9, 12-99: RFU
<param_val>	Number / String	This value may assume different means depending of <param_id>. <p>If <param_id> is 0, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6 TCP socket 17: UDP socket <p>If <param_id> is 1, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> N: last socket error <p>If <param_id> is 2, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> N: the total amount (in bytes) of sent (acknowledged + unacknowledged) data <p>If <param_id> is 3, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> N: the total amount (in bytes) of received (read) data <p>If <param_id> is 4, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A string representing the remote peer IP address expressed in dotted decimal form <p>If <param_id> is 10, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: the socket is in INACTIVE status 1: the socket is in LISTEN status 2: the socket is in SYN_SENT status 3: the socket is in SYN_RCVD status 4: the socket is in ESTABLISHED status 5: the socket is in FIN_WAIT_1 status 6: the socket is in FIN_WAIT_2 status 7: the socket is in CLOSE_WAIT status 8: the socket is in CLOSING status 9: the socket is in LAST_ACK status 10: the socket is in TIME_WAIT status <p>If <param_id> is 11, <param_val> can assume these values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> N: the total amount of outgoing unacknowledged data
<param_val2>	Number	This value is present only when <param_id> is 4. It represents the remote peer IP port.

24 FTP

Proprietary u-blox AT commands. FTP AT commands set can be used for sending and receiving files over the available bearer, transparently retrieving and storing them in the file system. Standard file and directory management operations on the remote FTP server are as well possible. PSD or CSD connection must be established before using FTP client services (AT commands for establishing connection are described in chapter 21 "Data Connection Setup AT Commands").

Basically, two AT commands are necessary for an FTP client service: one AT command to configure the FTP profile, a second AT command to execute a specific FTP command. The final result of an FTP execute command will be notified through the URC +UUFTPCR whereas data will be provided through URC +UUFTPCD.

When these commands report an error which is not a +CME ERROR, the error code can be queried using the +UFTPER AT command (more details in chapter 24.5).

24.1 FTP Control +UFTP

24.1.1 Description

Sets up a parameter for FTP service, or resets a parameter to its factory-programmed value. Set/reset command needs to be executed for each single <param_tag>. Read command returns the current setting of all the FTP parameters, one per line (i.e. the FTP profile). The FTP parameter values set with this command are all volatile (not stored in non-volatile memory)

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Set command AT+UFTP=<param_tag>,<param_val>	OK	AT+UFTP=7,21 OK
	Reset command AT+UFTP=<param_tag>	OK	
Read	AT+UFTP?	+UFTP: 0,<param_val0> +UFTP: 1,<param_val1> ... OK	+UFTP: 0,"216.239.59.147" +UFTP: 1,"" +UFTP: 2,"username" +UFTP: 4,"account" +UFTP: 5,0 +UFTP: 6,0 +UFTP: 7,21 +UFTP: 8,0 OK
Test	AT+UFTP=?	+UFTP: (list of supported <param_tag>s) OK	+UFTP: (0-8) OK

24.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<param_val>	Number / String	Type and supported content depend on related <param_tag> (details are given here below). If <param_val> is not specified the value of the corresponding parameter <param_tag> is reset to default value
<param_tag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: FTP server IP address; <param_val> is the text string of FTP server IP address in dotted decimal notation form (e.g. 111.222.333.444)

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: FTP server name <param_val> is the text sting of FTP server name (e.g. "ftp.server.com") Maximal length 128 characters 2: Username <param_val> is the user name text string (maximum 30 characters) for the FTP login procedure 3: Password <param_val> is the password text string (maximum 30 characters) for the FTP login procedure 4: Account <param_val> is the additional user account text string (maximum 30 characters) if required for the FTP login procedure 5: Inactivity timeout; <param_val> is the inactivity timeout period in seconds, from 0 to 86400 s. 0 means no timeout (the FTP session will not be terminated in the absence of incoming traffic). The default value is 30 s 6: FTP mode <param_val> selects the FTP mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): Active 1: Passive 7: FTP server port <param_val> is the remote FTP server listening port, it must be a valid TCP port value: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Numeric value between 1 and 65535: default value is 21 8: FTP Secure option in explicit mode (SSL encryption of FTP control channel; FTP data channel is not encrypted) <param_val> selects the Secure option (explicit mode) of FTP client service: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): No SSL encryption 1: Enable SSL encryption of FTP control connection



The response to the read command does not display the <param_tag>=3 (password).



<param_tag>=8 is not available on LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series.



<param_tag>=0 and <param_tag>=1 are mutually exclusive. If value for <param_tag>=0 is specified by user, then value for <param_tag>=1 is reset or vice versa.



Some network operators do not allow incoming connections. Due to these limitations introduced by network operators it is possible to encounter problems using FTP active mode. If the FTP active mode fails to exchange files, try the passive mode to solve the problem.



Some network operators do not allow FTPS. In this case the +UFTPC=1 command (FTP login) will return a failure response via +UUFTPCR URC after an SSL timeout of 30 s.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series during connection to FTP remote server (via FTP login command) the FTP profile parameters cannot be changed or reset to factory-programmed values until disconnection takes place (FTP logout). Only <param_tag>=5 (inactivity timeout), and <param_tag>=6 (FTP mode), can be updated while FTP connection is on the go.

24.2 FTP Command +UFTPC

24.2.1 Description

Triggers the FTP actions corresponding to <ftp_command> parameter. The response indicates if sending the command request to FTP process was successful or not. Final result of FTP action will be returned to the user via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to paragraph 24.4 for the command description). As well, when data is requested by user (e.g. file or directory lists), the information is notified after reception from the FTP server via the URC +UUFTPCD (refer to paragraph 24.3.1 for the command description).



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series, if SSL option is enabled and network operator does not allow FTPS, the command failure will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR after an SSL timeout of 30 s.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UFTPC=<ftp_command>[,<param1>[,<param2>]]	OK	AT+UFTPC=4,"data.zip","data.zip" OK
Test	AT+UFTPC=?	+UFTPC: (list of supported <ftp_command>s) OK	+UFTPC: (0-5,8,10,11,13,14) OK

24.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<param1>	String	Content depend on related <ftp_command> (details are given below)
<param2>	String	Content depend on related <ftp_command> (details are given below)
<ftp_command>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: FTP logout; terminates the FTP session by performing a logout. Notice that this AT command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final FTP result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to chapter 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param1>, <param2> are not allowed (do not give any value). • 1: FTP login; connects to the FTP server using the parameters of current FTP profile (set via AT+UFTP command). Notice that this AT command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final FTP result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to chapter 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param1>, <param2> are not allowed (do not give any value). • 2: Delete file from the FTP server. This AT command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final FTP result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (see chapter 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param1> mandatory parameter; text string of the file name to be deleted from FTP host. ◦ <param2> parameter is not allowed (do not give any value). • 3: Rename file. This AT command just sends requests to the FTP process. The final FTP result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (see chapter 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param1> mandatory parameter; text string of the old file name on the FTP host, to be renamed. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3. ◦ <param2> mandatory parameter; text string of the new file name. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3. • 4: Retrieve file from the FTP server. This command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final FTP command result is notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (see 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param1> mandatory parameter; is the remote file name text string to be retrieved from FTP host. ◦ <param2> mandatory parameter; is the local file name (module file system) text string to be stored on file system. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to chapter 1.1.3. • 5: Store file on the FTP server. This AT command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to chapter 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param1> mandatory parameter; is the local file name (module file system) text string to be sent from file system. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to chapter 1.1.3. ◦ <param2> mandatory parameter; is the remote file name to be stored on the FTP server. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to chapter 1.1.3. • 6: Retrieve a file from FTP server using direct link mode. This command handles the initial steps of FTP protocol for retrieving a file; after that it will establish a transparent end to end communication with the data connection TCP socket via the serial interface. After the CONNECT

Parameter	Type	Description
		<p>message, the file content will be sent directly to the serial interface. The user must switch off the direct link mode (sending +++ to the serial interface) when the data stream is finished. This operation may take up to 10 s because of the command also handles the final steps of FTP protocol. The final FTP command result is notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (see 24.4).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> mandatory parameter; is the remote file name to be retrieved from the FTP server; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 7: Send a file to FTP server using direct link mode. This command handles the initial steps of FTP protocol for sending a file; after that it will establish a transparent end to end communication with the data connection TCP socket via the serial interface. After the CONNECT message the user can send the file content via serial interface. Once finished, the user must wait at least 2 s before sending the +++ sequence to switch off the direct link mode. This operation may take a few seconds because the command also handles the final steps of FTP protocol. The final FTP command result is notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (see 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> mandatory parameter; is the remote file name to be stored in the FTP server; • 8: Change working directory to the specified one. This AT command just sends requests to the FTP process. The final FTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to paragraph 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> mandatory parameter; is the text string of the destination directory name on the FTP host. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3. ○ <param2> parameter is not allowed (do not give a value). • 9: RFU; • 10: Create a directory on the FTP host. This AT command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to paragraph 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> mandatory parameter; text string of the new directory name to be made on FTP server. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3. ○ <param2> parameter is not allowed (do not give a value). • 11: Remove directory from the remote FTP server. This AT command just sends a command request to the FTP process. The final result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to paragraph 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> mandatory parameter; is the string of the existing directory name to be removed. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3. ○ <param2> parameter is not allowed (do not give a value). • 12: RFU; • 13: Information of a file or a directory. Command just sends a command request to the FTP process. Information of specified file or directory from FTP server will be returned via URC +UUFTPCD (refer to paragraph 24.3). The final FTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to paragraph 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> optional parameter; text string of the path file/directory name to be listed. If not specified, the current directory list is requested. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3. ○ <param2> parameter is not allowed (do not give a value). • 14: List file names in a specified directory. Command just sends a command request to the FTP process. List of file names received from FTP server will be returned via URC +UUFTPCD (refer to paragraph 24.3). The final FTP result will be notified via the URC +UUFTPCR (refer to paragraph 24.4). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param1> optional parameter; text string of the path (file or directory) to be name listed. If not specified, the list of files names

Parameter	Type	Description
		of current working directory is requested. For the limit of the length of the string, refer to 1.1.3.
		o <param2> parameter is not allowed (do not give a value).

24.3 FTP Unsolicited Data URC +UUFTPCD

24.3.1 Description

Returns the data received from the remote FTP server in response to a specified <ftp_command> request previously sent via +UFTPC command.



On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series the URC +UUFTPCD is displayed only on the AT terminal that issued the +UFTPC related command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+UUFTPCD: <ftp_command>,<ftp_data_len>,<ftp_data>	+UUFTPCD: 13,16, "16 bytes of data"

24.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<ftp_command>	Number	FTP command as detailed in Defined values paragraph 24.2.2 "File Transfer Protocol Command +UFTPC".
<ftp_data_len>	Number	Amount of data in bytes
<ftp_data>	String	Data available from FTP server in the ASCII [0x00,0xFF] range. The starting quotation mark shall not be taken into account like data, the first byte of data starts after the first quotation mark. Total number of bytes is <ftp_data_len>. At the end of the byte stream, another quotation mark is provided for user convenience and visualization purposes.

24.4 FTP Command Result URC +UUFTPCR

24.4.1 Description

The final result of the operation for an FTP command previously sent with +UFTPC is provided with this URC.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+UUFTPCR: <ftp_command>,<ftp_result>	+UUFTPCR: 1,1

24.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<ftp_command>	Number	Same values as above
<ftp_result>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Fail • 1: Success

24.5 FTP Error +UFTPER

24.5.1 Description

This command retrieves the error class and code of the last FTP operation.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+UFTPER	+UFTPER: <error_class>,<error_code> OK	+UFTPER: 1,1 OK

24.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<error_class>	Number	Value of error class. Values are listed in paragraph A.1
<error_code>	Number	Value of class-specific error code (reply code if <error_class> is 0). The values are listed in A.1.1

25 HTTP

u-blox proprietary AT commands for HTTP service. The chapter describes the HTTP AT commands set that can be used for sending requests to a remote HTTP server, receiving the server response and transparently storing it in the file system. Supported methods are: HEAD, GET, DELETE, PUT, POST file and POST data. Data connection must be activated using u-blox proprietary AT commands described in chapter 21 "Data Connection Setup AT Commands".

When these commands report an error which is not a +CME ERROR, the error code can be queried using the +UHTTPER AT command (more details in chapter 25.4)



If using CellLocate and HTTP commands HTTP profiles in the range 1-3 must be used.

25.1 HTTP Control +UHTTP

25.1.1 Description

Sets up the necessary parameters for HTTP service, or resets them to the factory-programmed values. Up to 4 different HTTP profiles can be defined. To change the settings of a specified HTTP profile set command needs to be executed for each single <param_tag>. The get command returns the current setting of the specified parameter of HTTP profile, while the reset command resets to factory-programmed values all the parameters of specified HTTP profile.



HTTP parameters are not saved in the non volatile memory.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Set command AT+UHTTP=<profile_id>,<param_tag>,<param_val>	OK	AT+UHTTP=2,0,"125.24.51.133" OK
	Get command AT+UHTTP=<profile_id>,<param_tag>	+UHTTP: <profile_id>,<param_tag>,<param_val> OK	AT+UHTTP=2,0 +UHTTP: 2,0,"125.24.51.133" OK
	Reset command AT+UHTTP=<profile_id>		AT+UHTTP=2 OK
Test	AT+UHTTP=?	+UHTTP: (list of supported <profile_id>s),(list of supported <param_tag>s) OK	+UHTTP: (0-3),(0-6) OK

25.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	HTTP profile identifier, in range 0-3
<param_val>	Number / String	Type and supported content depend on related <param_tag> (details below). If <param_val> is not specified, the current parameter value for the corresponding <param_tag> is returned.

Parameter	Type	Description
<param_tag>	Number	If <param_tag> and <param_val> are not specified, all the parameters of the corresponding HTTP <profile_id> are reset to default value. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: HTTP server IP address <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val>: text string of HTTP server IP address in dotted decimal notation form (i.e. four numbers in range 0-255 separated by periods) • 1: HTTP server name <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val>: text string of HTTP server name (e.g. "http.server.com") Maximum length for string is 128 characters • 2: Username <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val>: user name text string (maximum 30 characters) for the HTTP login procedure if authentication is used • 3: Password <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val>: password text string (maximum 30 characters) for the HTTP login procedure if authentication is used • 4: Authentication type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val> is the HTTP authentication method (if any) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): No authentication • 1: Basic authentication • 5: HTTP server port <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val> Number type value of the HTTP server port to be used in HTTP request, in range 1-65535. Default value is 80. • 6: HTTP Secure option (SSL encryption) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ <param_val> selects the Secure option of HTTP service <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): No SSL encryption • 1: Enable SSL encryption



<param_tag>=0 and <param_tag>=1 are mutually exclusive. If <param_val> value for <param_tag>=0 is specified by user, then value for <param_tag>=1 is reset, or vice versa.



<param_tag>=6 is not supported on LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series.



When HTTP Secure option is enabled, the assigned HTTP port is 443.

25.2 HTTP Command +UHTTPC

25.2.1 Description

Triggers the HTTP action specified in <http_command> parameter, using the HTTP profile settings (previously set up by AT+UHTTTPC command), and corresponding to <profile_id>. The response indicates if sending the command request to HTTP process was successful or not. Final result of HTTP action will be returned to the user via the unsolicited indication +UUHTTPCR (chapter 25.3).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UHTTTPC=<profile_id>,<http_command>,<param1>,<param2>[,<param3>[,<param4>]]	OK	AT+UHTTTPC=0,1,"/path/file.html","responseFilename" OK
Test	AT+UHTTTPC=?	+UHTTTPC: (list of supported <profile_id>s),(list of supported <http_command>s) OK	+UHTTTPC: (0-3), (0-5) OK

25.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	HTTP profile identifier, in range 0-3

Parameter	Type	Description
<param1>	String	Path of HTTP server resource. Maximum length 128 characters
<param2>	String	Filename where the HTTP server response will be stored. If the file already exists, it will be overwritten. If <param2> is the empty string (""), the default "http_last_response_<profile_id>" filename will be used
<param3>	String	Content depends on related <http_command> (details below).
<param4>	Number	Content depends on related <http_command> (details below).
<http_command>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: HEAD command; issue an HEAD request to HTTP server. Command just sends a command request to the HTTP process. The final HTTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUHTTPCR (see detailed description) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param3>: not allowed ○ <param4>: not allowed • 1: GET command; perform a GET request to HTTP server. Command just sends a command request to the HTTP process. The final HTTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUHTTPCR (see details below) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param3>: not allowed ○ <param4>: not allowed • 2: DELETE command; send a DELETE request to HTTP server. Command just sends a command request to the HTTP process. The final HTTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUHTTPCR (see detailed description) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param3>: not allowed ○ <param4>: not allowed • 3: PUT command; perform a PUT request to HTTP server. Command just sends a command request to the HTTP process. The final HTTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUHTTPCR (see detailed description) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param3>: mandatory parameter; text string of the file system filename to be sent to the HTTP server within the PUT request ○ <param4>: not allowed • 4: POST a file command; issue a POST request for sending a file to the HTTP server. Command just sends a command request to the HTTP process. The final HTTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUHTTPCR (see detailed description). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param3>: mandatory parameter; text string of the file system filename to be sent to the HTTP server with the POST request ○ <param4> mandatory parameter of Number type; it is the HTTP Content-Type identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: application/x-www-form-urlencoded • 1: text/plain • 2: application/octet-stream • 3: multipart/form-data • 5: POST data command; send a POST request to HTTP server using the data specified in <param3> parameter. Command just sends a command request to the HTTP process. The final HTTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUHTTPCR (see detailed description). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param3>: mandatory parameter; text string of the data to be sent to the HTTP server with the POST request. The data must be formatted according to the Content-Type specified in <param4> parameter. ○ <param4> mandatory parameter of Number type; it is the HTTP Content-Type identifier <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: application/x-www-form-urlencoded • 1: text/plain • 2: application/octet-stream • 3: multipart/form-data



Data string must not exceed the maximum length of 128 bytes and not all of the ASCII charset can be used. Allowed ASCII characters are: 0x20 (space), 0x21 and from 0x23 to 0xFF. Substantially all of the alphanumeric set, symbols and extended ASCII charset from 0x80 to 0xFF. The control characters from 0x00 to 0x1F (included) and the 0x22 character, quotation mark ("), are forbidden.



If `<http_command>=4` (POST a file), then the module automatically adds the following HTTP header:
 Content-Disposition: form-data; name="file_post"; filename=...
 Where "..." is replaced by the filename specified in `<param3>`

25.3 HTTP Command Result URC +UUHTTPCR

25.3.1 Description

This unsolicited indication returns the final result of HTTP command AT+UHTTPCR.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+UUHTTPCR: <profile_id>,<http_command>,<http_result>	+UUHTTPCR: 0,1,1

25.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	HTTP profile identifier, in range 0-3
<http_command>	Number	Specifies values of <http_command> used in +UHTTPCR in range 0-5
<http_result>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Fail 1: Success

25.4 HTTP Protocol Error +UHTTPER

25.4.1 Description

Retrieves the error class and code of the last HTTP operation on specified HTTP profile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UHTTPER=<profile_id>	+UHTTPER: <profile_id>,<error_class>,<error_code> OK	AT+UHTTPER=1 +UHTTPER: 1,0,0 OK

25.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<profile_id>	Number	HTTP profile identifier, in range 0-3
<error_class>	Number	List of the allowed values is in annex A.1
<error_code>	Number	Value of class-specific error codes (reply code if class is 0). When <error_class>=10 (wrong HTTP API usage), allowed <error_code> values are listed in A.1.2

26 SMTP

Proprietary u-blox AT commands. PSD or CSD connection must be activated before using SMTP AT commands. SMTP AT commands provide the capability of sending text mails over the available data connection, with support of some header fields and attachments transparently retrieved from the file system.

When these commands report an error which is not a +CME ERROR, the error code can be queried using the +USMTPER AT command (more details in chapter 26.5).

26.1 SMTP Control +USMTP

26.1.1 Description

Sets up the necessary parameters for SMTP service, or resets parameters to factory-programmed value. To change the settings the Set command needs to be executed for each single <param_tag>. Read command returns the current setting of all the SMTP parameters, one per line (i.e. the SMTP profile).

The SMTP parameter values specified with this command are all volatile (not stored in non-volatile memory).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Set AT+USMTP=<param_tag>,[<param_val1>],[<param_val2>]]	OK	AT+USMTP=0,"151.9.37.66" OK
	Reset command AT+USMTP=<param_tag>		
Read	AT+USMTP?	+USMTP: 0,<param_val1_0> ... +USMTP: 6,<param_val1_6>,<param_val2_6> OK	+USMTP: 0,"69.147.102.58" +USMTP: 1,"" +USMTP: 2,"username" +USMTP: 4,1 +USMTP: 5,0 +USMTP: 6,0,0 OK
Test	AT+USMTP=?	+USMTP: (list of supported <param_tag>s) OK	+USMTP: (0-6) OK

26.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<param_val1>		Type and content depend on <param_tag> (details below). If <param_val1> is not specified, the value for the corresponding <param_tag> is reset
<param_val2>		Type and content depend on related <param_tag> (see details below)
<param_tag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: SMTP server IP address; <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> is text string of SMTP server IP address in dotted decimal notation form ○ <param_val2> parameter is not allowed • 1: SMTP server name <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> is text string of SMTP server name (e.g. "smtp.server.com") Maximum length is 128 characters ○ <param_val2> is not allowed • 2: Username <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> is user name text string (maximum 30 characters)

Parameter	Type	Description
		for the SMTP login procedure, if authentication is used <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val2> is not allowed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 3: Password <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> is password text string (maximum 30 characters) for the SMTP login procedure if authentication is used ○ <param_val2> is not allowed • 4: Authentication type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> is the SMTP authentication method (if any): ○ 0 (default value): No authentication ○ 1: Plain authentication ○ 2: Login authentication ○ <param_val2> is not allowed • 5: Inactivity timeout <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> is the inactivity timeout period in seconds, from 0 to 86400 s. 0 means no timeout (the SMTP session will not be terminated in the absence of incoming traffic); the default value is 30 s ○ <param_val2> is not allowed. • 6: Time zone, used for the date header field of mails <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> Number type value of hour differential, in range [-12; 12] (default is 0). ○ <param_val2> Number type value of minute differential, in range [0; 59] (default is 0). This is a mandatory parameter if <param_tag>=6 and <param_val1> is specified.



<param_tag>=0 and <param_tag>=1 are mutually exclusive. If <param_val1> value for <param_tag>=0 is specified by user, then value for <param_tag>=1 is reset or viceversa.

26.2 SMTP Mail Control +USMTPM

26.2.1 Description

Sets (or resets) the necessary parameters for envelope and body of a mail for subsequent transmission via SMTP protocol. The Reset command resets all internal SMTP buffers in order to create a new mail. To specify the settings for envelope and body of mail the Set command needs to be executed for each single <param_tag>.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Set AT+USMTPM[=<param_tag>,<param_val1>[,<param_val2>,<param_val3>]]	OK	AT+USMTPM=0,"ugo.rossi@u-blox.com" OK
	Reset command AT+USMTPM		AT+USMTPM=6 @<mail text><ctrl_z> OK
	Enhanced mode AT+USMTPM=6 @<mail text><ctrl_z>		
Test	AT+USMTPM=?	+USMTPM: (list of supported<param_tag>s) OK	+USMTPM: (0-5) OK

26.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<param_val1>	String	Type and content depend on <param_tag> (details below). If <param_val1> is

Parameter	Type	Description
		not specified, the value for the corresponding <param_tag> is reset
<param_val2>	Number	Type and content depend on related <param_tag> (see details below)
<param_val3>	String	Type and content depend on related <param_tag> (see details below)
<param_tag>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Set mail sender address. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> mandatory parameter, text string of the sender address, must be in the form "local_part@domain" and not exceed 64 characters. ○ <param_val2> is not allowed. ○ <param_val3> is not allowed. • 1: Set "Replay-To" field <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> mandatory parameter, text string of the address which replies should be sent to. Must be in form "local_part@domain" and not exceed 64 characters. ○ <param_val2> parameter is not allowed. ○ <param_val3> parameter is not allowed. • 2: Add mail receiver. Up to 10 different recipient addresses can be added for each new mail. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> mandatory parameter, recipient address text string, must be in form "local_part@domain" and not exceed 64 characters. ○ <param_val2> is not allowed. ○ <param_val3> is not allowed. • 3: Set mail subject. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> mandatory parameter, text string of the mail subject. ○ <param_val2> is not allowed. ○ <param_val3> is not allowed. • 4: Set mail text. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> mandatory parameter, text string of the mail text. ○ <param_val2> parameter is not allowed. ○ <param_val3> parameter is not allowed. • 5: Add attachment. The attachment must be a file stored in file system and accessible by the SMTP client. Up to 10 attachments can be added for each new mail. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1> mandatory parameter, text string of attachment file name ○ <param_val2> mandatory Number parameter of the media type, can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Undefined media type • 1: Text media type • 2: Image media type • 3: Audio media type • 4: Video media type • 5: Application media type ○ <param_val3> mandatory parameter, text string of media sub-type • 6: Set mail text in enhanced mode: it is possible to write text messages up to 4096 bytes. After the AT+USMTPM=6 command a '@' prompt will be displayed. After this prompt it is possible to write the mail text. To finish the input send the special character CTRL_Z (0x1A). Anyway if the total length of 4096 characters is reached, the command exits from the input mode automatically. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ <param_val1>, <param_val2> and <param_val3> are not used.



Mail subject must not exceed the maximum length of 64 bytes and not all of the ASCII charset can be used. Allowed ASCII characters are: 0x20 (space), 0x21 and from 0x23 to 0xFF. Substantially all of the alphanumeric set, symbols and extended ASCII charset from 0x80 to 0xFF. The control characters from 0x00 to 0x1F (included) and the 0x22 character, quotation mark ("), are forbidden.



Mail text must not exceed the maximum length of 512 bytes and not all of the ASCII charset can be used. Allowed ASCII characters are: 0x20 (space), 0x21 and from 0x23 to 0xFF. Substantially all of the alphanumeric set, symbols and extended ASCII charset from 0x80 to 0xFF. The control characters from 0x00 to 0x1F (included) and the 0x22 character, quotation mark ("), are forbidden.



In case `<param_val2> = 0` (Undefined media type), the empty string ("") can be used as input value for `<param_val3>`.

26.3 SMTP Command +USMTPC

26.3.1 Description

Execution of this command triggers the SMTP action corresponding to `<smtp_command>` parameter. The response indicates if sending the command request to SMTP process was successful or not. Final result of SMTP action will be returned to the user via the unsolicited indication +UUSMTPCR (refer to paragraph 26.4).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USMTPC=<smtp_command>	OK	AT+USMTPC=1 OK
Test	AT+USMTPC=?	+USMTPC: (list of supported <smtp_command>s) OK	+USMTPC: (0-2) OK

26.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<smtp_command>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: SMTP quit; terminates the SMTP session issuing a QUIT command, then closes the TCP connection with the SMTP server. Notice that this AT command just sends a command request to the SMTP process. The final SMTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUSMTPCR (see detailed description). 1: SMTP connect; using the parameters of current SMTP profile (set via AT+USMTPC command) connects to the SMTP server via TCP, reads its greeting and sends the HELO command, after which the handshake is complete, and the SMTP client is ready for sending mails. Notice that this AT command just sends a command request to the SMTP process. The final SMTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUSMTPCR (see details below). 2: Send mail; sends the previously prepared mail (set up via AT+USMTPM command) to the connected SMTP server via the MAIL – RCPT – DATA commands sequence. This AT command just sends a command request to the SMTP process. The final SMTP command result will be notified via the URC +UUSMTPCR (see detailed description).

26.4 SMTP Command Result URC +UUSMTPCR

26.4.1 Description

Return the final result of SMTP command previously sent via AT+USMTPC.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
URC		+UUSMTPCR: <smtp_command>,<smtp_result>[,<reject_rcpt_addr1>[,<reject_rcpt_addr2>[, ...]]]	+UUSMTPCR: 1,1

26.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<smtp_command>	Number	Specifies the corresponding SMTP command as detailed in Defined values Paragraph of +USMTPC command
<smtp_result>	Number	Result code of SMTP operation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Failure • 1: Success • 2: Partial success; this result code can be returned after AT+USMTPC=2 command (Send mail), when the mail has been delivered to some of the specified recipients only. In this case the list of mail addresses of rejected recipients follows.
<reject_rcpt_addrN>	String	Rejected recipient N, in the form "local_part@domain", in case the final result of AT+USMTPC=2 command (Send mail) is a Partial success.

26.5 SMTP Error +USMTPER

26.5.1 Description

This command retrieves the error class and code of the last SMTP operation.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USMTPER	+USMTPER: <error_class>,<error_code> OK	AT+USMTPER +USMTPER: 0,0 OK

26.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<error_class>	Number	Value of error class; see annex A.1
<error_code>	Number	Value of class-specific error code (reply code if class is 0). Values are listed in A.1.3

27 PING

27.1 Ping Command +UPING

27.1.1 Description

The ping command is the common method to know if a remote host is reachable on the internet.

The ping functionality is based on the ICMP protocol (Internet Control Message Protocol), it is part of the Internet Protocol Suite as defined in RFC 792 [57]. ICMP messages are typically generated in response to errors in IP datagrams or for diagnostic / routing purposes.

The ping command sends an ICMP Echo-Request to the remote host and waits for its ICMP Echo-Reply. If the Echo-Reply packet is not received, it might mean that the remote host is not reachable.

The ping command could be used also to measure e.g. the RTT (Round Trip Time, the time needed by a packet to go to the remote host and come back) and the TTL (Time To Live, it is a value to understand how many gateway a packet has gone through).

The AT+UPING allows the user to execute a ping command from the modem to a remote peer.

The results of the ping command execution will be notified via +UUPING URC, or via +UUPINGER if any error occur while processing the command.

The +UUPING URC reports the result of the +UPING command when no error has occurred.

The +UUPINGER unsolicited indication is raised if an error is occurred while processing the +UPING command. The URC reports the code of occurred error (see Appendix A.2 – Ping error codes to get the meanings of the error codes).



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions or by LISA-U200-00S version



Some network operators may disallow ICMP packets traffic on their network, this means that the PING command may not work.



Some remote hosts might not reply to ICMP Echo-Request for security reasons (e.g. firewall settings).



Some remote hosts might not reply to ICMP Echo-Request if the data size of the Echo-Request is too big.



If a remote peer does not reply to an ICMP Echo-Request, it does not mean that for sure the peer cannot be reached in another way.



An active CSD or PSD connection must be configured and enabled before executing the +UPING command (see Chapter 21 – “Data connection setup AT commands”).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UPING=<remote_host>[,<retry_num>,<p_size>,<timeout>,<tll>]	OK	AT+UPING="www.google.com" OK
Test	AT+UPING=?	+UPING: "remote_host", (list of supported <retry_num>), (list of supported <p_size>), (list of supported <timeout>), (list of supported <tll>) OK	+UPING: "remote_host", (1-64), (4-1460), (10-60000), (1-255) OK
URC		+UUPING: <retry_num>,<p_size>,<remote_hostname>,<remote_ip>,<tll>,<rtt>	+UUPING: 1,32,"www.l-google.com", "72.14.234.104",55,768
URC		+UUPINGER: <error_code>	+UUPINGER: 12

27.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<remote_host>	String	IP address (dotted decimal representation) or domain name of the remote host <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Max Length: 128 characters
<retry_num>	Number	Indicates how many times iterate the ping command. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1-64 Default: 4
<p_size>	Number	Size in bytes of the echo packet payload. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 4-1460 Default: 32
<timeout>	Number	The maximum time in milliseconds to wait for a Echo-Reply response. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 10-60000 Default: 5000
<ttl>	Number	The value of TTL to be set for the outgoing Echo-Request packet. In the URC it provides the TTL value received in the incoming packet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Range: 1-255 Default: 32
<remote_hostname>	String	String representing the domain name (if available) of the remote host. If this information is not available, it will be an empty string (i.e. "").
<remote_ip>	String	String representing the remote host IP address in dotted decimal form.
<rtt>	Number	RTT value, the time elapsed in milliseconds before receiving the Echo-Reply response from the remote host. <ul style="list-style-type: none">  If the value of <rtt> is -1, it means that the timeout is elapsed (no response received).  On LISA-U2 series if the value of <rtt> is -2, it means that the TTL used in the ping request is too low.  Some network operators may return an ICMP Time Exceeded message when the remote host is not reachable, this causes an <rtt> = -2. In these cases the first ping request returns <rtt> = -1 (timeout elapsed) and the subsequent requests returns <rtt> = -2.
<error_code>	Number	The error occurred while processing the +UPING command

28 GPS

28.1 GPS Power Management +UGPS

28.1.1 Description

Switches on or off a u-blox GPS receiver connected to the Wireless Module via a dedicated DDC (I²C) interface. For more details about connection between wireless module and u-blox GPS receiver refer to LEON-G100/G200 System Integration Manual [25] and LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49].

Furthermore the command sets the aiding type to be used to enhance GPS performance, e.g. decreasing Time To First Fix (TTFF), thus allowing to calculate the position in a shorter time with higher accuracy. The following aiding types are supported:

- Automatic local aiding: the Wireless Module automatically uploads data such as ephemeris, almanac, last position, time, etc. from the GPS receiver into its local memory, and restores back the GPS receiver at next power up of the GPS module (if data is still valid, otherwise it uses GSM information such as country code for a rough position estimation)
- AssistNow Online: a connection profile (either PSD or CSD) must be defined and activated before selecting the AssistNow Online; refer to +UGAOP command description (28.4) and Data Connection Setup AT commands chapter 21. If CellLocate is used the first HTTP profile will be properly configured



If using CellLocate and HTTP commands HTTP profiles in the range 1-3 must be used.

- AssistNow Offline: a connection profile (either PSD or CSD) must be defined and activated before selecting the AssistNow Offline if the almanac file has to be downloaded; refer to +UGAOF command description (0) and Data Connection Setup AT commands chapter 21
- AssistNow Autonomous

For a more detailed description on aiding modes and possible suggestions, refer to GPS Implementation Application Note [52].



AssistNow Autonomous is not supported on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

It is possible to combine different aiding modes: to enable them the sum of the <mode> value of the interested aiding modes is needed (e.g.: aiding <mode>=3 means local aiding plus AssistNow Offline). Moreover is also possible to switch from one aiding mode to another one without powering off the GPS. If the following sequence is provided (AT+UGPS=1,1 and then AT+UGPS=1,5) at the beginning the GPS will power on with local aiding support and after the second command will be added the AssistNow Online. After the second command the local aiding is not restarted, therefore URC for it will not be sent again.



On LEON-G100-04S / LEON-G200-04S different aiding modes cannot be combined.



As a factory-programmed setting, the wireless modules configure the GPS receiver through +UGPS AT command to not provide the NMEA sentences.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGPS=<mode>[,<aid_mode>]	OK	AT+UGPS=1,0 OK
Read	AT+UGPS?	+UGPS: <mode>[,<aid_mode>] OK	+UGPS: 1,0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Test	AT+UGPS=?	+UGPS: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <aid_mode>) OK	+UGPS: (0-1),(0-15) OK

28.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): GPS receiver powered OFF 1: GPS receiver powered ON
<aid_mode>	Number	Provides the supported aiding mode; the parameter is mandatory if <mode>=1; except for <mode>=0 all these supported values can be combined together <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): No aiding 1: Automatic local aiding 2: AssistNow offline 4: AssistNow online 8: AssistNow autonomous



An error message is provided in the following cases:

- o <mode> and <aid_mode> values are out of range
- o <mode> is set to 1 without <aid_mode> value
- o Attempt to power on GPS when it is already on, even if the <aid_mode> is different (this information is not available on LEON from LEON-G100-04S / LEON-G200-04S)
- o Attempt to power off the GPS when it is already off
- o The value of <aid_mode> to be set is equal to the current GPS aiding mode (this information is not available on LEON from LEON-G100-04S / LEON-G200-04S)
- o <aid_mode>=3 (this information is not available on LEON from LEON-G100-04S / LEON-G200-04S)
- o The aiding mode is immediately changed after the first command (“+CME ERROR: GPS aiding mode already set” if +CMEE=2)

28.2 Assisted GPS unsolicited indication +UGIND

28.2.1 Description

Enables or disables sending of URCS from MT to TE in the case of GPS aiding operations. <mode> parameter controls the processing of URCS specified within this command.

The URC returns the result of an assisted GPS operation. This information is sent to all the interfaces. Unsolicited information is provided only if one or more aiding modes are enabled (for more details refer to chapter 28.1 and 28.4).

There can be more than a URC +UUGIND for a single aiding operation: the +UUGIND is reported for each error. For instance if the local aiding is enabled and there are no space left in the file system after +UGPS=0, there will be an error for every failure writing on FFS.

The commands +UGAOS=0 and +UGAOS=1 both related to GPS local aiding, so the unsolicited message will be +UUGIND=1,x in both cases.

Local aiding and AssistNow Autonomous will produce URC both after GPS power on and before GPS power off because some data are transferred from GPS receiver to wireless module.



Not supported by LEON-G100-04S / LEON-G200-04S versions.



<aid_mode>=8 and <result> from 10 to 14 are not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the URCs during GPS power down phase are generated between the power off command (+UGPS=0) and the actual switch off (OK message).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGIND=<mode>	OK	AT+UGIND=1 OK
Read	AT+UGIND?	+UGIND: <mode> OK	+UGIND: 1 OK
Test	AT+UGIND=?	+UGIND: (list of supported <mode>'s) OK	+UGIND: (0-1) OK
URC		+UUGIND: <aid_mode>,<result>	+UUGIND: 4,5

28.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	Enable/disable the URC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): Disabled 1: Enabled
<aid_mode>	Number	Provides the supported aiding mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: No aiding 1: Automatic local aiding 2: AssistNow offline 4: AssistNow online 8: AssistNow Autonomous
<result>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: No error 1: Wrong URL (for AssistNow Offline) 2: HTTP error (for AssistNow Offline) 3: Create socket error (for AssistNow Online) 4: Close socket error (for AssistNow Online) 5: Write to socket error (for AssistNow Online) 6: Read from socket error (for AssistNow Online) 7: Connection/DNS error (for AssistNow Online) 8: File system error 9: Generic error 10: No answer from GPS (for local aiding and AssistNow Autonomous) 11: Data collection in progress (for local aiding) 12: GPS configuration failed (for AssistNow Autonomous) 13: RTC calibration failed (for local aiding) 14: feature not supported (for AssistNow Autonomous)



The parameter <aid_mode>= 8 (AssistNow Autonomous) is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

28.3 GPS Profile configuration +UGPRF

28.3.1 Description

Configures the data flow to and from a u-blox GPS receiver connected to the Wireless Module. Data flow is possible to and from the:

- UART (via multiplexer)
- USB

- Over the air to a remote host: to send data over the air an internet connection must be active and there must be at least one free TCP socket (the GPS shares the socket pool with the other applications). Setting up an Internet connection and network registration is not part of this command and must be handled by the user separately from this command; refer to chapter 21
- Into a file on the wireless module: a file with GPS data can be accessed via +ULSTFILE command. The file name is automatically chosen by the Wireless Module based on date and time with a further incremental number (e.g. "GPS_20091006_001"). When the files size reaches 500 kB the file is closed and no more data is saved. It is possible to save further data by restarting the GPS (this will create a new file)

It is possible to send GPS data to multiple destinations at the same time by summing the <GPS_I/O_configuration> values of each required destinations (e.g. if AT+UGPRF=6 the data will be sent on multiplexer and stored in a file in the file system).

The messages to be output by the u-blox GPS receiver need to be activated separately with UBX-CFG-MSG configuration messages according the u-blox 5 and u-blox 6 Protocol Specification [45].



It is not possible to select the GPS data flow to and from USB and multiplexer concurrently.



The USB interface is not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.



The configuration of the GPS profile must be performed only when GPS is switched off, otherwise an error message will be displayed.



Setting up an Internet connection and network registration is not part of this command and must be handled by the user separately from this command; refer to chapter 21.



<GPS_I/O_configuration>=16 and 32 are not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGPRF=<GPS_I/O_configuration>[,<IP Port>,<server address string>]	OK	AT+UGPRF=0 OK
Read	AT+UGPRF?	+UGPRF: <GPS_I/O_configuration>,<IP port>,<server address string> OK	+UGPRF: 0,0," " OK
Test	AT+UGPRF=?	+UGPRF: (list of supported <GPS_I/O_configuration>),(list of supported <IP port>),<server address string> OK	+UGPRF: (0-63),(0-65535),"addr" OK

28.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<GPS_IO_configuration>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): no data flow to multiplexer, file or IP address • 1: GPS data flow to and from USB (note: UBX-AID messages filtered out) • 2: GPS data flow to and from multiplexer (note: UBX-AID messages filtered out) • 4: GPS data flow saved to file (note: no filtering) • 8: GPS data flow over the air to an Internet host (note: no filtering) • 16: GPS Tx data ready feature • 32: RTC sharing
<IP port>	Number	IP port of the server where the GPS data are sent (default value: 0). If GPS data flow over the air is enabled the parameter is mandatory otherwise is forbidden
<server address string>	String	Address string of the server where the GPS data are sent (default value: " "). If GPS data flow over the air is enabled the parameter is mandatory otherwise is forbidden.



UBX-AID messages are not passed over the multiplexer if AssistNow Online, AssistNow Online or Local Aiding is enabled (see AT+UGPS; refer to paragraph 28.1).

28.4 AssistNow Online configuration +UGAOP

28.4.1 Description

Configures the network connection to an AssistNow Online server. Use of this command is only necessary if changes to the factory-programmed configuration are required.

AssistNow Online server is accessed with the User Datagram Protocol (UDP). The GPS shares the socket pool with the other applications, to execute AssistNow the wireless module will try to open a new socket without dropping any open socket, if there is no socket available then the GPS will start and no aiding operation is performed. By default, the wireless module connects to u-blox' AssistNow Online server. Authentication on u-blox' AssistNow Online server is done automatically (without giving u-blox any information that could be used to identify the customer and/or end user); user name and passwords are not required. Access to a proxy server is possible.

Three different modes of operation are supported:

- AssistNow Online data are automatically downloaded from the server when the GPS receiver is started up (i.e. with command +UGPS and <GPS mode>=1 and <aid_mode>=4)
- AssistNow Online data are only requested upon the reception of a +UGAOS AT command
- AssistNow Online data are kept alive. This is done by periodically (every 2 hours) accessing the AssistNow Online to keep the ephemeris alive. Note: a connection profile (either PSD or CSD) must be defined and activated to allow an automatic update of AssistNow Online data



Setting up Internet connection and network registration is not part of this command and must be handled by the user separately to this command; refer to chapter 21.



If AssistNow Online is not configured with this command the following settings will be assumed:

- <hostname>: "eval1-les.services.u-blox.com"
- <server port>: 46434
- <latency>: 1000 ms
- <mode>: 0

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGAOP=<hostname>,<server port>,<latency>,<mode>	OK	AT+UGAOP="eval1-les.services.u-blox.com",46434,1000,0 OK
Read	AT+UGAOP?	+UGAOP: <hostname>,<server port>,<latency>,<mode> OK	+UGAOP: "eval1-les.services.u-blox.com",46434,1000,0 OK

28.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<hostname>	String	Host name of the server (i.e. eval1-les.services.u-blox.com); (max length 47 characters)
<server port>	Number	Value in the range 0 – 65535. (default value: 46434)
<latency>	Number	Expected network latency value from Assist now Online server to client, in seconds. Range goes from 0 to 10000 ms. (default: 1000 ms)
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): AssistNow Online data are downloaded at GPS receiver power up

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: AssistNow Online data automatically kept alive 2: Manual AssistNow Online data download

28.5 AssistNow Offline configuration +UGAOF

28.5.1 Description

Configures the network connection to an AssistNow Offline server. Use of this command is only necessary if changes to the factory-programmed configuration are required.

Access to an AssistNow Offline server is done with HTTP/1.1. The GPS shares the socket pool with the other applications, to execute AssistNow Offline the wireless module will try to open a new socket without dropping any open socket, if there is no socket available then the GPS will start and no aiding operation is performed. By default, the wireless module connects to the 14 day file on the u-blox' AssistNow Offline server.



Setting up Internet connection and network registration is not part of this command and must be handled by the user separately from this command.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGAOF=<file_url>, <reserved>, <retry timeout>, <max_retry_attempts>	OK	AT+UGAOF="http://alp.u-blox.com/current_14d.alp",0,1,3 OK
Read	AT+UGAOF?	+UGAOF: <file_url>, 0, <retry timeout>, <max_retry_attempts> OK	+UGAOF: "http://alp.u-blox.com/current_14d.alp",0,1,3 OK

28.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<file_url>	String	URL of AssistNow Offline file (maximum of 255 characters including "http://"). Allows choosing the size/validity of the file. By default, the Wireless Module connects to http://alp.u-blox.com/current_14d.alp
<Reserved>		RFU
<Retry Timeout>	Number	Timeout in minutes after a failed download for the next download attempt (0 ... 999) (default value: 1)
<max_retry_attempts>	Number	Maximum number of attempts in case of failed download (0-5); default value is 3

28.6 GPS Aiding request command +UGAOS

28.6.1 Description

Triggers manual download of AssistNow Online and AssistNow Offline data from the configured server in case automatic AssistNow operation is not enabled (see +UGAOF for AssistNow Offline and +UGAOP for AssistNow Online). The command returns only when the received data from the server are valid or an error occurs.

The command is also used to trigger manual upload of local aiding data (e.g. ephemeris, almanac, last position, time, etc) from a u-blox GPS receiver prior to shutting it down and to restore it into the receiver after the power up of the GPS receiver (for more details refer to command +UGPS, chapter 28.1).



<aid_mode>=8 (AssistNow Autonomous) is not available on LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGAOS=<aid_mode>	OK	AT+UGAOS=0 OK
Test	AT+UGAOS=?	AT+UGAOS: (list of supported <aid_mode>s) OK	+UGAOS: (0-8) OK

28.6.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<aid_mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Upload of local aiding data from GPS receiver to Wireless Module; 1: Download of local aiding data from Wireless Module to GPS receiver; 2: AssistNow Offline file download request (file loaded into Wireless Module); 4: AssistNow Online data download request (data loaded into GPS receiver). This is only needed if AssistNow Online is not used with automatic operation; 8: AssistNow autonomous Other values are reserved for future use.

28.7 Send of UBX string +UGUBX

28.7.1 Description

Sends UBX protocol messages, embedded in an AT command, to a u-blox GPS receiver. The +UGUBX command is transparent, that is the data is sent to the GPS receiver without any check: it is up to the user to control if the UBX data is valid. The checksum in +UGUBX command string is ignored, this is calculated when data is sent to the GPS receiver.

When the GPS is off or used for hybrid positioning the UBX string is saved in RAM and, later, passed to the GPS for TX data ready configuration when the GPS is used. This message is used only if the GPS receiver HW is unknown (newer than the wireless module FW).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGUBX=<UBX String>	+UGUBX: <UBX String response> OK	AT+UGUBX="B56206010800010600010000000017DA" +UGUBX: "B5620501020006010F38" OK

28.7.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<UBX String>	String	UBX message in hexadecimal format. The messages can include spaces to simplify copy/paste from u-center separated with spaces, e.g. AT+UGUBX="B5 62 06 01 08 00 01 06 00 01 00 00 00 00 17 DA" (this is important when copying messages from u-center). The maximum length of <UBX string> is 110 bytes (spaces included)
<UBX String response>	String	The response message depends by the request sent: query/poll UBX messages will return the requested data in hexadecimal format, while configuration message will return the corresponding acknowledge or not-acknowledge. Refer

Parameter	Type	Description
		to UBX protocol specification [45]



If a +UGUBX command triggers multiple strings answer only a single UBX string is returned. E. g. polling GPS Aiding Ephemeris Data (AID-EPH) is done by sending a single message to the receiver but returns 32 messages; only the first one is sent to AT interface.



With LEON G100 / LEON G200 and LISA-U1 modules the command can only be used when the GPS is used from the AT interface (power on by AT+UGPS=1,x).

28.8 GPS Indications timer +UGTMR

28.8.1 Description

Sets date and time format. With <time zone> parameter is possible to set the time zone value; the time and the date will be updated as the local time; the factory-programmed time zone value is 0. With action command is possible to synchronize the UTC timing.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Action	AT+UGTMR	OK	AT+UGTMR OK
Set	AT+UGTMR=<time zone>	OK	AT+UGTMR=-1 OK
Read	AT+UGTMR?	+UGTMR: <time zone> OK	+UGTMR: -1 OK
Test	AT+UGTMR=?	+UGTMR: (list of supported <time zone>s) OK	+UGTMR: (-96 – 96) OK

28.8.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<time zone>	Number	Indicates the time zone value set by the user; the data module can provide an error message if the offset has not been calculated (default value: 0) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -96, 96: defined range



The time zone is expressed in quarters of hour.



With LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 the time zone range goes from -48 to 48.



The time is updated with the current UTC time plus the time zone and the time zone is unchanged, for example:

Command	Response
AT+UGTMR=-36	OK
AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: "12/05/23,21:54:21+00"

The command returns "OK" and sets the new date and time if the GPS has this information, otherwise a generic "ERROR" is returned.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the command returns "OK" in case the GPS has no time information, but in this case the date and time are not updated.

28.9 Get GPS Time and date +UGZDA

28.9.1 Description

Enables/disables storing of the last value of NMEA \$ZDA messages, and get the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$ZDA messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$ZDA messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGZDA=<state>	OK	AT+UGZDA=1 OK
Read	AT+UGZDA?	+UGZDA: <state>,<\$ZDA msg> OK	+UGZDA: 1,Not available OK +UGZDA: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGZDA=?	+UGZDA: (list of supported <state>S) OK	+UGZDA: (0-1) OK

28.9.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): disable the NMEA \$ZDA messages 1: enable the NMEA \$ZDA messages
<\$ZDA msg>	String	NMEA \$ZDA messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$ZDA msg> value is "Not Available", check that the GPS ZDA message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.10 Get GPS fix data +UGGGA

28.10.1 Description

Enables/disables storing of the last value of NMEA \$GGA messages, and gets the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$GGA messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$GGA messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGGGA=<state>	OK	AT+UGGGA=1 OK
Read	AT+UGGGA?	+UGGGA: <state>,<\$GGA msg> OK	+UGGGA: 1,Not available OK +UGGGA: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGGGA=?	+UGGGA: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+UGGGA: (0-1) OK

28.10.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): to disable the NMEA \$GGA messages 1: to enable the NMEA \$GGA messages
<\$GGA msg>	String	NMEA \$GGA messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$GGA msg> is "Not Available" check that the GPS GGA message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.11 Get geographic position +UGLL

28.11.1 Description

Enables/disables storing of the last value of NMEA \$GLL messages, and gets the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$GLL messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$GLL messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGLL=<state>	OK	AT+UGLL=1 OK
Read	AT+UGLL?	+UGLL: <state>,<\$GLL msg> OK	+UGLL: 1,Not available OK +UGLL: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGLL=?	+UGLL: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+UGLL: (0-1) OK

28.11.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): to disable the NMEA \$GLL messages 1: to enable the NMEA \$GLL messages
<\$GLL msg>	String	NMEA \$GLL messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$GLL msg> is "Not Available" check that the GPS GLL message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.12 Get number of GNSS satellites in view +UGGSV

28.12.1 Description

Enable/disables the storing of the last value of NMEA \$GSV messages, and gets the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$GSV messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$GSV messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGGSV=<state>	OK	AT+UGGSV=1 OK
Read	AT+UGGSV?	+UGGSV: <state>, <\$GSV msg> OK	+UGGSV: 1,Not available OK +UGGSV: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGGSV=?	+UGGSV: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+UGGSV: (0-1) OK

28.12.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): to disable the NMEA \$GSV messages 1: to enable the NMEA \$GSV messages
<\$GSV msg>	String	NMEA \$GSV messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$GSV msg> is "Not Available" check that the GPS GSV message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.13 Get recommended minimum GNSS data +UGRMC

28.13.1 Description

Enable/disable storing of the last value of NMEA \$RMC messages, and gets the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$RMC messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$RMC messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGRMC=<state>	OK	AT+UGRMC=1 OK
Read	AT+UGRMC?	+UGRMC: <state>,<\$RMC msg> OK	+UGRMC: 1,Not available OK +UGRMC: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGRMC=?	+UGRMC: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+UGRMC: (0-1) OK

28.13.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): to disable the NMEA \$RMC messages 1: to enable the NMEA \$RMC messages
<\$RMC msg>	String	NMEA \$RMC messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$RMC msg> is "Not Available" check that the GPS RMC message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.14 Get course over ground and ground speed +UGVTG

28.14.1 Description

Enables/disables storing of the last value of NMEA \$VTG messages, and gets know the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$VTG messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$VTG messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGVTG=<state>	OK	AT+UGVTG=1 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+UGVTG?	+UGVTG: <state>,<\$VTG msg> OK	+UGVTG: 1,Not available OK +UGVTG: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGVTG=?	+UGVTG: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+UGVTG: (0-1) OK

28.14.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): to disable the NMEA \$VTG messages 1: to enable the NMEA \$VTG messages
<\$VTG msg>	String	NMEA \$VTG messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$VTG msg> is "Not Available" check that the GPS VTG message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.15 Get satellite information +UGGSA

28.15.1 Description

Enables/disables storing of the last value of NMEA \$GSA messages, and gets the current messaging state. If <state> parameter is enabled, the last value of NMEA \$GSA messages can be retrieved with the read command even when the GPS is switched off.

The NMEA \$GSA messages are volatile.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UGGSA=<state>	OK	AT+UGGSA=1 OK
Read	AT+UGGSA?	+UGGSA: <state>,<\$VTG msg> OK	+UGGSA: 1,Not available OK +UGGSA: 0,NULL OK
Test	AT+UGGSA=?	+UGGSA: (list of supported <state>s) OK	+UGGSA: (0-1) OK

28.15.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): to disable the NMEA \$GSA messages 1: to enable the NMEA \$GSA messages

Parameter	Type	Description
<\$GSA msg>	String	NMEA \$GSA messages. If the parameter value is "Not available" then the NMEA string is enabled but this information has not been still sent to the user.



If <\$GSA msg> is "Not Available" check that the GPS GSA message is enabled. To enable it use the +UGUBX command (for further information see the UBX-CFG-MSG message in the u-blox 6 Receiver Description Including Protocol Specification [45]).



On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series, for LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions <state> default value is 1.

28.16 Ask for localization information +ULOC

28.16.1 Description

Requests wireless module to provide location data; location can be determined using:

- GPS receiver
- CellLocate™ (location based on network cells data)
- Combination of both technologies (Hybrid)

A URC is sent as answer to provide the requested information via +ULOC set command.

The GPS interface and CellLocate can be used at the same time: in case the GPS sensor is reserved to another interface an error message is provided (error code "+CME ERROR: GPS busy" if +CMEE=2).

It is possible to configure Hybrid Positioning even if it is running: the parameters are stored in NVM and applied at the next +ULOC command.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the GPS interface and CellLocate are mutually exclusive; if a +ULOC request is sent when the GPS is already started with +UGPS the command will return an error message (" +CME ERROR: Invalid operation with GPS ON" if +CMEE is set to 2) and vice versa (" +CME ERROR: Invalid operation with LOC running" if +CMEE is set to 2). When the +ULOC command has been triggered also +UGAOP, +UGAOF, +UGAOS, +UGUBX AT commands will report an error, but it is possible to query NMEA strings.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series an error message will be provided if the hybrid configuration is performed when the hybrid positioning is running.



If +ULOC command is sent while a previous +ULOC activity is still in progress the previous activity is aborted, the available position is immediately output and the next +ULOC request is served.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the wireless module date and time is not used in the answer, so if no sensor is available these fields are filled with '0'.



The data connection cannot be immediately dropped at the ULOC timeout expiration of the. This could lead to a delay in the expected response time.



Depending on the aiding chosen, a data connection could be required; refer to AT+UGPS command description (chapter 28.1).



If no position is available (no GPS coverage, no network information and no previous data available) then <lat> latitude and <long> longitude will be set to '0'.



If the previous position degraded by the elapsed time satisfies the desired accuracy then sensor '0' is reported in the answer.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+ULOC=<mode>,<sensor>,<response_type>,<timeout>,<accuracy>[,<reserved>]	OK	AT+ULOC=2,3,0,120,1 OK
Read	AT+ULOC?	+ULOC: <mode>,<sensor>,<response_type>,<timeout>,<accuracy>,0 OK	+ULOC: 0,3,1,0,20,0 OK
Test	AT+ULOC=?	+ULOC: (list of supported <modes>),(list of supported<sensor>s,(list of supported <response_type>s),(list of supported <timeout>s,(list of supported <accuracy>),(0) OK	+ULOC: (0-2),(0-3),(0-1),(1-999),(0-999999),(0) OK
URC		If <response_type>=0: +UULOC: <date>,<time>,<lat>,<long>,<alt>,<uncertainty> If <response_type>=1: +UULOC: <date>,<time>,<lat>,<long>,<alt>,<uncertainty>,<speed>,<direction>,<vertical_acc>,<sensor_used>,<SV_used>,<antenna_status>,<jamming_status>	+UULOC: 13/04/2011,09:54:51.000,45.6334520,13.0618620,49,1

28.16.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Reserved 1: Reserved 2: Single shot position
<sensor>	Number	Sensor selection: it is possible to combine different sensors summing <sensor> values of the selected sensors <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: use the last fix in the internal database and stop the GPS receiver 1: Use GPS receiver for localization 2: Use CellLocate location information
<response_type>	Number	Type of response <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: standard response 1: detailed response
<timeout>	Number	Timeout period in seconds (1 – 999)
<accuracy>	Number	Target accuracy in meters (1 – 999999)
<reserved>	Number	The value is ignored
<date>	String	GPS ³ date (DD/MM/YY) of estimated position
<time>	String	GPS ³ time (hh:mm:ss.sss) of estimated position
<lat>	String	Estimate latitude expressed in degrees
<long>	String	Estimate longitude expressed in degrees
<alt>	Number	Estimated altitude expressed in meters ⁴

³ Coming either from the CellLocate™ server (GPS) or the satellites (UTC)

⁴ only for GNSS positioning, 0 in case of CellLocate

Parameter	Type	Description
<uncertainty>	Number	Maximum possible error, in meters (0 – 20000000)
<speed>	Number	Speed over ground m/s ⁴
<direction>	Number	Course over ground in degree (0° – 360°) ⁴
<vertical_acc>	Number	Vertical accuracy in meters ⁴
<sensor_used>	Number	Sensor used for position calculation
<SV_used>	Number	Number of satellite used to calculate the position ⁴
<antenna_status>	Number	Antenna status (0 – 4) ⁴ . For more details refer to u-blox Receiver description [45]
<jamInd>	Number	Jamming status ⁴ . For more details refer to u-blox Receiver description[45]



<jamming> value must be ignored if jamming is disabled through +ULOGNSS command.



On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series the GPS receiver is not stopped if <sensor> is set to 0.

28.17 Configure GNSS sensor +ULOGNSS

28.17.1 Description

Configures the GNSS sensor used with the +ULOC command.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+ULOGNSS=<aiding>[,<psv_mode> [, <minSV>[,<minCNO>[,<ini_3d_fix>[, <staticHoldMode>[,<SBAS>[, <jamming>[,<antenna>[, <BBthreshold>[,<CWthreshold>[, <reserved1>[, <reserved2>[, <reserved3>]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]	OK	AT+ULOGNSS=15 OK
Read	AT+ULOGNSS?	+ULOGNSS: <aiding>,<psv_mode>,<minSV>,<minCNO>,<ini_3d_fix>,<staticHoldMode>,<SBAS>,<jamming>,<antenna>,<BBthreshold>,<CWthreshold>,<reserved1>,<reserved2>,<reserved3> OK	+ULOGNSS: 15,1,6,8,0,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,0 OK
Test	AT+ULOGNSS=?	+ULOGNSS: (list of supported <aiding>),(list of supported <psv_mode>),(list of supported <minSV>),(list of supported <minCNO>),(list of supported <ini_3d_fix>),(list of supported <staticHoldMode>),(list of supported <SBAS>),(list of supported <jamming>),(list of supported <antenna>),(list of supported <BBthreshold>),(list of supported <CWthreshold>),(list of supported <reserved1>),(list of supported <reserved2>),(list of supported <reserved3>) OK	+ULOGNSS: (0-15),(0-1),(3-32),(0-50),(0-1),(0-1000),(0-1),(0-1),(0-2),(0-15),(0-31),(0),(0),(0) OK

28.17.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<aiding>	Number	GPS aiding mode configuration; it is possible the combination of different aiding modes: to enable more aiding modes it is needed to sum the <mode> value of the interested aiding modes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Local aiding (incl. RTC sharing) • 2: AssistNow offline • 4: AssistNow online • 8: AssistNow autonomous All modes are enabled as a factory programmed setting
<psv_mode>	Number	Power Save Mode (UBX-CFG-PM2): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): disabled • 1: enabled
<minSV>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum number of satellites for navigation (UBX-CFG-NAVX5) (3 – 32) use GPS FW default (default value 3)
<minCNO>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Minimum satellite signal level for navigation (UBX-CFG-NAVX5) (0 – 50) use GPS FW default (default value 7)
<ini_3d_fix>	Number	Initial Fix must be 3D flag (UBX-CFG-NAVX5). (0 – 1): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): disabled • 1: enabled
<staticHoldMode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Static Hold Mode (UBX-CFG-NAV5). (0 – 1.000 cm/s), use GPS FW default (0)
<SBAS>	Number	SBAS configuration: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): disabled • 1: enabled
<jamming>	Number	Jamming indicator (UBX-CFG-ITFM) : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): disabled • 1: enabled
<antenna>	Number	Antenna setting <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): unknown • 1: passive • 2: active
<BBthreshold>	Number	Broadband jamming detection threshold (dB) (UBX-CFG-ITFM). (0 - 15), 0 by default
<CWthreshold>	Number	Continuous wave jamming detection threshold (dB) (UBX-CFG-ITFM). (0 - 31), 0 by default
<Reserved1>	Number	0 (reserved value)
<Reserved2>	Number	0 (reserved value)
<Reserved3>	Number	0 (reserved value)



For more details on parameter description refer to u-blox-5/6 Receiver Description [45].

28.18 Configure cellular location sensor (CellLocate) +ULOCCELL

28.18.1 Description

Configures the Cellular location sensor (CellLocate) used with the +ULOC command.



Not supported by LEON-G100-05S / LEON-G200-05S and previous versions.

This command influences the amount of data exchanged with the server.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+ULOCCELL=[<scan_mode>[,<reserved1>[,<reserved2>[,<reserved3>[,<reserved4>[,<reserved5>]]]]]]	OK	
Read	AT+ULOCCELL?	+ULOCCELL: <scan_mode>,<reserved1>,<reserved2> ,<reserved3>,<reserved4>,<reserved5> OK	+ULOCCELL: 0,0,"","",0,0 OK
Test	AT+ULOCCELL=?	+ULOCCELL: (list of supported <scan_mode>s),(list of supported <reserved1>),(list of supported <reserved2>),(list of supported <reserved3>),(list of supported <reserved4>),(list of supported <reserved5>) OK	+ULOCCELL: (0-1),(0),"","",0,0 OK

28.18.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<scan_mode>	Number	Network scan mode <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): normal 1: deep scan
<reserved1>	Number	RFU
<reserved2>	String	RFU
<reserved3>	String	" " (reserved value)
<reserved4>	Number	0 (reserved value)
<reserved5>	Number	0 (reserved value)

29 DTMF

29.1 DTMF detection +UDTMFD

29.1.1 Description



Not supported by LEON-G100-07x and previous versions or by LEON-G200 series or by LISA modules.

Enables/disables the DTMF detector and, independently for each specific AT terminal, the related URCs.

During a voice call, the DTMF detector recognizes the presence of DTMF tones in the RX voice channel. The tones are generated by remote party by e.g. digit press on a DTMF keypad.

The +UUDTMFD URC recognizes and return the DTMF digits (set {0-9,#,*A,B,C,D}).

Once enabled, the DTMF detector is automatically started at the next call setup confirmation and stopped at call drop or when it is explicitly disabled.

If the DTMF detector is enabled, the In-Band Modem engine is reserved thus the eCall and other In-Band Modem applications are not available. For more details refer to chapter 30.

If the In-Band Modem engine is reserved by other In-Band Modem applications, the command immediately answers ERROR (“+CME ERROR: 3” if CMEE=1 or “+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if CMEE=2).

URCs are issued at any DTMF digit detection, if the URCs have been enabled on the specific terminal.



Issue the enabling command before the call set-up, otherwise the detector is not started.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UDTMFD=<urc_en>[,<mode>[,<att_cfg>[,<threshold>[,<immunity>[,<max_int>]]]]]	OK	AT+UDTMFD=1,1 OK
Read	AT+UDTMFD?	+UDTMF: <urc_en>,<mode>,<att_cfg>,<threshold>,<immunity>,<max_int>,<att_t> OK	+UDTMFD: 1,2,4,100,14,2,4 OK
Test	AT+UDTMFD=?	+UDTMFD: (list of supported <urc_en>'s),(list of supported <mode>'s),(list of supported <att_cfg>'s),(list of supported <threshold>'s),(list of supported <immunity>'s),(list of supported <max_int>'s) OK	+UDTMFD: (0-1),(0-2),(0-15),(100-10000),(0-20),(1-255) OK
URC		+UUDTMFD: <DTMF>	+UUDTMFD: #
URC		+UUDTMFDE: <errid>	+UUDTMFD: 1

29.1.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<urc_en>	Number	URC generation on the current terminal: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled (factory-programmed value) 1: enabled
<mode>	Number	DTMF detector configuration:

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled (factory-programmed value) 1: enabled/restarted in normal mode 2: enabled/restarted in robust mode
<att_cfg>	Number	Attenuation applied on the signal at decoder input to manage arithmetic operations. Range goes from 0 to 15, 6 dB attenuation each step. Factory-programmed value is 4 (24 dB attenuation).
<threshold>	Number	Numeric threshold to detect DTMF tones. Range goes from 100 to 10000. Factory-programmed value is 400.
<immunity>	Number	Speech immunity level. The higher the level, the higher the immunity to speech. Range goes from 0 (minimum immunity) to 20 (maximum immunity). Factory-programmed value is 14.
<max_int>	Number	Maximum interruption that a detected DTMF tone may have, such that it is still interpreted as a single digit. In multiples of 20 ms; the range goes from 1 to 255. Factory-programmed value is 2 (40 ms).
<att>	Number	Actual attenuation applied on the signal at decoder input. Starting value is <att_cfg>. If arithmetic overflow occurs, it is automatically increased.
<DTMF>	Character	Detected DTMF digits; from the set {0-9,#,*,A-D}.
<errid>	Number	DTMF error code: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: arithmetic overflow



The maximum interruption <max_int> also represents the expected minimum pause between two DTMF tones.



The detector running in robust mode is less prone to false detections but more sensitive to speech distortions (e.g. caused by low bit-rate AMR codec).



The factory-programmed value of command parameters is set at each module start up.



If the optional parameter is omitted the setting is left unchanged.

30 eCall

30.1 Introduction

The AT interface for eCall is generic, i.e. it can control any In-Band Modem solution (**InBM**) supported by u-blox Wireless Modules.

In particular, at least the 3GPP eCall In-band Modem solution is available on an InBM-featured module.

30.1.1 About eCall

eCall (emergency Call) specification [63] standardizes the transfer of a set of 140 bytes of data, called Minimum Set of Data (**MSD**) during an emergency voice call to a Public Safety Answering Point (**PSAP**). According to 3GPP specifications, the eCall In-Band Modem (**eIM**) of the In-Vehicle System (**IVS**) immediately transmits the MSD after the call setup; the MSD is received by the eIM of the PSAP.

In the call setup message the IVS Network Access Device (**NAD**) shall set the "Service Category" information (IE) according to ETSI TS 122 101 [71]. This eCall "flag" enables a serving "Mobile Switching Centre" (MSC) that supports this functionality, to differentiate between speech only Teleservice 12 emergency calls and eCalls. Additionally the MSC may also be able to discriminate between Manually Initiated eCalls and Automatically Initiated eCalls.

When the IVS eIM is activated state, during the call, the eIM receiver starts monitoring link messages from PSAP eIM by analyzing the audio stream on the downlink speech channel. Once the link with PSAP eIM is established, the IVS eIM enters the so-called data-mode: the IVS microphone and loudspeaker are muted and the eIM starts the MSD transfer. After the data transfer is completed, either successfully or with errors, the IVS switches from data-mode into voice-mode: the microphone and the loudspeaker are un-muted and the voice call between IVS and PSAP proceeds normally. The IVS eIM enters idle-mode and monitors new incoming messages from PSAP eIM.

The eCall standard introduces specific mobility management procedures to be implemented in the IVS NAD. In particular, the IVS NAD is configured at boot time by a valid, eCall-enabled SIM/USIM to work either in "eCall only" mode or in normal mode.

30.1.2 About eCall AT commands

The 3GPP eCall feature is implemented and controlled by AT interface through a set of dedicated AT commands:

- AT+UECALLSTAT: configures / disables the eCall feature ("eCall only" mode) and URCs
- AT+UECALLTYPE: configures the eCall flag or Test eCall
- AT+UECALLDATA:
 - Arms or activates the eIM, passing the MSD data
 - Updates the MSD during the emergency call
- AT+UECALLVOICE:
 - Configures the microphone / speaker switching handling
 - Directly control and monitor microphone and speaker switching

30.2 eIM sends and receives data +UECALLDATA

30.2.1 Description



Supported only by LEON-G100 eCall product.

Activates the IVS eIM for a single emergency call (eCall session) and provides the IVS eIM with the MSD to transfer. If the activation command is issued when there is no call ongoing, the eIM is armed, i.e. the MSD is prepared for transmission. The eIM is then automatically activated as soon as the call setup indication is received. The eIM can be armed/activated once per eCall session. Further activations immediately provide an error message.

The eIM can be activated in PULL or PUSH mode. In PUSH mode, the IVS eIM sends the INITIATION signal to request to PSAP to pull the MSD, i.e. it asks the PSAP to send the "SEND MSD" signal.

The command can also be used for terminating the eIM: the last +UECALLDATA activation command is aborted.

The command serves also to update the IVS eIM with new MSD data. The update command can be issued at any time during the eCall session and may or may not force an eIM reset.



The terms "SEND MSD", "INITIATION" and "application layer ACK" (AL-ACK), mentioned in BS EN 16062:211 [72], correspond to the START signal sent by PSAP to IVS, the START signal sent by IVS to PSAP and the higher-layer ACK (HL-ACK), mentioned in 3GPP TS 26.267 [73].

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UECALLDATA=<op>[,<param1>[,<d ata>]]	OK	AT+UECALLDATA=1,0,"4D5344" OK
Read	AT+UECALLDATA?	+UECALLDATA: <state>,<urc_state> OK	+UECALLDATA: 0,1 OK
Test	AT+UECALLDATA=?	+UECALLDATA: (range of supported <op>),(range of supported <param1>) OK	+UECALLDATA: (0-4),(0-2) OK
URC		+UUECALLDATA: <urc_id>[,<data>]	+UUECALLDATA: 7,"0B"

30.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<op>	Number	Operation to perform: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: abort. The In-Band Modem is terminated 1: arm/activate eCall In-Band Modem (eIM) 2: update MSD 3: enable/disable URCs 4: enable/disable the eCall feature
<param1>	Number	The meaning depends on the <op> parameter. If <op> is 1, <param1> specifies the PULL/PUSH mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: PULL mode 1: PUSH mode If <op> is 2, <param1> specifies the update mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: update in idle only

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: immediate update / force eIM reset <p>If <op> is 3,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable URCs (factory-programmed value) 1: enable URCs except for URCs with id 11-19 2: enable all URCs <p>If <op> is 4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disable the feature (factory-programmed setting) 1: enable the feature
<state>	Number	eIM current state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: off 1: armed/active
<urc_state>	Number	URCs current state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled 1: enabled without IVS events (without URCs with id 11-19) 2: enabled
<urc_id>	Number	Specifies the event type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: MSD correctly sent, HL-ACK check bits received and recorded. <data>: four information bits received through HL-ACKs, returned within single byte hex data (e.g.: +UUECALLDATA: 0,"0B" -> 0xB: 4 information bits) 1: eIM lost synchronization with PSAP 2: Reserved 3: Reserved 4: Reserved 5: eIM is terminated: audio error 6: eIM is terminated: fatal error 7: eIM is terminated: call drop 8: generic eIM error 11: IVSEVENT_SENDINGSTART: eIM starts sending the INITIATION signal (only in PUSH mode). Also indicates that the call set-up is completed 12: IVSEVENT_SENDINGMSD: "SEND MSD" signal received, eIM starts sending MSD 13: IVSEVENT_RESTARTMSD: "SEND MSD" signal received too often, assume PSAP sync failure 14: IVSEVENT_CONTROLSYNC: IVS eIM is synchronizing with PSAP eIM 15: IVSEVENT_CONTROLLOCK: IVS eIM is synched with PSAP eIM 16: IVSEVENT_LLACKRECEIVED: 2. link-layer ACK received and recorded 17: IVSEVENT_HLACKRECEIVED: 2. higher-layer ACK received and recorded 18: IVSEVENT_IDLEPOSTRESET: IVS eIM is idling after a full reset. Reset is done after the sync loss, due to e.g. end of PSAP transmission 19: IVSEVENT_IDLEPOSTSTART: IVS eIM transmitter is idling after the transmission of the INITIATION signal (PUSH mode) 20: MSD update request received. MSD update deferred since the IVS is currently transmitting 21: MSD update done. The IVS transmitter is ready to send the new MSD at next PULL request 22: MSD update request cannot be processed

30.3 IVS eIM Voice control +UECALLVOICE

30.3.1 Description



Supported only by LEON-G100 eCall product.

Configures the control and/or controls the TX and RX voice path connections to voice resources (microphone and loudspeaker respectively) and to eIM transmitter (eIM receiver is not affected by the control). The command serves to handle the switching⁵ of the voice resources according to H LAP specifications [72].

With this command, it is possible to implement the voice control following several strategies:

- Internal handling: eIM handles voice path connections. Refer to chapter 30.3.2.1 for details
- External handling: the application processor exclusively handles voice path connections. The internal handling must be disabled before the eCall session is started
- Mixed handling: eIM and application processor handle voice path connections



The internal handling can be enabled / disabled during the eCall.

Table 19 summarizes the impact of the voice resource switching on the voice path connections:

Voice resource	Status	Description
Microphone	Un-muted	The microphone is connected to the TX voice path. The eIM transmitter is disconnected from the TX voice path
	Muted	The microphone is disconnected from the TX voice path. The eIM transmitter is connected to the TX voice path
Loudspeaker	Un-muted	Both the loudspeaker and the eIM receiver are connected to the RX voice path
	Muted	The loudspeaker is disconnected from the RX voice path. The eIM transmitter is connected to the RX voice path

Table 19 Voice path connections as function of the microphone/loudspeaker status

The microphone and eIM transmitter are exclusively connected to the TX voice path, while the eIM receiver is always connected to the RX voice path (always listening to PSAP). Of course, eIM can be connected to the voice paths only if armed/activated (refer to chapter 30.2, +UECALLDATA command).



The microphone switches should internally be controlled since they affect the eIM functionality (if the microphone is un-muted, the eIM cannot transmit data).



Loudspeaker switches do not affect the eIM functionality.

The command groups three operations:

1. Internal voice control configuration

When internal voice control is enabled (factory-programmed value), the eIM internally performs some microphone and loudspeaker switching. In particular:

- The microphone is muted as soon as the eIM transmitter starts a transmission
- The microphone is un-muted as soon as the eIM transmitter completes a transmission
- The microphone is un-muted according to T5 – IVS wait for SEND MSD period in eCall H LAP specifications [72], Annex A, Table of Timings

⁵ A switch performs a muting of un-muted voice resource or vice versa

- The loudspeaker is muted as soon as the call set-up is confirmed (i.e. at the indication that the PSAP has answered the call)
- The loudspeaker is un-muted according to T5 – IVS wait for SEND MSD period in eCall H LAP specifications [72], Annex A, Table of Timings
- The loudspeaker is muted as soon as the PULL request from PSAP eIM is detected
- The loudspeaker is un-muted as soon as the link with PSAP is lost

For more details refer to chapter 30.3.2.1.

Deactivating the internal handling, the application shall take the full switching control. In the mixed approach, the voice resource (e.g. microphone) is configured with internal control (suggested configuration for microphone).

2. Voice resource control/switching

This command mutes/un-mutes the microphone or loudspeaker (regardless of voice control configuration). It also provides the voice resource muted/un-muted state.

The command provides an error message if the eIM is not activated or if the voice resource is already in the state instructed by the command.

3. URC enabling – indications of a voice resource switch

This command enables/disables URCs providing loudspeaker/microphone switching notifications.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	Generic syntax: AT+UECALLVOICE=<cmd_id>,<param1>,<param2>	OK	
	internal voice control configuration: AT+UECALLVOICE=1,<res_id>,<on_off_ctrl>	OK	AT+UECALLVOICE=1,0,1 OK
	Voice resource control/switching: AT+UECALLVOICE=2,<res_id>,<mute_unmute>	OK	AT+UECALLVOICE=2,0,1 OK
	URC enabling: AT+UECALLVOICE=3,<res_id>,<urc_state>	OK	AT+UECALLVOICE=3,1,0 OK
Get	Generic syntax: AT+UECALLVOICE=<cmd_id>,<param1>	+UECALLVOICE: <cmd_id>,<param1>,<param2> OK	
	internal voice control configuration: AT+UECALLVOICE=1,<res_id>	+UECALLVOICE: 1,<res_id>,<on_off_ctrl> OK	AT+UECALLVOICE=1,0 +UECALLVOICE: 1,0,1 OK
	Voice resource control/switching: AT+UECALLVOICE=2,<res_id>	+UECALLVOICE: 2,<res_id>,<res_state> OK	AT+UECALLVOICE=2,0 +UECALLVOICE: 2,0,1 OK
	URC enabling: AT+UECALLVOICE=3,<res_id>	+UECALLVOICE: 3,<res_id>,<urc_state> OK	AT+UECALLVOICE=3,0 +UECALLVOICE: 3,0,1 OK
Test	AT+UECALLVOICE=?	+UECALLVOICE: (range of supported <cmd_id>s) OK	+UECALLVOICE: (0-3) OK
URC		+UUECALLVOICE: <res_id>,<res_state>	+UUECALLVOICE: 1,1

30.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<cmd_id>	Number	Type of operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Reserved for future use 1: Enable/Disable voice resource internal control (by eIM) 2: Mute/Un-mute voice resource 3: Enable/disable/query URC generation for specific voice resource
<res_id>	Number	Voice resource identifier: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: microphone 1: loudspeaker
<on_off_ctrl>	Number	Flag to enable or disable the eIM internal control of voice resource: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled 1: enabled (factory-programmed value) If left empty, then the flag status is queried.
<mute_unmute>	Number	Flag to mute or un-mute the voice resource. Allowed values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: mute 1: unmute If left empty, then the voice resource status <res_state> is queried.
<urc_state>	Number	Flag to enable or disable URCs on voice resource status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: disabled (factory-programmed value) (do not receive URCs when resource status changes) 1: enabled (receive URCs when resource status changes) If left empty, then the <urc_state > is queried.
<res_state>	Number	Voice resource state. Allowed values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: muted (microphone / loudspeaker disconnected) 1: un-muted (factory-programmed value) (microphone / loudspeaker connected)

30.3.2.1 Voice control internal handling

With voice control internal handling, eIM performs the microphone and/or loudspeaker switches. Microphone and loudspeaker switches or loudspeaker un-muting timer start-up generally occur at IVS URC events (refer to chapter 30.2.2), according to the Table 20:

Event / IVS event	Microphone mute	Microphone un-mute	Loudspeaker mute	Loudspeaker un-mute
Call setup notification			Immediate	Start T5 timer, un-mute at expiration
IVSEVENT_SENDINGSTART	Immediate			
IVSEVENT_SENDINGMSD	Immediate		Immediate	
IVSEVENT_LLACKRECEIVED		Immediate		
IVSEVENT_HLACKRECEIVED		Immediate		Start TH timer, un-mute at expiration. timer value is 1.2 s in fast modulation mode, 2.4 s in robust modulation mode
IVSEVENT_IDLEPOSTRESET		Immediate		Immediate
IVSEVENT_IDLEPOSTSTART		Immediate		

Event / IVS event	Microphone mute	Microphone un-mute	Loudspeaker mute	Loudspeaker un-mute
eIM transmitter interrupts the INITIATION signal since sync has been detected (internal event)		Immediate		

Table 20: eIM handling of Microphone/loudspeaker switches. Call setup notification event is externally available as +UCALLSTAT=1,0 URC

-  Microphone switches are performed within high-priority 3GPP eIM execution thread.
-  When eIM transmitter enters idle mode, the microphone is always un-muted.
-  When eIM performs a full reset, both microphone and loudspeaker are immediately un-muted.
-  The purpose of loudspeaker un-muting TH timer is to keep the loudspeaker muted for the duration of 3 HLACKs that are received after the 2nd HLACK.
-  T5 is the 2 s timer “T5 - IVS wait for SEND MSD period” specified in eCall H LAP specifications [72], Annex A, Table of Timings.
-  eIM transmitter always transmits the INITIATION signal for at most 2 s, thus microphone un-muting on T5 timer expiration shall not be necessary. The beginning of the transmission of the INITIATION signal is notified by the SENDINGSTART event; if no synchronization is achieved, the transmitter enters idle mode and the IDLEPOSTSTART event occurs.
-  When the LLACKRECEIVED event occurs, the eIM stops the transmission. The microphone is immediately un-muted, thus microphone un-muting on T6 timer expiration should not be necessary.

30.3.1 Implementation of eCall H LAP timing requirements

The internal handling complies with the eCall H LAP timing requirements regarding the voice switching as specified by the document “eSafety – eCall high level application requirements (H LAP)” [72] (Table A.1 – Table of timings, Annex A) for the following timings:

- T3: IVS INITIATION signal duration, the signal lasts 2 s.
- T5: IVS wait for SEND MSD period.

Additionally, the application processor must handle the following timings:

- T6: IVS wait for AL-ACK period; 5 s timer must be started at LLACKRECEIVED event
- T7: IVS MSD maximum transmission time; 20 s timer must be started at SENDINGMSD event.

30.4 eCall configuration +UECALLSTAT

30.4.1 Description

-  Supported by LEON-G100 eCall.

According to EN 16062:2011 [72], eCall configuration of an eCall-enabled IVS must automatically be read from a valid SIM/USIM that supports the provision of the eCall service (i.e. valid eCall USIM).

The eCall-enabled SIM can be configured only for eCall (referred in EN 16062:2011 [72] as “eCall only”), or a combination of eCall and commercial service provision (referred in 3GPP TS 26.267 [73] as “eCall without registration restrictions”). In particular, an IVS NAD configured in eCall only mode boots up with network registration restriction, i.e. the IVS NAD does not perform the standard mobility management procedures.

This command serves to:

- Read the eCall configuration from the SIM
- Force the module with a not valid eCall SIM configuration to eCall only or eCall without registration restriction (for testing purposes)



In case IVS NAD is configured as eCall only, the MS class is implicitly set to GSM only, i.e. no GPRS service is available by default.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UECALLSTAT=<cmd>	OK	
Read	AT+UECALLSTAT?	+UECALLSTAT: <state> OK	+UECALLSTAT: 1 OK
Test	AT+UECALLSTAT=?	+UECALLSTAT: (list of supported <cmd>s) OK	+UECALLSTAT: (0-3) OK

30.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<state>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: not valid eCall SIM present (not eCall-enabled) • 1: eCall only with registration restriction • 2: eCall without registration restriction
<cmd>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Force to not valid eCall SIM (not eCall-enabled) • 1: Force eCall only with registration restriction • 2: Force eCall without registration restriction • 3: Restore SIM/USIM settings (read from SIM)



If the SIM is configured to be eCall only (<state> value is set to 1), the USIM configuration cannot be overwritten. If the SIM is configured to be eCall without registration restrictions (<state> value is set to 2), the USIM configuration cannot be set to 1.



State switches can only be performed if the module is unregistered, otherwise the module answers ERROR (“+CME ERROR: 3” if CMEE=1 or “+CME ERROR: operation not allowed” if CMEE=2).



The “Restore SIM/USIM settings” command is applicable only with eCall-enabled SIMs without registration restrictions or with not valid eCall SIMs.

30.5 eCall type +UECALLTYPE

30.5.1 Description



Supported by LEON-G100 eCall product.

Sets the emergency call service category, i.e. the “eCall flag”. According to ETSI TS 122 101 [71], an eCall can be either Manually Initiated (MleC, Manually Initiated eCall) or Automatically Initiated (AleC, Automatically Initiated eCall), which is configured through specific eCall flag bits. If none of such bits is set, the Mobile Switching Centre (MSC) supporting eCall functionality will operate a speech-only TS12 emergency call.

The “eCall flag” is included in the call set-up message whenever the emergency number is dialed (with “ATD112;”).

This command also configures the system to perform Test or Reconfiguration eCalls, according to 3GPP TS 51.010-1 [74], Section 26.9.6a. When performing “ATD112;”, the Test or Reconfiguration numbers read from the eCall Test USIM/SIM will be respectively dialed.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UECALLTYPE=<type>	OK	
Read	AT+UECALLTYPE?	+UECALLTYPE: <type> OK	+UECALLTYPE: 1 OK
Test	AT+UECALLTYPE=?	+UECALLTYPE: (list of supported <type>s) OK	+UECALLTYPE: (0-4) OK

30.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<type>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: speech only TS12 (factory-programmed value) 1: MleC: Emergency Service Category Value (octet 3) Bit 6=1 2 :AleC: Emergency Service Category Value (octet 3) Bit 7=1 3: Test eCall: use eCall Test number 4: Reconfiguration eCall: use eCall Reconfiguration number

31 In-Band Modem

31.1 Introduction

The AT interface for InBM is generic, i.e. it can control any In-Band Modem solution (**InBM**) supported by u-blox Wireless Modules.

In particular, at least the 3GPP eCall In-band Modem solution is available on an InBM-featured module.

31.1.1 About eCall

eCall (emergency Call) specification [63] standardizes the transfer of a set of 140 bytes of data, called Minimum Set of Data (**MSD**) during an emergency voice call to a Public Safety Answering Point (**PSAP**). According to 3GPP specifications, the MSD is transmitted by the eCall In-Band Modem (**eIM**) of the In-Vehicle System (**IVS**) immediately after the call set-up and received by the eIM of the PSAP.

When the IVS eIM is activated, the eIM receiver starts monitoring messages from PSAP eIM. Once the link with PSAP eIM is established, the IVS eIM enters the so-called data mode: the IVS microphone and loudspeaker are muted and the eIM starts the MSD transfer. After the data transfer is completed, either successfully or with errors, the IVS turns from data mode to voice mode: the microphone and loudspeaker are un-muted and the voice call between IVS and PSAP can continue normally. The IVS eIM enters idle mode and monitors new incoming messages from PSAP eIM.

31.1.2 About eCall AT commands

The 3GPP eCall feature is implemented and controlled by AT interface through two classes of AT commands:

- AT+UIBM...: AT commands for the InBM selection (e.g. eIM), InBM configuration and controlling
 - AT+UIBMSTAT (InBM configuration):
 1. Configures the InBM mode of operation
 2. Enables / disables unsolicited responses
 - AT+UIBMDATA (InBM control):
 1. Activates the selected InBM, passing the data to transfer. In case of eCall InBM (eIM), the MSD is passed
 2. Lists the available InBMs
 - URC +UUIBMDATA: reports the data transfer activity

31.2 InBM status +UIBMSTAT

31.2.1 Description



Supported only by LEON-G100-06A and LEON-G100-07A versions.

Switches the InBM feature on and off at run time and enables / disables the unsolicited indications from InBM. At the system startup, the feature is disabled.

Disabling the feature when the InBM is active causes immediate InBM termination.

The InBM feature can be switched on to work in two different modes:

1. With call on restriction: +UIBMDATA command is allowed only when call is in progress
2. Without restriction: +UIBMDATA command is allowed at any time. The command can be aborted

If the feature is switched on without restrictions, the +UIBMDATA command is allowed before the call is set up. The InBM prepares the data to transfer and waits for call setup confirm indication from the protocol stack. The command can be aborted at any time with the +UIBMSTAT command (see the command description in chapter 31.3) that terminates immediately the InBM. If the call is not set-up within 20 s, the InBM is automatically terminated.

The unsolicited indications from InBM report the data exchange status between the InBM pair (local InBM, remote InBM). For each InBM, different sets of indications can be enabled to provide different levels of information about the transmission. Each InBM has its own group of sets of indications.

For eIM (eCall In-band modem), a choice between two sets of unsolicited indications is allowed:

- eIM URC Set 1: MSD transmission indication is based on low-level ACK messages received from PSAP
- eIM URC Set 2: MSD transmission indication is based on high-level ACK messages (HLACK) received from PSAP

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UIBMSTAT=<mode>,<urcen>	OK	AT+UIBMSTAT=1,1 OK
Read	AT+UIBMSTAT?	+UIBMSTAT: <mode>,<urcen> OK	+UIBMSTAT: 1,1 OK
Test	AT+UIBMSTAT=?	+UIBMSTAT: (list of supported <mode>), (list of supported <urcen>) OK	+UIBMSTAT: (0-2),(0-1) OK
URC		+UIBMSTAT: <urc_id>,<data>	+UIBMSTAT: 0, "0B" +UIBMSTAT: 4, "ECALL_IBM_NO_HLACK"

31.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: OFF; The InBM is not available • 1: ON with call on restriction; +UIBMSTAT command is allowed only when call is on • 2: ON; +UIBMSTAT can be issued before the call is on
<urcen>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): Disable +UIBMSTAT URC • 1: Enable +UIBMSTAT URC, eIM Set 1 • 2: Enable +UIBMSTAT URC, eIM Set 2
<urc_id>	Number	URC Set1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: data sent and ack'ed successfully with low-level ACKs <data>: IBMM_IBM_ECALL_ACK_OK string • 1: eIM lost synchronization with PSAP during MSD transmission <data>: IBMM_IBM_ECALL_NO_ACK string • 4: eCall not established within 20 s after UIBMSTAT cmd (with +UIBMSTAT:2,1) <data>: ECALL_IBM_NO_CALL string • 5: audio error; InBM cannot start since audio player in use by ATC client <data>: ECALL_IBM_AUDIO_ERROR string • 6: InBM fatal error <data>: ECALL_IBM_ERROR string

Parameter	Type	Description
		URC Set 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: data sent and ack'ed successfully with correct HLACK <data>: HLACK 4 check bits within single byte hex data (e.g.: +UIBMDATA:0,"0B" -> 0xB: 4 check bits) 1: eIM lost synchronization with PSAP during MSD transmission <data>: IBMM_IBM_ECALL_NO_ACK string 3: eIM lost synchronization with PSAP when waiting for HLACK acknowledgement signal <data>: ECALL_IBM_NO_HLACK string 4:eCall not established within 20 s after +UIBMDATA command (with +UIBMSTAT:2,1) <data>: ECALL_IBM_NO_CALL string 5: audio error; InBM cannot start since audio player in use by ATC client <data>: ECALL_IBM_AUDIO_ERROR string 6: InBM fatal error <data>: ECALL_IBM_ERROR string
<data>	String	Refer to <urcen> parameter

31.3 InBM sends and receives data +UIBMDATA

31.3.1 Description



Supported only by LEON-G100-06A and LEON-G100-07A versions.

Activates the InBM. In case of eCall, it activates the eIM for a single emergency call (eCall session) and provides to eIM with the MSD to transfer. Any InBM is terminated when the call is released.

The command can also be used for terminating InBM (aborting the previous +UIBMDATA activation command).

InBM data can be sent in normal (PULL) or PUSH mode. For eCall, in PUSH mode the IVS sends a request to PSAP to pull the MSD, i.e. it asks the PSAP to send the START message as PSAP would do in PULL mode.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UIBMDATA=<ibm_id>,<mode>,<data>	<res>	AT+UIBMDATA=1,0, "4D5344" OK
Test	AT+UIBMDATA=?	+UIBMDATA: <ibm_id>,<mode>,<data> OK	+UIBMDATA: (0-1),(1-2),data OK

31.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<res>	String	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OK +CME ERROR: InBM busy - InBM already active +CME ERROR: No ongoing call - call not established (with +UIBMSTAT:1,<mode>) +CME ERROR: InBM feature off – InBM feature disabled +CME ERROR: Audio resource not available
<ibm_id>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: abort. The In-Band Modem is terminated

Parameter	Type	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 1: activate eCall In-Band Modem (eIM)
<mode>	Number	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 0: PULL mode (normal)• 1: PUSH mode
<data>	String	eIM: MSD to be sent. Each byte is coded with two characters in hex notation. It shall not exceed 280 characters (140 bytes)

32 I²C

32.1 Introduction



I²C AT commands are not supported by LISA-U200-00S version.

The I²C AT commands support communication with more than one connected device via one of the controllers, but require opening and closing a logical channel for each connected device. Only one logical channel at a time can be opened.



The availability and hardware description of the I²C interfaces are out of the scope of this document and are described in a separate document. Refer to LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49].

The procedure for communicating with two different devices is:

- Open the logical channel for device1 (with AT+UI2CO)
- Read/write to/from device1 (with AT+UI2CR, AT+UI2CW and +UI2CREGR)
- Close the logical channel for device1 (with AT+UI2CC)
- Open the logical channel for device2 (with AT+UI2CO)
- Read/write to/from device2 (with AT+UI2CR, AT+UI2CW and +UI2CREGR)
- Close the logical channel for device2 (with AT+UI2CC)

Once the controller has been configured, it is possible to start I²C communication (read/write) with I²C slave peripherals.



The I²C controllers available on the u-blox wireless modules module work only in Master Mode so they can be connected to slave devices only.



In case of a controller/device malfunction, the command's response is only "ERROR".

32.2 I²C open logical channel +UI2CO

32.2.1 Description

Changes the hardware and logical configuration of the selected I²C controller.

It is only possible to configure the I²C controller in Master Mode.

This command selects:

- One of the two controllers available in the u-blox wireless module
- The bus mode type
- The bit rate
- The address size (7-10 bit address)
- The slave device address

Once the selected controller has been configured, a logical channel between it and the selected slave device is set up and there is no need to further specify it. All the following I²C write, read and close commands refer to the currently opened logical channel. It is not possible to use the I²C write, read and open commands for writing or reading to/from a different slave device without first closing the I²C logical channel.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UI2CO=<i2c_controller_number>,<bus_mode>,<bit_rate>,<device_address>,<address_width>	OK	AT+UI2CO=1,0,0,0x42,0 OK
Test	AT+UI2CO=?	+UI2CO: (list of supported <i2c_controller_number>s),(list of supported <bus_mode>s),(list of supported <bit_rate>),(<device_address> range),(list of supported <address_width>s) OK	+UI2CO: (1-2),(0-2),(0-2),(0x00-0xFF),(0-1) OK

32.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<i2c_controller_number>	Number	I ² C HW controller to use: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1: Controller 1 • 2: Controller 2
<bus_mode>	Number	I ² C bus mode type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: Bus Mode Standard (0 – 100 kbaud) • 1: Bus Mode Fast (0 – 400 kbaud) • 2: Bus Mode High (0 – 3.4 kbaud)
<bit_rate>	Number	I ² C Bit Rate: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: 100 kb/s • 1: 400 kb/s • 2: 3,4 Mb/s
<device_address>	Hex Number	Device Address in HEX format
<address_width>	Number	I ² C size of the controller address: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: 7 bit address • 1: 10 bit address

32.3 I²C write to peripheral +UI2CW

32.3.1 Description

Writes the HEX data to the I²C slave device of the current logical channel. The HEX data formats are without 0x prefix (see example).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UI2CW=<hex_data>,<nof_byte_to_write>	OK	AT+UI2CW="0011AABCCDDEEFF",8 OK
Test	AT+UI2CW=?	+UI2CW: (byte to write),(range of supported <nof_byte_to_write>) OK	+UI2CW: "data", (1-100) OK

32.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<hex_data>	String	Hex data sequence without prefix 0x, enclosed in double quotes, to be written to the I ² C slave device
<nof_bytes_to_write>	Number	Number of byte to write to the slave I ² C device. Range: 1-100

32.4 I²C read from peripheral +UI2CR

32.4.1 Description

Reads <nof_bytes_to_read> of data from the I²C slave device of the current logical channel and prints them in HEX format.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UI2CR=<nof_bytes_to_read>	+UI2CR: <index_1>,<byte_1> ... +UI2CR: <index_n>,<byte_n> OK	AT+UI2CR=3 +UI2CR: 0: 0xA3 +UI2CR: 1: 0x0F +UI2CR: 2: 0xDB OK
Test	AT+UI2CR=?	+UI2CR: (range of supported <nof_byte_to_read>) OK	+UI2CR: (1-100) OK

32.4.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<nof_bytes_to_read>	Number	Number of bytes to read from the slave I ² C device. Range is 1-100.
<index1>,...,<index_n>	Number	Index of the byte being printed.
<byte_1>,...,<byte_n>	Number	n-th byte of the data, in hex mode (unquoted, prefixed by 0x).

32.5 I²C read from peripheral register +UI2CREGR

32.5.1 Description

Reads <nof_bytes_to_read> of data from the slave register of the I²C slave device of the current logical channel and prints them in HEX format.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UI2CREGR=<register_address>,<nof_bytes_to_read>	+UI2CR: <index_1>,<byte_1> ... +UI2CR: <index_n>,<byte_n> OK	AT+UI2CREGR=0x42,3 +UI2CR: 0: 0xA3 +UI2CR: 1: 0x0F +UI2CR: 2: 0xDB OK
Test	AT+UI2CREGR=?	+UI2CREGR: (range of <register_address>),(range of <nof_bytes_to_read>) OK	+UI2CREGR: (0x00-0xFF),(1-100) OK

32.5.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<register_address>	Number	Device Address in HEX format
<nof_bytes_to_read>	Number	Number of bytes to read from the slave I ² C register (1-100)
<index1>,...,<index_n>	Number	Index of the byte being printed.
<byte_1>,...,<byte_n>	Number	n-th byte of the data, in hex mode (unquoted, prefixed by 0x).

32.6 I²C close logical channel +UI2CC

32.6.1 Description

Closes the I²C logical channel being used.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+UI2CC	OK	AT+UI2CC OK
Test	AT+UI2CC=?	AT+UI2CC OK	AT+UI2CC OK



The logical channel must be closed before opening a new one.

33 SAP

33.1 Introduction

The SIM Access Profile (SAP) allows communication between a device electrically connected to a SIM module (SAP Server) and a device using that SIM (SAP Client). The SAP details are specified in the Bluetooth Specification "SIM Access Profile – Interoperability Specification" [67].

u-blox modules support SAP client functionalities using a serial connection to transport the SAP messages defined in the SAP Specification: in SAP Client mode, the u-blox wireless module uses a remote SIM, which is physically present in the SAP Server, to perform all SIM-related operations; the local SIM card, directly connected to the module (U)SIM interface, is not accessed.

At power on SAP is disabled in the u-blox wireless module i.e. the local SIM card (directly connected to the module (U)SIM interface) is used. It is possible to enter SAP client mode and switch to using a remote SIM via AT commands. At any time, either the local or remote SIM is exclusively used; this is transparent to AT clients: for example when interrogating the IMSI with +CIMI, the result always refers to the "current" SIM: the local SIM's IMSI if SAP is not active or the remote SIM's IMSI if SAP Client mode is active.

URCs are provided to inform the user about the state of both local and remote SIM when SAP mode is active:

- The +UUSAPREMOTE URC reports information related to the "remote" SIM
- The +UUSAPLOCAL URC reports information related to the local SIM card directly connected to the module (U)SIM interface

For more details refer to chapter 33.3.

Table 21 shows which indications are to be expected in case of local or remote SIM events (hot removal/insertion):

Event	SAP client not active	SAP client active
Local SIM removal/insertion	+CIEV: 12,<value>	+UUSAPLOCAL: <sim_present>
Remote SIM removal/insertion	-	+UUSAPREMOTE: <sim_present>

Table 21: SIM indications and SAP

For further details about SAP implementation, refer to the LISA-U series System Integration Manual [49].



SAP is not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series, LISA-U1 series, or LISA-U200-00S version.

u-blox wireless modules do not act as SAP server.

33.2 SAP Mode activation +USAPMODE

33.2.1 Description

Changes the SAP connection mode:

- Local SIM: the local SIM is used, SAP is not active
- SAP Client: the module acts as a SAP Client, a remote SIM is used

It is not possible to change the SAP mode during a call or with an active PDP context.

When entering SAP Client mode, SAP communication takes place in a separate dedicated serial channel, according to the <format> indication (currently only binary mode is supported).

The command can only be invoked from a USB or a MUX AT channel.

When invoked from a USB channel, the dedicated serial channel for SAP is USB channel.

When invoked from a MUX channel, the dedicated serial channel for SAP is MUX channel.

The communication between SAP client and server follows the “Connect” procedure (as specified by SAP specification [67]), which uses the <beacon> parameter.

The actual switch between local and remote SIM takes place only when a connection has been established between SAP Client and the SAP Server. The value of the SAP mode returned by the read command does not change as long as the connection is active.

The SAP Client mode terminates when:

- The SAP connection fails (communication lost, unrecoverable error, unsuccessful connect negotiation)
- The SAP server commands a disconnection
- The AT command to move back to local SIM mode is received

SAP client mode activation may result in an error code in case of SAP connection cannot be established. Result codes are listed in the Errors section (refer to chapter A.6).

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USAPMODE=<sap_mode>[,<format>][,<beacon>]	OK	AT+USAPMODE=0 OK AT+USAPMODE=1,0,6 OK
Read	AT+USAPMODE?	+USAPMODE: <sap_mode> OK	+USAPMODE: 0 OK
Test	AT+USAPMODE=?	+USAPMODE: (list of supported <sap_mode>),(list of supported <format>),(list of supported <beacon>) OK	+USAPMODE: (0,1),0,(0-65535) OK

33.2.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<sap_mode>	Number	Specifies the SAP mode. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): Internal SIM (SAP disabled) • 1: SAP Client
<format>	Number	Specifies the SAP communication format. This parameter can be set only if <sap_mode> is 1 or 2. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0 (default value): Binary; SAP messages are exchanged transparently in binary format
<beacon>	Number	Period in seconds between consecutive CONNECT_REQ messages during the “Connect” procedure. This parameter can be set only if <sap_mode> is 1. 0 means one shot sending. Default value is 6 s. Possible range is [0-65535].

33.3 SAP Mode indications +USAPIND

33.3.1 Description

Enables or disables the URC generation for the SAP mode status change indication (+UUSAPMODE) and the detection of a local SIM (+UUSAPLOCAL) when SAP client is active.

At power up, the URCs are disabled.

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Set	AT+USAPIND=<ind_mode>	OK	AT+USAPIND=0 OK

Type	Syntax	Response	Example
Read	AT+USAPIND?	+USAPIND: <ind_mode> OK	+USAPIND: 0 OK
Test	AT+USAPIND=?	+USAPIND: (list of supported <ind_mode>) OK	+USAPIND: (0,1) OK
URC		+UUSAPMODE: <sap_mode>	+UUSAPMODE: 0
URC		+UUSAPLOCAL: <sim_present>	+UUSAPLOCAL: 0

33.3.2 Defined values

Parameter	Type	Description
<ind_mode>	Number	Specifies whether SAP-related URCs are enabled or disabled. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): Disabled 1: Enabled
<sap_mode>	Number	Specifies which SAP mode is currently used. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 (default value): Internal SIM (SAP disabled) 1: SAP Client 2: SAP Server
<sim_present>	Number	Specifies the status of locally attached SIM. Possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Local SIM is present 1: Local SIM is not present

Appendix

A Appendix 1

A.1 Internet suite error classes

The following table lists all allowed error classes that can be provided by the <error_class> parameter for each AT error command (+UFTPER, +UHTTPER, +USMTPER) for FTP, HTTP and SMTP. For more details on the command syntax, refer to chapter 24.5, 25.4 and 26.5.

<error_class>	Meaning	<error_codes>	Resulting from the following commands
0	OK, no error occurred		All
1	FTP Protocol error class	Refer to chapter A.1.1	+UFTPC, +UFTP, +UFTPER
2	SMTP Protocol error class	Refer to chapter A.1.3	+USMTP, +USMTPM, +USMTPC, +USMTPER
3	HTTP Protocol error class	Refer to chapter A.1.2	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC, +UHTTPER
4	Flash File System error class	Refer to chapter A.1.4	+UFTPC, +UFTPER, +UHTTPC, +UHTTPER
5	DNS error class		+UFTPC, +UFTPER, +UHTTPC, +UHTTPER, +USMTPC, +USMTPER
6	Socket error class	BSD error codes standard	All
7	Dynamic Memory error	0	All
8	Wrong FTP API usage (e.g. missing/null parameters)	Refer to chapter A.1.1	+UFTPC, +UFTP, +UFTPER
9	Wrong SMTP API usage (e.g. missing/null parameters)	Refer to chapter A.1.3	+USMTP, +USMTPM, +USMTPC, +USMTPER
10	Wrong HTTP API usage (e.g. missing/null parameters)	Refer to chapter A.1.2	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC, +UHTTPER
11	Syntax error in high layer Protocol (wrong/missing/corrupted data)		+UFTPC, +UFTPER, +UHTTPC, +UHTTPER, +USMTPC, +USMTPER
12	Unspecified error	0	All

A.1.1 FTP class error codes

The following table lists the available values of <error_code> parameter of the last FTP operation provided through +UFTPER AT command if <error_class>=1 or 8 (for more details refer to the AT command description in chapter 24.5).

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
0	No error	+UFTPC, +UFTP
1	User missing	+UFTPC
2	Password missing	+UFTPC
3	Account missing	+UFTPC
4	Server missing	+UFTPC
5	Directory name missing	+UFTPC
6	File name missing	+UFTPC

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
7	Null parameter	+UFTPC, +UFTP
8	Unknown FTP command	+UFTPC, +UFTP
9	Unknown file action	+UFTPC
10	Wrong FTP state	+UFTPC
11	Wrong parameter	+UFTPC, +UFTP
12	PSD or CSD connection not established	+UFTPC
13	No memory available for allocation	+UFTPC, +UFTP
14	Reserved internal code	+UFTPC, +UFTP
15	Length of given web server (address or hostname) too long or too short	+UFTPC, +UFTP
16	Hostname of given web server invalid	+UFTPC, +UFTP
17	Address of given web server is invalid	+UFTPC, +UFTP
18	Username too long or too short	+UFTPC, +UFTP
19	Password too long or too short	+UFTPC, +UFTP
20	Account too long or too short	+UFTPC, +UFTP
21	Operation not allowed because FTP client is busy	+UFTPC
22	Not possible to connect to FTP server	+UFTPC
23	Error occurred in FTP request	+UFTPC
24	Reserved internal code	+UFTPC, +UFTP
25	FFS filename pointer is null or its length is 0	+UFTPC
26-30	Reserved internal code	+UFTPC, +UFTP
31	Timeout elapsed while performing requested operation	+UFTPC
32	Internal processing error	+UFTPC, +UFTP
33	Not logged in	+UFTPC
34	Login incorrect	+UFTPC
35	File unavailable (not found or no access)	+UFTPC
36	File not ready	+UFTPC
37	Filename not allowed	+UFTPC
38	Folder not found	+UFTPC
39	Folder no access	+UFTPC
40	Operation aborted by user	+UFTPC
41	Permission denied	+UFTPC
42	Cannot open FTP data channel	+UFTPC
43	Socket invalid parameter	+UFTPC
44	Invalid socket	+UFTPC
45	No socket available	+UFTPC
46	Cannot create socket	+UFTPC
47	Cannot bind socket to network interface	+UFTPC
48	Cannot resolve hostname	+UFTPC
49	Cannot connect socket	+UFTPC
50	Cannot get socket name	+UFTPC

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
51	Cannot bind socket to port	+UFTPC
52	Socket cannot listen	+UFTPC
53	Socket cannot accept	+UFTPC
54	Socket would block	+UFTPC
55	Socket cannot write	+UFTPC
56	Socket cannot read	+UFTPC
57	Reserved internal code	+UFTPC
58	No socket data to send	+UFTPC
59	Socket cannot get available data	+UFTPC
60	No socket data to read	+UFTPC
61	Socket no response code found	+UFTPC
62	Socket not connected	+UFTPC
63	Cannot set secure socket	+UFTPC
64	Socket cannot decode password	+UFTPC
65	Socket cannot get size	+UFTPC
66	FFS Invalid parameter	+UFTPC
67	FFS invalid handle	+UFTPC
68	FFS cannot open file	+UFTPC
69	FFS cannot seek file	+UFTPC
70	FFS cannot get file size	+UFTPC
71	FFS cannot read	+UFTPC
226	Closing data connection; requested file action successful (for example, file transfer or file abort)	+UFTPC
250	Requested file action okay, completed	+UFTPC
350	Requested file action pending further information	+UFTPC
421	Service not available, closing control connection. User limit reached You are not authorized to make the connection Max connections reached Max connections exceeded	+UFTPC
425	Cannot open data connection.	+UFTPC
426	Connection closed; transfer aborted. The command opens a data connection to perform an action, but that action is canceled, and the data connection is closed.	+UFTPC
450	Requested file action not taken. File unavailable (e.g., file busy).	+UFTPC
451	Requested action aborted: local error in processing.	+UFTPC
452	Requested action not taken. Insufficient storage space in system.	+UFTPC
500	Syntax error, command unrecognized, command line too long.	+UFTPC
501	Syntax error in parameters or arguments.	+UFTPC
502	Command not implemented.	+UFTPC
503	Bad sequence of commands.	+UFTPC
504	Command not implemented for that parameter.	+UFTPC

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
530	User not logged in.	+UFTPC
532	Need account for storing files.	+UFTPC
550	Requested action not taken. File unavailable, not found, not accessible	+UFTPC
552	Requested file action aborted. Exceeded storage allocation.	+UFTPC
553	Requested action not taken. File name not allowed.	+UFTPC

A.1.2 HTTP class error codes

The following table lists the available values of <error_code> parameter of the last HTTP operation provided through +HTTPER AT command if <error_class>=2 or 9 (for more details refer to the AT command description in chapter 25.4).

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
0	No error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
1	Invalid profile ID	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
2	Invalid input	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
3	Server hostname too long	+UHTTP
4	Invalid server hostname	+UHTTP
5	Invalid server IP address	+UHTTP
6	Invalid authorization method	+UHTTP
7	Server missing	+UHTTPC
8	Username length exceeded	+UHTTP
9	Password length exceeded	+UHTTP
10	Internal error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
11	Server connection error	+UHTTPC
12	Error occurred in HTTP request	+UHTTPC
13	Internal error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
14	Internal error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
15	Invalid POST data size	+UHTTPC
16	Empty FFS file name	+UHTTPC
17	Invalid FFS file length	+UHTTPC
18	Invalid content-type specified	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
19	Internal error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
20	Internal error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
21	Internal error	+UHTTP, +UHTTPC
22	PSD or CSD connection not established	+UHTTPC
23	Server or proxy hostname lookup failed	+UHTTPC
24	User authentication failed on server	+UHTTPC
25	User authentication failed on proxy	+UHTTPC
26	Connection timed out	+UHTTPC

A.1.3 SMTP class error codes

The following table lists the available values of <error_code> parameter of the last SMTP operation provided through +USMTPER AT command if <error_class>=3 or 10 (for more details refer to the AT command description in chapter 26.5).

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
0	No error	+USMTP, +USMTPM, +USMTPC
1	Server missing	+USMTPC
2	Sender address missing	+USMTPC
3	Receiver address missing	+USMTPC
4	Maximum number of receivers exceeded	+USMTPC
5	Maximum address length exceeded	+USMTPC
6	Internal error	+USMTPM, +USMTPC
7	Maximum subject length exceeded	+USMTPC
8	Maximum number of attachments exceeded	+USMTPC
9	Wrong SMTP state	+USMTPM, +USMTPC
10	Wrong parameter	+USMTPC
11	Internal error	+USMTP, +USMTPM, +USMTPC
12	PSD or CSD connection not established	+USMTPC

A.1.4 File System Class Error codes

The following table lists the available values of <error_code> parameter of the last FTP, HTTP or SMTP operation provided through +UFTPER, +UHTTPER +USMTPER AT commands if the <error_class> is 4 "Flash File System error class" (for more details refer to the AT command description in chapter 24.5, 25.4 and 26.5).

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
2	Operation performed with success	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
3	Initialization in progress	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
4	File already opened	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
5	File not opened	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
6	File not found	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
7	File already created	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
8	Illegal id	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
9	Illegal file handle	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
10	Illegal type	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
11	Illegal mode	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
12	File range error	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
13	The operation is not possible	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
14	Write error	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
15	User id error	+UHTTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
16	Internal fatal error	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
17	Memory resource error	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
18	Maximum number of files exceeded	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
19	Memory not available	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
20	Invalid filename	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
21	Streaming not enabled	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
22	Operation not allowed on static file	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
23	Memory table inconsistency	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
24	Not a factory default file	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
25	Requested memory temporary not available	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
26	Operation not allowed for a directory	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
27	Space in the directory space not available	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
28	Too many streaming files opened	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
29	Requested dynamic memory temporary not available	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC
30	The user provided a NULL parameter instead of a suitable buffer	+UHTTPC, +UFTPC, +USMTPC

A.2 Ping error codes

The following table lists the available values of <error_code> parameter of the last PING operation provided through +UUPINGER unsolicited indication.

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
0	Success (no error)	+UPING
1 – 6	Internal error (ping level)	+UPING
7	Empty remote host	+UPING
8	Cannot resolve host	+UPING
9	Unsupported IP version (RFU)	+UPING
10	Invalid IPv4 address	+UPING
11	Invalid IPv6 address (RFU)	+UPING
12	Remote host too long	+UPING
13	Invalid payload size	+UPING
14	Invalid TTL value	+UPING
15	Invalid timeout value	+UPING
16	Invalid retries number	+UPING
17	PSD or CSD connection not established	+UPING
100 – 105	Internal error (ICMP level)	+UPING
106	Error creating socket for ICMP	+UPING
107	Error settings socket options for ICMP	+UPING
108	Cannot end ICMP packet	+UPING
109	Read for ICMP packet failed	+UPING
110	Received unexpected ICMP packet	+UPING
111-115	Internal error (socket level)	+UPING

A.3 Internal TCP/UDP/IP stack class error codes

The following table lists all allowed error classes that can be provided by the internal TCP/UDP/IP stack through +USOER and +USOCTL (with param_id=1) AT commands (for more details refer to the AT command description in chapters 23.6 and 23.15).

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
0	No error	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
2	ENOENT - No such resource (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
4	EINTR - Interrupted system call (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
5	EIO - I/O error (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
9	EBADF - Bad file descriptor (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
10	ECHILD - No child processes (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
11	EWOULDBLOCK - Current operation would block, try again	+USOWR
12	ENOMEM - Out of memory (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
14	EFAULT - Bad address (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
22	EINVAL - Invalid argument	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
32	EPIPE - Broken pipe (internal error)	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
38	ENOSYS - Function not implemented	+USOSO, +USOGO
92	ENOPROTOPT - Protocol not available	+USOCR
98	EADDRINUSE - Address already in use	+USOLI
103	ECONNABORTED - Software caused connection abort	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
104	ECONNRESET - Connection reset by peer	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
105	ENOBUFS - No buffer space available	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
107	ENOTCONN - Transport endpoint is not connected	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
108	ESHUTDOWN - Cannot send after transport endpoint shutdown	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
110	ETIMEDOUT - Connection timed out	+USOCO, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF
113	EHOSTUNREACH - No route to host	+USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF
115	EINPROGRESS - Operation now in progress	+USOCR, +USOSO,+USOGO, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI
160	ENSRNODATA - DNS server returned answer with no data	+UDNSRN
161	ENSRFORMERR - DNS server claims query was misformatted	+UDNSRN
162	ENSRSERVFAIL - DNS server returned general failure	+UDNSRN
163	ENSRNOTFOUND - Domain name not found	+UDNSRN
164	ENSRNOTIMP - DNS server does not implement requested operation	+UDNSRN
165	ENSRREFUSED - DNS server refused query	+UDNSRN
166	ENSRBADQUERY - Misformatted DNS query	+UDNSRN
167	ENSRBADNAME - Misformatted domain name	+UDNSRN
168	ENSRBADFAMILY - Unsupported address family	+UDNSRN
169	ENSRBADRESP - Misformatted DNS reply	+UDNSRN
170	ENSRCONNREFUSED - Could not contact DNS servers	+UDNSRN
171	ENSRTIMEOUT - Timeout while contacting DNS servers	+UDNSRN
172	ENSROF - End of file	+UDNSRN
173	ENSRRFILE - Error reading file	+UDNSRN
174	ENSRNOMEM - Out of memory	+UDNSRN
175	ENSRDESTRUCTION - Application terminated lookup	+UDNSRN

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
176	ENSRQUERYDOMAINTOOLONG - Domain name is too long	+UDNSRN
177	ENSRCNAMELOOP - Domain name is too long	+UDNSRN

A.4 FOAT Error Messages

Refer to chapter 17.2 for +UFWUPD command description.

Response	Description
ERROR1	The operation has been interrupted and the actual FW is unchanged; the module drops out from Firmware Update Mode
ERROR2	The operation has been interrupted during FW updating; the actual firmware is corrupted and the module remains in Firmware Update Mode
ERROR3	The signature check fails
ERROR4	The module has received unexpected EOT because not all expected bytes have been received
ERROR5	The boot does not support the selected baudrate
ERROR6	Invalid AT command sent during boot
FLS header decoding failed	An error occurs during decoding of file header
Buffer Data Overrun	The buffers are not filled at least with a 1029 packet: data comes too slowly
Timeout	The command must be re-sent: no data is coming

A.5 FOTA Error codes

In case of an upgrade several entities are involved: the application that handles the SMS, the data connection, the HTTP download and the UA; all these facilities have their own errors and the report operation result combines them in this way. Refer to chapter 17.1 for +UFOTA command description.

16 bit Error type	16 bit Error code
----------------------	----------------------

The error type bits are mapped in this way:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
UA error								Data conn. error	SMS error			HTTP error			

The allowed error codes are listed in the following tables:

A.5.1 FOTA class - UA errors

Response	Description
invocation errors	
2	error in a run parameter
3	no valid UPI found
4	future use
update package errors	
11	expected length error

Response	Description
12	expected length error
13	structural error
14	signature error
15	foreign key not signed
16	not for current version
17	non-compatible UPI
18	update for UPI does not match its version
19	update for UPI does not match its version
resources errors	
30	given RAM is not enough
31	does not behave as RAM
32	new version is too big
33	flash writing failure
34	flash erasing failure
35	flash reading failure
36	memory allocation failure
final-stage errors	
40	cannot restore new
41	signature error of new
42	foreign key not signed
43	one API function is not declared recommended
File System update	
205	file does not exist
206	RO or no access rights
207	file does not exist
208	no access rights
209	cannot resize file
210	cannot read specified size
211	cannot close file handle
300	bad operation number for FS update
301	bad operation number for FW update
302	unsupported compression
303	Cannot apply reverse update for delta not generated as reverse delta
304	number of backup buffers given to UPI does not match number in delta file
305	Sector size mismatch between UPI and delta
306	UPI was not compiled to support reverse update
307	UPI was not compiled to support IFS on compressed images
308	UPI was not compiled to support IFS
309	Image verified is not source image
310	In scout only operation we should do only verify of image

Response	Description
311	There is not enough RAM to run with operation=2
312	Delta file too long - corrupted
313	Mismatch between deletes sig and delta deletes buffers signature
314	Number of fragments in section is not 1
315	Over all number of backup sects too big
316	Delta file is corrupt: signature mismatch between delta header signature and calculated signature
317	Source file size mismatch from file on device to delta file size
318	File signature does not match signature
319	Signature for the target buffer does not match the one stored in the delta file
320	Too many dirty buffers
321	UPI version mismatch between UPI and delta
322	Scout version mismatch between UPI and delta

A.5.2 FOTA class - Data Connection errors

Response	Description
1	Generic operation error
2	Network does not recognize a valid APN
3	Network does not recognize a valid userid or password
4	QoS parameters are inconsistent (i.e. minimum values greater than the required ones)
5	Network failure
6	The context is busy in some other operation
7	Cannot read or write on the flash for unknown reasons
8	Illegal MS
9	Illegal ME
10	GPRS services not allowed
11	PLMN not allowed
12	Location area not allowed
13	National roaming not allowed in this location area
14	Service option not supported
15	Requested service option not subscribed
16	Service option temporarily out of order
17	NS-API already used

A.5.3 FOTA class - SMS Errors

Response	Description
1	SMS URL too long
2	Invalid SMS URL, missing "http://"
3	Invalid SMS URL, missing file path

Response	Description
4	Wrong security check code
5	Delta firmware unavailable on FOTA server

A.5.4 FOTA class - HTTP errors

Response	Description
1	FTP Protocol error class
2	SMTP Protocol error class
3	HTTP Protocol error class
4	flash file system error class
5	DNS error class
6	socket error class
7	dynamic memory error
8	wrong FTP API usage (ex missing/null parameters)
9	wrong SMTP API usage (ex missing/null parameters)
10	wrong HTTP API usage (ex missing/null parameters)
11	syntax error in high layer Protocol (wrong/missing/corrupted data)
12	unspecified error

A.6 Mobile Termination error result codes +CME ERROR



The error codes from 1621 to 1649 are supported only by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series from LEON-G100-06x / LEON-G200-06x and subsequent versions.

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
0	Phone failure	undetermined
1	No connection to phone	
2	Phone-adaptor link reserved	
3	Operation not allowed	Refer to the footnote ⁶
4	Operation not supported	Refer to the footnote ⁶ , +CMER and +UCIND
5	PH-SIM PIN required	Refer to the footnote ⁶
10	SIM not inserted	Refer to the footnote ⁶
11	SIM PIN required	Refer to the footnote ⁶
12	SIM PUK required	Refer to the footnote ⁶
13	SIM failure	Refer to the footnote ⁶

⁶ +CACM, +CALA, +CALD,+CALM, +CAMM,+CAOC, +CBC,+CBST, +CCFC, +CCLK, +CCUG, +CCWA, +CCWE, +CEER, +CFUN, +CGACT, +CGATT, +CGCLASS, +CGDATA, +CGDCONT, +CGEREP, +CGMI, +CGMM, +CGMR, +CGPADDR, +CGQMIN, +CGQREQ, +CGREG, +CGSMS, +CGSN, +CHLD, +CHUP, +CIMI, +CIND, +CLAC, +CLCC, +CLCK, +CLIP, +CLIR, +CLVL, +CMEE, +CMOD, +CMUT, +CMUX, +CNUM, +COLP, +COPS, +CPAS, +CPBF, +CPBR, +CPBS, +CPBW, +CPIN, +CPOL, +CPUC, +CPWD, +CR, +CRC, +CREG, +CRLP, +CRSL, +CRSM, +CSCS, +CSGT, +CSNS, +CSQ, +CSSN, +CSTA, +CTFR, +CTZR, +CTZU

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
14	SIM busy	Refer to the footnote ⁶
15	SIM wrong	Refer to the footnote ⁶
16	Incorrect password	+CLCK, +CPWD, +CPIN, ATD*...#...
17	SIM PIN2 required	
18	SIM PUK2 required	
20	Memory full	+CPBW, +CPOL
21	Invalid index	+CPBR, +CPBW
22	Not found	+COPS, +CHLD, +CGATT, ATD*...#...
23	Memory failure	+CSAS, +CRES, +CSGT
24	Text string too long	+CPBW
25	Invalid characters in text string	ATD*...#...
26	Dial string too long	ATD, +CPBW
27	Invalid characters in dial string	ATD, +CPBW, ...
30	No network service	ATD, +COPS, +CLIR, ...
31	Network timeout	ATD
32	Network not allowed - emergency calls only	
40	Network personalisation PIN required	
41	Network personalisation PUK required	
42	Network subset personalisation PIN required	
43	Network subset personalisation PUK required	
44	Service provider personalisation PIN required	
45	Service provider personalisation PUK required	
46	Corporate personalisation PIN required	
47	Corporate personalisation PUK required	
50	Incorrect parameters	+CIND
100	Unknown	Commands with wrong syntax
103	Illegal MS	+CGATT, +COPS
106	Illegal ME	+CGATT, +COPS
107	GPRS services not allowed	+CGATT
108	GPRS and non GPRS services not allowed	+CGATT
111	PLMN not allowed	+CGATT, +COPS
112	Location area not allowed	+CGATT, +COPS
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area	+CGATT, +COPS
132	Service option not supported	+CGACT, or other non-GPRS commands
133	Requested service option not subscribed	+CGACT, or other non-GPRS commands
134	Service option temporarily out of order	+CGACT, or other non-GPRS commands
135	NS-api already used	
148	Unspecified GPRS error	all GPRS related commands
149	PDP authentication failure	+CGACT
150	Invalid mobile class	all GPRS related commands

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
156	User Busy	+UI2CO, +UI2CW, +UI2CREGR, +UI2CR, +UI2CC
254	Invalid error mapping	
255	Internal error	
701	Incorrect security code	
702	Max attempts reached	
1001	Unassigned (unallocated) number	
1003	No rout to destination	
1006	Channel unacceptable	
1008	Operator determined barring	
1016	Normal call clearing	
1017	User busy	
1018	No user responding	
1019	User alerting, no answer	
1021	Call rejected	
1022	Number changed	
1026	Non selected user clearing	
1027	Destination out of order	
1028	Invalid number format (incomplete number)	
1029	Facility rejected	
1030	Response to STATUS ENQUIRY	
1031	Normal, unspecified	
1034	No circuit/channel available	
1038	Network out of order	+COPS, +CGATT
1041	Temporary failure	+COPS, +CGATT
1042	Switching equipment congestion	+COPS, +CGATT
1043	Access information discarded	
1044	requested circuit/channel not available	
1047	Resources unavailable, unspecified	
1049	Quality of service unavailable	
1050	Requested facility not subscribed	
1055	Incoming calls barred within the CUG	
1057	Bearer capability not authorized	
1058	Bearer capability not presently available	
1063	Service or option not available, unspecified	
1065	Bearer service not implemented	
1068	ACM equal to or greater than ACMmax	
1069	Requested facility not implemented	
1070	Only restricted digital information bearer capability is available	
1079	Service or option not implemented, unspecified	
1081	Invalid transaction identifier value	

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
1087	User not member of CUG	
1088	Incompatible destination	
1091	Invalid transit network selection	
1095	Semantically incorrect message	
1096	Invalid mandatory information	
1097	Message type non-existent or not implemented	
1098	Message type not compatible with protocol state	
1099	Information element non-existent or not implemented	
1100	Conditional IE error	
1101	Message not compatible with protocol state	
1102	Recovery on timer expiry	
1111	Protocol error, unspecified	
1127	Interworking, unspecified	
1279	Number not allowed	
1283	CCBS possible	
1500	Wrong GPIO identifier	+UGPIOC, +UGPIOR, +UGPIOW
1501	Set GPIO default error	+UGPIOC
1502	Select GPIO mode error	+UGPIOC
1503	Read GPIO error	+UGPIOR
1504	Write GPIO error	+UGPIOW
1520	Wrong ADC identifier	+UADC
1521	Read ADC error	+UADC
1540	Wrong ringer identifier	+URNG
1550	GPRS generic operation error	+UPSD, +UPSDA
1551	GPRS invalid APN	+UPSDA
1552	GPRS authentication failure	+UPSDA
1553	GPRS QoS parameters inconsistent	+UPSD
1554	GPRS network failure	+UPSDA, +CGATT, +CGACT
1555	GPRS context busy	+UPSD, +UPSDA
1556	CSD generic operation error	+UCSD, +UCSDA, +UCSND
1557	CSD undefined profile	+UCSDA
1558	CSD context busy	+UCSD, +UCSDA
1600	FFS error	
1612	File not found	+UPLAYFILE, +UDELFILE
1620	Buffer full	+USOWR +USOST
1621	FFS initializing	+UDWNFILE
1622	FFS already open file	+UDWNFILE
1623	FFS not open file	+UDWNFILE
1624	FFS file not found	+UDWNFILE
1625	FFS file already created	+UDWNFILE

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
1626	FFS illegal id	+UDWNFILE
1627	FFS illegal file handle	+UDWNFILE
1628	FFS illegal type	+UDWNFILE
1629	FFS illegal mode	+UDWNFILE
1630	FFS file range	+UDWNFILE
1631	FFS operation not possible	+UDWNFILE
1632	FFS write error	+UDWNFILE
1633	FFS user id error	+UDWNFILE
1634	FFS internal fatal error	+UDWNFILE
1635	FFS memory resource error	+UDWNFILE
1636	FFS maximum number of files exceeded	+UDWNFILE
1637	FFS memory not available	+UDWNFILE
1638	FFS invalid filename	+UDWNFILE
1639	FFS streaming not enabled	+UDWNFILE
1640	FFS operation not allowed on static file	+UDWNFILE
1641	FFS memory table inconsistency	+UDWNFILE
1642	FFS not a factory default file	+UDWNFILE
1643	FFS requested memory temporary not available	+UDWNFILE
1644	FFS operation not allowed for a directory	+UDWNFILE
1645	FFS directory space not available	+UDWNFILE
1646	FFS too many streaming files open	+UDWNFILE
1647	FFS requested dynamic memory temporary not available	+UDWNFILE
1648	FFS user provided a NULL parameter instead of a suitable buffer	+UDWNFILE
1649	FFS timeout	+UDWNFILE
1650	Command line too long	All commands
1660	Call barred - Fixed dialing numbers only	D
1700	GPS GPIO not configured	+UGPS
1701	GPS GPIO ownership error	+UGPS
1702	Invalid operation with GPS ON	+UGPRF, +ULOC
1703	Invalid operation with GPS OFF	+UGPS, +UGTMR, +UGAOS, +UGUBX
1704	Invalid GPS aiding mode	+UGPS, +UGAOS
1705	Reserved GPS aiding mode	+UGPS
1706	GPS aiding mode already set	+UGPS
1707	Invalid GPS trace mode	+UGPRF
1708	Parameter valid only in case of GPS OTA	+UGPRF
1709	GPS trace invalid server	+UGPRF
1710	Invalid TimeZone	+UGTMR
1711	Invalid value	+UGZDA, +UGGGA, +UGGLL, +UGGSV, +UGRMC, +UGVTG, +UGGSA
1712	Invalid parameter	+UGAOF, +UGAOP

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
1713	Invalid operation with LOC running / GPS Busy	+UGPS
1800	No ongoing call	+UIBMDATA
1801	IBM busy / eCall already armed/active	+UIBMDATA, +UECALLDATA
1802	IBM feature off / eCall feature off	+UIBMDATA, +UECALLDATA, +UECALLVOICE
1803	Wrong IBM requested	(RFU)
1804	Audio resource not available	+UIBMDATA, +UECALLDATA
1900	No SAP Server Connection	+USAPMODE
1901	SAP Protocol Error	+USAPMODE
1902	SAP Connection failure	+USAPMODE
1903	SAP Server Disconnection	+USAPMODE

A.7 Message service failure result codes +CMS ERROR

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
1	Unassigned (unallocated) number	
5	Delta firmware unavailable on FOTA server	
8	Operator determined barring	
10	Call barred	
17	Network failure	
21	Short message transfer rejected	
22	Memory capacity exceeded	
27	Destination out of service	
28	Unidentified subscriber	
29	Facility rejected	
30	Unknown Subscriber	
38	Network out of order	
41	Temporary failure	
42	Congestion	
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified	
50	Requested facility not subscribed	
69	Requested facility not implemented	
81	Invalid short message reference value	
95	Invalid message, unspecified	
96	invalid mandatory information	
97	Message type non-existent or not implemented	
98	Message not compatible with short message protocol state	
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented	
111	Protocol error, unspecified	
127	Interworking, unspecified	
128	Telematic interworking not supported	
129	Short message type 0 not supported	
130	Cannot replace short message	
143	Unspecified TP-PID error	
144	Data coding scheme (alphabet) not supported	
145	Message class not supported	
159	Unspecified TP-DCS error	
160	Command cannot be actioned	
161	Command unsupported	
175	Unspecified TP-Command error	
176	TPDU not supported	
192	SC busy	
193	No SC subscription	

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
194	SC system failure	
195	Invalid SME address	
196	Destination SME barred	
197	SM Rejected-Duplicate SM	
198	TP-VPF not supported	
199	TP-VP not supported	
208	SIM SMS storage full	
209	No SMS storage capability in SIM	
210	Error in MS	
211	Memory Capacity Exceeded	
212	SIM Application Toolkit Busy	
213	SIM data download error	
300	ME failure	
301	SMS service of ME reserved	+CSMS
302	Operation not allowed	all SMS commands
303	operation not supported	all SMS commands
305	Invalid Text mode parameter	
310	SIM not inserted	all SMS commands
311	SIM PIN necessary	all SMS commands
312	PH-SIM PIN necessary	all SMS commands
313	SIM failure	all SMS commands
314	SIM busy	all SMS commands
315	SIM wrong	all SMS commands, +COPS
320	memory failure	+CMGR, +UCMGP
321	invalid memory index	+CMGR, +CMGL, +UCMGR, +CMGD, +UCMGP
322	memory full	
330	SMSC address unknown	
331	no network service	
332	network timeout	+CNMA
500	unknown error	commands with wrong syntax
516	MS invalid TP-Message-Type-Indicator	
517	MS no TP-Status-Report in Phase 1	
518	MS no TP-Reject-Duplicate in phase 1	
519	MS no TP-Replay-Path in Phase 1	
520	MS no TP-User-Data-Header in Phase 1	
521	MS missing TP-Validity-Period	
522	MS invalid TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp	
523	MS missing TP-Destination- Address	
524	MS invalid TP-Destination-Address	
525	MS missing Service-Centre-Address	

<err>	Meaning	Resulting from the following commands
526	MS invalid Service-Centre-Address	
527	MS invalid alphabet	
528	MS invalid TP-User-Data-length	
529	MS missing TP-User-Data	
530	MS TP-User-Data to long	
531	MS no Command-Request in Phase 1	
532	MS Cmd-Req invalid TP-Destination-Address	
533	MS Cmd-Req invalid TP-User-Data-Length	
534	MS Cmd-Req invalid TP-User-Data	
535	MS Cmd-Req invalid TP-Command-Type	
536	MN MNR creation failed	
537	MS CMM creation failed	
538	MS network connection lost	
539	MS pending MO SM transfer	
540	RP-Error OK	
541	RP-Error OK no icon display	
542	SMS-PP Unspecified	
543	SMS rejected By SMS CONTROL	

A.8 +CEER error codes

In the following table is provided the list of supported values for <cause> (Number) and <error_description> (String) for +CEER AT command if <type> assumes one of these values:

- "CC setup error"
- "CC modification error"
- "CC release"
- "SM attach error"
- "SM detach"
- "SM activation error"
- "SM deactivation"

In the last column "LISA" and "LEON" icons are reported to indicate the applicability of the <cause> / <error_description> to LISA-U1 series or to LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series.

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products
0	No cause information available	
1	Unassigned (unallocated) number	 
3	No route to destination	 
6	Channel unacceptable	 

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products	
8	Operator determined barring	LISA	LEON
16	Normal call clearing	LISA	LEON
17	User busy	LISA	LEON
18	No user responding	LISA	LEON
19	User alerting, no answer	LISA	LEON
21	Call rejected	LISA	LEON
22	Number changed	LISA	LEON
26	Non selected user clearing	LISA	LEON
27	Destination out of order	LISA	LEON
28	Invalid number format (incomplete number)	LISA	LEON
29	Facility rejected	LISA	LEON
30	Response to STATUS ENQUIRY	LISA	LEON
31	Normal, unspecified	LISA	LEON
34	No circuit/channel available	LISA	LEON
38	Network out of order	LISA	LEON
41	Temporary failure	LISA	LEON
42	Switching equipment congestion	LISA	LEON
43	Access information discarded	LISA	LEON
44	Requested circuit/channel not available	LISA	LEON
47	Resources unavailable, unspecified	LISA	LEON
49	Quality of service unavailable	LISA	LEON
50	Requested facility not subscribed	LISA	LEON
55	Incoming calls barred within the CUG	LISA	LEON
57	Bearer capability not authorized	LISA	LEON

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products	
58	Bearer capability not presently available	LISA	LEON
63	Service or option not available, unspecified	LISA	LEON
65	Bearer service not implemented	LISA	LEON
68	ACM equal to or greater than ACMmax	LISA	LEON
69	Requested facility not implemented	LISA	LEON
70	Only restr. digital information bearer capability	LISA	LEON
79	Service or option not implemented, unspecified	LISA	LEON
81	Invalid transaction identifier value	LISA	LEON
87	User not member of CUG	LISA	LEON
88	Incompatible destination	LISA	LEON
91	Invalid transit network selection	LISA	LEON
95	Semantically incorrect message	LISA	LEON
96	Invalid mandatory information	LISA	LEON
97	Message type non-existent or not implemented	LISA	LEON
98	Message type not compatible with protocol state	LISA	LEON
99	Information element non-existent or not implemented	LISA	LEON
100	Conditional IE error	LISA	LEON
101	Message not compatible with protocol state	LISA	LEON
102	Recovery on timer expiry	LISA	LEON
103	Illegal MS	LISA	
106	Illegal ME	LISA	
107	GPRS service not allowed	LISA	
112	Location area not allowed	LISA	
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area	LISA	

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products	
132	Service not supported	LISA	
133	Service not subscribed	LISA	
134	Service option temporarily out of order	LISA	
148	Unspecified GPRS error	LISA	
149	PDP authentication error	LISA	
111	Protocol error, unspecified	LISA	LEON
127	Interworking, unspecified	LISA	LEON
256	Internal, unspecified	LISA	
257	Out of memory	LISA	
258	Invalid parameters	LISA	
259	Data call active	LISA	
260	Speech call active	LISA	
262	Missing ACM information	LISA	
263	Temporary forbidden	LISA	
264	Called party is blacklisted	LISA	
265	Blacklist is full	LISA	
266	No service	LISA	
267	Limited service	LISA	
268	Client conflict	LISA	
269	Dual service call active	LISA	
271	Unknown SIM error	LISA	
274	Active Client is Gone	LISA	
277	SIM status failure	LISA	
278	Rejected by call control	LISA	

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products
279	FDN failed	LISA
280	BDN failed	LISA
283	CCBS possible	LISA
285	LND overflow	LISA
287	MM network failure unspecified	LISA
288	MM no service	LISA
289	MM access class barred	LISA
290	MM RR no resource	LISA
291	MM ME busy	LISA
292	MM unspecified	LISA
301	MMI not registered	LISA
303	Rejected by user	LISA
304	Rejected due to time out	LISA
306	Disconnected due to SIM-Toolkit call setup	LISA
307	Pending SIM-Toolkit call setup	LISA
310	SIM reset	LISA
340	MM sapi3 release	LISA
341	MM lower layer failure	LISA
342	MM authentication failure	LISA
343	MM PS reject	LISA
344	MM service rejected	LISA
345	MM abort by network	LISA
346	MM timeout	LISA
347	MM detach	LISA

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products
348	MM RR connection release	LISA
349	MM not registered	LISA
350	MM reestablishment failure	LISA
351	Failure due to handover	LISA
352	Link establishment failure	LISA
353	Random access failure	LISA
354	Radio link aborted	LISA
355	Lower layer failure in Layer 1	LISA
356	Immediate Assignment Reject	LISA
357	Failure due to paging	LISA
358	Abnormal release unspecified	LISA
359	Abnormal release channel unacceptable	LISA
360	Abnormal release timer expired	LISA
361	Abnormal release no act on radio path	LISA
362	Preemptive release	LISA
363	UTRAN configuration unknown	LISA
364	Handover impossible	LISA
365	Channel mode unacceptable	LISA
366	Frequency not implemented	LISA
367	Originator leaving call group area	LISA
368	Lower layer failure from network	LISA
369	Call already cleared	LISA
370	Semantically incorrect message	LISA
371	Invalid mandatory info	LISA

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products
372	Message type non existing	LISA
373	Message type incompatible in state	LISA
374	Conditional information element error	LISA
375	No cell allocation available	LISA
376	Protocol error unspecified	LISA
377	Normal event	LISA
378	Unspecified	LISA
379	Preemptive release	LISA
380	Congestion	LISA
381	RE establishment reject	LISA
382	Directed sig conn establishment	LISA
383	User inactivity	LISA
384	Lower layer failure downlink	LISA
385	Lower layer failure uplink	LISA
386	Cell barred due to authentication failure	LISA
387	signalling connection release	LISA
388	CS connection release triggered by MM	LISA
389	RRC connection establishment failure	LISA
390	RRC connection establishment reject with redirection	LISA
391	resource conflict	LISA
392	Layer 2 sequence error	LISA
393	Layer 2 T200 exp N200 plus 1 times	LISA
394	Layer 2 unsolicited DM resp MFES	LISA
395	Layer 2 contention resolution	LISA

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products
396	Layer 2 normal cause	LISA
397	RR connection release due to BAND change (2G)	LISA
400	MM RR connection error while release	LISA
	Outgoing calls barred within CUG	LEON
	No CUG selected	LEON
	Unknown CUG index	LEON
	CUG index incompatible with requested basic service	LEON
	CUG call failure, unspecified	LEON
	CLIR not subscribed	LEON
	CCBS possible	LEON
	CCBS not possible	LEON
	Normal, unspecified	LEON
	Resources unavailable, unspecified	LEON
	Service or option not available, unspecified	LEON
	Service or option not implemented, unspecified	LEON
	Semantically incorrect message	LEON
	Protocol error, unspecified	LEON
	Interworking, unspecified	LEON
	Unknown	LEON
	normal	LEON
	alternate call unsuccessful modify	LEON
	mobile originated unsuccessful call setup	LEON
	mobile terminated unsuccessful call setup	LEON
	unsuccessful in-call-modification	LEON

<cause>	<error_description>	Resulting from the following products
	normal user request	LEON
	last call release	LEON
	last data call release	LEON
	unsuccessful GPRS attach	LEON
	GPRS detach	LEON
	unsuccessful PDP context activation	LEON
	PDP context deactivation	LEON

B AT Commands List

Legend:

- PRF : the parameters of the command can be saved in the profiles stored internally in the non volatile memory
- SIM : the command needs of the SIM module to work correctly
- PIN : the command needs of the PIN insertion to work correctly
- NVM : the parameter of the command can be stored in the non volatile memory of the module
- ABT : the command is abortable if a character is sent to DCE during the command execution

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
&A	•	•							
&B	•	•							
&C	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
&D	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
&E	•	•							
&F	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
&H	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
&I	•	•							
&K	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
&M	•	•							
&R	•	•							
&S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
&V	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
&W	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
&Y	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
\Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+CACM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM
+CALA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM PIN
+CALD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM PIN

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature	
+CALM	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	NVM	
+CAMP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM	
+CAOC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CBC		•								
+CBST	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF	
+CCFC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CCID	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM	
+CCLK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM	
+CCUG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CCWA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CCWE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CEER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CFUN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGACT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CGATT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CGCLASS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CGCMOD			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGDATA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CGDCONT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM	PIN
									(*) NVM saving is not available for LEON	
+CGDSCONT			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGED	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGEQMIN			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGEQNEG			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGEQREQ			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGEREP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CGMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGMM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature	
+CGMR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGPADDR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CGQMIN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CGQREQ	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CGREG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGSMS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM	PIN
+CGSN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CGTFT			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CHLD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CHUP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CIMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CIND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CLAC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CLAN			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CLCC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CLCK	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CLIP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CLIR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CLVL	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	NVM	
+CMEE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CMER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CMGD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CMGF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	PRF
+CMGL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CMGR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CMGS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CMGW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature	
+CMMS			•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CMOD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CMSS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CMUT	•	•		•	•	•	•	•		
+CMUX	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CNAP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+CNMA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CNMI	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	PRF
+CNUM	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+COLP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+COLR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	ABT
+COPN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+COPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF	ABT
+CPAS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CPBF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CPBR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CPBS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CPBW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CPIN	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM	
+CPLS			•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CPMS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM	PIN
+CPOL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN	
+CPUC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CPWD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	ABT	
+CPWROFF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
+CR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF	

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature	
+CRC	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PRF	
+CREG	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CRES	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CRLP	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PRF	
+CRSL	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	NVM	
+CRSM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CSAS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	PIN
+CSCA	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	PIN
+CSCB	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	PIN
+CSCS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CSDH	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CSGT	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	
+CSIM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CSMP	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	PIN
+CSMS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CSNS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CSQ	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CSSN	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CSTA	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CSVM			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+CTFR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CTZR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+CTZU	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	NVM ⁷
+CUSD	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	ABT

⁷ On LEON-G100 series (except for LEON-G100-07x and previous versions)

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+CUUS1	•	•							PIN
+FAA	•	•							PIN
+FAP	•	•							PIN
+FBO	•	•							PIN
+FBS	•	•							PIN
+FBU	•	•							PIN
+FCC	•	•							PIN
+FCLASS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+FCQ	•	•							PIN
+FCR	•	•							PIN
+FCS	•	•							PIN
+FCT	•	•							PIN
+FDR	•	•							PIN
+FDT	•	•							PIN
+FEA	•	•							PIN
+FFC	•	•							PIN
+FFD	•	•							PIN
+FHS	•	•							PIN
+FIE	•	•							PIN
+FIP	•	•							PIN
+FIS	•	•							PIN
+FIT	•	•							PIN
+FKS	•	•							PIN

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+FLI	●	●							PIN
+FLO	●	●							PIN
+FLP	●	●							PIN
+FMI	●	●							
+FMM	●	●							
+FMR	●	●							
+FMS	●	●							PIN
+FND	●	●							PIN
+FNR	●	●							PIN
+FNS	●	●							PIN
+FPA	●	●							PIN
+FPI	●	●							PIN
+FPP	●	●							PIN
+FPS	●	●							PIN
+FPW	●	●							PIN
+FRQ	●	●							PIN
+FRY	●	●							PIN
+FSA	●	●							PIN
+FSP	●	●							PIN
+GCAP	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+GMI	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+GMM	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+GMR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+GSN	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+ICF	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PRF
+IFC	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PRF

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature	
+IPR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PRF	
+PACSP			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+SATD			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+SATE			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+SATR			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+STKCTRLIND			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+STKENV	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+STKPRO	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+STKPROF	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+STKTR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+UADC	●									
+UANTR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+UBANDSEL	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	
+UCALLSTAT	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●		
+UCD	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	
+UCEER			●	●						
+UCELLINFO			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+UCELLLOCK	●									
+UCGCLASS			●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	
+UCGOPS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN	ABT
+UCIND			●	●	●	●	●	●		
+UCLASS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	NVM	
+UCMGL	●	●							PIN	
+UCMGR	●	●							PIN	
+UCMGP					●	●	●	●	PIN	
+UCMGS	●	●							PIN	ABT
+UCMGW	●	●							PIN	ABT

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+UCSD	●	●							NVM
+UCSDA	●	●							NVM
+UCSND	●	●							
+UCSP			●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDATACHAN NEL			●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDBF	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	PRF
+UDCONF=0	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=1	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=2			●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=3			●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=4					●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=20	●	●			●	●	●	●	NVM
+UDCONF=30					●	●	●	●	NVM
+UDCONF=31					●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=32					●	●	●	●	NVM
+UDCONF=40					●	●	●	●	
+UDCONF=50					●	●	●	●	
+UDELFILE	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDNSRN	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UDOPN	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN
+UDTMF				●	●	●	●	●	NVM
+UDTMFD	●								
+UDWNFILE	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UECALLDATA	●								
+UECALLSTAT	●			●					NVM
+UECALLTYPE	●			●					
+UECALLVOICE	●								
+UEONS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PIN ABT
+UEXTDCONF					●	●	●	●	NVM

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+UFOTA		•							NVM
+UFRW	•	•							
+UFTP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UFTPC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UFTPER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UFWUPD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGAOF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGAOP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGAOS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGCNTRD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN
+UGCNTSET	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN
+UGGGA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGLL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGGSA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGGSV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGIND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGPIOC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGPIOR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGPIOW	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGPRF	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGRMC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGTMR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGUBX	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UGVTG	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UGZDA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UHFP	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	PRF
+UHOMEZR			•	•	•	•	•	•	

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+UHSDUPA			•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UHTTP	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UHTTPC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UHTTPER	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UI2CC					•	•	•	•	
+UI2CO					•	•	•	•	
+UI2CR					•	•	•	•	
+UI2CREGR					•	•	•	•	
+UI2CW					•	•	•	•	
+UIBMDATA	•			•					
+UIBMSTAT	•			•					
+UI2S	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+ULOC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+ULOCCELL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+ULOGGNSS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+ULSTFILE	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UMCLK					•	•	•	•	NVM
+UMGC	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	PRF
+UMSM	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	
+UMWI					•	•	•	•	
+UPAR	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	
+UPINCNT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM
+UPING	•	•			•	•	•	•	
+UPLAYFILE	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	
+UPROGRESS			•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UPSD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM
+UPSDA	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM, ABT
+UPSND	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UPSV	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
+URAT			•	•	•	•	•	•	NVM

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+URDBLOCK	●	●							
+URDFILE	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UREG			●	●	●	●	●	●	
+URNG	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	NVM
+URXDIV						●			NVM
+USAPMODE					●	●	●	●	
+USAPIND					●	●	●	●	
+USAR	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	
+USGC	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	PRF
+USIMLCK	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USMTP	●	●							
+USMTPC	●	●							
+USMTPER	●	●							
+USMTPM	●	●							
+USOCL	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOCO	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOCR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOCTL	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USODL	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOER	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOGO	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOLI	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USORD	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USORF	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOSO	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOST	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USOWR	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+USPM	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	NVM
+USTN	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	PRF
+USTOPFILE	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	
+USTS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	PRF
+UTEST	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	
+UTGN	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
+UUBF	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	PRF
+UUICC			•	•	•	•	•	•	
+UVTS				•	•	•	•	•	
+VTD	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	
+VTS	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	PIN, ABT
+WS46			•	•	•	•	•	•	
A	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
A/	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
D	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN
DL	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	SIM, ABT
E	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
H	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
I	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
L	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
M	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
O	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PIN
P	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Q	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S10	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
S12	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
S2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
S7	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
S8	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
T	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

AT command	LEON-G100	LEON-G200	LISA-U100 / LISA-U110	LISA-U120 / LISA-U130	LISA-U200	LISA-U230	LISA-U260	LISA-U270	Supported Feature
V	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
X	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	PRF
Z	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	

B.1 Parameters stored in profiles

Some parameter settings can be stored in the NVRAM profiles available in the memory module. To store, partially display, activate and de-activate these profiles, refer to AT&W (chapter 14.7), AT&V (chapter 14.8), AT&Y (chapter 14.9) command description.



Not all parameter settings are displayed through with AT&V command.



Some AT commands have a unique configuration for all AT interfaces while for other AT commands it is possible to set a different configuration for each AT interface: the "AT interface configuration sharing" column in the next table provides this information

The following table lists the AT commands that can be stored in the profiles with their parameters as well as the factory-programmed values.

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
&C	DCD Status	No	1	DCD enabled
&D	DTR Status	No	1	DTR enabled
&K	Flow control status	No	3	RTS/CTS DTE flow control enabled
&S	DSR override	No	1	DSR line set to OFF
+CBST	Bearer service type (speed/ name/ connection element)	Yes	7,0,1	standard configuration for bearer service parameters: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • speed: 9600 b/s • name: data circuit asynchronous • connection element: non-transparent
+CMGF	Preferred message format	Yes	0	Format of messages in PDU mode
+CNMI	New message indication	Yes	1,0,0,0,0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • discard indication and reject new received message URCs when MT-DTE link is reserved • No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE • No CBM indications to the DTE • No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the DTE
+COPS	Operator selection	Yes	0, 0, FFFF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Autoregistration enabled (<mode>: 0) • Operator expressed in long alphanumeric format (<format>: 0) • PLMN to register when COPS=1 (FFFF: undefined)
+CR	Reporting control status	No	0	Reporting disabled
+CRC	Cellular result code status	No	0	Extended format disabled
+CRLP	Radio Link protocol settings	Yes	61,61,48,6	Standard configuration for radio link protocol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IWF to MT window size: 61 • MT to IWF window size: 61 • acknowledgement timer: 48 • retransmission attempts: 6
+ICF	DTE-DCE character framing	No	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series 0,0	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Framing format autodetected

⁸ The default value is a factory setting

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
			On (LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series 3,1	On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Framing format: 8 data 1 stop, no parity
+IFC	DTE-DCE local flow control	No	2,2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <DCE_by_DTE> on circuit 106 (CTS) <DTE_by_DCE> on circuit 105 (RTS)
+IPR	Baud rate	No	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 On LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 115200 On LISA-U2 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autobauding enabled On LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 115200 b/s On LISA-U2 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autobauding enabled
+UDBF	Downlink Biquad Digital Filters	Yes	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: Filter1: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 Filter2: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 Path 1: Filter1: -29322, -29141, 29322, 26240, 29322 Filter2: 29322, 29141, 29322, 26240, 29322 Path 3: Filter1: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 Filter2: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 Path 4: Filter1: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 Filter2: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 On LISA series, for all paths, all filters are set to: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:-29322, b1:-29141, a2:29322, b2:26240, a0:29322 Filter2: a1:29322, b1:29141, a2:29322, b2:26240, a0:29322 Path 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 On LISA series, for all paths, all filters are set to: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
+UHFP	Hand Free Parameters	Yes	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: 0x01fd, 0x016e, 2200, 250, 3, 5, 150, 0, 0, 500, 4096, 16384, 16384 Path 1: 0x01fd, 0x016e, 2200, 250, 3, 5, 150, 0, 0, 500, 4096, 16384, 16384 Path 2: 0x01fd, 0x016e, 2200, 250, 8, 5, 150, 0, 0, 500, 4096, 16384, 16384 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Paths 0, 1, 2: 0x01fd, NA,NA,NA,NA,NA,NA, 0, 0, 500, 8192, 7500, 7500, 2,100,100,100,60,60,60 Path 4: 0x01fd, NA,NA,NA,NA,NA,NA, 50, 100, 500, 8192, 7500, 7500, 2,220,220,220,60,60,60	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:0x016e, Step_Width:2200, LMS_Length:250, LMS_Offset:3, Block_Length:5, RXTX_Relation:150, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:4096, NR_u_fak_0:16384, NR_u_fak:16384 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:0x016e, Step_Width:2200, LMS_Length:250, LMS_Offset:3, Block_Length:5, RXTX_Relation:150, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:4096, NR_u_fak_0:16384, NR_u_fak:16384 Path 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:0x016e, Step_Width:2200, LMS_Length:250, LMS_Offset:8, Block_Length:5, RXTX_Relation:150, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:4096, NR_u_fak_0:16384, NR_u_fak:16384 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Paths 0, 1, 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:Not Available, Step_Width:Not Available, LMS_Length:Not Available, LMS_Offset:Not Available, Block_Length:Not Available, RXTX_Relation:Not Available, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:8192, NR_u_fak_0:7500, NR_u_fak:7500, EC_block_length:2, EC_nr_coeff_real:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex1:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex2:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex3:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex4:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex5:60 Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HF_algorithm_init:0x01fd, HF_Algorithm_Restart:Not Available, Step_Width:Not Available, LMS_Length:Not Available, LMS_Offset:Not Available, Block_Length:Not Available, RXTX_Relation:Not Available, Add_Atten:50, Min_Atten:100, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:8192, NR_u_fak_0:7500, NR_u_fak:7500, EC_block_length:2, EC_nr_coeff_real:220, EC_nr_coeff_complex1:220, EC_nr_coeff_complex2:220, EC_nr_coeff_complex3:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex4:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex5:60

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
			On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to: 0x0124, NA,NA,NA,NA,NA,NA, 0, 0, 500, 8192, 7500, 7500, 2,100,100,100,60,60,60	On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HF_algorithm_init: 0x0124, HF_Algorithm_Restart:Not Available, Step_Width:Not Available, LMS_Length:Not Available, LMS_Offset:Not Available, Block_Length:Not Available, RXTX_Relation:Not Available, Add_Atten:0, Min_Atten:0, Max_Atten:500, NR_sw_2:8192, NR_u_fak_0:7500, NR_u_fak:7500, EC_block_length:2, EC_nr_coeff_real:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex1:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex2:100, EC_nr_coeff_complex3:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex4:60, EC_nr_coeff_complex5:60
+UMGC	Microphone Gain Control	Yes	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: 10,9384 Path 1: 12,8192 Path 2: 6,8192 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Path 0:12,8192 Path 1:12,8192 Path 2:6,8192 Path 4:13,8192 On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to: NA,8192	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:10, Digital gain: 9384 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:12, Digital gain: 8192 Path 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:6, Digital gain: 8192 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:12, Digital gain: 8192 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:12, Digital gain: 8192 Path 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:6, Digital gain: 8192 Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain:13, Digital gain: 8192 On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analog gain: NA, Digital gain: 8192
+UPSV	Power Saving (mode, timeout)	Yes	0	Power saving disabled

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
+USGC	Speaker Gain Control	Yes	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: 6, 1, 8192, 16384, 8192 Path 1: 6, 0, 8192, 16384, 10240 Path 3: 0, 6, 8192, 16384, 8191 Path 4: 6, 6, 8192, 16384, 8191 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Path 0: NA,0,8192,16384,NA Path 1: NA,1,8192,16384,NA Path 3: NA,0,8192,16384,NA Path 4: NA,3,8192,16384,NA On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to: NA,NA,8192,16384,NA	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: 6, Headset gain: 1, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: 8192 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain:6, Headset gain:0, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain:10240 Path 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: 0, Headset gain: 6, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain:16384, Speech gain: 8191 Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: 6, Headset gain: 6, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: 8191 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: Not Available, Headset gain: 0, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: Not Available Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: Not Available, Headset gain:1, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: Not Available Path 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: Not Available, Headset gain: 0, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: Not Available Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: Not Available, Headset gain: 3, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: Not Available On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speaker gain: Not Available, Headset gain: Not Available, speech and Tone Generator gain: 8192, Synthesizers gain: 16384, Speech gain: Not Available
+USTS	Smart Temperature Supervisor	Yes	0	Smart temperature URC disabled

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
+USTN	Sidetone	Yes	<p>On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: 2249 Path 1: 2249 Path 3: 0 Path 4: 0</p> <p>On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Path 0: 512 Path 1: 512 Path 3: 0 Path 4: 0</p> <p>On LISA-U2 series all paths are set to 512</p>	<p>On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 2249 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 2249 Path 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 0 Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 0 </p> <p>On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 512 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 512 Path 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 0 Path 4: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 0 </p> <p>On LISA-U2 series, for all paths: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gain for side tone: 512 </p>
+UUBF	Uplink Digital Filters (Uplink Biquad Filters)	Yes	<p>On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: Filter1: -13915, 2249, 4377, -325, 23450 Filter2: 21682, -2312, 17984, -15517, 32767</p> <p>Path 1: Filter1: -29322, -29141, 29322, 26240, 29322 Filter2: 29322, 29141, 29322, 26240, 29322</p> <p>Path 2: Filter1: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767 Filter2: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767</p> <p>On LISA series, for all paths, all filters are set to: 0, 0, 0, 0, 32767</p>	<p>On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: Path 0: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:-13915, b1:2249, a2:4377, b2:-325, a0:23450 Filter2: a1:21682, b1:-2312, a2:17984, b2:-15517, a0:32767 Path 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:-29322, b1:-29141, a2:29322, b2:26240, a0:29322 Filter2: a1:29322, b1:29141, a2:29322, b2:26240, a0:29322 Path 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Filter1: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 Filter2: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767 </p> <p>On LISA series, for all paths, all filters are set to: a1:0, b1:0, a2:0, b2:0, a0:32767</p>
E	Echo status	No	1	Echo enabled
Q	Result code suppression	No	0	DCE transmits result codes
S0	Automatic answer	No	0	Automatic answering disabled
S2	Escape character selection	No	43	043 corresponds the '+' character

AT command	Description	AT interface configuration sharing	Factory-programmed value ⁸	Comment
S3	Command line termination character	No	13	0x0d corresponds to the carriage return character
S4	Response formatting character	No	10	0x0a corresponds to the line feed character
S5	Command line editing character	No	8	008 corresponds to the backspace character
S7	Connection completion timeout	No	60	
V	DCE Response format	No	1	Verbose response text
X	Result code selection and call progress monitoring control	No	4	CONNECT <text> result code is given upon entering online data state; dial tone and busy detection are both enabled

B.2 Parameters stored in non volatile memory

The following table lists the AT commands that can be stored in the non volatile memory with their parameters and the factory-programmed values.

AT command	Description	Factory-programmed value	Comment
&Y	Designate a default reset profile	0	Profile 0 selected
+CALA	Alarm		No alarms are stored
+CALM	Alert sound mode	0	Mute disabled
+CCLK	Clock	04/01/01,00:00:00+00	
+CGDCONT	PDP Context definition	All contexts are undefined	Not available in LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series The 3 PDP contexts are permanently stored when they are defined or deleted
+CGSMS	Select service for MO SMS messages	1	CSD service enabled
+CLVL	Speech volume level	80	80
+CPMS	Preferred message storage	"MT", "MT", "MT"	<mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> are set to "MT"="ME"+"SM" with "ME" preferred
+CRSL	Ringer sound level	4	Ringer sound level: 4
+CSAS	Save settings	0	Profile 0 where to store the active message settings
+CSCA	Service center address	" "	Service center address set empty
+CSCB	Select cell broadcast message types	0, " ", ""	Accepted the message types specified in <mids> and <dcss>
+CSGT	Set greeting text	" "	Greeting text is empty
+CSMP	Set text mode parameters	17, 167, 0, 0	First octet is SMS-SUBMIT <fo>=17 <vp>=167 <pid>=0 <dcs>=0

AT command	Description	Factory-programmed value	Comment
+CTZU	Automatic Time Zone Update	0	Automatic time zone via NITZ disabled
+UCGCLASS	Changing the startup MS class	"B"	<class>="B"
+UCLASS	Device class setting	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200: 10 LISA-U1 / LISA-U2: 12	LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: GPRS class 10 LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: GPRS class 12
+UCSD	Circuit Switched Data		Empty profile
+UDCONF=20	SoR Steering of Roaming	0	0 means SoR is disabled. Not supported by LEON-G100-06x / LEON-G200-06x series and earlier versions, nor by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S versions
+UDCONF=30	Speech codec configuration	31	Not supported by LEON-G100-06x / LEON-G200-06x and earlier versions, nor by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version
+UDCONF=32	Connection type groups enable/disable	127	Not supported by LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series or by LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U200-00S version
+UDCONF=40	User defined power reduction	2,2	MSPR GPRS and EDGE profile. Not supported by LEON-G100-06x / LEON-G200-06x and earlier versions, nor by LISA-U1 series and LISA-U200-00S version
+UDCONF=50	SIM hot insertion detection	0	Disabled
+UDTMF	User setting for proactive DTMF tone generation	1	Proactive DTMF tone generation available
+UECALLSTAT	eCall status	0: eCall without registration restriction	Use to select eCall Only mode or eCall without registration restriction
+UEXTDCONF	Automatic configuration of the Maxim MAX9860 audio codec	0 (disabled)	Not supported on LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series and on LISA-U1 series or by LISA-U200-00S version
+UGAOF	AssistNow Offline configuration	"http://alp.u- blox.com/current_14d.alp",0,1,3	AssistNow Offline URL file: http://alp.u- blox.com/current_14d.alp One minute of timeout after a fail download Three attempts in case of failed download
+UGAOP	AssistNow Online configuration	"eval1-les.services.u-blox.com", 46434,1000,0	Host name server: "eval1-les.services.u- blox.com" server port: 46434 expected network latency: 1000 ms AssistNow Online data downloaded at GPS receiver power up
+UGGGA	Get GPS fix data	0	NMEA \$GGA messages disabled
+UGGLL	Get geographic position	0	NMEA \$GLL messages disabled
+UGGSA	Get satellite information	0	NMEA \$GSA messages disabled
+UGGSV	Get number of GNSS satellites in view	0	NMEA \$GSV messages disabled
+UGRMC	Get recommended minimum GNSS data	0	NMEA \$RMC messages disabled
+UGPIOC	GPIO functionality setting	255	Default setting for <gpio1>, <gpio2>, <gpio3>, <gpio4>, <gpio5> at the first power up. All the GPIOs are in tristate.

AT command	Description	Factory-programmed value	Comment
+UFOTA	FOTA Configuration	0, 1, 0, " "	<enable>= 0 <attempts>=1 <configuration>=0 <code>=" "
+UGVTG	Get course over ground and ground speed	0	NMEA \$VTG messages disabled
+UGZDA	Get GPS Time and date	0	NMEA \$ZDA messages disabled
+UGPRF		0, 0, " "	No data flow on multiplexer, file and IP address IP port not defined Server address string not defined
+UI2S	I ² S Digital Interface Mode	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: 4,2,1 On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: 0,1,0,0,0 On LISA-U2 series: 1,1,0,3,0 1,3,0,3,0	On LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I²S mode: normal mode 4 I²S port: I2Sy I2S_CLK and I2S_WA signals are active in continuous mode On LISA-U120 / LISA-U130: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I²S mode: PCM mode 0 I²S port: I2Sx I2S_CLK and I2S_WA signals are active in dynamic mode I²S sample rate: 8 kHz I²S Master Slave mode: Master On LISA-U2 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I²S mode: PCM mode 1 I²S port: I2S is connected to I2Sx connection point I2S_CLK and I2S_WA signals are active in dynamic mode I2S sample rate: 16 kHz I2S Master Slave mode: Master I2S mode: PCM mode 1 I2S1 port: I2S1 is connected to I2Sx connection point I2S1_CLK and I2S1_WA signals are active in dynamic mode I2S1 sample rate: 16 kHz I2S1 Master Slave mode: Master
+ULOCCELL	Configure cellular location sensor (CellLocate)	0	Normal mode enabled

AT command	Description	Factory-programmed value	Comment
+ULOGNSS	Configure GNSS sensor	15,0,3,7,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	Local aiding, AssistNow online, AssistNow offline, AssistNow autonomous enabled Power saving disabled Minimum number of satellites for navigation: 3 Minimum satellite signal level for navigation: 7 Disabled initial Fix must be 3D flag Static Hold Mode: 0 SBAS disabled Jamming indicator disabled Antenna settings unknown Broadband jamming detection threshold: 0 dB Continuous wave jamming detection threshold: 0 dB
+UMCLK	Master Clock Control	0	CODEC_CLK mode setting (<mclk_mode>): clock out pin from LISA module (input for audio codec) is set as three state with pull down resistor.
		0	Setting of dynamic of the application mode (<enabling_mode>): <mclk_mode> setting is applied to CODEC_CLK pin only when audio path is active. After audio path is disabled (i.e. a call is hang up) CODEC_CLK is disabled too
+UPSD	Packet Switched Data		Empty profile
+URAT	Selection of Radio Access technology	1,2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Radio Access technology: GSM/UMTS Dual mode RAT UMTS
+URNG	Ringing tone selection	0	Melody 0
+URXDIV	RX Diversity	1	3G Rx Diversity disabled
	DARP Phase	3	DARP Phase 2 always on
+USPM	Audio Path mode setting	On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series: 0,0,1,1,0	On LEON-G100/LEON-G200 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speech audio output path: Handset microphone Speech audio input path: Normal earpiece Alert sound on Loudspeaker Headset indication: considered VMIC is switched On /Off
		On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: 1,1,0,0,2	On LISA-U1 / LISA-U2 series: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speech audio output path: Headset microphone Speech audio input path: Mono headset earpiece Alert sound on main downlink path (Mono headset earpiece) Headset indication: not considered VMIC is always switched Off

B.3 Saving AT commands configuration

The following procedure can be used to store the AT commands configuration for the AT commands listed in chapter B.1 and B.2.

- Write the run-time configuration of the active AT interface to the RAM profile mirror with the AT&W command (e.g. AT&W0; more details in chapter 14.7)
- Confirm that boot loading is performed with the desired parameter profile (e.g. profile 0 if the parameter save was performed with AT&W0; use AT&Y0 to select this)
- Save the RAM profile mirror and the non-profile AT commands configuration (refer to chapter B.1) to NVRAM memory with the AT+CPWROFF command
- Perform a reboot/PWR_ON reset of the device

The last two steps can also be performed with the AT command AT+CFUN=15 (switches off and reboots the device).

B.4 Estimated command response time

After having sent a command to a u-blox wireless module, the time to obtain a resulting response depends on the SIM and the network. It is possible to have an immediate response if the command does not interact with either the network or the SIM.

The following table reports the maximum time to get the response for the AT commands that perform a network scan or read the SIM card. The commands are grouped by categories.

Category	Estimated maximum time to get response	Commands
Call control and Supplementary services	< 20 s	+VTS, A, H, +CHLD, +CHUP, +CNAP, +COLP, +COLR
Power Off	< 20 s	+CPWROFF
Profile management	< 20 s	ATZ
Network commands	Up to 3 min (<1 s for prompt ">" when present)	+CCFC, +CCWA, +CLCK, +CLIP, +CLIR, +CPWD, +CTFR, +CUSD, +UCGOPS, D, +CFUN, +CMSS, +CMGS, +CGDATA, +CGACT, +CGATT, Data connect, +COPS
SIM management	< 10 s	+CRES, +CACM, +CMM, +CNUM, +CPIN, +CPOL, +CPUC, +CRSM
SIM toolkit	< 20 s	+STKPRO, +STKENV, +STKTR
GPS commands	< 10 s (except +UGPS for which timeout is according to the performed operation)	+UGAOP, +UGAOS, +UGGGA, +UGGLL, +UGGSA, +UGGSV, +UGPRF, +UGPS, +UGRMC, +UGTMR, +UGUBX, +UGVTG, +UGZDA, +ULOC, +ULOCCELL, +ULOCGNSS
GPIO commands	< 10 s	+UGPIOC, +UGPIOR, +UGPIOW
Internet suite (TCP/IP, DNS, FTP, HTTP, SMTP)	< 10 s (except URC)	+USOCR, +USOSO, +USOGO, +USOCL, +USOER, +USOCO, +USOWR, +USOST, +USORD, +USORF, +USOLI, +UFRW, +USODL, +USOCTL, +UDNSRN, +UFTP, +UFTPC, +UFTPER, +UHHTTP, +UHHTPC, +UHHTPER, +USMTP, +USMTPM, +USMTPC, +USMTPER
Phonebook commands	< 20 s	+CPBS, +CPBR, +CPBF, +CPBW
PDP Context Activation	< 150 s	+UPSDA, +CGACT
PDP Context Deactivation	< 40 s	+UPSDA, +CGACT

B.5 Multiple AT command interfaces

Both LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 and LISA-U1 series support multiple AT command interfaces, that means a certain number of virtual or physical channels (LEON-G100 / LEON-G200 has only one physical interface (UART), the others are virtual interfaces implemented via the multiplexer protocol) that work as described in chapter 1.1.

Each interface maintains an own run-time AT commands configuration (AT command profile); this means that the AT command profile is different amongs the interfaces and therefore the AT commands configuration for the commands belonging to the profile can be different among the interfaces.

At start-up, since there is only a set of NVRAM profiles (not one for each interface), all the interfaces are configured in the same way (AT commands configuration for the commands in the profile is the same for all the interfaces). Subsequently, each interface can change its run-time AT profile (stored in RAM). The commands AT&W (chapter 14.7), AT&V (chapter 14.8) manage this run-time AT commands configuration for the interface where they are issued.

As mentioned in chapter 1.1, generally there is not difference in the execution of an AT command among the interfaces. But, there are some exceptions due to interface restrictions. In particular, the differences are related to the AT commands that configure the DCE-DTE interface.

Major differences are reported in Table 22.

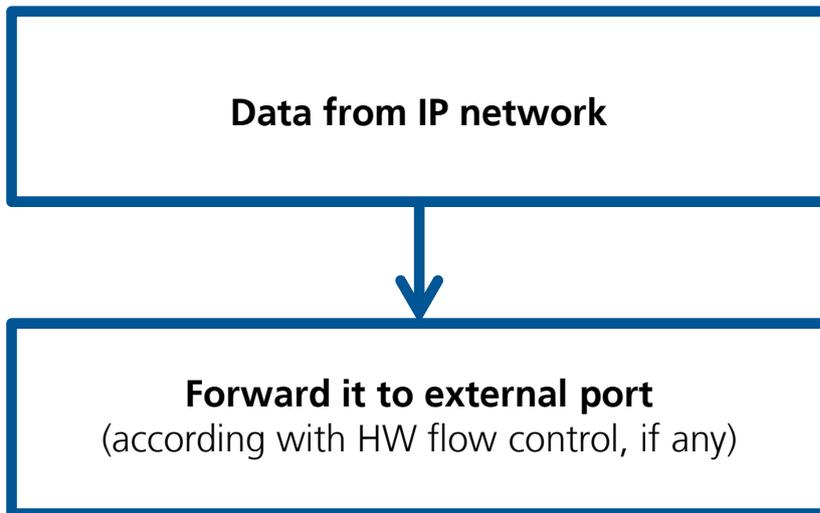
AT command	UART	Multiplexer	USB (where available)	SPI (where available)
AT&K	Effective	When allowed it is effective	When allowed, it returns OK but it is not effective	When allowed, it returns OK but it is not effective
ATQ	Effective	When allowed it is effective	When allowed, it returns OK but it is not effective	When allowed, it returns OK but it is not effective
AT+IFC	Effective	When allowed it is effective	When allowed, it returns OK but it is not effective	When allowed, it returns OK but it is not effective
AT+IPR	Effective	Returns OK but it is not effective	Returns OK but it is not effective	Returns OK but it is not effective
AT+ICF	Effective	Returns OK but it is not effective	Returns OK but it is not effective	Returns OK but it is not effective
AT+UPSV	Effective	Returns OK but it changes UART setting	Returns OK but it changes UART setting	Returns OK but it changes UART setting

Table 22: Interface comparison

C UDP Direct Link workflow

C.1 Data from the IP network to the external port

When an UDP data packet is received from the network, its payload is forwarded through the external port as soon as possible (according to the HW flow control, if any).



C.2 Data from the external port to the IP network

When some data comes from the external port, there are 2 parameters involved:

1. The UDP DL packet size (factory-programmed: 1024 bytes; valid range 100-1472)
2. The UDP DL sending timer delay (factory-programmed: 1000 ms; valid range 100-120000)

Both parameters are specific for each socket and could be modified by the user. These values are not saved into the NVM and if not specified, the factory-programmed values are used.

There are 3 different cases that may occur while receiving data from the external port in UDP DL mode:

- A) The received data from the external port is equal to the UDP DL packet size
- B) The received data from the external port is more than the UDP DL packet size
- C) The received data from the external port is less than UDP DL packet size

Case A: the received data is immediately sent to the network

Case B: the amount of data till UDP DL packet size is immediately sent to the network, the remaining data is saved into an intermediate buffer.

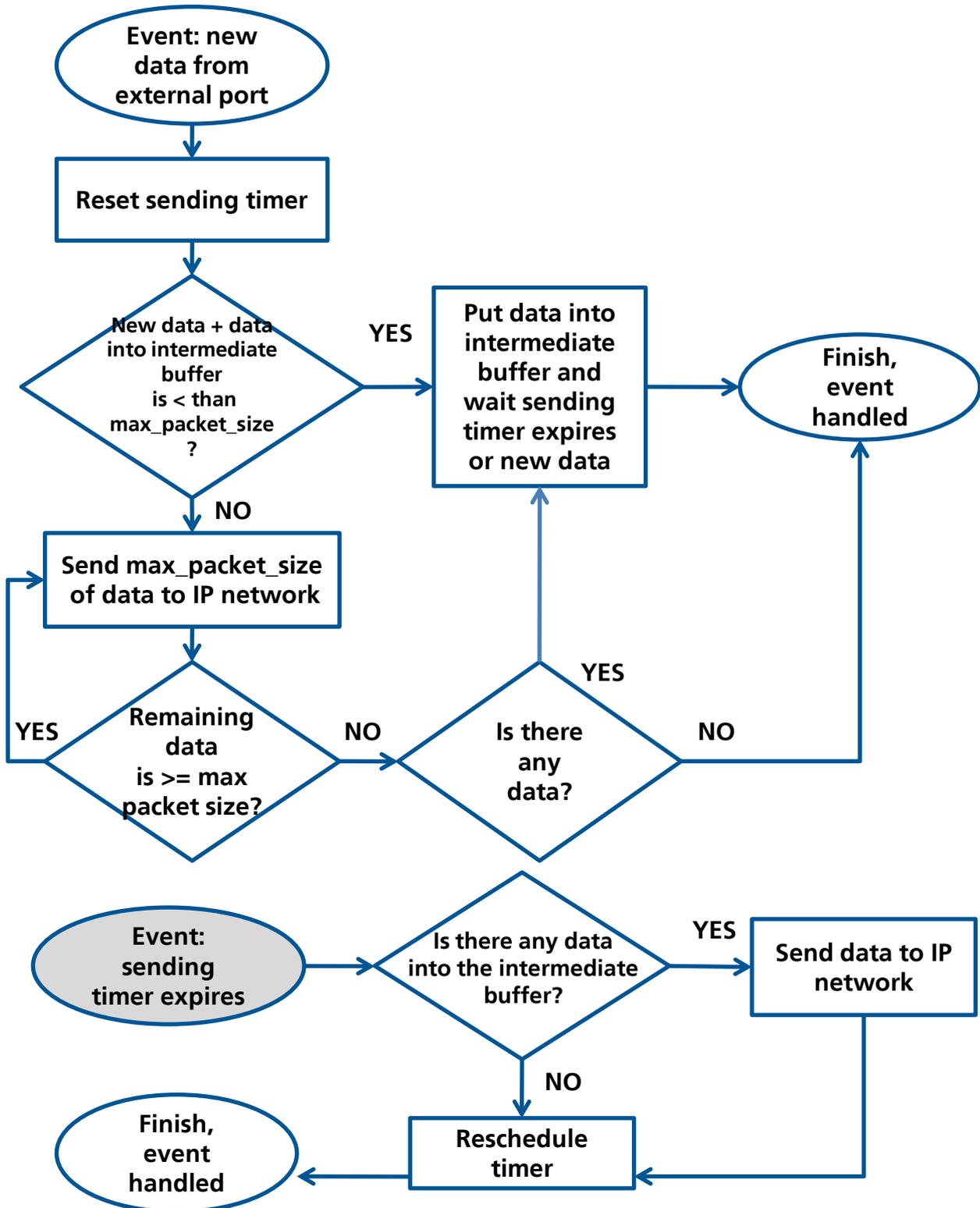
Case C: the received data is saved into an intermediate buffer and sent to the network when the UDP DL sending timer expires. The timer is reset (it restarts the countdown) every time new data is received from the external port, this means that the data will be sent to the network after N ms (default 1000 ms) since the last received byte.



The data sent from the serial port is not echoed to the sender.

The configuration of UDP DL packet size and UDP DL sending timer are NOT saved in NVM.

The following diagram shows how the events of external data input and sending timer expire are handled.



D Glossary

3GPP	3rd Generation Partnership Project
ADC	Analog to Digital Converter
AleC	Automatically Initiated eCall
ADN	Abbreviated Dialing Numbers
AMR	Adaptive Multi Rate
APN	Access Point Name
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
AT	AT Command Interpreter Software Subsystem, or attention
BL	Black List
BSD	Berkley Standard Distribution
CB	Cell Broadcast
CBM	Cell Broadcast Message
CLI	Calling Line Identification
CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction
COLP	Connected Line Identification Presentation
COLR	Connected Line Identification Restriction
CM	Connection Management
CPHS	Common PCN Handset Specification
CR	Carriage Return
CS	Circuit Switch
CSD	Circuit-Switched Data
CTS	Clear To Send
CUG	Closed User Group
DA	Destination Address
DARP	Downlink Advanced Receiver Performance
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment
DCM	Data Connection Management
DNS	Domain Name Server
DSR	DSC transponder response
DTE, TE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi Frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
DUT	Device Under Test
eCall	Emergency Call
EEP	EEPROM Emulation Parameters
EF _{PLMNwACT}	Elementary File "User controlled PLMN Selector with Access Technology"
eIM	eCall In-band Modem
EONS	Enhanced Operator Name from SIM-files EF-OPL and EF-PNN

EPD	Escape Prompt Delay
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
FDN	Fixed Dialling Number
FFS	Flash File System
FOAT	Firmware Over AT
FOTA	Firmware Over The Air
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
FW	Firmware
GPIO	General Purpose Input Output
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GPS	Global Positioning System
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HDLC	High Level Data Link Control
HPLMN	Home PLMN
HTTP	HyperText Transfer Protocol
I	Information
I2C or I ² C	Inter-Integrated Circuit
I2S or I ² S	Inter IC Sound or Integrated Interchip Sound
ICCID	Integrated Circuit Card ID
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
ICP	Inter Processor Communication
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Station Identity
InBM	In-Band Modem (generic)
IP	Internet Protocol
IRA	International Reference Alphabet
IRC	Intermediate Result Code
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network
ISP	Internet Service Provider
IVS	In-Vehicle System (eCall related)
L3	Layer 3
LCP	Link Control Protocol
LF	Line Feed
M2M	Machine-To-Machine
MCC	Mobile Country Code
ME	Mobile Equipment
MleC	Manually Initiated eCall
MMI	Man Machine Interface
MN	Mobile Network Software Subsystem
MNC	Mobile Network Code
MO	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station

MSD	Minimum Set of Data (eCall related)
MSIN	Mobile Subscriber Identification Number
MSISDN	Mobile Systems International Subscriber Identity Number
MSPR	Multi-Slot Power Reduction
MT	Mobile Terminated
MWI	Message Waiting Indication
NITZ	Network Identity and Time Zone
NVM	Non-Volatile Memory
NVRAM	Not Volatile RAM
OLCM	On Line Commands Mode
PAD	Packet Assembler/Disassembler
PCN	Personal Communication Network
PDP	Packet Data Protocol
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PLMN	Public Land Mobile Network
PPP	Point-to-Point Protocol
PSAP	Public Safety Answering Point (eCall related)
PSD	Packet-Switched Data
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
QoS	Quality of Service
RAM	Random Access Memory
RDI	Restricted Digital Information
RFU	Reserved for Future Use
RI	Ring Indicator
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTP	Real-time Transport Protocol
RTS	Request To Send
Rx	Receiver
SAP	SIM Access Profile
SC	Service Centre
SI	SIM Application Part Software Subsystem
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SIM	Subscriber Identity Module
SMS	Short Message Service
SMSC	Short Message Service Center
SMTP	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol
SoR	Steering of Roaming
TA	Terminal Adaptor
TCP	Transfer Control Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment
TFT	Traffic Flow Template

TP	Transfer layer Protocol
Tx	Transmitter
TZ	Time Zone
UCS2	Universal Character Set
UDI	Unrestricted Digital Information
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UI	Unnumbered Information
UIH	Unnumbered Information with header Check
URC	Unsolicited Result Code
USIM	UMTS Subscriber Identity Module
UUS1	User-to-User Signalling Supplementary Service 1

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Revision history

Revision	Date	Name	Status / Comments
-	Apr. 30, 2011	tgri	Initial release
P1	May. 06, 2011	lpah	Changed the title, removed "2G and 3.75G"
1	May. 11, 2011	lpah	New commands for LEON-06x supported
2	May. 26, 2011	lpah	Improvement for GPS and GPIO AT commands
3	Jul. 07, 2011	lpah	Assistnow online and offline description in +ULOGNSS corrected Changed status to Preliminary
A	Oct. 14, 2011	lpah	Applicable to LISA-U1x0-01S and LISA-U200-00S Added commands for STK raw mode and +PACSP
A1	Dec. 05, 2011	mtom / lpah	Changed status to Advance Information Improved the +UVTS command syntax +CGDCONT setting stored in non volatile memory Improved the primary and secondary PDP contexts description New settings for the FW update over AT commands Added number of allowed SIM locks
A2	Feb. 03, 2012	mtom / lpah	Changed status to Preliminary
B	May. 18, 2012	mtom / lpah	Changed status to Objective Specification status Extended audio AT commands for LISA-U200-01 and LISA-U230-01 Added description for +UCMGP, +UMCLK, +URXDIV, +UMWI I ² C and SAP AT commands Extended applicability to LEON-G100-07
B1	Jul. 31, 2012	mtom	Changed status to Preliminary Added +UEXTDCONF command description and one shot automatic baud rate detection description
B2	Oct. 10, 2012	lpah	Changed status to Advance Information Applicable to LISA-U260 and LISA-U270 products
B3	Dec. 13, 2012	lpah	Changed status to Preliminary Applicable to LEON-G100-08S, LEON-G100-71S and LISA-U110-50S products
B4	Jan. 23, 2013	lpah	Minor fixes

Contact

For complete contact information visit us at www.u-blox.com

u-blox Offices

North, Central and South America

u-blox America, Inc.

Phone: +1 703 483 3180
E-mail: info_us@u-blox.com

Regional Office West Coast:

Phone: +1 408 573 3640
E-mail: info_us@u-blox.com

Technical Support:

Phone: +1 703 483 3185
E-mail: support_us@u-blox.com

Headquarters Europe, Middle East, Africa

u-blox AG

Phone: +41 44 722 74 44
E-mail: info@u-blox.com
Support: support@u-blox.com

Asia, Australia, Pacific

u-blox Singapore Pte. Ltd.

Phone: +65 6734 3811
E-mail: info_ap@u-blox.com
Support: support_ap@u-blox.com

Regional Office China (Beijing):

Phone: +86 10 68 133 545
E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com
Support: support_cn@u-blox.com

Regional Office China (Shenzhen):

Phone: +86 755 8627 1083
E-mail: info_cn@u-blox.com
Support: support_cn@u-blox.com

Regional Office India:

Phone: +91 959 1302 450
E-mail: info_in@u-blox.com
Support: support_in@u-blox.com

Regional Office Japan:

Phone: +81 3 5775 3850
E-mail: info_jp@u-blox.com
Support: support_jp@u-blox.com

Regional Office Korea:

Phone: +82 2 542 0861
E-mail: info_kr@u-blox.com
Support: support_kr@u-blox.com

Regional Office Taiwan:

Phone: +886 2 2657 1090
E-mail: info_tw@u-blox.com
Support: support_tw@u-blox.com